

Wavestore **Video Management Software**

User Manual

Version 6.28

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1 Introduction

1.1 About This Document

This document is about the Wavestore suite of software. It doesn't cover the hardware on which the software may be running. Separate documentation is provided for the various hardware ranges available.

The first part of the document explains the basics of the Wavestore system and how to get started.

The next part focusses on the main user interface and how to use an already configured system. This covers the Main Screen, the Find Screen, making and playing back exports, etc.

Next there is a reference section about the Setup Screens. This covers each Setup Screen and explains what each item on each screen does.

Then there is a section for "Common Setup Tasks and Concepts". Since some common tasks require several steps of configuration across multiple screens, this section consists of walkthroughs for those common tasks, along with some sections which explain important concepts in the Wavestore system.

1.2 About Wavestore

The Wavestore Video Management Software (VMS) provides the perfect hybrid digital video recording solution for users who may wish to deploy a combination of analogue, IP, megapixel, HD, HD-SDI, thermal, panoramic and 360 degree cameras. Robust and reliable, the Wavestore VMS is able to meet the requirements of virtually any video surveillance project, including airport, casino, bank, retail, commercial, industrial, homeland security and government applications.

Wavestore VMS is ONVIF Profile S certified, ensuring compatibility and compliance with this industry standard as it evolves, and enabling industry consultants, systems integrators, installers and end-users to select conformant cameras with the knowledge that compatibility is assured.

High performance and flexible recording

Easy to install and operate, the Wavestore VMS software is able to simultaneously record up to 254 channels with a combination of H.265, H.264, MPEG-4, MJPEG, JPEG2000 or MxPEG compression formats. Up to 8 HD-SDI cameras can be specified at the time of the order. Up to 255 servers per location are supported, and options to support unlimited sites and unlimited users are available.

The Wavestore open architecture design enables straightforward integration of video analytics and third party technologies, including Command and Control, PSIM, Perimeter Intrusion Detection (PID), Building Management System (BMS), Access Control, People Counting, retail analytics, licence plate recognition, Electronic Point of Sales (EPOS) and Scanning systems. Biometric Facial Recognition systems are also available, delivering high integrity solutions to assist in identifying various individuals; whether VIPs, regular customers, staff or black-listed persons.

Easy to use

Wavestore remote viewer client software (WaveView) allows users to securely monitor real-time live images or retrieve recorded video over the network, whilst multiple recorders can be configured into a server group to support large and distributed video surveillance applications. Image authentication and encryption are also available.

Simple drag and drop functionality enables each user to create unique multiple display preferences, whilst the Wavestore VMS software delivers an extremely fast search facility to allow users to quickly review recorded images of any occurred event.

Ultra reliable

The Wavestore Linux based server design delivers a high integrity and resilient recording platform, whilst the uncomplicated viewer client software (WaveView) can be operated from Windows (8.1 and later, or Server 2012 or later) and Linux operating systems. A mobile client is also available for Android and iOS platforms.

Wavestore servers have single, dual or triple redundant power supplies options and are provided with up to three year full return to base warranty.

Server and Client configuration

Installed in about 10 minutes on the server system drive, the Wavestore VMS software manages the video, audio and metadata information that is sent from the cameras and devices connected to the server and records onto the storage hard drives.

The Wavestore viewer client software (WaveView) is pre-installed onto the server and provides a wealth of tools for accessing cameras and devices, streaming video and managing events. It can operate on multiple operating systems and is multithreaded to allow maximum performance on multiple CPU cores when displaying video streams.

WaveView can also be installed onto a PC to connect to a Wavestore server over a TCP/IP network and many of the server configuration tasks (e.g. user administration) can be performed remotely, with only a small number required to be carried out on the server itself. If multiple Wavestore servers are configured together as a server group, the operator can easily access via WaveView all cameras and devices from any of the servers within the server group (See figure 1.1).

If multiple Wavestore servers are configured together as a server group, the operator can easily access via WaveView all cameras and devices from any of the servers within the server group.

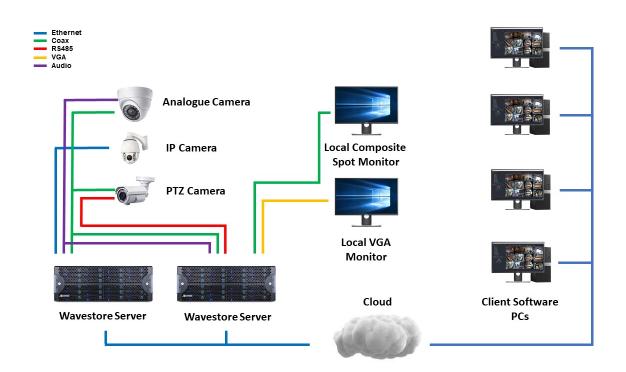


Figure 1.1: Typical System Configuration

Key Features

Video Management Software (VMS)

Video standards NTSC, PAL, HD-SDI and IP

- Video resolution QCIF, CIF, 2CIF, DCIF, D1, 720p, 1080p, VGA, megapixel, multi-megapixel, custom Analogue rate at D1 Up to 25/30 fps (PAL or NTSC) per input; up to 1600/1920 fps per recorder IP and HD rates: high image rate streams supported, camera dependent
- **Still image** BMP/JPEG/PNG formats
- Record type Continuous, schedule, motion, alarm, event and digital input trigger
- **Recording tracks** 3 independent video tracks assignable to different HDDs, each with independent settings plus a Metadata track
- **Overwrite modes** Configurable auto deletion and overwrite function by time or disk allocation
- Privacy Mask Configurable mask to avoid viewing sensitive areas within a camera view
- Time zone regional setting available
- Languages multiple languages supported
- **Operating system** embedded Linux platform

Client Software (WaveView)

Remote users 2 to unlimited concurrent users

- **Operating Systems** Windows (8.1 and later, or Server 2012 or later) and Linux (Red Hat and Debian based systems)
- Mobile client support for Android and iOS devices
- Find and display instantaneous and simultaneous display of live and recorded images
- Video displays user configurable by image size, aspect ratio and position
- Video displays layouts standard and customisable layouts with saving option per user

Playback, Search and Export

AVI, WMV, MPEG, MP4)

Playback options linear and logarithmic search options with variable speed sliders
Playback speed up to 8192 times the normal view rate
Playback mode multi-way (play, rewind, jump, fast-forward and frame-step multiple cameras simultaneously)
Playback display synchronise and replay all camera images
Slow motion playback available
Search options date, time, annotations, motion, alarm, events
Search mode full speed, full frame search
Export mode export multiple cameras simultaneously, including linked audio
Live video export available
Export devices CD, DVD, USB, HDD
Advanced exports ability to transcode video and audio data to large number of alternative formats (i.e.

Security

Password profile multiple protection levels
Cameras and displays accessible on a per-user basis
Configuration files save and restore capability for any recorder in the group
Digital watermarking image authentication with real time checking
Encryption up to 4096 bit encryption
Diagnostics remote and secure diagnostics, repair functionality available – Optional
Remote administration remote control via TCP/IP network, including restart and rebooting
Automatic system restart after power loss (when power resumes)

Monitoring full system monitoring, including SMART disk health monitoring – Optional

- **Failover** ability to switch to a standby recorder upon the abnormal termination of another recorder in the same system Optional
- Watchdog function auto-reboot of system in case of system failure

Redundant recording NAS, SAN and RAID options

Events and alarms

Advanced events shows a real time stream of incoming events and alarms on the main window

- **Event detection** any third party technologies events and alarms, video loss, darkening, motion within image, camera movement, camera tamper, digital input, login succeeded, login denied, fault, warning
- **Event management** customisable display and sound, definable search, and instant response options
- **Event actions** record on event, text overlay, boost recording rate, trigger output, spot monitor, PTZ camera on preset, notify client, run script, emails, flashing light, sound alerts
- Event notification via WaveView, email or TCP/IP message
- Other features event logging, enable and disable on schedule
- Motion Mask/Areas of interest configurable areas to target analogue analytics

Licensable Features

- **De-warping for any 360 degree cameras** provides customisable linear views of live and archived images and the ability to recall a total field of view and follow subjects as if tracking with a PTZ camera, creating ad hoc video clips around the occurred events
- **Interactive Maps** configurable map screen for finding and interacting with cameras and devices
- HTTP proxy server enables direct interface with cameras when on a different network

Optional modules

- **Third party integration** ability to translate any third party events and trigger a wide range of definable actions based on customisable rules
- **Facial recognition** ability to interface with biometric facial recognition systems to dynamically compare images of individuals from incoming video streams against specific databases and immediately send alerts when a positive match occurs
- **Intelligent Video Analytics (IVA)** ability to integrate with any video analytics allowing specific types of events and activities to be recognised automatically and promptly alarming the operator directly within the user interface when an event occurs
- **People counting** delivers accurate metrics to monitor people flow, people tracking and queue management, efficiently improving customer service and sales performance
- **Point of Sales (POS)** ability to display text from POS devices alongside associated video images providing transactions search options

Automatic Number Plate Recognition (ANPR/LPR) ability to register the arrival time of service vehicles and permit access to authorised vehicles to restricted areas

2 Getting Started

2.1 Basic System Configuration

The Wavestore system uses two separate software programs:

- Wavestore server software, responsible for managing and recording streams from input devices (audio and video)
- WaveView client software; provides a user interface to the Wavestore server software, for functions such as Live View/Search/Playback, and also server configuration

A Wavestore server runs both the Wavestore server software, and the WaveView client software.

WaveView can also be installed on Linux and Windows PCs, and used to access networked Wavestore servers. WaveView running on the Wavestore server box can also be used to access other Wavestore servers in the same manner.

Servers are shipped with both the Wavestore server and WaveView client programs pre-installed, with only minimal configuration required before the server is ready for use.

Certain server configuration tasks can only be undertaken when working on the server box itself (client connects to the local host), but the majority of configuration tasks can be carried out on either the server box or a client software PC.

When installing a remote client, it is recommended to use the same base version of WaveView client as the server, or higher. By "base version" we mean the first two numbers in the version, for example the base version of "6.14.51" is "6.14". So for example if the server is running version 6.16, the WaveView client version should be 6.16 or higher.

2.2 Login Screen

Following the menu path File \rightarrow Connect calls up the Login Dialog Box, which allows the operator to log in to a Wavestore Server or Server Group as follows:

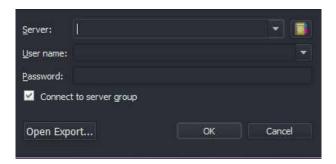


Figure 2.1: WaveView Login Dialog

- in the server field
 - if you are working directly on the Wavestore server box, enter 'localhost'
 - if you are working remotely from a client PC, enter the IP address or hostname of the server
- in the user field, enter a valid user name (for example 'install')
- in the password field, enter the corresponding password for your selected user. The default password for the install user is 'a'.
- if you are connecting to a server that is part of a server group (section 6.7 Server Group), leave the 'connect to server group' option checked; your client will connect to all of the servers within the server group

Server:	localhost		-
<u>U</u> ser name:	install		
Password:	•		
🗹 Connec	t to server group		
Open Exp	ort	OK	Cancel

Figure 2.2: Entering data in WaveView login screen

A user will become locked if the password was entered incorrectly 5 times in a row. In this case the username will be locked for 30 minutes, and all attempts to log in will be rejected with "Locked" error message. Either wait for 30 minutes or log in using another username.

In the event that the configured IP address on the server clashes with the IP address of another device on the network, you will not be able to login on the server box using the server name 'localhost'. In the 'Server' field, replace 'localhost' with the IP address 127.0.0.1, and login as above.

Upon first login for any given user, that user may be forced to change their password. If the user does not do so and attempts to cancel the password change, the WaveView application will exit.

Section 6.2.2 - Network describes how to reconfigure the server IP address in the Network menu, if required.

The 'Open Export' button is used to open a locally saved export file for playback, as described in section 5.1 - Playing Back Exported Files on a PC from DVD/USB device.

For a WaveView installation on Windows PC, the Login Dialog box can be associated with a CSV file (on a local PC or networked resource) that can act as a server 'address book'. This file can contain user configured details such as site location, IP address, and optionally login details such as user name and password.

This feature can be useful for a client installation that is used to connect to Wavestore servers at multiple sites.

3 47 20120706serveraddressbook - Microsoft Excel Home Insert Page Layout Formulas Data Review View 2 x Calibri - 11 三 = = 급 General ÷ Conditional Formatting * 📲 Insert 👻 Σ A A -동물 클 🔤 Format as Table * B I <u>U</u> -Delete * 4 Paste Sort & Find & 3 3-*E *E *** €.0 .00 0.€ 00. Cell Styles * Format * 122 -0-Filter * Select * Clipboard G F9 Бi Number 瓜 Cells Alignment Styles Editing Font ¥ fx ID A1 + (n B D G Н A C E F 1 J -ID Site Type 1 Location County IP Username Password 2 1 Production Site Fraserburgh Grampian 10.1.32.76 user a Yorkshire 3 2 Logistics Depot East Ardsley 10.1.18.173 user а **3 Disposal Site** Old Trafford 4 Manchester 10.0.0.4 user а 5 4 Production Site Bodmin Cornwall 10.1.2.31 user а 6 5 Logistics Depot Wakefield Yorkshire 10.1.18.173 user a 7 6 Production Site Ashton Manchester 10.1.5.1 a user 8 7 Production Site Stockton Teesside 10.1.37.17 а user 9 8 Production Site Tipton Birmingham 10.1.4.7 а user 10 9 Production Site Bromborough Liverpool 10.1.5.41 user a 11 10 Logistics Depot Alverley Yorkshire 10.1.18.173 user a 12 11 Production Site Wavertree Liverpool 10.1.5.6 user а 13 12 Production Site Grimsby Lincolnshire 10.3.2.31 user а 14 13 Production Site Malton Yorkshire 10.6.2.17 user а 15 14 Logistics Depot Daventry Northamptonshire 10.1.18.173 user а 16 15 Production Site Tottenham London 10.6.3.17 user а user 17 16 Production Site Scropton Derbyshire 10.6.5.65 а 18 17 Production Site Norwich Norfolk 10.4.8.31 user a Lincolnshire 19 18 Production Site Boston 10.2.1.17 user а 20 19 Logistics Depot Chester Cheshire 10.1.18.173 user a 21 20 Disposal Site Acton London 10.0.0.4 user а 22 21 Production Site Wincanton Somerset 10.3.4.13 user a 23 22 Logistics Depot Reading Berkshire 10.1.18.173 user а 24 23 Production Site Merthyr Tydfil Gwent 10.5.3.48 user a 25 24 Production Site Cumbernauld Glasgow 10.7.4.36 user а 26 25 Production Site Oswestry Shropshire 10.1.4.51 user a 27 🛚 🔸 🕨 20120706serveraddressbook 🦉 1 1 Ready Scroll Lock III II 100% 😑 (+)

A CSV file can be created using Microsoft Excel; an example is shown below:

Figure 2.3: Example CSV file

Once associated with the CSV file, WaveView will use the data on Line 1 as column headings in the Server Search screen, as shown below.

To associate the CSV file with WaveView, click on 'Search' on the Login Dialog screen, and in the Server Search screen that appears, click 'Browse', and locate your saved CSV file:

rganize 🔻 🛛 💽 Ope	n 🔻 Print Burn New folder) = - [] (
Favorites	Name	Date modified	Туре	Size	
Nesktop	퉬 bin	11/01/2016 12:05	File folder		
Downloads	20120706serveraddressbook.csv	14/01/2016 15:27	Microsoft Office Excel Comma Separated Values File	2 KB	
🔢 Recent Places	100 client	13/01/2016 20:33	Icon	354 KB	
Documents	🔣 uninstall	14/01/2016 09:32	Application	518 KB	
Libraries Documents Music New Library Pictures					

Figure 2.4: Browsing to locate CSV file

The contents of the CSV file will now be loaded by	WaveView:
The contents of the oot me mathematically	

File View Tools History Help											
Device Tree											
Device Tree *	- 🚽 🏦 🕨	, 🖪 💽	3 🖵 🖁	ð 🗗 🛉	🚝 1 🔹	🔒 🤸 🧳	a 🖉 🔁		🛄 🎽		
	W Search For Sea	ver					? <mark>×</mark>				
				Search:		AL		1			
	10	Site Type	Location	County	IP	Username	Password A	1			
	1		Fraserburgh	Grampian							
	2	Logistics Depot									
	з	Disposal Site									
	4	Production Site	Bodmin								
Event Controls PTZF Controls Playback Controls	5	Logistics Depot	Wakefield								
Playback Controls	6										
14/01/2016 👻 15:39:41 🛟 UTC 👻 🔶	7										
	8			Birmingham							
	9		Bromborough	Liverpool							
		Logistics Depot	Alverley								
x10 • 🖊 🔳 州											
		Production Site		Lincolnshire							
I► Track: 1 2 3											
	0120706serverad		Browse								
Live Ev Id	rent Stream				Cause	State	Text		Time	Server	
4358	35818789 1	Login install			Login	Pulse	install		14/01/2016 15:41:02 GMT	Server	
4358	35786650 1	Login install			Login	Pulse	install		14/01/2016 15:39:15 GMT		
											-

Figure 2.5: CSV File loaded into WaveView as 'address book'

You can search the list manually to select a server by using the side slider bar, or by entering text into the 'Search' field:

			Search: liverpo	bl	All	-
ID	Site Type	Location	County	IP	Username	Password
	Production Site	Bromborough	Liverpool	10.1.5.41	user	(a)
1	Production Site	Wavertree	Liverpool	10.1.5.6	user	а
120706serverad	ddressbook.csv.csv	Browse			OK	Cancel

Figure 2.6: Searching address book for text 'liverpool'

You can also click on the category headings to sort the listed sites according to the data in the selected column:

			Search:		All		•
ID	Site Type	Location	 County 	IP	Username	Password	
20	Disposal Site	Acton	London	10.0.0.4	user	ay	
10	Logistics Depot	Alverley	Yorkshire	10.1.18.173	user	а	
6	Production Site	Ashton	Manchester	10.1.5.1	user	a	
4	Production Site	Bodmin	Cornwall	10.1.2.31	user	aii	
18	Production Site	Boston	Lincolnshire	10.2.1.17	user	a	
9	Production Site	Bromborough	Liverpool	10.1.5.41	user	а	
19	Logistics Depot	Chester	Cheshire	10.1.18.173	user	а	
24	Production Site	Cumbernauld	Glasgow	10.7.4.36	user	а	
14	Logistics Depot	Daventry	Northamptons	10.1.18.173	user	ay	
2	Logistics Depot	East Ardsley	Yorkshire	10.1.18.173	user	а	
1	Production Site	Fraserburgh	Grampian	10.1.32.76	user	а	
12	Production Site	Grimsby	Lincolnshire	10.3.2.31	user	a	
13	Production Site	Malton	Yorkshire	10.6.2.17	user	a	i.
0120706servera	ddressbook.csv.csv	Browse			ок	Cance	1

Figure 2.7: Sorting address book using 'Location' data

Once you have located the server that you require, double click on the server entry in the list, and the fields in the Login Dialog box (including User Name and Password if this data is contained within the CSV file) will be auto populated.

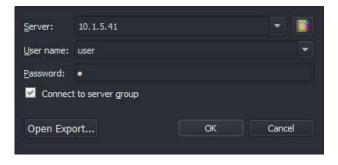


Figure 2.8: Auto population of Login Dialog

Click on OK to connect to the server.

Once the Client has connected to the server(s), the Device Tree will appear showing a representation of the connected Wavestore server(s), with any active audio/video channels that the user has permission to access.

If you are connecting to a new server, no audio/video channels will be displayed in the Device Tree until

these channels have been configured and enabled (see section 9.3 - Configuring Analogue Cameras, or section 9.1 - Configuring IP Cameras).

<u>File View T</u> ools <u>H</u> istory <u>H</u> elp													
Device Tree													
Device Tree	🕩 🛛	a .	🖾 İ	 a 	1 🛛 🔀		a I	13 6	a .	J 🛆	6	. 🔝	
1 Live Demo Server 1 AXIS P5414-E PTZ NE corner 3 AXIS 0644-E Field 4 Vivotek 188354 - Inner Quarter 5 AXIS P3384V - Face Rec 6 6 Vivotek 19632 Car Park Car Park 7 Dahus APOIPMP2 Fenceline 8 Genie 1982RF enceline 9 10 Bosch HD7000 Car Entrance 13 Samsung SNV-6013 Rear Exit 17 Audio 17 9 23 HikVision DS-2C0853F-E Springfield Road 9 41 Mobotix Q24 Lobby 8 Lab Door 8 Jab Door Playback Controls Playback Controls 20/01/2016 14:31:13 VITC X1.0 1 Track: 1 2 3				<u>н н</u>									
	 Live Event Strea	am											
	Time		Sortid	Source id	Source name		Cause	State	T	ext		Server	
	20/01/2016 1	14:45:53		3	Car Park Entr							Live Demo	
	20/01/2016 1			5	Car Park 3 (/		Motion					Live Demo	
	20/01/2016 1	14:45:50	. 62		Car Park Entr	rance (Anal						Live Demo	
	20/01/2016 1				Car Park 3 (/		Motion					Live Demo	
	20/01/2016 1 1	1.45.45			Car Darls Ente	ranco (Anal	Mation	ff				I am Dama	
													-

Figure 2.9: Main operating screen showing Device Tree

2.3 Shutting down the Server

To shut down the Wavestore server, follow the menu path View \rightarrow Setup \rightarrow Server \rightarrow Shutdown System:

<u>F</u> ile <u>V</u> iew <u>T</u> ools	<u>H</u> istory	<u>H</u> elp				
Users S	Ö. Server	Cameras	Active Directory ®	Q A Maps	Metadata Setup	Server Gro
₽ му∨мs						Server Se
General		Server Informati				
Network		Name: MyVM Status: Record				
Licensing		IP address: 10 Version: 6.13				
Time & Region			wavestore-el7-6.1 Supermicro X11S			
Storage		Server Administ				
Email		Restart Proces	s Reboot System	m Shutdo	own System	

Figure 2.10: Shutting down the server from WaveView

It is acceptable to shut down the Wavestore server (either in an emergency or for routine maintenance) by switching the server off using the switch on the rear of the chassis, by removing the power lead or by switching the mains supply off at the power outlet.

The Wavestore software is designed to be robust when power fails unexpectedly, and no data is lost (other than the last second or two which might not have been flushed to disk). The Wavestore server will recover and fully check its storage in less than a second when power is reapplied. There is no need for external UPS devices.

If your Wavestore server is connected to an external RAID device, then other shutdown rules might apply to this RAID device. Many RAID boxes do require UPS protection, and must be powered down in an orderly fashion.

3 Main Screen

The Main Screen (menu path View \rightarrow Main) is shown below:

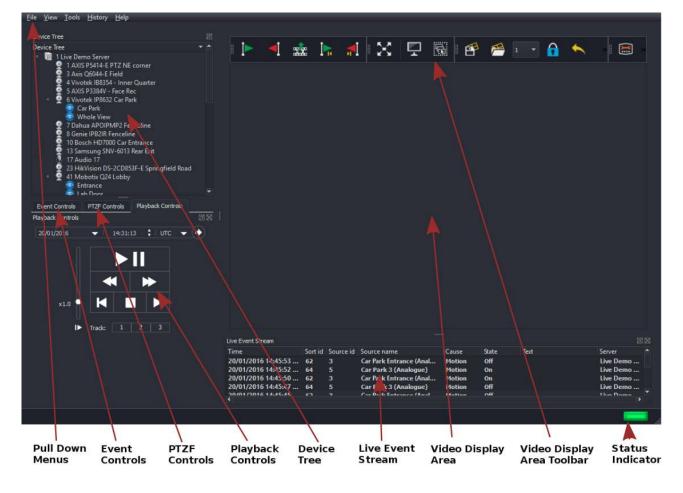


Figure 3.1: WaveView Live Screen

Pull Down Menus File/View/Tools/Help. See section 3.1 - Pull Down Menus.

Device Tree Displays a list of the connected Wavestore servers, with active audio/video channels. See section 3.8 - Device Tree.

Event Controls Start/Stop operation of configured Event Rules. See section 6.11 - Event Rules.

Playback Controls Used to control playback of Video Displays. See section 3.10 - Playback Controls.

PTZF Controls Used for control of Pan/Tilt/Zoom cameras. See section 3.12 - PTZF Controls.

Live Event Stream (Licensed upgrade) Licensed upgrade; displays events from connected devices. See section 3.17 - Live Event Stream (Optional Licensed Upgrade).

Display Area Video Displays from system cameras can be added here. See section 3.2 - Display Area.

Display Area Toolbar Used for controlling individual Video Displays. See section 3.3 - Display Area Toolbar.

Status Indicator Normally displays Green, changes to Red when a connected server has reported a fault – clicking on this icon will causes a new window to open displaying the System Log (See section 3.20.1 - System Log)

The main screen contains "dockable" panels which can be dragged from their dock positions to become floating panels. These panels can also be closed if not used.

If any or all of the panels "Event Control", "PTZF Controls", "Playback Controls" are closed, they can be reopened by right-clicking on the "Device Tree" heading.

If the "Live Event Stream" panel is closed, it can be reopened by clicking the dots at the bottom of the Video Display Area and dragging upwards, then right-clicking on the space below.

Once Video Displays have been added to the Display Area, the Main screen will typically appear as below.

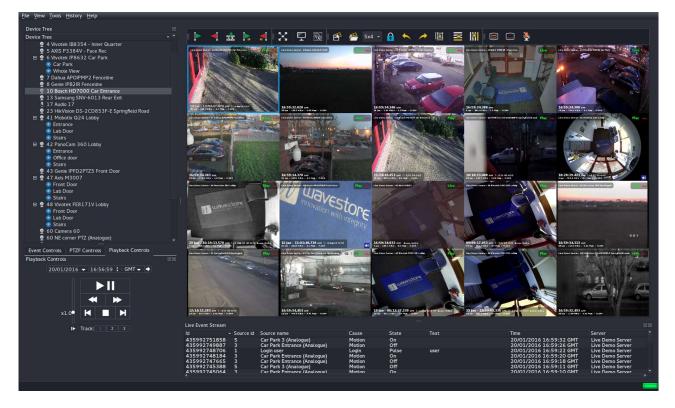


Figure 3.2: WaveView Main Screen with Video Displays Added

The Display Area can be freely configured, with a mixture of Live and Playback camera views if desired. Multiple instances of the same camera can be displayed, showing playback from different dates/times simultaneously.

3.1 Pull Down Menus

The pull down menus contain the following items:

3.1.1 File Menu



Connect Open the Login Window in order to establish a new connection to a Wavestore.

Disconnect Disconnect from the currently connected Wavestore Server, Server Group, or Export File.

Open Open an Export File.

Quit Exit the WaveView clientSoftware

3.1.2 View Menu

File	View	Tools	History	<u>H</u> elp	
	• 🛛	ain			1
De	<u> </u>	tup			
De\ =		nd		Ctrl+F	
	M	la <u>p</u>		Ctrl+M	ner
		3 Axis	Q6044-E1	held	

Main The Main Screen containing the Display Area

Setup For configuring the Wavestore Server or Server Group, including...

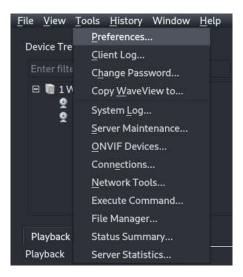
- Administration of User Logon ID/password
- Recording settings for Audio and Video Devices
- Spot Monitor output from Server for analogue cameras
- Server Time/Date and Time Zone
- Server IP settings
- Email of event notifications
- Schedules (can be attached to User logons/Camera Recording)
- Custom Channel Tree Groups of cameras
- Upgrade of server software

- · Event Rules associating input devices/events with output devices/events
- I/O Devices (digital inputs, relay outputs etc.)
- Notification Targets for messages sent by the server
- Configuration of Video Storage Hard Drives

Find Search and Export Recorded Footage

Map View Camera Maps Configured on the Server (Licensed Option)

3.1.3 Tools Menu



Preferences Configuration Options relating to the client PC. See section 3.21 - Preferences.

Client Log Log of Events within the WaveView client. See section 3.20.3 - Client Log.

Change Password Allows password of the current user to be changed.

- **Copy WaveView to** Creates a separate copy of the program in a user nominated folder (for playback of exported files). See section 3.23 Copy WaveView.
- **System Log** Log of Events on the connected Server(s). See section 3.20.1 System Log.
- **Server Maintenance** For advanced configuration use as directed by Wavestore staff. See section 3.24 Server Maintenance.
- **Connections** List of Clients currently connected to the servers (User ID and IP Address). See section 3.22 Connection List.
- **Network Tools** Allows network connectivity to other devices to be checked. See section 3.19 Network Tools.
- **Execute Command** Used for Advanced Functions under direction of Wavestore staff
- **File Manager** Allows uploading, downloading, and deletion of files to and from the servers in the server group. See section 3.25 File Manager.

- **Status Summary** Provides a summary, including thumbnails, of all cameras in the server group. See section 3.26 Status Summary.
- **Server Statistics** Provides visual representation of statistical data relating to server performance, such as network throughput and disk activity. See section 3.27 Server Statistics.

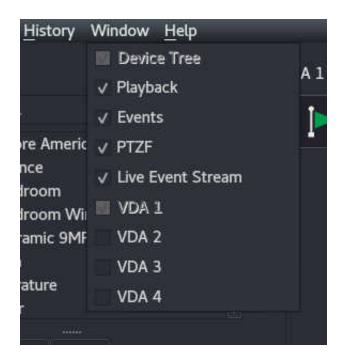
3.1.4 History Menu



Undo Reverts the last change to the layout in the currently selected Video Display Area

Redo Re-applies the last "undone" change to the layout in the currently selected Video Display Area Note that the layout history is limited to 50 layout change operations.

3.1.5 Window Menu



Each entry in this menu corresponds to an element in the UI which can be shown or hidden. For example the "Live Event Stream" can be hidden to make more space for the main Video Display Area.

Also it allows multiple Video Display Areas to be enabled or disabled.

3.1.6 Help Menu

File	<u>V</u> iew	Tools	History	Window	<u>H</u> elp	
					System Info)
De	vice Tre	e			Download [Diags
E		er here.			About	
E	I 🕅 1 N	Ay VMS				•
	9	1 Came	ra 1			
	9	2 Came	ra 2			

System Info...

[Client]					
Version:	6.20				
User:	install				
[Server(s)]				
Server 1	My VMS				
Address	: 10.1.1.1:80	501			
A CONTRACTOR OF	6.20				
Distro:	VMS-el7a	-6.20			
Machine	ID:				
Licence	Flags:	Max concurrent users:			
			Unlimited		
		Max IP cameras:			
		Licensed features:			
		Licence version:	6		
	a anticorrection	Upgrades to:	6.28		
Modules		Export, Maps, Event Stre			
		Jp to N+2), HyperRAID (U ore Spindown, LDAP Logi		etadata Sear	cn, HITP
LEAST AND A REAL PROPERTY AND A		INT-WS-REDSCAN-01		AVTEC-01 IN	JT.WS.
		SDK-GENERIC	, INT-WS-M	ATTEC-01, II	1-003-
DATAP		JOK-OLNENIC			
[System	ĩ				
An and the second se	ne: localhost.l	ocaldomain			
OS:					
OS Vers	ion: #1 SMP				
OS Arch	itecture: x86_	64			
Machine	ld:				
Bios:					
				Сору	× Close

The 'System Info' window gives information about the client PC and the connected servers and their licences.

Download Diags...

Settings All Servers		
Output File	<not set=""></not>	
 ✓ Include Server Info ✓ Include Client Info 		
		Download
	0%	Close

This window provides an easy way of obtaining lots of information about the current Client PC and all connected servers. It allows downloading all the information into a single zip file which can be passed to our technical support team.

It is possible to select "All Servers" (the default) or just a single server. Click "Output file..." to select a destination path for the zip file which will be written. Click "Download" to start downloading the files for the server.

This may take some time depending on the bandwidth available between client and server(s). The client diagnostic information should be very fast since it is only copied locally.

About...

This window provides information about the WaveView client application and its licence, as well as any third party libraries used to build the product.

3.2 Display Area

Right-clicking the Display Area calls up the context menu, containing the following options:

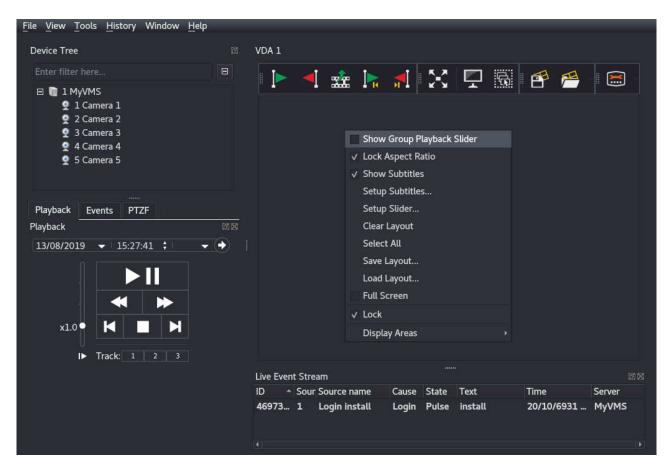


Figure 3.3: Context Menu

Show Group Playback Slider - as described in section 3.14 - Quick Search Controls using Time Slider.

Lock Aspect Ratio - Causes all Video Displays to be fixed to their true aspect ratios (width and height)

Show Subtitles - Video Displays subtitles toggle option (on/off)

Setup Subtitles - Opens the Setup Subtitles screen

Setup Slider – allows configuration of the actions and appearance of the Time Slider used for quick search at the lower edge of each Video Display

✓ Show Fast Rewind Button ✓ Show Fast Forward Button Linear (upper) slider		
Show Height 40 🗘 % F	Passive (ignore mouse actions)	now recordings & gaps in tracks
Non-linear (bottom) slider		
✓ Show recordings & gaps in tracks	Recordings color	Gaps color
✓ Show time offsets	Font color	Background color
Maximal cells count: 128 🖨 Show cells	Use circle handle	
Old style slider Restore Defaults		Save Close

Figure 3.4: Slider Settings Box

Clear Layout - Removes all Video Displays from the Display Area

Select All - Selects all Video Displays within the Display Area

Save Layout - Saves the current camera layout under a specified name

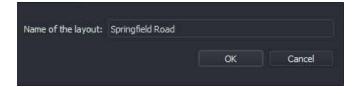
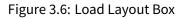


Figure 3.5: Save Layout Box

Load Layout - Displays a previously saved camera layout





• Full Screen - Expands the Display Area to full screen display (to exit from full screen display, right click

to call up the Context Menu once again, and toggle the Full Screen option OFF)

- Lock Controls the size of the Video Displays
- Display Areas Allows new Video Display Areas to be added and removed

Many of these functions can also be carried out from the Display Area Toolbar (details in section 3.3 - Display Area Toolbar below).

3.3 Display Area Toolbar



Figure 3.7: Display Area Toolbar

The Display Area toolbars are split in three sections, each of which can be displayed or hidden (right click on the Toolbar to configure).

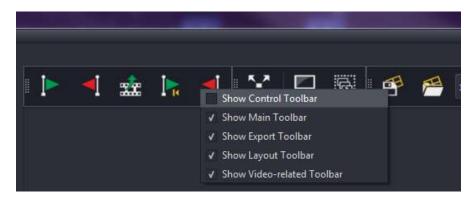


Figure 3.8: Display Area Toolbar display menu

The toolbar icons are as follows:

Export Toolbar

- Mark 'Start Time' for Export icon selects the start time for a quick export from the Main screen
- Mark 'End Time' for Export icon selects the end time for a quick export from the Main screen



Export icon – calls up Export Window

Go to 'Start Time' icon – moves the current playback position to the selected 'Start Time'



Go to 'End Time' icon – moves the current playback position to the selected 'End Time'

Main Toolbar



Full Screen Display icon - Clicking on this icon removes all menus and toolbars from the screen, and expands the camera view(s) to fill the entire screen.



Clear Layout icon - The Clear Layout icon removes all cameras from the Display Area.



Select All icon – selects all Video Displays



Save Layout icon - Clicking on the Save Layout icon allows you to save a configured layout of camera displays with a friendly name (e.g. Car Park Cameras) for quick recall. Note that layouts cannot be saved if the configuration is locked - i.e. an installer or administrator is currently editing the system settings. In this case an error will be displayed.



Load Layout icon – loads a previously saved Layout of cameras



Display Configuration icon - Clicking on this icon allows you to select the configuration of the camera display from the following selections:

- Free Switches the Display Area to freely configurable mode
- 1, 2x2, 3x3, 4x4, 3x2, 4x3, 5x4, 5x3 Switches to a fixed, preset layout of displays
- Custom Layout Switches to a previously saved custom layout



Lock Layout – Toggle option to lock/unlock the current positions of the video displays. When the 'unlock' option is selected, you can click and drag a video display to an empty position in the display grid (if a fixed Display Configuration e.g. 2x2 has been selected). If the Display Configuration setting is configured as 'Free', the video display can be moved to any position.

The same action can be carried out even if the Lock layout option is in the 'Lock' state, by holding down the CTRL key while you click and drag the display.



Undo Layout - returns to the previous layout



Redo Layout - re-applies a layout after an undo operation

Toggle option to lock/unlock the aspect ratio of the currently selected video display.

- Adds a horizontal row of video displays to the current layout
- - Adds a vertical column of video displays to the current layout

Video Toolbar



Setup Subtitles icon - The Setup Subtitles screen allows configuration of the subtitles within all Video Displays of the current Display Area.

When clicked, a new window appears showing the subtitle template with a variety of 'tags' arranged to reflect the current subtitle settings (e.g. Server/Camera name, time stamp, frame rate etc.). These can then be amended as required.



Subtitles icon - Clicking on this icon allows you to toggle the video display subtitles on/off.



Talkback status icon – displays the status of the Talkback channel from a microphone on the client device, to a speaker on the server or camera. Talkback for any channel is switched on/off by clicking on the Microphone icon on the Video Toolbox (section 3.6.1 - Video Display Toolbox). When talkback is active on any channel, the status will show as Red.

This icon can also be used as a global on/off toggle switch for the Talkback feature, to activate talkback for any configured camera channels.

3.4 Working with Video Displays

3.4.1 Video Displays from Standard Cameras

To add a camera view to the Display Area, firstly select which Camera View type you want to use (Free/Custom/1/2x2/3x3/4 by right clicking on the Display Area to call up the Context Menu (Figure 5.1), and then left clicking on your desired selection (e.g. '2x2' in this example). You can also do this by click the drop down box on the Video Display Toolbar.

You can also click on the 'Add Column to Grid Layout' or 'Add Row to Grid Layout' button on the Video Display Toolbar (see section 3.3 - Display Area Toolbar above) To create a Video Display, double click on the Camera Name in the Device Tree and it will appear in the next free space in the Display Area.

Alternatively, click and drag the camera name from the Device Tree to the position that you want on the Display Area (e.g. Camera 3):

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	435962634955 39	PanoCam 360 Lobby	Recording		19/01/2016 13:06:23 GMT	Live Demo Server
	435962634779 5 435962634451 3	Car Park 3 (Analogue)	Motion	Off	19/01/2016 13:06:22 GMT	Live Demo Server
	435962634451 3 435962633537 5	Car Park Entrance (Analogue) Car Park 3 (Analogue)	Motion Motion	On On	19/01/2016 13:06:21 GMT 19/01/2016 13:06:18 GMT	Live Demo Server Live Demo Server
	435962632905 4	ANPR (Analogue)	Video Loss	On	19/01/2016 13:06:16 GMT	Live Demo Server
	435962632748 3	Car Park Entrance (Analogue)	Motion	Off	19/01/2016 13:06:15 GMT	Live Demo Server

Figure 3.9: Dragging Camera 2 from Device Tree on Display Area

Repeat for any other cameras that you require:

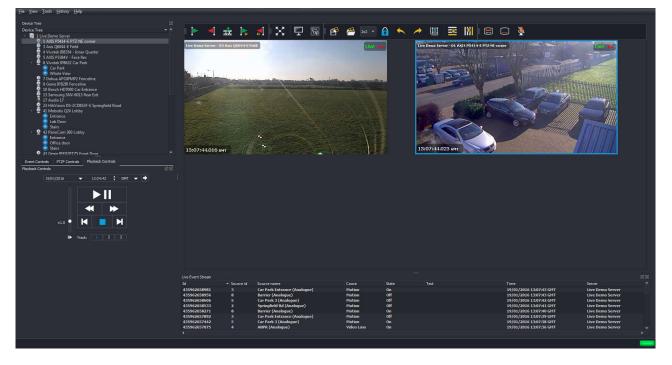


Figure 3.10: Camera 4 added from Device Tree to Display Area

To select a Video Display for user control (for PTZ control/playback etc.), click on that camera view so that the camera view frame is highlighted blue, as shown in Figure 5.7 (the top left camera is active in this case).

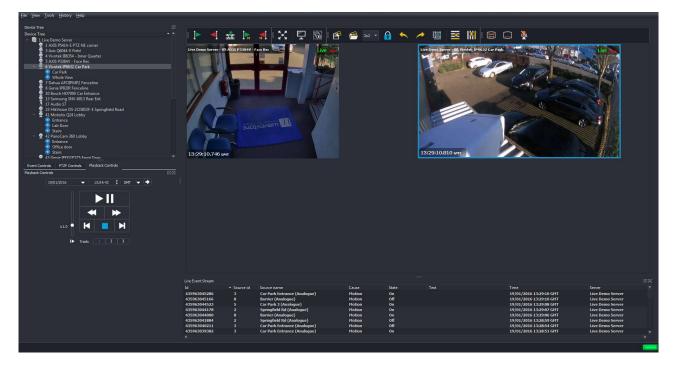


Figure 3.11: Camera 2 active for PTZ control/playback

You can now use the Playback controls to pause the Live stream, and search the recorded footage for this camera:

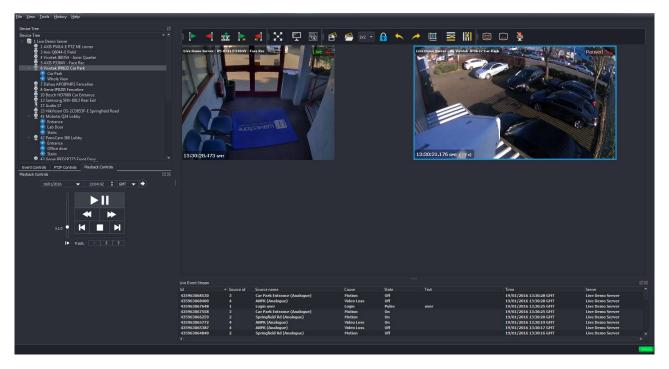


Figure 3.12: Camera 2 paused

To add a new Video Display for another camera, with Playback paused at the same time as the active Video Display, hold down the Shift key and then click and drag the new camera from the Device Tree:

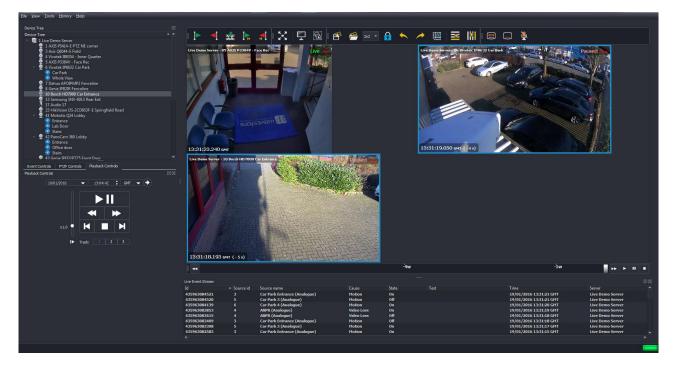


Figure 3.13: Video Display for Camera 8 added, paused at same time as Camera 2

To enlarge an individual Video Display (e.g. Camera 3), double click on the Video Display; the display will now fill the entire Display Area.

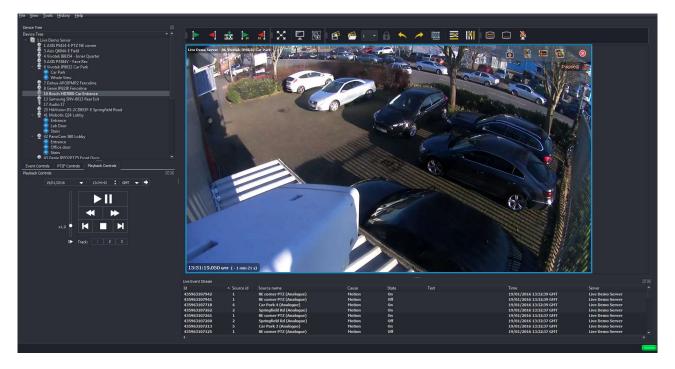


Figure 3.14: Camera 3 view enlarged

Double clicking on the Video Display once again will enlarge the display to fill the entire monitor screen



Figure 3.15: Camera 3 full screen view

To exit from full screen display, double click on the Camera Display to return to your initial display.

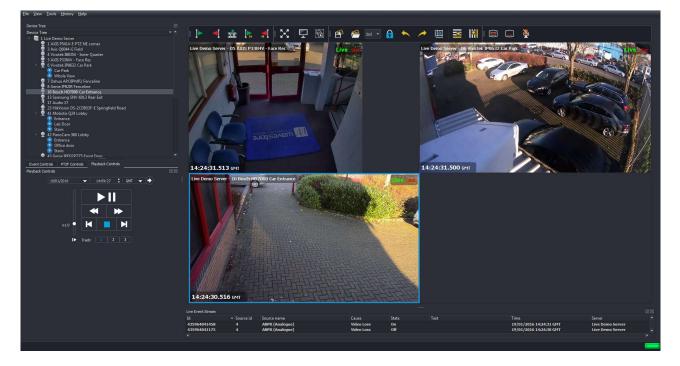


Figure 3.16: Exiting Full Screen View

3.4.2 Dewarped Video Displays from Hemispheric Cameras

This section explains how to interact with fisheye lens cameras and assumes that the cameras have already been suitably configured by the system administrator.

We will walk through "cloning a display" and dewarping the cloned display, although the cloning step isn't actually necessary. The benefit of cloning displays is that only one video stream is transmitted over the network and decoded, yet it can be viewed several times with different dewarping settings. This also means that playback control will affect all the cloned displays.

Double-clicking the name of the hemispheric camera in the Device Tree will create a new Video Display of the raw warped stream from that camera in the Display Area...



Figure 3.17: Calling up Video Display from 360° Camera

Click on the 'Add Column to Grid' button layout to change the display configuration. This will make space in the Display Area for another Video Display.

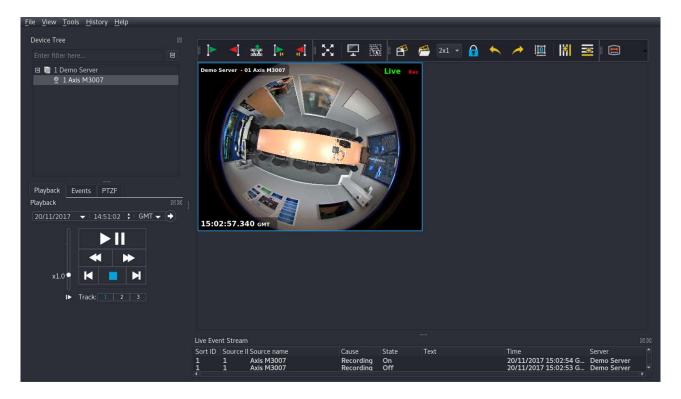
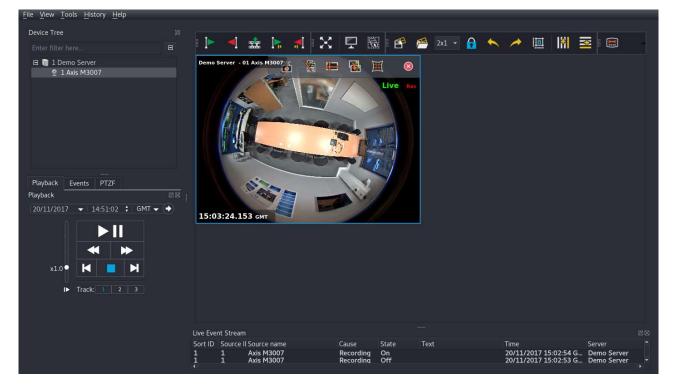


Figure 3.18: Adding Column to display grid layout



Hover your mouse over the top of the Video Display, so that the Video Display Toolbox appears.

Figure 3.19: Calling up the Video Display Toolbox

Click on the Clone button on the Video Display toolbox to create a clone of the original Video Display.



Figure 3.20: Clone button

These two displays both display the same video stream, and are time synchronised. Any playback commands (Pause/Rewind/Fast Forward) will affect both displays.



Figure 3.21: Creating Cloned Video Display

On the cloned Video Display, position your mouse in the top right of the display to call up the Video Display Toolbox.



Figure 3.22: Video Display Toolbox



Figure 3.23: Dewarping button

Click on the Dewarping button and choose "Default".

The dewarped image can be manipulated by clicking and dragging the mouse to perform Pan and Tilt operations, and scrolling the mouse wheel for a Zoom operation. Note that this requires the layout to be locked, otherwise clicking and dragging the Video Display will move it within the layout. The layout can be locked with the padlock icon in the Display Area Toolbar, or temporarily toggled by holding the CTRL key.

It can sometimes be useful to see an indication of the dewarping operation. Clicking the 'Contours and Tracking' icon in the Display Area Toolbar will enable a mode whereby the dewarped areas of the original image are highlighted in red, as shown below...



Figure 3.24: Contours and Tracking button

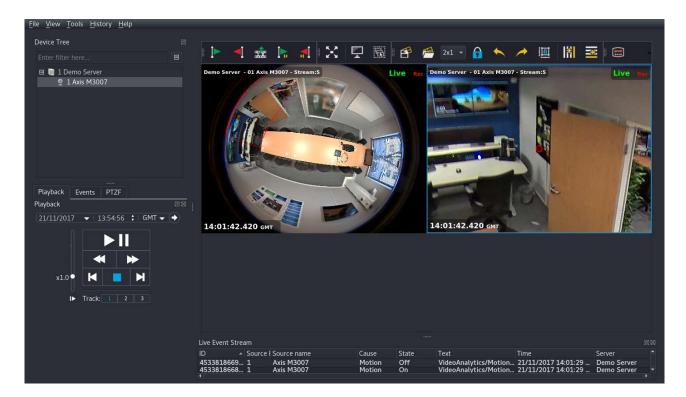


Figure 3.25: The Contours and Tracking Feature

You can create a virtual PTZ tour in a dewarped virtual camera view, by clicking in the centre of that view, and then then dragging the mouse pointer outside that camera view. The view will pan in the same manner as a physical PTZ camera.

3.4.3 Panoramic Video Displays from Hemispheric Cameras

Creating a Panoramic view is very similar to normal dewarping, with a couple of key differences. Primarily the use of free layouts, and selecting 'Panoramic' instead of 'PTZ.

In this section we'll walk through an example of how you might want to set up a layout with a panoramic camera.

Start with an empty 2x2 layout and double-click on the name of the hemispheric camera in the Device Tree to add it to the Display Area.

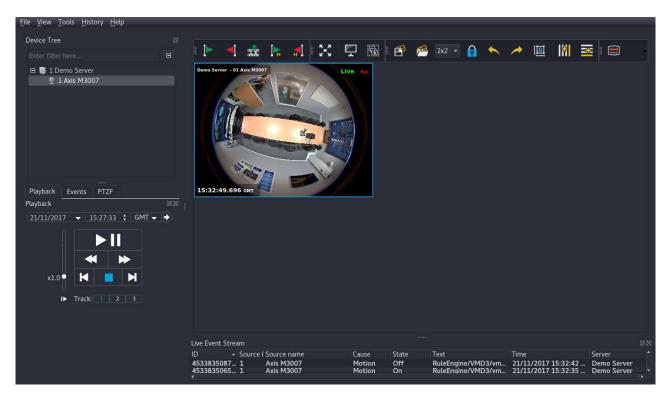


Figure 3.26: Video Display of raw warped stream from 360° camera

Position your mouse over the top of the Video Display of your camera, so that the Video Display Toolbar appears. Then click the Clone icon to create a clone of the original Video Display.

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Figure 3.27: Creating Cloned Video Display

Now change the layout from '2x2' to 'Free' and drag the cloned Video Display to the bottom left position.



Figure 3.28: Positioning displays in a free layout

On the cloned Video Display, click the Dewarping icon and select "Panoramic". The cloned video display will now display a panoramic section of the original raw image.

Resize the bottom Video Display so that it takes up the width of the Video Display Area.

It's also useful sometimes to enable the 'Contours and Tracking' feature from the Display Area Toolbar.

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Figure 3.29: Contours and Tracking button

The panoramic area will now be shown on the original warped image. The panoramic image can be adjusted by clicking and dragging with the mouse and using the mouse wheel to zoom.



Figure 3.30: Panoramic Display with Contours and Tracking

Clicking on the 'Contours and Tracking' button again will remove the green setup graphics.

3.4.4 Keyboard Shortcuts

Opening cameras at the same time

Holding *Shift* when opening a new camera will cause the newly created camera to take the playback state of the last selected camera. So for example if a 2x2 layout is shown with camera 1 playing at 09:00, double-click camera 2 in the Device Tree will cause it to open in the layout playing from the same time.

Opening cameras with the keyboard

Hold *Ctrl* and press the forward slash numpad key / to open the camera selection overlay. Keeping the *Ctrl* pressed, enter the desired camera number, then press *Enter*.

Opening saved layouts with the keyboard

Hold *Ctrl* and press the asterisk numpad key * to open the layout selection overlay. Keeping the *Ctrl* pressed, enter the desired layout number, then press *Enter*.

Next and previous camera

Holding *Ctrl* and pressing + or - will switch to the next or previous camera.

Locking and unlocking the layout

Pressing *Ctrl* will temporarily toggle the layout lock/unlock button. This is particularly useful for modifying grid layouts. For example if a dewarped camera is in a layout and the layout is locked, clicking and dragging in the video display will operate dewarping PTZ on that camera. If, however, you want to move the camera to a different slot in the grid, holding *Ctrl* will temporarily unlock the layout and allowing clicking and dragging to move the display.

3.5 Setup Subtitles Menu

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Figure 3.31: Subtitle Setup submenu

The Setup Subtitles menu allows the default subtitles that appear on individual Video Displays to be reconfigured or removed.

This menu contains individual configuration for each of the subtitle positions on the display, such as position, font, size and displayed text.

The Presets section allows you to select from a list of commonly used configurations.

If you wish to configure a custom subtitle configuration for that position, click in the text box (light grey section), and you can add/remove the sections that you require.

The Help button opens a window showing the list of available tags, along with a description of each. You can copy and paste from this window into the text box for each position.

The functions of the remaining menu buttons are as follows:

- The Restore Defaults button sets the subtitles to the default settings
- The OK button accepts the current setting and closes the Setup Subtitles window
- The Cancel button cancels all changes and closes the Setup Subtitles window
- The Apply button saves the current setting but keeps the Setup Subtitles window open
- The Help button gives a full list of the Subtitle options available
- The Use Subtitles embedded into video option can improve the clarity of the displayed subtitles, if the client PC has a low quality graphics card

3.6 Video Displays

A single Video Display shows a single video stream and plays any associated audio stream. When the mouse is hovered over the top right corner of the Video Display, the Video Display Toolbox is shown which provides access to various tools and settings for that Video Display. The Video Display contains a subtitles area, along with Video Status Icons which indicate the current state of the video stream.



Figure 3.32: Video Display

3.6.1 Video Display Toolbox



Figure 3.33: Video Display Toolbox

The Video Display Toolbox appears when the mouse pointer is placed in the top right hand corner of the Video Display, and shows a number of icons used for performing operations on the currently selected Video Display(s) (highlighted with a Blue frame).



Snapshot captures the currently displayed image and displays it in a new window, allowing editing, export and printout.

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Video Resolution allows you to change the current 'requested' viewing resolution (Low/Medium/High) to improve the image rate on a slow network connection.



Create Annotation - A section of Video Footage can be marked with annotations, so that it can be easily located at a future date.



Dewarping - Enables dewarping of fisheye and panoramic cameras. Only present if configured for the current camera.



Clone Video Display - a new Video Display, time synchronised to the original display, will open in the Display Area, a useful feature when viewing different saved views from a hemispheric camera.



Metadata Display – opens a new window displaying Metadata associated with this camera channel (if configured)



Talkback – click to toggle on/off (if Talkback has been configured for this channel). The icon colour changes to Red when Talkback is active. Note that this controls capture of audio from the micro-phone and transmission to the target device. When playing back recordings, the talkback audio will always be played if recording for that Talkback track has been enabled.



Mouse PTZ – click to toggle on/off (if PTZ has been configured for this camera).



Close - closes the Video Display

3.6.1.1 Snapshot Window

When the Snapshot button is clicked, the currently displayed image is captured and displayed in a new window, allowing the user to:

- Edit the image using the following commands (click and drag on the image to select an area, then select your desired command from either the pull down menus or the toolbar)
 - Crop
 - Sharpen
 - Blur
 - Mosaic
 - Desaturate
 - Invert
 - Equalize
 - Brightness +/-
 - Contrast +/-
 - Gamma +/-
- Resize the image
- Save a copy of the still image (if permitted) in BMP, JPG or PNG format
- Print the image

Note that the "Export" user permission controls whether the current user is permitted to save the snapshot.

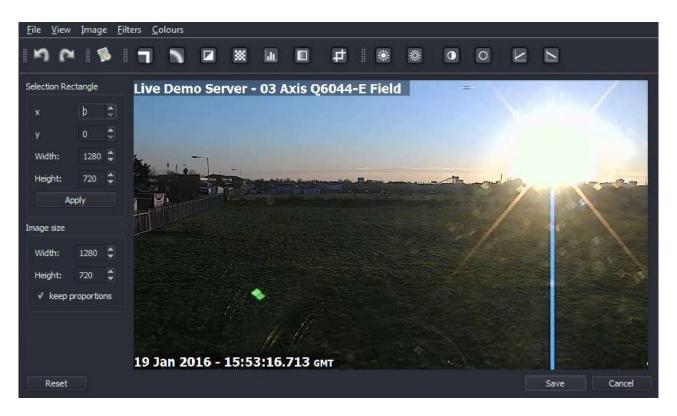


Figure 3.34: Snapshot Screen

Following the menu path Image \rightarrow Subtitles Setup allows you to configure the appearance and position of the subtitles on the image.

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Figure 3.35: Snapshot Screen – Setup Subtitles submenu

The setup subtitles menu allows you to configure, reposition or remove the subtitles from the selected position on the image.

3.6.1.2 Create Annotation Window

Clicking on the 'Create Annotation' icon calls up the Annotation window; a user can add notes of interest to a bookmark a section of footage. To carry this out, enter the start and end times of the required footage, and any annotation that you require.

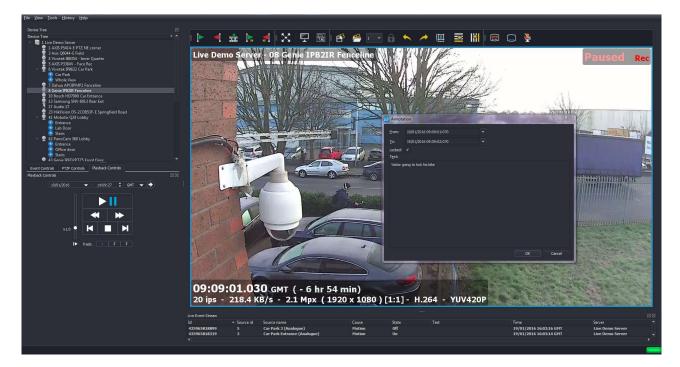


Figure 3.36: Annotation Setup

3.6.2 Video Status Icons

The Video Status Icons (lower right of Video Display) indicate the state or features of the current video stream, as follows:

3.6.2.1 Audio Icons



Audio Available Icon - If this icon is present, an audio channel is associated with this video channel. The audio can be heard if this Video Display is set to Audio Master.

Hovering your mouse pointer over the Audio Available Icon will cause additional icons to display as follows:

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Audio Mute This icon mutes the audio from this channel

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Audio Enable This icon enables the audio from this channel.



Solo Audio Clicking this icon instructs WaveView that it should only plays the audio associated with this Video Display. This will mute any audio streams from Video Displays already playing.

3.6.2.2 Authentication State icons

If Image Authentication has been activated on the server (see section 6.2.7 - Image Authentication), the Authentication State Icon shows the Image Authentication status of the current stream in the lower right corner of the Video Display. The available states are:



Authentication checked and OK

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Authentication not checked. This can happen if playing back close to the current time, e.g. 1 second from live. This is because the authentication data is only recorded every few seconds. It can also happen if signature stream recording was not enabled at time of recording the video.

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Authentication checked and failed

If Image Authentication has not been enabled for the server, no Authentication State icon will be visible.

3.6.2.3 Encryption State icons

The server can be configured to encrypt one or more of its video channels. The Encryption State Icon shows whether encryption is currently enabled for this camera.

The available states are:



Encrypted

If you connect to a channel for which encryption has been configured on the server, you may see the following message, if a Private Key to decrypt the channel has not been loaded:

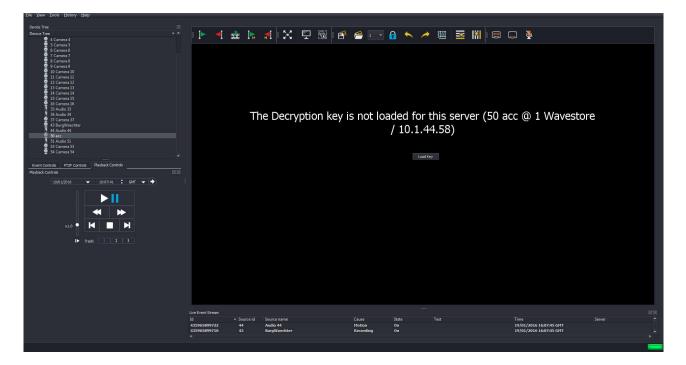


Figure 3.37: Encryption Key prompt

To load your Private Key in order to decrypt the stream, click on 'Load Key'.

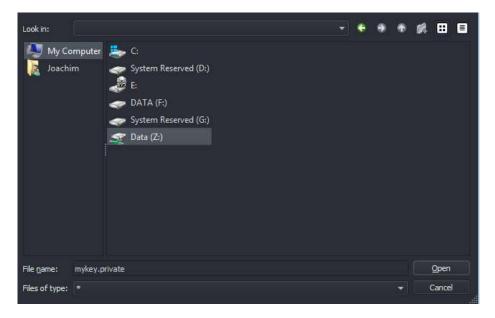


Figure 3.38: Loading Private Key

Other Text Information is displayed in the Video Display such as Server Name, Camera Name, Time Stamp, Time Zone, frame rate and file size of the image. The Subtitle Settings control which of these text items are displayed.

3.7 Layouts

A Layout consists of various cameras in various positions in the Video Display Area, along with various properties for each of those cameras.

It is possile to save Layouts with a name so that they can be easily recalled later. It is also possible to create sequences of layouts to create a cycled display.

Layouts are, by default, private to the user who created them. However they can also be marked as "shared" so that other users can see them.

It is also possible to configure auto-loading of a particular Layout or Layout Sequence for each user upon login. However note that this has to be configured by an "admin" or "install" level user for "user" level users. See section 6.1.1 - User Level and Permissions.

The following properties are saved with a layout:

- The layout name
- Whether aspect ratio should be preserved for the cameras in the layout
- Whether subtitles should be shown for the cameras in the layout
- The cameras to display and their positions
- The resolution (high or low) for each of the cameras
- The digital zoom level and position for each of the cameras
- The fisheye dewarping position for each of the cameras if applicable
- Whether the dewarping "contours and tracking" feature should be enabled or disabled
- Whether a particular camera is a clone of another
- Audio mode (for audio channels only), e.g. mute, solo, or enabled

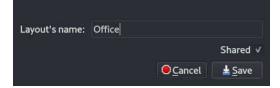
In server groups, the layouts are saved to all servers. When loading, they are read from the first connected server. Any level of user can save a layout.

3.7.1 Saving and Loading Layouts

Layouts can be saved by right-clicking the Display Area and choosing "Save Layout...", or by clicking the Save Layout button in the Display Area Toolbar...



The Layout can be given a name and optionally marked as "Shared" so that other users can see this Layout.



Layouts can be loaded by right-clicking the Display Area and choosing "Load Layout...", or by clicking the Load Layout button in the Display Area Toolbar...



A list of saved layouts is presented, with the Shared Layouts shown first. Layouts can also be deleted from here.

ID	Name	Shared *
1	Kitchen	✓ Yes
2	Car Park	√ Yes
1	Office	No
De	lete	Load

To load the Layout, either double-click it's entry in the table, or click once and click Load.

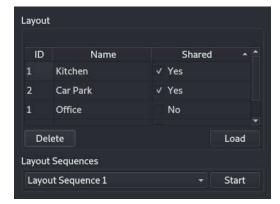
3.7.2 Triggering Layout Sequences

Layout Sequences allow layouts to be automatically loaded consecutively with configurable durations for each one. They are configured in the Setup Screens by an "install" or "admin" level user.

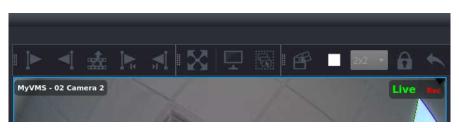
Layout sequences are triggered from the Load Layout dialog, which can be accessed either by right-clicking the Display Area and choosing "Load Layout...", or by clicking the Load Layout button in the Display Area Toolbar...



At the bottom of the Load Layout dialog, a drop-down list of configured Layout Sequences is presented. To start a Layout Sequence, choose the desired sequence and click Start.



Once the Layout Sequence has started many of the facilities relating to the Display Area are unavailable until the sequence is stopped. The Display Area Toolbar has a new Stop button which will be present if a Layout Sequence is running.



3.8 Device Tree

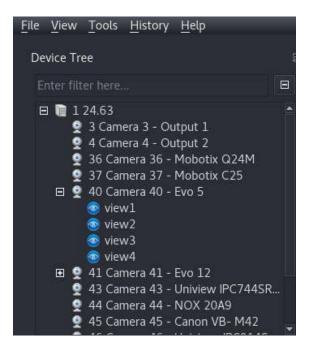


Figure 3.39: Device Tree

The Device Tree displays the currently connected Wavestore Servers, with enabled Audio and Video Channels listed beneath.

The Filter box at the top allows the user to start typing the name of a server, channel, or view, and only items matching that text will be shown.

The icon to the right of the filter box allows expanding or collapsing all the items in the tree.

Right clicking on the Device Tree text allows you to view the select various display options for the Device Tree:

- Display either Channel Tree (all channels) or Camera Group Tree (if this option has been configured)
- Show Channel IDs
- Show Disabled Channels

- Show Servers
- Show Servers IDs
- Show Views (saved 'virtual camera' dewarped or panoramic views from panoramic cameras are shown)

These settings are automatically saved so they are preserved when WaveView is restarted.

When "Show Servers" is disabled, only the cameras and views are displayed. If using a server group it is sensible to give cameras unique "sort IDs" across the group, otherwise the ordering of cameras may not be as expected. See section 9.21 - Sort IDs for more information.

Double-clicking on a Channel Name on the Device Tree, causes the video from that Channel to be displayed in the Video Display Area.

If the Video Display Area is currently viewing one Video Display only, the Video Display is switched to the newly selected channel. Otherwise a new Video Display (containing the new Channel) is added to the Video Displays that are already displayed within the Video Display Area.

Double-clicking on a Channel Group name on the Device Tree, causes the video from the cameras in that Channel Group to be displayed in the Video Display Area.

3.9 Status Indicator

The Status Indicator provides a quick summary of the status of all servers in the group. It changes colour to show the worst status of all servers in the group. For example if all servers are OK except one has a Fault status, it will show red for the fault status.

The Status Indicator can be clicked to jump to the System Log to inspect more details of any issue with the servers in the group.

Server	Time
My VMS	09/10/2018 09/10/2018
My VMS	09/10/2018

The possible statuses are as follows:

Recording

The system has no detected issues and is recording from at least one camera.

Shows a green Status Indicator and transparent background for the server name in the Device Tree.

Unlicensed

The server doesn't currently have a valid licence and therefore is not recording. Shows an amber Status Indicator and amber background for the server name in the Device Tree.

Server awaiting restart

The server currently requires a restart to apply recently made configuration changes. Shows an amber Status Indicator and amber background for the server name in the Device Tree.

Recording not enabled

The server is functioning correctly but no recording is occurring.

Shows an amber Status Indicator and amber background for the server name in the Device Tree.

Standby

Used as part of the Failover mechanism, this server is acting as a Standby server.

Shows an amber Status Indicator and amber background for the server name in the Device Tree.

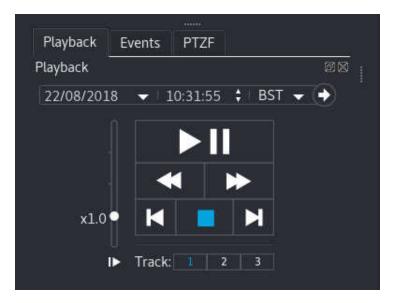
Fault

This server has a problem. Inspect the System Log to find out details of the problem. Shows a red Status Indicator and red background for the server name in the Device Tree.

The server status is also indicated in the Device Tree as the background colour for the server name. Hovering the mouse over the server name also provides details of the status, as shown below.

File View Tools Histor	y <u>H</u> elp		
Device Tree			
🗆 📔 1 My VMS			
👤 1 Camera 1	My VMS Status: Fault ID: 1 IP: 10.1.9.101 Version: 6.14.510 Machine ID: DRUF	-PDRI-TVL	ік

3.10 Playback Controls



The playback controls affect any currently selected Video Display (highlighted with blue frame) in the Display Area, and operate as follows:

- Play/Pause Starts/pauses playback of the stream
- **Rewind/Frame** Step Back A single left-click steps back a single frame. Holding the left mouse button starts Rewind; the speed of Rewind increases the longer the mouse button is depressed.
- **Fast Fwd/Frame Step Fwd** A single left-click steps back a single frame. Holding the left mouse button starts Fast Forward. The speed of Fast Forward increases the longer the mouse button is depressed.
- Beginning of Archive Jumps to the oldest recording on the currently selected Channel and Track
- Stop Exits playback to return to Live View
- End of Archive Jumps to the latest recording on the currently selected Channel and Track
- Go to field Allows you to access a specific point in time by directly entering Date and Time
- **Playback Speed slidebar** Click and drag the slide bar to choose playback between 0.1x 4.0x real time. Note that the maximum is configurable, see section 3.21.5 - Playback. Also note that fast playback requires a powerful PC and the video may jump if the system is not powerful enough. This mechanism is not a substitute for the Fast Forward operation.

Track Selection buttons 1/2/3 Allows you to select a recording track for the selected video displays.

After selecting a track (either 1, 2 or 3), all playback operations described above will affect this track only. The text display in the top right hand corner of the Video Display indicates whether the status of the video stream being viewed (Live/Play/Paused).

3.11 Events Control

Playback				
1 caj back	Events	PTZF	Smart Sea	arch
Events				团区
Event Rules			Start	Stop
Rule 1				\odot

The Events control allows Event Rules to be started or stopped (in the case of an "On/Off" type of Manual Trigger), or triggered (in the case of a "Pulse" type Manual Trigger).

The drop-down list consists of the names of all Event Rules where the Causes contain a Manual Trigger. When a rule is selected, if the Manual Trigger in the rule is an "On/Off" type, then On and Off buttons are presented, which can be used to activate and deactivate the Manual Trigger within the event rule. If it is a "Pulse" type (in other words "instantaneous"), then a single "Pulse" button is provided to allow the Manual Trigger to be triggered.

See section 6.11 - Event Rules for more details on configuring such rules.

3.12 PTZF Controls



Figure 3.40: PTZ Controls

The PTZF Controls Panel allows control of configured Pan/Tilt/Zoom cameras. These controls will be disabled if:

- The active camera is not a PTZ camera
- The current user does not have permission to control PTZ actions on this camera

Available controls are:

- Pan left/right
- Tilt up/down
- Zoom in/out
- Focus in/out
- Iris open/close
- Movement Speed Control slider
- Shift left/right for rail mounted cameras
- Wash
- Wipe
- Lamp toggle

- Go to/Setup a Preset Position (see section 3.12.1 Setting PTZ Preset positions)
- Start/Setup a Tour (see section 3.12.2 Setting PTZ Tours)

3.12.1 Setting PTZ Preset positions

Access the Live Screen by following the menu path View \rightarrow Main, and open a Video Display for the PTZ camera by.

Using the PTZF controls, move the camera to the desired position.

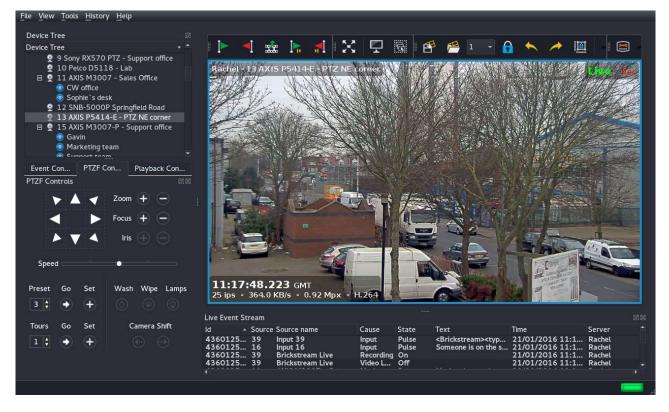


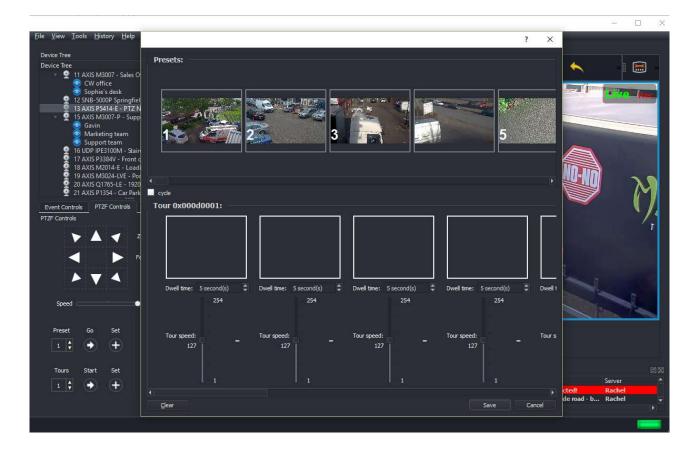
Figure 3.41: Live View screen showing PTZ controls

In the Preset section, use the arrow keys to call up the Preset number that you want to assign, and then click 'Set'.

If you want to check the position of saved Preset, move the camera to another position, use the arrow keys to call up your desired preset position, and then click 'Go'.

3.12.2 Setting PTZ Tours

Use the arrow keys to call up the Tour number that you want to assign, and then click 'Set'. The Tour configuration window will now appear, showing preset views currently configured on the server.

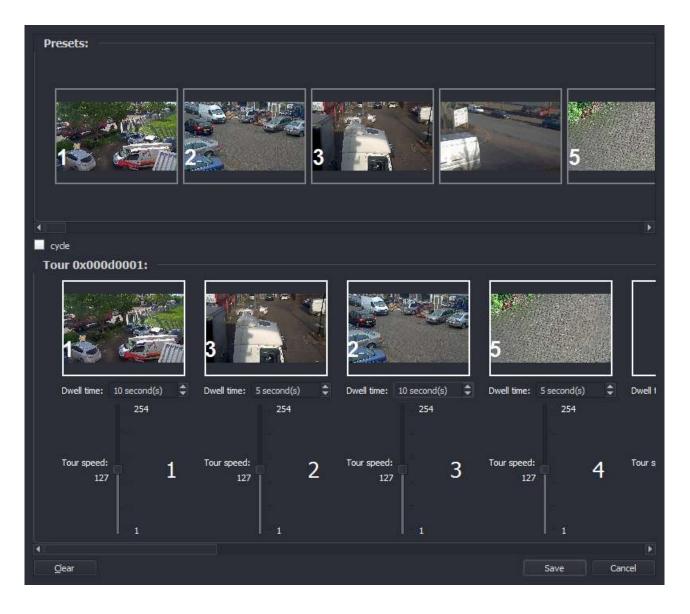


To configure the first position on the tour, drag and drop the one of the Preset views into the first window in the Tour section.

Presets:	3		5	
🔲 cyde				
Tour 0x000d0001:				
	time: 5 second(s) 🏾 🌻	Dwell time: 5 second(s)	Dwell time: 5 second(s)	Dwell 1
254	254	254	254	
Tour speed: 127 1 1	speed: -	Tour speed: -	Tour speed:	Tour s
				Ð
Clear			Save	Cancel

Use the Dwell Time and Tour Speed settings, to configure how long the camera should remain at that preset position, and the speed at which it will move to the next Preset position. Note that the Speed setting is only supported on a limited number of cameras.

Repeat the above steps for the remaining preset positions that you wish to add to the tour.



If you want the tour to operate continuously (cycling from the last Preset position back to the first), select the 'Cycle' option.

Finally click on 'Save' to return the Live View screen.

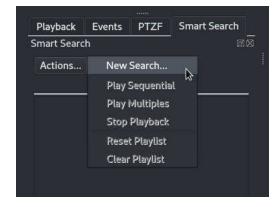
To start the tour operating from the Live View screen, use the arrow keys to call up the number of your desired tour, and then click 'Start'.

3.13 Smart Search Control

The Smart Search control allows a post-recording search of a period of recordings based upon motion or video analytics data. This section documents how to perform the Smart Search, assuming the cameras have been appropriately configured. See section 9.8 - Configuring Smart Search for information on how to configure cameras for Smart Search.

Note that Smart Search is also available in the Find screen, however the Main screen implementation sup-

ports the Multiple playback mode, whereas the Find screen does not. This is because the Find screen is intended to show all cameras at the same point in time, but the Multiple playback mode requires showing the cameras at different points in time. Also, analytics searches are only currently supported in the Main screen.



The Actions... menu can be used to perform the various relevant operations.

The *New Search...* option opens a wizard to build a search query. The remaining options are used to control playback of the results.

3.13.1 Performing a Smart Search

The first page allows the following to be selected:

- The time range for the search
- The type of search
- The camera(s) to be searched

The *Search Type* selector will only contain search types available for the currently selected camera. If no cameras are selected, it will show the aggregate of all search types available for all cameras. For any camera which is currently unavailable for selection for the current search type, a tooltip is available explaining why, visible by hovering the mouse over the camera name.

	5/2021 16:18:50 - BST 5/2021 17:18:50 - BST
Search Type:	Smart Search
🗉 🖬 1 My VI	Object Properties
👷 1 Ca 👷 2 Ca	Line Crossing
🙎 3 Ca	Box Elitry
🙎 4 Ci	Box Exit
	Box Entry or Exit
	Object In Box
	Object Removed
	Object Idle
	Crowd
	< <u>Back</u> <u>N</u> ext > Cancel

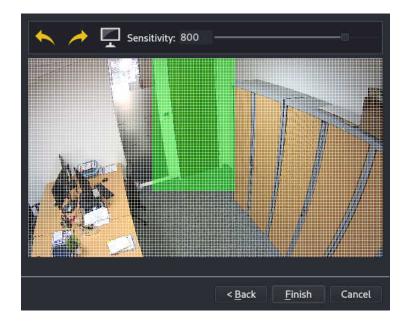
Once the desired parameters for the search have been set, clicking *Next* > will advance to the next page in the search wizard.

The options available for each search type are discussed below.

Motion Search

Motion Search performs a historical search based on the motion within the scene.

A mask, or area of interest, and a sensitivity can be specified for the search. The default sensitivity is often appropriate.



When the mask and sensitivity have been set and the *Finish* button is clicked, the search will be performed.

Object Properties

This analytics search allows searching of analytics object data to match various properties of the objects.

It is possible to search on the object speed, being greater than or less than the specified value. The value is provided in metres per second. Alternatively, if 'Any' is selected, the speed is not checked in the search.

It is also possible to search on the object class and, optionally, subclass. The availability of the subclass option is dependent on the source of the analytics data for the current camera.

For the class and subclass matching, it is possible to provide a minimum probability for the object matching that class.

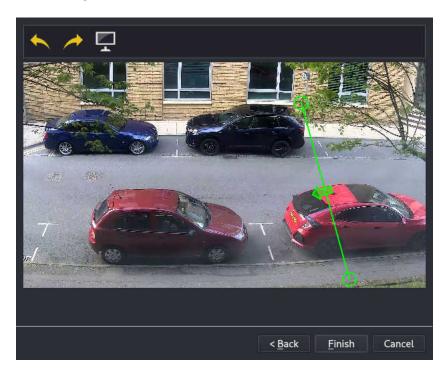
Once the desired parameters have been chosen, clicking *Next* > will perform the search.

Line Crossing

This search allows detecting objects crossing a line, in either direction or both. The object properties can also be matched.

The first page presented is the same as the *Object Properties* search type. To search for any object, just click the *Next* > button.

The second page allows configuration of the line.



The line can be edited as follows:

• Click and drag a circular end-point of the line to move that point

- Click and drag on the line to move the whole line
- Double click the arrow to change the direction of the arrow.

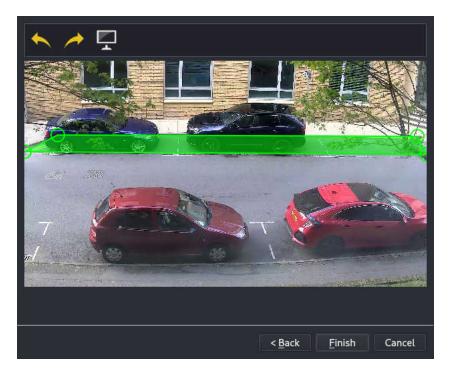
Once the desired line has been configured, clicking *Next* > will perform the search.

Box Entry

This search allows detecting objects entering a region. The object properties can also be matched.

The first page presented is the same as the *Object Properties* search type. To search for any object, just click the *Next* > button.

The second page allows configuration of the box.



The box can be edited as follows:

- Click and drag a circular end-point of the line to move that point
- Double-click on an edge of the box to add another point
- Double-click a circular end-point to remove it
- Click within the box and drag to move the whole box

Once the desired line has been configured, clicking *Next* > will perform the search.

Box Exit

This search is the same as *Box Entry* except it detects objects leaving the region instead of entering.

Box Entry or Exit

This search is the same as Box Entry except it detects objects leaving the region as well as entering.

Object In Box

This search is the same as *Box Entry* except it returns results for the duration that the objects were inside the the region.

Object Removed

This search allows detection of objects being removed from the scene. For this search type, the 'zone' is optional.

The first page presented is the same as the *Object Properties* search type. To search for any object, just click the *Next* > button. There is also a checkbox for 'Use Entire Scene'. If checked, the page to configure the zone is skipped.

The next page is used to configure the zone. Only objects removed from within the zone will be matched. The zone configuration page is the same as described in *Box Entry*.

Object Idle

This search is the same as *Object Removed* except it returns results for when an object become idle, i.e. not moving, instead of when the object is removed.

Crowd

This search allows detecting when a certain number of objects are within a certain zone.

Use Entire Scene Crowd Count						-
Speed: Any	*					-
Class: An	y ~	Probability:	>=0%	0		~
Subclass:	-					
Add						
				< <u>B</u> ack	<u>N</u> ext >	Cancel

The first page presented is similar to the *Object Properties* search type. To search for any object, leave the settings as default.

This page also allows choosing the *Crowd Count*, which is the minimum number of objects within the zone to trigger a match.

There is also a checkbox for 'Use Entire Scene'. If checked, the page to configure the zone is skipped. Otherwise, the next page allows configuring a zone, in the same way as described for *Box Entry*.

3.13.2 Reviewing Smart Search Results

When the search has completed, the results are shown in the playlist. The way the results are presented can vary depending on the type of search performed. Also, the playlist can be undocked and will provide extra columns, giving extra detail about the results of the search.

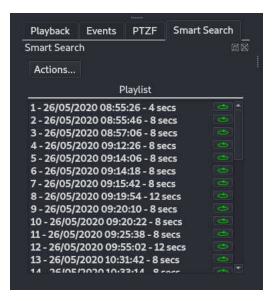
All searches give:

- A start time
- A duration
- A "loop" control

Many analytics searches will present the results in a tree-like structure grouped by the Object ID. This is because there may be many matches for the same object and the playlist entry represents the time duration for the matches for that object.

A *Crowd* search will show the crowd count for the results. Again these will be in a tree-like structure grouped together if the crowd count is the same and the result is within a few seconds of the last result. Note that small changes in the crowd count are ignored. For example if there are many results with a crowd count of 4, with one result of 3 in the middle, the 3 will be grouped in with the results for 4. This is to prevent brief miscounts of the crowd resulting in separate playlist items.

Each item in the playlist has a button to control whether the item playback should be looped.



Now that there are results in the playlist, the *Actions…* button allows more operations to be performed. These are described below:

Play Sequential

This sets the Display Area layout to "1", for a single camera. It then plays the items in the playlist one by one. They are not set to loop so when each one finishes it will play the next.

Play Multiples

This fills the current layout with cameras from the playlist and automatically adds new ones each time one is closed. It defaults to a 2x2 grid, but if there is already a grid selected (e.g. 4x4) it will use that. The cameras are looped by default so they will repeat until closed.

Stop Playback

This stops the playback of the playlist.

Reset Playlist

This sets all the items in the playlist back to the "unplayed" state.

Clear Playlist

This removes all items from the playlist.

During playback, unplayed items are shown with bold text, items being played are highlighted in blue, and played items are shown in normal text with no highlighting.

As well as the Sequential and Multiples playback modes described above, it is also possible to simply doubleclick an item to open it from the playlist.

3.14 Quick Search Controls using Time Slider



Figure 3.42: Video Display showing Live View from Camera 3

If you move the mouse pointer over the lower edge of an individual camera view, a quick search time slider with playback controls appears as shown below.



Figure 3.43: Video Display showing Live View from Camera 3 with time slider bars

The dark grey bar represents the footage on the selected recording track for this camera (oldest footage at the left, most recent footage on the right). The grey bar will contain gaps for any periods when the channel was not recorded by the server (e.g. a channel configured for Motion Detect recording).

The light grey slider shows displays the current position on the recorded track The quick search playback control buttons (either end of the time slider) allow you to pause or resume playback, frame step forward/backward (quick click), and also fast forward and rewind (click and hold).

Clicking and dragging on the light grey slider gives the user control of the current playback position on the recorded track.

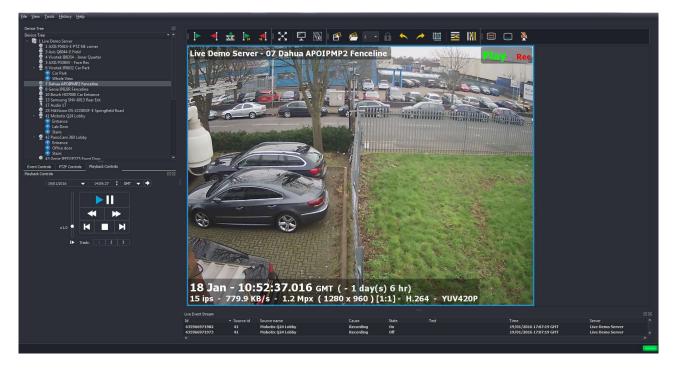


Figure 3.44: Searching using Grey Time Slider bar

To carry out a more detailed search, hover your mouse pointer over the blue time slider, and roll the mouse wheel forward.

Rolling the mouse wheel forward/backward will zoom in/out on the time period; as you do this, the scale of the time increments will change, as below:

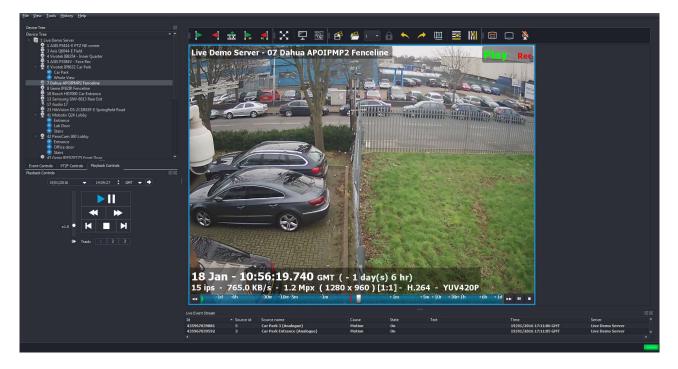


Figure 3.45: Time Increments on Blue Time Slider bar changed by rolling mouse

Wheel Clicking on a point on the either side of the grey slider moves the current playback position to that point in time.

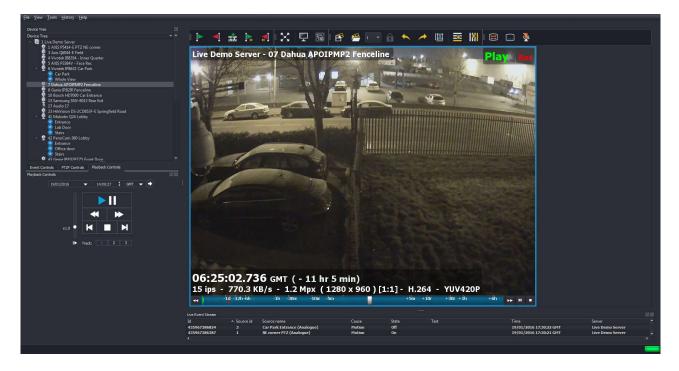
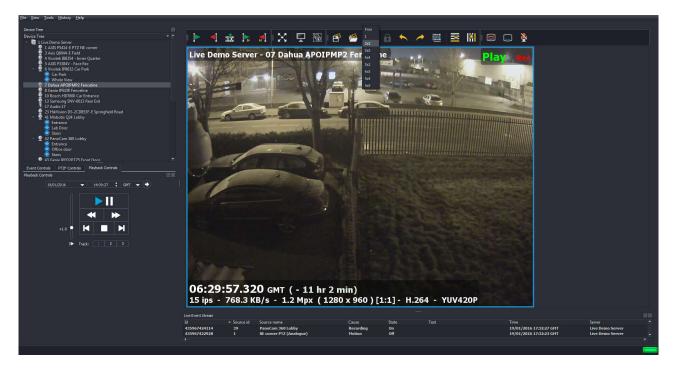


Figure 3.46: Time of display moved forward four minutes by clicking on Time Slider bar

If you wish to look at footage from another camera at the same point in time, you may need to first reconfigure your display type (e.g. from a single camera display).



You can do this by using the drop down menu on the Display Area Toolbar:

Figure 3.47: Changing display configuration using drop down list

Alternatively you can click on either the 'Add Row to Grid layout' or 'Add Column to Grid Layout' buttons on the Video Display Toolbar:

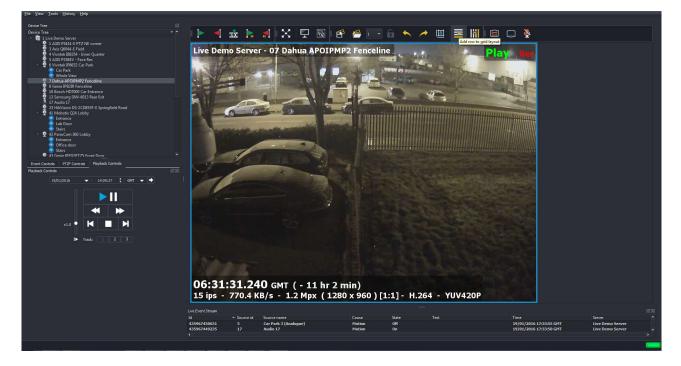


Figure 3.48: Changing display configuration using 'Add Row to Grid Layout' button

The Video Display configuration will now change:

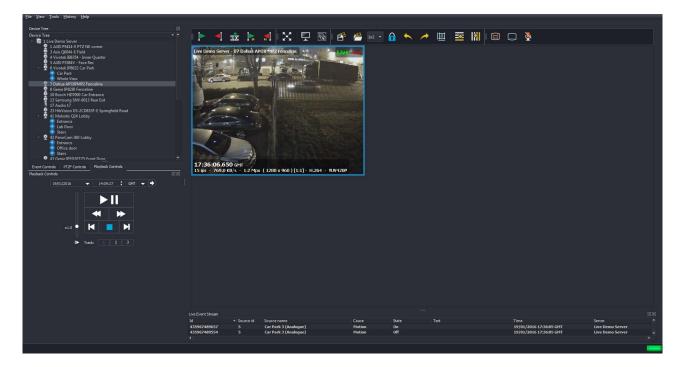


Figure 3.49: New Display Configuration

To add the video, first check that the current Video Display is selected so that the frame is highlighted blue (click within the Video Display if not), and pause playback.

Next, hold down the Shift key, and click on the name of the camera in the Device Tree that you want to add to the display.

The new camera will now be added to the display:

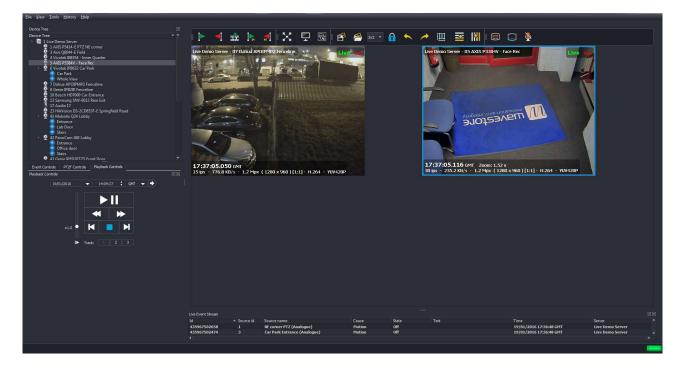
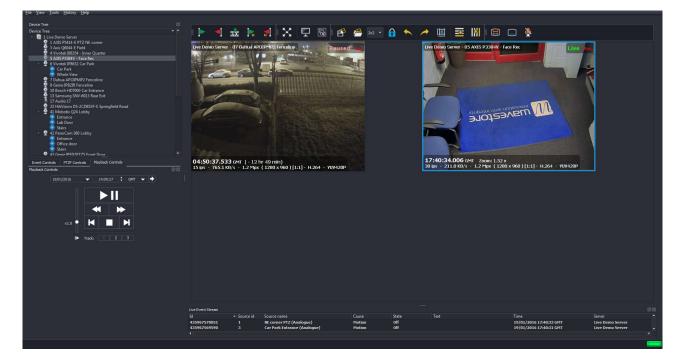


Figure 3.50: Camera 7 added to display (in Playback Mode), paused at same time as Camera 3



To return a Video Display to Live View, just click on the Stop icon within that display.

Figure 3.51: Camera 3 paused in Playback mode, Camera 7 in Live View mode

3.15 Quick Export for Single Camera Channel

If the Video Display that you are working with is a dewarped view from a hemispheric camera (see Appendix B), you can pan/tilt/zoom within the Video Display during playback to track a person or object, and these movements will be shown in the export file once created, if you select any export format other than the Wavestore Native format (WSB), for example AVI or WMV.

A WSB format export will contain the full warped video stream for that camera, and any dewarped views that have been saved for that camera.

Please note that the permissions of the user making the export may conditionally limit the functionality of the exported data. For example, if the current user does not have permission to make transcoded exports (e.g. converting to AVI), any WSB export made by that user will contain that permission setting, meaning that the resulting WSB export cannot be subsequently converted to another format. This design is intentional, to prevent a possible workaround where a user could make an AVI by first creating a WSB export then opening the export and converting it to AVI.

If there is a critical need to override these settings, staff at Wavestore Limited can do so, but it is not trivial and a fee may be charged.

3.15.1 Quick Export for Standard Camera

Once we have identified required footage using the Search function, we can carry out an export for a single camera from the Live Screen as follows:

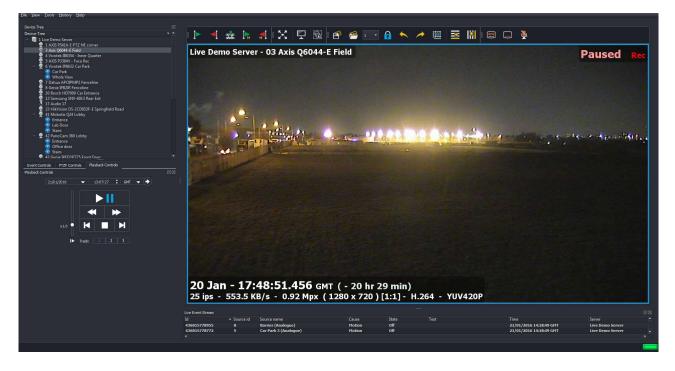


Figure 3.52: Quick Export – Playback paused at the start of required footage

Click on the 'Mark Time for Start of Export' button (green flag icon) on the Video Toolbar when you have reached the start point of the footage that you require (use the Pause function if necessary).

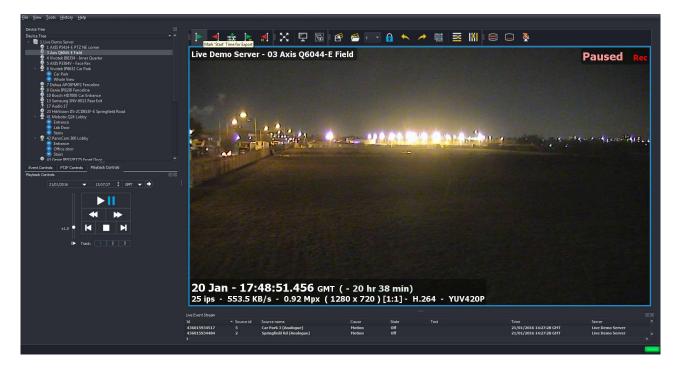


Figure 3.53: Quick Export – Mark 'Start Time' for export

If you move the mouse pointer over the lower edge of an individual camera view, you can see that a green arrow is now shown on the time slider, showing the Start Time for the export.

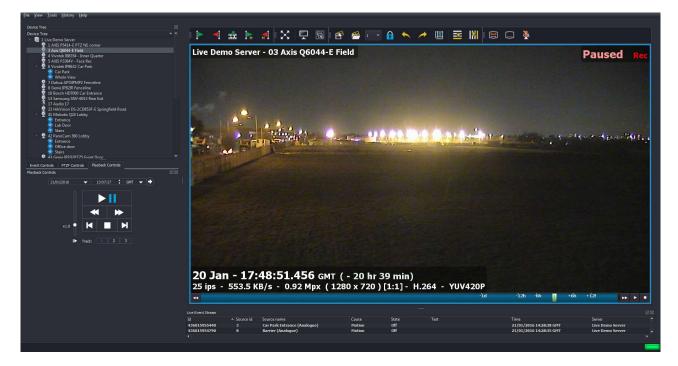


Figure 3.54: Quick Export – Green 'Start Time' marker on time slider

You can now resume playback of the footage until the desired end point of the Export is reached. Click on the Red Flag on the Video Display Toolbar.

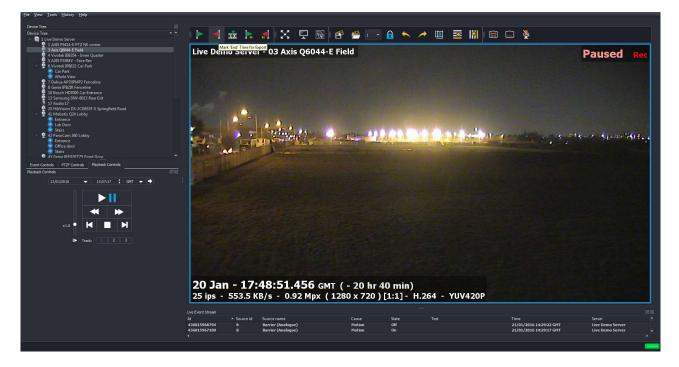


Figure 3.55: Quick Export – Mark 'End Time' for export

If you move the mouse pointer over the lower edge of an individual camera view, you can see that a red arrow is now shown on the time slider, showing the End Time for the export.

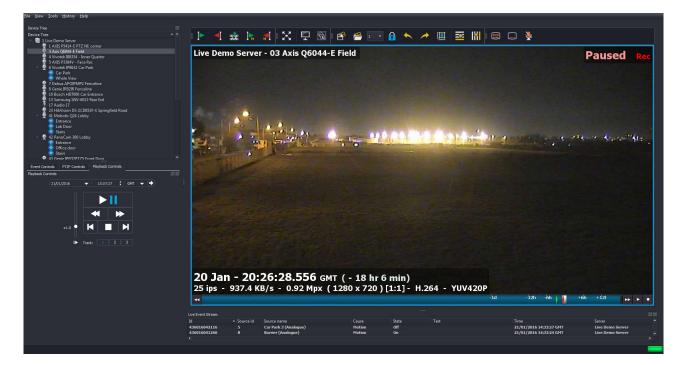


Figure 3.56: Quick Export – Red 'End Time' marker on time slider

Click on the Export button on the Video Toolbar (filmstrip icon) to call up the Export Window:

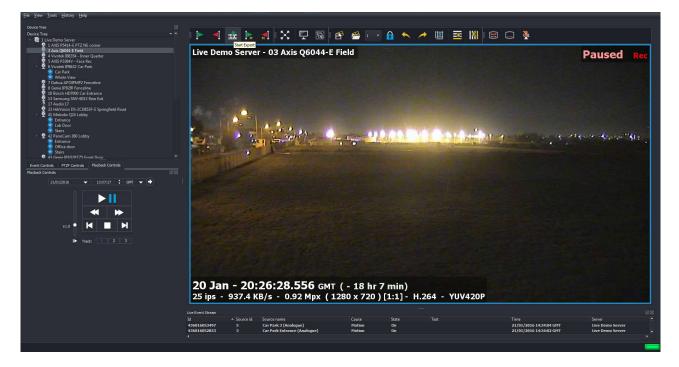


Figure 3.57: Quick Export – Export button

The Export Window will now appear:

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Figure 3.58: Quick Export – Export menu

Browse to your desired Export Path by clicking on the '...' button, and then select your desired Container Format (full details of the export procedure are described in section 4.9 - Exports). The Wavestore WSB format will be selected by default.

Finally click Start; the progress bar will fill during the export, with an acknowledgement message displayed once the export is completed.

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Figure 3.59: Quick Export – Export completion message

Once you have completed the export, you will be prompted to add a copy of the WaveView software to the export folder. This software can be used to playback the export file from the media. It is not necessary to first install the software onto the PC being used to play the export file.

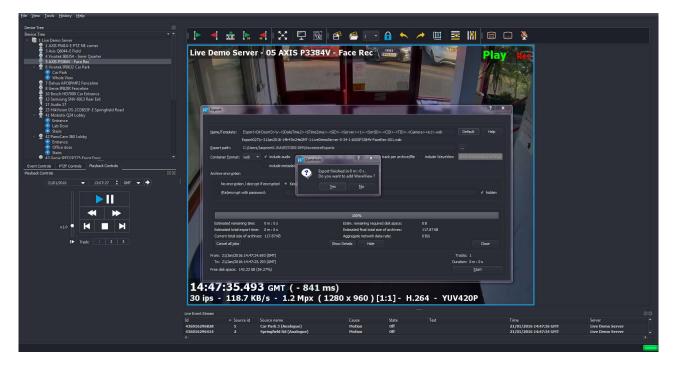


Figure 3.60: Quick Export – prompt to add WaveView

To add a copy of the WaveView software, click on 'Yes' You will now be prompted to confirm the folder where WaveView will be saved.

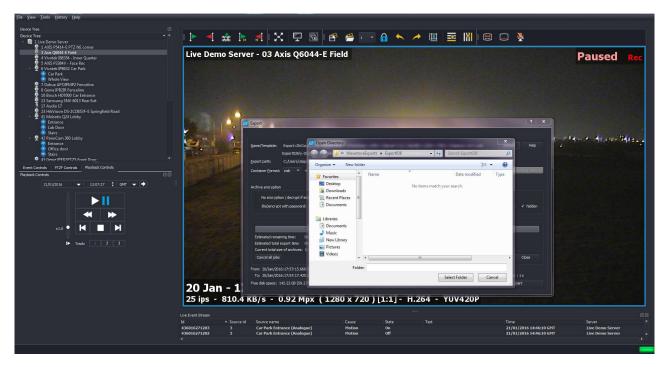


Figure 3.61: Quick Export – selecting destination folder for WaveView

Browse to your desired folder, and then click 'Select Folder'. A progress bar will now fill from left to right and a confirmation message will appear once complete.

3.15.2 Creating a Quick Export tracking a Person/Object in a Dewarped Camera View

If the Video Display that you are working with is a dewarped view from a hemispheric camera, you can pan/tilt/zoom within the Video Display during playback to track a person or object, and create a transcoded export file (e.g. WMV) showing your tracking movements (pan/tilt/zoom).

Once you have reached the desired start time for your export, pause Playback first.

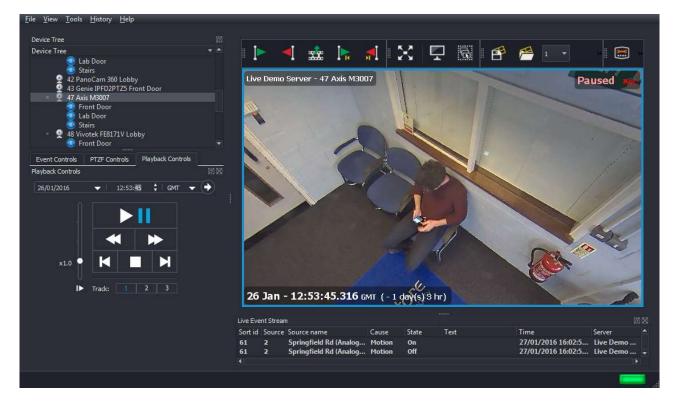


Figure 3.62: Quick Export from dewarped camera view- Playback paused at the start of required footage

Click on the 'Mark Time for Start of Export' button (green flag icon) on the Video Toolbar when you have reached the start point of the footage that you require (use the Pause function if necessary).



Figure 3.63: Quick Export from dewarped camera view – Mark 'Start Time' for export

If you move the mouse pointer over the lower edge of an individual camera view, you can see that a green arrow is now shown on the time slider, showing the Start Time for the export.



Figure 3.64: Quick Export from dewarped camera view – Green 'From Time' marker on time slider

If you move the mouse pointer over the lower edge of an individual camera view, you can see that a green arrow is now shown on the time slider, showing the Start Time for the export. You can now resume playback of the footage, clicking and dragging using the mouse to track the target person/object:

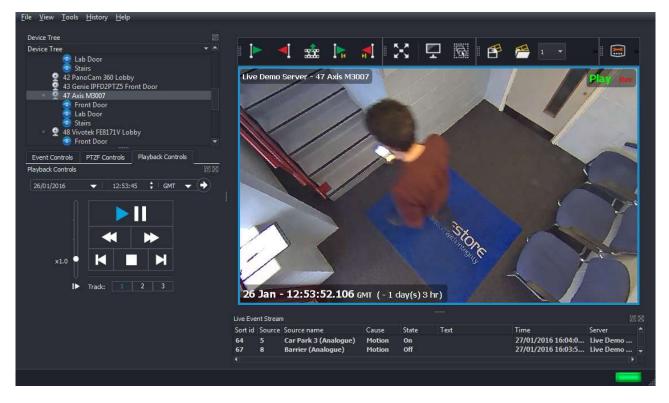


Figure 3.65: Quick Export from dewarped camera view – tracking target person/object

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You can use the mouse wheel to zoom in/out on the target during playback:

Figure 3.66: Quick Export from dewarped camera view – tracking target person/object

You can now resume playback of the footage until the desired end point of the Export is reached. Click on the Red Flag on the Video Display Toolbar.

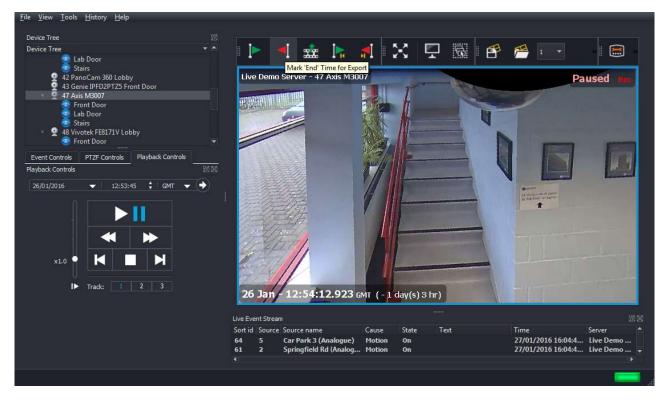


Figure 3.67: Quick Export from dewarped camera view – marking end time of export

If you move the mouse pointer over the lower edge of the camera view, you can see that a red arrow is now shown on the time slider, showing the End Time for the export.

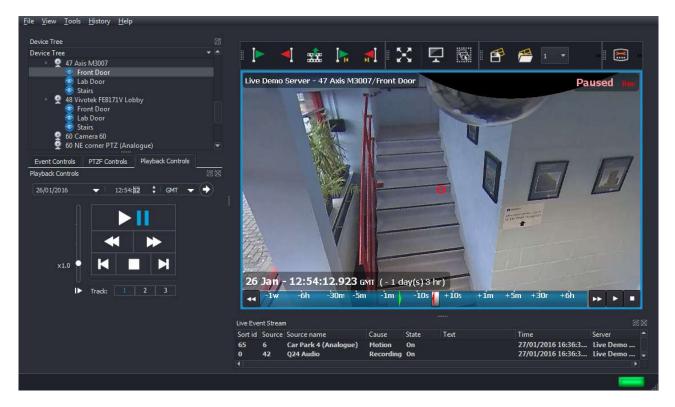


Figure 3.68: Quick Export from dewarped camera view – Red 'End Time' marker on time slider

Click on the Export button on the Video Toolbar (filmstrip icon) to call up the Export menu:

The Export menu will now appear:

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Figure 3.69: Quick Export – Export menu

Browse to your desired Export Path by clicking on the '...' button, and then select your desired Container Format (full details of the export procedure are described in section 4.9 - Exports). The Wavestore WSB format will be selected by default, change this to AVI or WMV.

Finally click Start; the progress bar will fill during the export, with an acknowledgement message displayed once the export is completed.

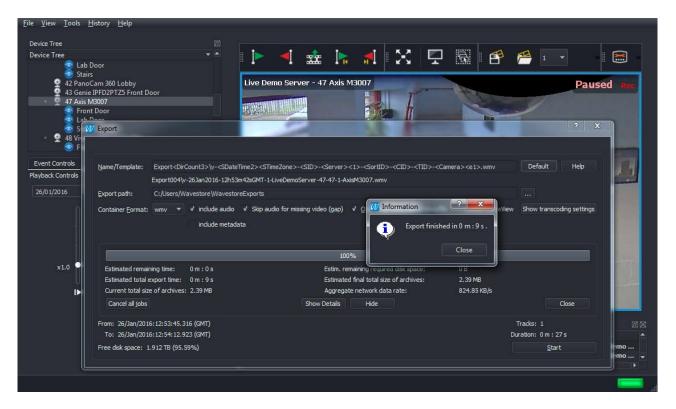


Figure 3.70: Quick Export – Export completion message

Once you have completed the export, you can playback the export using a suitable media player e.g. Windows Media Player/VLC.



Figure 3.71: Playback of Tracking Export using Windows Media Player

The export file will show the exact tracking movements that you made, whilst viewing the camera before carrying out the export.



Figure 3.72: Playback of Tracking Export using Windows Media Player

This export option is only applicable when using AVI or WMV formats. A WSB export will contain the entire warped image, along with any dewarped views that have been previously saved for that camera.



Figure 3.73: Playback of Tracking Export using Windows Media Player

3.16 Quick Export for Multiple Camera Channels

Once we have identified required footage using the Search function, we can carry out a export from the Live Screen of multiple camera channels as follows: Configure the display so that it contains that camera channels that you require.

Select the cameras that you wish to export by clicking to making their displays active so their frame is highlighted 'Blue' (either by clicking 'Select All' on the video display toolbar, or by holding down CTRL on your keyboard and clicking on the individual displays that you require).

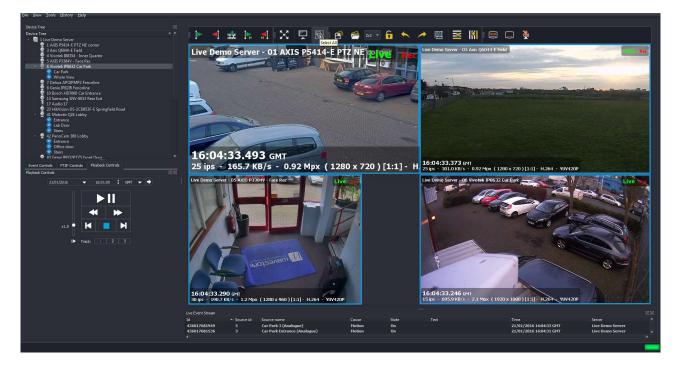


Figure 3.74: Quick Export – 'Select All' option for Video Displays

Right click to call up on the Display Area to call up the Context menu, and left click to select the 'Show Control Toolbar'.

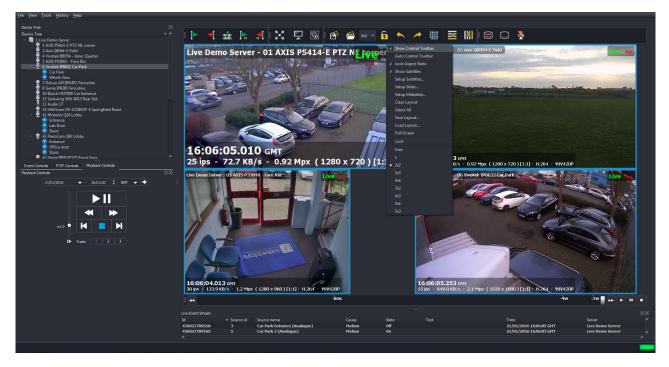


Figure 3.75: Quick Export – 'Show Control Toolbar' enabled on Context Menu

A Control Time Slider Toolbar will now appear at the lower edge of the screen. Use the mouse to control the playback of the video displays using the Control Time Slider Toolbar as described in section 3.14 - Quick

Search Controls using Time Slider. You should see that all selected displays are synchronised.

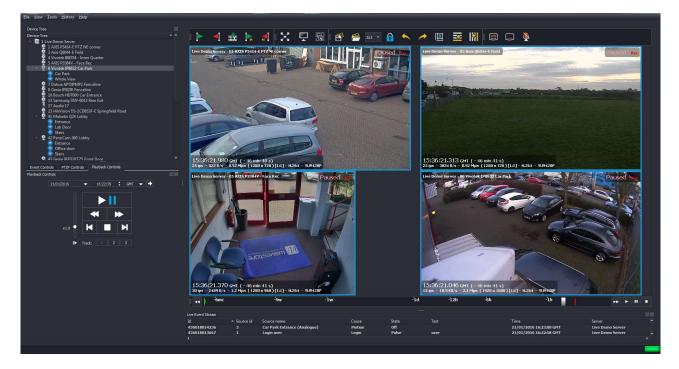


Figure 3.76: Quick Export – Control of Video Displays using Control Time Slider Toolbar

Click on the 'Mark Time for Start of Export' button (green flag icon) on the Video Toolbar when you have reached the start point of the footage that you require (use the Pause function if necessary).

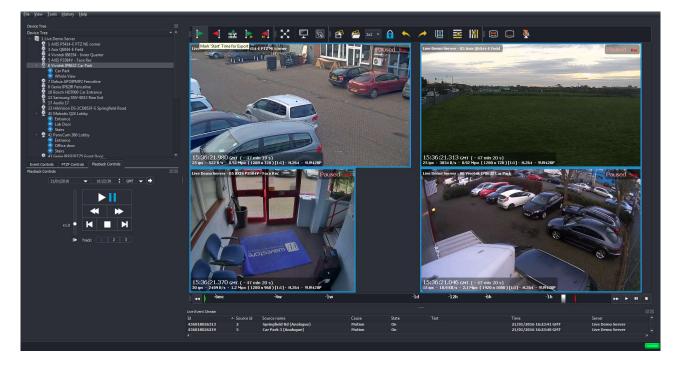


Figure 3.77: Quick Export – Selecting Start Time for Export

Once you have reached the desired end time for your export, click on the 'End Time for Export' button (Red Flag icon on Video Toolbar). You may wish to pause Playback first.

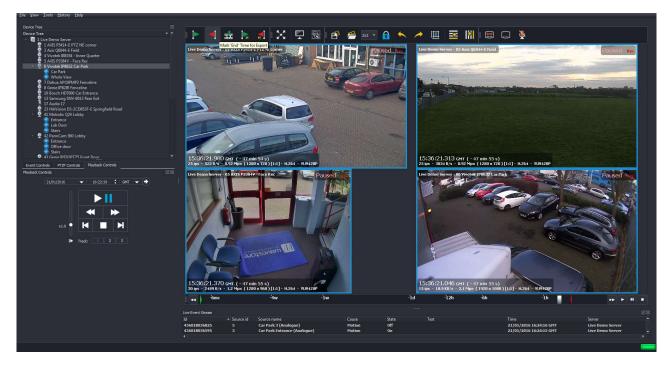


Figure 3.78: Quick Export – Mark 'End Time' for export

Click on the Export Dialog button on the Video Toolbar (filmstrip icon) to call up the Export dialog menu:

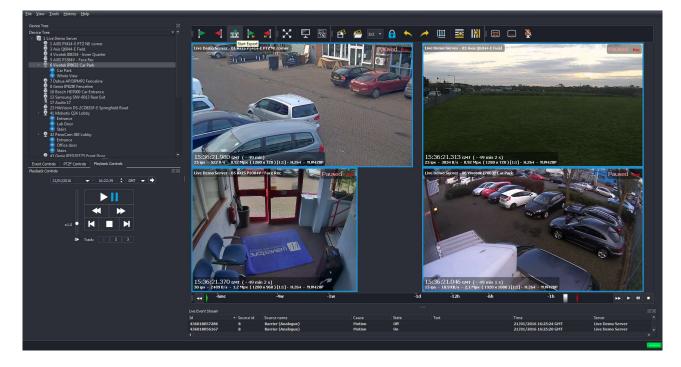


Figure 3.79: Quick Export – Export button

The Export menu will now appear:

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Figure 3.80: Quick Export – Export menu

Browse to your desired Export Path by clicking on the '...' button, and then select your desired Container Format (full details of the export procedure are described in section 4.9 - Exports). The Wavestore WSB format will be selected by default.

Finally click Start; the progress bar will fill during the export, with an acknowledgement message displayed once the export is completed.

Once you have completed the export, you will be prompted to add a copy of the WaveView software to the export folder.

This software can be used to playback the export file from the media. It is not necessary to install the software onto the PC that is being used to play the export file.

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Figure 3.81: Quick Export – prompt to add WaveView

To add a copy of the WaveView software, click on 'Yes' You will now be prompted to confirm the location where WaveView will be saved.

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Figure 3.82: Quick Export – selecting destination folder for WaveView

Browse to your desired folder, and then click 'Select Folder'. A progress bar will now fill from left to right and a confirmation message will appear once complete.

Section 5 - Playing Back Exported Files gives details on how to play back .WSB export files using a PC.

3.17 Live Event Stream (Optional Licensed Upgrade)

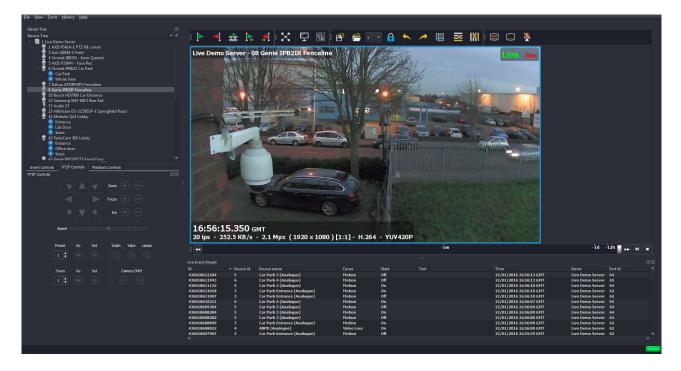


Figure 3.83: WaveView Live View Screen showing Live Event Stream

The Live Event Stream provides a list of incoming events (updated in real time). The Event types that are displayed can be filtered, and their properties (colour of text and/or background, sound notification) can be edited; section 3.21 - Preferences gives full details on how to configure.

It should be noted that the events are not saved locally (on the PC running WaveView); they are stored on the Wavestore server itself.

The Live Event Stream panel can be minimized and maximized by clicking the \downarrow arrow icon. When maximized, it shows a table with the following columns:

Time

Shows the date and time of the event

ld

Shows a unique ID corresponding to this event

Status

Can be 'On', 'Off', or 'Pulse'

Text

Any associated text for this event

Cause

The cause of the event being triggered, e.g. Motion, Login, Darkening, Video Loss, Input

Source

An associated parameter for the event; for motion this could be a camera number, for digital inputs this could be the input number

Server

Server that is the source of the event

Right clicking on the column headings in the Live Event Stream displays a menu with toggle options that controls the columns displayed.

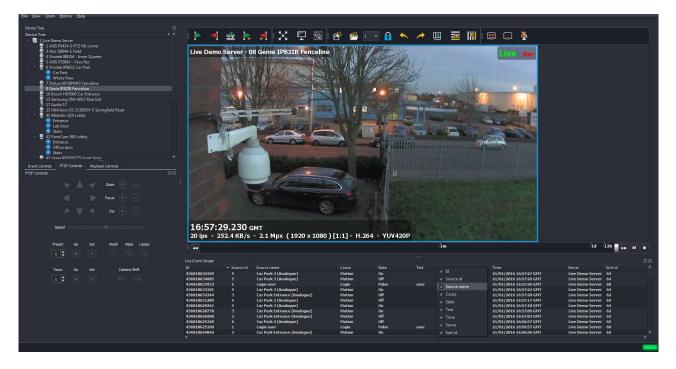


Figure 3.84: WaveView Live View Screen, Column Selection Menu

Clicking and dragging on the column headings allows you to change the order that they are displayed in.

The Events themselves that are displayed can be filtered, and their properties (colour of text and/or background, sound notification) can be edited; section 3.21 - Preferences gives full details on how to configure.

It should be noted that the events are not saved locally (on the PC running WaveView); they are stored on the Wavestore server itself.

We can playback or export associated with an event by right clicking on an event in the list, and then selecting the desired option from the menu that appears as below:

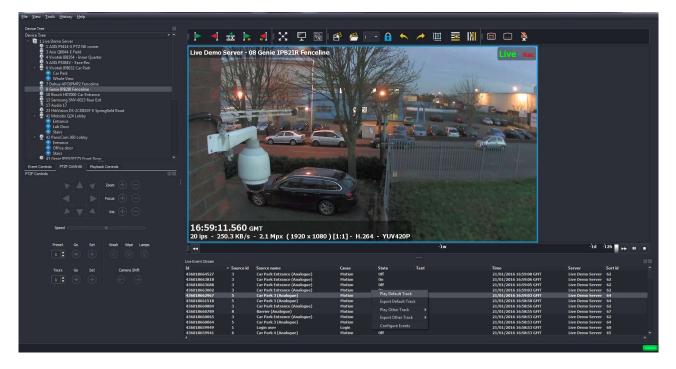


Figure 3.85: WaveView Live View Screen, Column Selection Menu

Selecting 'Play Video Clip' will close any Video Displays currently shown, and open a new single Video Display playing footage associated with the event you have chosen.

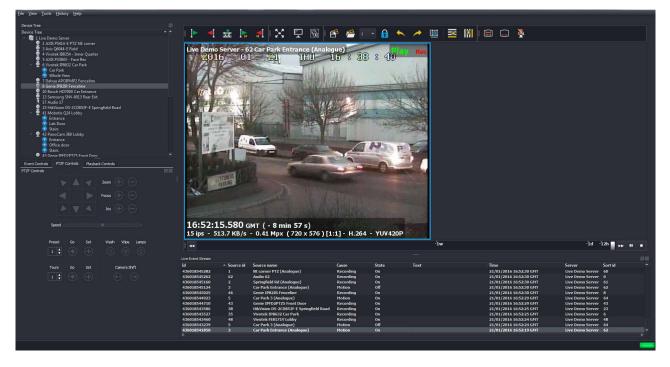


Figure 3.86: WaveViewLive View Screen, Playing Back Video Clip from Event List

If you select the 'Export Video Clip' option, the video clip will be saved to: C:\Users \[username] \Wavestore-Exports \EventClips Events on the list can be acknowledged by clicking them. These Events will no longer show up in the summary when the Live Event Stream panel is minimized.

When minimized, a summary is displayed which shows:

- The number of unviewed events
- The date and time of the last event
- The type (cause) of the last event

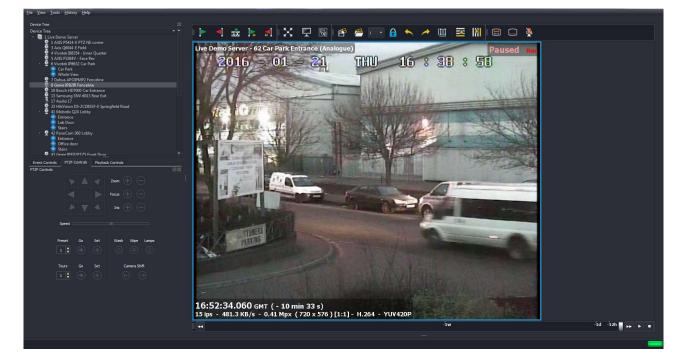


Figure 3.87: WaveViewLive View Screen, Event List minimised

We can also search for Individual Events by following the Individual Events by following the menu path View \rightarrow Find \rightarrow Search \rightarrow Events

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4358	5	Car Park 3 (A	Moti			14/01/2016			
4358		Car Park 4 (A	Rec			14/01/2016	Live	65	
4358	3	Car Park Entr	Moti	On		14/01/2016			
4358	2	Springfield Rd				14/01/2016			
4358	8	Barrier (Anal	Moti			14/01/2016	Live	67	
4358	8	Barrier (Anal	Moti	On		14/01/2016	Live	67	
4358	8	Barrier (Anal	Moti	Off		14/01/2016	Live	67	
4358	8	Barrier (Anal	Moti	On		14/01/2016	Live	67	
4358	3	Car Park Entr	Moti			14/01/2016	Live	62	
4358	2	Springfield Rd	Moti	Off		14/01/2016	Live	61	
4358	8	Barrier (Anal	Moti			14/01/2016	Live	67	
4358	6	Car Park 4 (A	Moti	Off		14/01/2016	Live	65	
4358	5	Car Park 3 (A	Moti	Off		14/01/2016	Live	64	
4358	4	ANPR (Analog	Vide	On		14/01/2016	Live	63	
4358	4	ANPR (Analog	Vide	Off		14/01/2016	Live	63	
4358	3	Car Park Entr	Moti	On		14/01/2016	Live	62	
4358	6	Car Park 4 (A	Moti	On		14/01/2016	Live	65	
4350 4	5	(-+ D-++) /A	Mati	00		14/01/2016	Line	<i>сл</i>)	
						Save		Close	

Figure 3.88: Event Search Dialog screen

3.18 Maps

WaveView provides map functionality to allow cameras and alarm devices to be visualised on one or more interlinked images. The Maps are configured if the Map Setup screen and viewed via the "View \rightarrow Map" menu.

If no map data exists, the Map Viewer will close and a message will be displayed. It is not possible to create map content from within the map display window.

In the Map Viewer there are fewer controls and different mouse interactions to the Map Setup screen. The top level View menu, the Side Panel Controls and the mouse right click context menus all have the same options apart from the current area selection. They are described here:

Current Area Dropdown

This dropdown list shows the current area and allows the selection of other areas.

Up

This is available if the current area has a parent. Clicking on 'Up' selects the first parent of the sub area.

Zoom In

Zooms in using the centre of the view as the zoom point.

Zoom Out

Zooms out.

100%

Draws the area and associated background graphic in a pixel for pixel scale.

Fit

Adjusts the zoom level so the current area fits in the view.

Mouse Controls

- Left Double click on a camera to view that camera in the WaveView Display Area.
- Left click and draw a selection rectangle (rubber band) around those cameras you want to view. Currently WaveView will switch the screen view according to the number of cameras selected. E.g. selecting 3 cameras would switch to a 4 way split. One camera, 1 way split.
- Left Double click on a sub area to select that sub area and scale it to fit full size in the view.
- Right click and select 'Up' to return to the previous area view.

Cameras are coloured green if the server is online and turn red and non selectable if the server goes offline.

3.19 Network Tools

The Network Tools menu (menu path Tools ightarrow Network Tools) contains the following items:

Wavestore.			
Hostname:	Ping	Trace Route	DNS Lookup
Output:			
			Close

Figure 3.89: Network Tools menu

- Ping
- Trace Route

• DNS Lookup

These commands can be used to test/troubleshoot connectivity to networked devices, such as IP cameras and NTP servers.

Enter the IP address or host name, and then click 'on the function that you wish to use.

Information will be displayed in the Output window below.

3.20 Log Files

The Wavestore has a number of log files. Since it is a client-server architecture, there are separate log files for the server and client. Since most client messages appear on the screen, it's rare you need to look at the information in the client log. However, most things the server reports have nowhere to go other than the system log, and so this is the principle log of the system.

Historically a lot of information was in the system log, and this has been broken out into a number of alternative log files. There's now a separate log for each disk or disk array, for each camera or capture device, and for a number of other special items. These alternative logs are available in the "Extra Logs" tab of the System Log screen.

3.20.1 System Log

The server System Log can be accessed by the menu path Tools \rightarrow System Log, or by clicking on the Server status indicator (see section 3 - Main Screen), and can give valuable diagnostic information regarding the status of the server.

This log file can be saved to a USB device from the server, or to a local drive on a connected client.

In the case of a server group installation, the System Log for any of the Server within the group can be accessed by clicking on the grey server icon (server name is beneath this icon – default setting is 'Wavestore') in the top left corner of the System Log window, and selecting from the drop down menu.

The server name can be changed by following the menu path View \rightarrow Setup \rightarrow Server \rightarrow Name (see section 6.2.1 - General).

HyVMS_ Clear	i Fault Save	Show in English(UK)				
System Logs	Extra Logs					
[23-Mar-2020] [23-Mar-2020] [23-Mar-2020] [23-Mar-2020] [23-Mar-2020] [23-Mar-2020] [23-Mar-2020] [23-Mar-2020] [23-Mar-2020] [23-Mar-2020] [23-Mar-2020] [23-Mar-2020] [23-Mar-2020] [23-Mar-2020] [23-Mar-2020] [23-Mar-2020]	13:58:56.033 L 13:58:56.033 L 13:58:56.043 C 13:58:56.263 S 13:58:57.316 C 13:58:57.330 L 13:58:57.330 L 13:58:57.363 L 13:58:58.003 W 13:58:58.003 L 13:59:00.046 L 13:59:00.046 L 13:59:01.870 L 13:59:01.870 L 14:02:45.06 C 14:02:56.630 L	Jser install logged in from 1 User install from 10.242.1.4 Jser : Restarting server after Closing all disks on user requing Shutdown by user Wavestore Server v6.23.321 iistro el7a-6.21.63 letwork address 10.1.9.101 letwork address [fd01::965 icence: cU SU 100 f80BFFf This is a software release Jser install logged in from 1 Network address [fd01::965 JTP: Time synchronised (str User install set' [ThisServer User install logged in from 10.242.1.4 User install logged in from 10.242.1.4	disconnecting update or on reques uest starting (interface eno1) mac (interface eno1) mac v6 m6.52 0.242.1.4; permissio (interface eno1) mac i] (interface eno1) mac i] (interface eno1) mac i] (interface eno1) mac i] (interface eno1) mac dum 3) 1] Name=MyVMS ⁻ disconnecting	st 0C:C4:7A:83:0 c 0C:C4:7A:83: n level i 0C:C4:7A:83:0 c 0C:C4:7A:83: c 0C:C4:7A:83: TimeZone=Eur	08:B8 speed 1000 Mb/s 08:B8 speed 1000 Mb/s 08:B8 speed 1000 Mb/s	
Show Messages						
					 Warning messages 	
						× <u>C</u> lose

System Log Messages are colour coded and start with a letter according to their type:

Information: 'I' Black

Start-up: 'S' Green

Fault: 'F' Red

Warning: 'W' Orange

Login: 'L' Dark Blue

Configuration: 'C' Pink

Debug: 'D' Light Blue

Users can filter certain types of message by checking/unchecking the relevant box.

Messages other than debug messages are intended to be readable by a typical user and will be translated into the selected language.

Debug messages might contain less readable internal states. See also the 'Alternative log' files section below.

The Server Log can be backed up to a USB device/local drive by clicking Save, and browsing to the desired location.

Common system log messages include:

- S Wavestore server starting shown at startup with the server software version.
- S Shutdown shows when the system shut down. If it shut down unexpectedly, this message will be produced when it restarts with the correct time of shutdown.
- I IP Address gives the address of the principle network interface in the system.

- I Licence: shows the licence loaded with the abbreviated licence flags.
- I NTP: Time synchronised (stratum 4) shows that time synchronisation has occurred. The stratum shows how many machines are in the chain between this device and the time source.
- I Authentication disabled this refers to video watermarking authentication not being enabled.
- L User install logged in from shows who logged in and from which IP address.
- L User install from ... disconnecting shows when that user disconnects.
- C User install set ... shows configuation parameters which have been changed, format is the same as the advanced configuration screen.
- C User install reset shows configuation parameters which have been removed.

3.20.2 Extra Logs

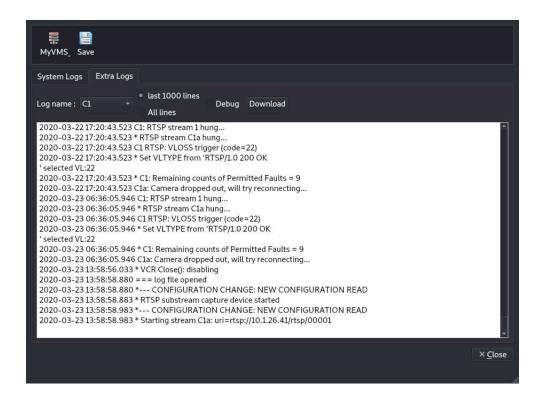
For detailed debugging of problems, there are now separate logs for each disk or disk array, for each camera or capture device, and for a number of other special items. These items used to be in the main system log when 'debug' option was selected, but now have been moved out into their own log files.

These alternative logs are accessed using the "Extra Logs" tab of the System Log window.

It's important to have detailed logs when things go wrong: it's clear that the camera isn't streaming video, but why? By looking in the log file for the specific camera we can find all the infomration we want (and rather a lot we don't want). By having a separate log for each capture device (and each disk) then issues related to one device do not get confused with another.

Serious information like fault messages when a camera isn't streaming are still reported to the main system log as before, but the full debugging information is in the alternative log file.

To access an alternative log file, go to *Tools* \rightarrow *System Log...* then click the *Extra Logs* tab.



Log files for cameras configured by the new setup screen (not using any legacy methods) are called C followed by the camera number, so C2 is the log file for camera 2. If there are multiple streams for camera 2, they have lettered suffixes, so there might be files called C2b C2c for second and third streams. Autoconfiguration of ONVIF cameras from version 6.14 onwards have suffix auto, eg, C2auto. Talkback devices have suffix tb in V6.14, eg C2tb.

Legacy camera capture devices (configured by version 6.12 or before) such as ONVIF capture devices are named after the capture device (not the camera) using the same convention used in the system log or the Cameras setup screen, for example the third capture device which is an ONVIF type is called ONVIF3.

Log files for disks or disk arrays are named after the disk letter, eg, DiskD for Disk or Disk Array D.

To view a specific log file, select it from the drop-down list and click Download. By default, the last 1000 lines of the log file are downloaded, showing commands sent and replies without the detail of every byte sent over the network. For the detailed debug information including all the network data, check the "Debug" checkbox and click Download.

Again this is only the last 1000 lines. This detailed version includes network data transmission in lines beginning > for data sent and < for data recieved. Only textual data is shown; not every byte of binary data is listed but a summary of the number of binary packets is shown.

To obtain the full log (not just the last 1000 lines), select the "All line" radio button.

These might be lengthy and take a while to download (tens of seconds or a few minutes). If you are submitting one of these logs to our technical support team, please obtain the full log with Debug included unless otherwise asked.

3.20.3 Client Log

The Client Log can be accessed by the menu path Windows Client Log Client Log, and give information regarding the user activities on the WaveView client software.

This log file can be saved to a USB device from the client PC.

	Client Log 🔶 🕂 🤉 🗴
05/10/2016 13:59:51 05/10/2016 13:59:51 05/10/2016 13:59:51 05/10/2016 13:59:51 05/10/2016 13:59:51 05/10/2016 13:59:54 05/10/2016 13:59:54 05/10/2016 13:59:54 05/10/2016 13:59:54 05/10/2016 13:59:54 05/10/2016 13:59:54 05/10/2016 13:59:54	 Login Successful to 192.168.0.243 Connected from Host 192.168.0.243 Disconnected from Host 192.168.0.244 Disconnected from Host 192.168.0.243 Login Successful to 192.168.0.243 Connected to Host: sdktest13(192.168.0.243) as User: install Connected to Server sdktest13 Login Successful to 192.168.0.244 Connected to Server sdktest13 Login Successful to 192.168.0.244 Connected to Server sdktest14 Server sdktest14(192.168.0.244) as User: install Connected to Host: sdktest14(192.168.0.244) as User: install Connected to Server sdktest14 All servers in the server group (2) are now connected Server sdktest13 reported status: Recording Server sdktest14 reported status: Recording
Show Messages	ressages 🗹 Startup messages 🔽 Fault messages 🔽 Warning messages
Pause Refresi	

Figure 3.90: Windows Menu, Client Log screen

Log Messages are colour coded according to their type:

Warning: Orange

Information: Green

Fault: Red

Users can filter certain types of message by checking/unchecking the relevant box.

The log can be backed up to a USB device/local drive by clicking 'Save', and browsing to the desired location.

Note that the Client Log is not translated into non-English languages and is only intended for diagnostics by Wavestore Global Limitedtechnical staff.

3.21 Preferences

The WaveView client software screen can be personalised using the Preferences screen (menu path Tools \rightarrow Preferences).

This screen allows the following preferences to be set for the local Client software installation (not the server itself):

The screen has various submenus as follows:

3.21.1 System Settings

	Syst	em Preferences	
System	Internationalisation		
Settings	Language: English (UK)		
	Mirror layout (for right to left languages)		
Audio and	Timezone: Server -		
Talkback			
- Č	Enable High DPI Scaling (requires restart)		
Events	Enable High DPI Images (requires restart)		
	Default Display Area		
0	Device Tree	1	
Logging	Live Events	1	
>>> >	Configuration		
Playback	Request compressed configuration from server		
<u> </u>	Annotations		
	Keep annotations on the server for: 30		days
Security	Refresh period for client cache: 3		seconds
A	User		
	Don't ask to exit WaveView		
	Maps		
	Download Directory: /home/chris/.local/share/waveview	-bin/maps	Browse
	Joystick		
	Joystick device (requires restart): Auto		

Figure 3.91: Preferences Menu, System submenu

Language	The language to use for the user interface. By default, WaveView will attempt to detect the language automat- ically from the operating system. Note that it is advis- able to restart WaveView after applying this setting.
Mirror layout	This it not editable, but shows whether the user inter- face will be switched from left-to-right to right-to-left.
Timezone	This setting determines whether the user interface will show timestamps in the server's timezone, the client's timezone, or UTC. When set to "Server", the client will use the timezone of the first connected server.
Enable High DPI Scaling	If using a monitor with high DPI (dots per inch), the user

	interface may not scale correctly and look unpleasant. This setting can be used to resolve the problem.
Enable High DPI Images	Similar to the previous option, but this option affects the images and icons.
Default Display Area	Allows choosing which Display Area (VDA) to use when double-clicking to open cameras in either the Device Tree or Live Events window. If the requested VDA is not open when the operations are performed, any other VDA will be used.
Request compressed configuration from server	By default, the server's configuration is transmitted in compressed form.
Keep annotations on the server for	Defines how long annotations should be preserved.
Refresh period for client cache	Determines how frequently the client checks for anno- tations. If there are lots of annotations and they are re- quested frequently, this could cause performance issues.
Don't ask to exit WaveView	Determines whether WaveViewshould ask "Are you sure you want to exit?" when closing.
Maps - Download Directory	Specifies the location of the temporary maps download directory for storing map images. Note that this should be set to a dedicated temporary path, and not a direc- tory containing other user files as existing data may be overwritten. See section 6.6 - for more information.
Joystick device	Allows manual selection of a specific joystick. The de- fault setting will automatically detect a joystick device and choose the first one found.

3.21.2 Audio and Talkback

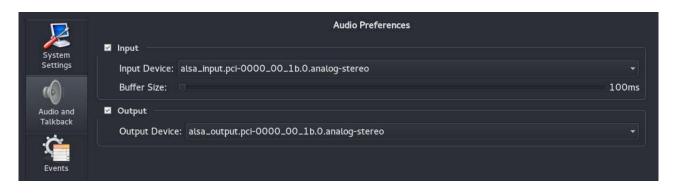


Figure 3.92: Preferences Menu, Audio submenu

This screen allows selection of the audio input and output devices. Audio input devices are used for the Talkback functionality and audio output devices are for playing audio.

3.21.3 Events

		Eve	nts Preferences	
System Settings Audio and Talkback	Live events Enable live event str Clear live event stre Maximum events buffer Event Filter	eams when new server is connec	Event request on server connection Request old events when ne Show event request on conr Limit time of events in request Limit count of events in request	w server is connected nection inside top level view (in minutes) 1
Events Logging	Available event types:		Filtered event types: Motion Darkening Input Disk Full Track Full Full Warning	Select all Select none Educ
Playback	Column Order Available columns		Selected columns Id Source Id Source name Cause Status Text Time	Select all Select none Move up
Restore Defaults	Default Track:	5 15 Track 1	Аррі	y <u>C</u> ancel <u>O</u> K

Figure 3.93: Preferences Menu, Events submenu

This screen provides a wealth of options relating to event handling. Note that the live event stream is licence controlled and so these options are only relevant if using a suitably licensed system. The options are described below:

Live Events

Enable live event streams	If enabled, WaveView will pull a stream of events from each connected server for display in the Live Event Stream on the main screen.
Clear live event streams when new server is connected	When disconnecting from a Wavestore server and then connecting to a new one, it is often desir- able to clear the old events. That will happen if this option is enabled.

Maximum events buffered	This sets the maximum number of events to be
	stored in memory. Increasing this number in-
	creases the memory usage of WaveView.

Event request on server connection

Request old events when new server is connected	When WaveView disconnects from a server, it makes a record of the last event seen. If this option is enabled, when WaveView reconnects to that same server it will request all events since that previous connection.
Show event request on connection inside top level view	This is a diagnostic tool used when examining issues with requesting events. Generally not needed in everyday use.
Limit time of events in request (in minutes)	When requesting old events, only request those which are not older than the number of min- utes specified here. The limit is 2880 minutes which is 48 hours.
Limit count of events in request	When requesting old events, only request a max- imum of this number.

Event Filter

This area allows detailed configuration of the types of events that will be shown in the Live Event View. It is described in more detail below.

Properties associated with each event type can be edited to change the appearance (text/background colour in the Live Event Stream), and also assign a notification sound for that event type.

	Events Pr	eferences
System	Live events	Event request on server connection
Settings	Enable live event streams	Request old events when new server is connected Show event request on connection inside top level view
	Clear live event streams when new server is connected	Limit time of events in request (in minutes)
Audio and Talkback	Maximum events buffered 1000	Limit count of events in request 1
Ċ	Event Filter Available event types:	Filtered event types:
Events	W Event properties - Section Full	? X Select ad
Logging	Foreground colour Background colour Play sound :/wavesdk/sounds/notification.wav	
Playback	Col	OK Cancel
<u> </u>		Source name Cause Status Text
Security	Event Handling	Time Move down
	Seconds before event: 5	
	Seconds after event: 15 Default Track: Track 1	
Restore Defaults		OK Cancel Apply

Figure 3.94: Preferences Menu, Events submenu, configuring Properties for Event

To add a new Event to this list, click on your desired Event in the Available Event Types list (the event name will highlight Dark Grey), then click on '->' arrow key; the event name will now appear in the Filtered Event Types box. To add remove an Event from the Filtered Events Types list, click on your desired Event, then click on *LEFT ARROW* key.

Column Order

This area allows configuration of the columns to be shown in the Live Event Stream. Columns can be added and removed, as well as sorted in the desired order.

Event Handling

If the system has the "Live Events Stream" licence feature activated, a user can manually export footage for an event (e.g. Digital Input) by right clicking on that event in the Live Event Stream window (see section 3.17 - Live Event Stream (Optional Licensed Upgrade)).

Exports are created in the native Wavestore "WSB" format, and can then be played back using the WaveView software. The exports are saved to C:/Users/username/WavestoreExports.

The 'Event Handling' options determine how these exports are made:

Seconds before event	When creating an export from an event in the Live Event View, this specifies the
	length of time before the event that the export should start.
Seconds after event	When creating an export from an event in the Live Event View, this specifies the

length of time after the event that the export should end.

Default track When creating an export from an event in the Live Event View, this specifies the default recording track to use.

3.21.4 Logging

	Logging Preferences			
System	Log Level			
Settings	🗹 Error	🗹 Warning	🗹 Startup	Information
	Debug	Trace	Timing	
Audio and	Log File			
Talkback	Log Directory: /home	e/chris		Browse
	Rotate When File Exc	eeds:30 MB 🌻		
Events				
Logging				

Figure 3.95: Preferences Menu, Logging submenu

The Logging submenu controls which message types are written to the Client Log (Debug/Error/Information/Warning).

We can also configure which folder on the local PC the log messages are written to, and the size of the folder that will be allocated to these messages.

3.21.5 Playback

Settings	Playback Preferences		
Audio and	Stream Settings Enable Live Buffering		
Talkback	Low resolution if grid's dimension grea	ter than: 2	
2	Playback Settings		
Logging	Underflow Handling:	Skip frames to catch up 🔹	
>>>> •	Rendering Settings		
Playback	Preferred Renderer:		
Δ	Speed Settings		
Security	Maximum Slider Speed:	x4	
	Decoder Settings		
	Use hardware accelerated decoding	(experimental)	
Connection			
Restore Defaults		Apply Cancel OK	

Figure 3.96: Preferences Menu, Playback submenu

The Playback Preferences menu has the following settings:

Enable Live Buffering	When this option is disabled, live images are shown as soon as possible. This means that latency is kept to a minimum, but can mean that live viewing isn't very smooth. Enabling the option introduces some latency but smooths the live streaming. It is generally advisable to disable this when using PTZ cameras as latency can make them hard to control.
Low resolution if grid's dimension greater than	WaveView will request a low resolution stream for each camera when a grid layout has a dimension greater than this number. This only applies for certain camera types and when dual-streaming has been set up.
Underflow Handling	This determines what the client should do when it is strug- gling to keep up with the video. For example if the CPU can't decode the video fast enough, or if the network

	can't deliver images fast enough.
Gap Threshold	This setting determines what size of gap in recordings should be considered a gap, and should be skipped.
Maximum Speed Slider	The Main Screen has a slider for fast playback. The de- fault maximum speed for this is x4.0. This setting allows the maximum speed to be changed. Note that fast play- back requires a powerful PC and the video may jump if the system is not powerful enough. This mechanism is not a substitute for the Fast Forward operation.
Use hardware accelerated decoding (experimer	Ital) This feature, when enabled, uses the NVIDIA CUDA technology to accelerate the decoding of H.264 video streams. It will only function if an appropriate NVIDIA graphics card is present. As indicated, the feature is currently in an experimental state and is not guaranteed to give improved performance.
Downgrade resolution when panning	This feature, when enabled, improves the performance of panning a dewarped camera by temporarily reducing the display resolution. This allows for smoother pan- ning.

3.21.6 Security

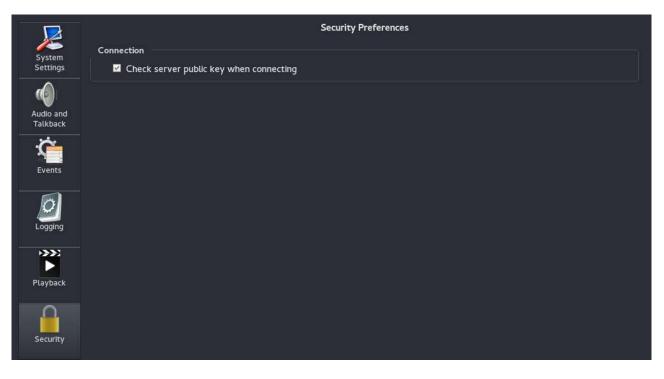


Figure 3.97: Preferences Menu, Security submenu

This screen currently has one option; "Check server public key when connecting". This is a security measure designed to protect against "Man in the middle" attacks. Each Wavestore server has a unique key which is generated when the software is installed. When WaveView connects to a server for the first time, it stores that key. If the same server is connected to at a later time and the key is different, this suggests either that the Wavestore software has been re-installed, or that somebody is attempting to intercept the communications, in which case it is inadvisable to continue the connection.

Note that older servers (prior to version 5.52) had an issue where the key would change when the server is restarted, therefore a warning message will appear on every connection between server restarts. It is advisable to upgrade those older servers, but this preference option can also be disabled to prevent WaveView from performing the check.

3.21.7 Connection

Settings		Connection Pref	erences
т	imeouts		
Audio and Talkback			reliable connection to servers. Only cal support representative.
Ø	Standard Timeout	15 seconds	🗘 (Default 15)
Logging	Upgrade Timeout	1800 seconds	🗘 (Default 1800)
>>>	GetDisks Timeout	60 seconds	(Default 60)
Playback			
Security			
Connection			
Restore Defaults			Apply Cancel OK

Figure 3.98: Preferences Menu, Connection submenu

This screen contains advanced options relating to the connections between WaveView and each connected Wavestore server.

As described in the warning message, it is strongly discouraged to use this feature unless under the guidance of an official technical support representative. The default values are carefully chosen to work well in the

vast majority of cases.

3.22 Connection List

Once a WaveView client has established a connection to a Wavestore server, we can view a list of all active client connections to that server by following the menu path Tools \rightarrow Connections

Click to select the server that you wish to interrogate in the column on the left; information on all connected users (Client IP address, and user logon ID) will then be displayed:

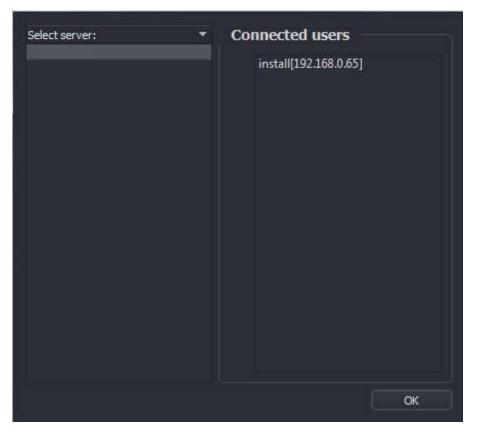


Figure 3.99: Tools Menu, Connection list

3.23 Copy WaveView

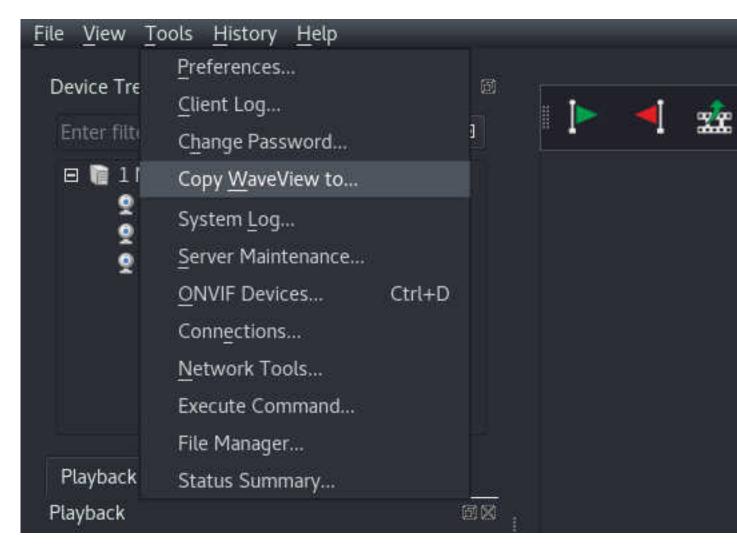


Figure 3.100: Tools Menu, Copy WaveView

Selecting this option will send a copy of the WaveView program files to a selected folder on your PC. This feature is useful if you have exported a WSB export file which you wish to play back on another PC that does not have WaveView installed.

Simply browse to your desired destination folder, and then click 'Select Folder' to start the copy process.

Note that the files are copied from your local WaveView installation. They are not transferred from the server.

3.24 Server Maintenance

The Server Maintenance menu is used to set up various systems and services on the Wavestore server.

ive Demo Se				
	Server	r Maintenance		
SSH Tools				
Configure 3Ware RAID 3dm2 util	ity			
Kernel bandwidth throttling				
Run hardware detection				

Figure 3.101: Tools Menu, Server Maintenance submenu

SSH Tools Note: This option will only function if you have installed the 'wavestore-ssh-tools' software package. This package is not normally distributed due to export laws, however you can obtain it by contacting your support representative.

The SSH Tools allows configuration of the Secure SHell service which is used for remote support by Wavestore support representatives. In normal usage these options should be left as the defaults, however a Wavestore support representative may ask for some settings to be changed for the purposes of remote diagnosis and investigation.

The menus allow:

- Enabling and disabling the service
- Switching between secure mode and password mode

Secure mode requires a special key to log in, and only Wavestore support representatives have this key. Therefore this is the preferred setting. Password mode is less secure and should therefore only be enabled under guidance from a Wavestore support representative.

Configure 3Ware RAID 3dm2 utility

When a Wavestore is supplied with RAID (Redundant Array of Independent Disks), it is usually provided by a 3Ware RAID card - this is a physical device in the Wavestore server. In order to manage the RAID system there is a web interface which is disabled by default.

This menu option allows enabling and disabling of the 3Ware RAID service. When enabled, the RAID utility can be accessed from a web browser (either from the server itself, or a PC) using the following URL: https://[serverIPaddress]:888

Default login details for the 3ware GUI are ID: Administrator, Password: 3ware Great care should be taken with your calculations when configuring RAID storage on your server, particularly the number of and size

of the RAID volumes. Each individual RAID volume can store a maximum of 589,000,000 images. Contact Wavestore staff for guidance if required.

An example of typical RAID setting to use on a Wavestore server is shown below:

• • 📎 🕝 🔒 🕹 🕹 🖓 🖓			26/11	☆
	tore (Linux 2.6.32-431.1.2.el6.i686)			nistrator logged in
	nation Management	Monitor	3DM2 Settings	
Refresh Contro	iller Settings	Select Controller	Controller ID 0 (97	750·16i4e) ▼
ackground Task (Contr	oller ID 0) Task Ri	ate	D/	lode
		ale 2 1		loue
DebuildMissie	Fastest		<u> </u>	6
Rebuild/Migrate	Rebuild 🤍 🔍 🔍	Fastest I/O	Adaptive	Low Latency
Verify	Fastest Verify 🍵 🎯 🌀	🖲 🔵 Fastest I/O	Adaptive	Low Latency
nit Policies (Controller I	D 0)			22
init Policies (Controller I	Write Road Cache Auto	Overwrite ECC Queuing	StorSave	Rapid RAID
	veniy	200		Recovery
Jnit 0 [RAID 5]	📄 Intelligent 🔻 📄		Performance v	All 🔻
nit Names (Controller ID	0 0)			
Unit 0 [RAID 5]	RAID_5			
	Save Names Reset Names	7 ·		
ther Controller Settings	The second			
uto Rebuild	Enabled Disabled			
uto-Carving	Enabled Disabled	-		
arve Size (GB): umber of Drives per Spin-up	8	Submit		
elay between Spin-up	o O second(s)			
xport Unconfigured Disk	No			
umber of Controller Phys	20			
ndata Firmuraya				
pdate Firmware mage File	Choose file No file chosen			
inage i ne				
	Begin Update			

Figure 3.102: 3ware RAID array – example configuration

Run Hardware Detection When a Wavestore has new capture hardware installed, e.g. an analogue capture

card or audio card, it will automatically detect that new hardware is present and run its 'hardware detection' process. This modifies the server configuration to ensure that the appropriate number of video and audio channels are available for configuration in the Cameras setup screen.

In rare circumstances it may be necessary to force the detection process to run and this menu option provides that facility.

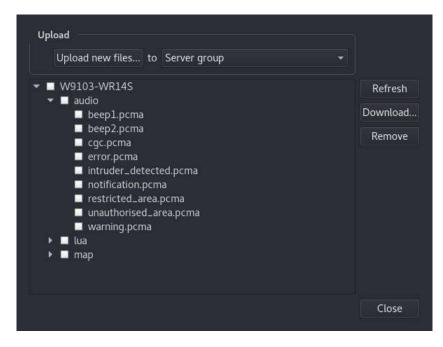
Configure server graphics drivers The default graphics drivers on any Wavestore should normally perform well out-of-the-box. However sometimes, for either performance or compatibility reasons, it may be desirable to install the proprietary graphics drivers from the appropriate manufacturer, either NVIDIA or AMD (formerly ATI).

This menu option allows the proprietary graphics drivers to be installed or uninstalled remotely. This can be useful when doing remote upgrades or maintenance, although it's advisable to have someone available to check that the graphical interface is working after any change. A reboot is required after installing or removing proprietary drivers. Removing the proprietary drivers causes the system to fall back to the default drivers.

3.25 File Manager

Overview

The File Manager is used to upload and download files to or from individual Wavestore servers or a server group. An "install" level user is required to perform all the operations, although other user-levels can view the files.



Currently there are 3 types of files shown:

Audio These files are used when creating Event Rules used to trigger a sound to be played by the server - either via an audio output or by transmitting to a network camera with audio output.

- Lua These are scripts which are used by integration modules used to integrate Wavestore with 3rd party devices. Normally they are installed through the Upgrade screen and shouldn't need to ever be removed.
- **Map** These are image files used by the Map system. It's not normally required to upload or downlod them from here, it's performed automatically when setting up maps using the Map Setup Screen. However they are shown here for diagnostic purposes.

Usage

The available files are represented as a "tree" where the top level consists of the servers in the server group. The second level is the file type, and the third level is the files of each type.

To download a file, simply select it and click "Download...". This will ask the user where the file should be saved.

Similar, to remove a file, simply select it and click "Remove".

When uploading a file, it is necessary to prepare a zip file containing the file or files to be uploaded. There are restrictions on the valid file names and types as follows:

- The file name may only contain characters 'a-z', '0-9', '-', '_', and '.'
- The file name must end in one of: '.lua', '.pcma', '.jpeg', '.jpg', '.png', '.wsb', '.conf', '.pdf', '.txt', '.devdb'

To upload the zip file, first decide if the file should be uploaded to an individual server or the whole server group. By default "Server group" is selected. Clicking the "Server group" drop-down list allows selecting an individual server.

The next step is to click "Upload new files...", then to select the zip file prepared earlier. Upon receiving the zip file, the Wavestore will analyse the contents and move the contained files to the appropriate location. e.g. audio files of the correct type will be moved to the "audio" directory, and image files of the correct type will be moved to the "map" directory.

3.26 Status Summary

Overview

The status summary screen provides quick access to server group devices. It will show a list view of all devices connected to all servers in a group and status information for each device.

To open the screen, select Status Summary from the application Tools Menu. The screen will open in a separate window so that it is possible to continue working in the main application.

File		
42/48 Channels	are NOT RECORDING. 42/48 Channels have SIGNAL LOSS. 0/48 Channels have DARKENING.	
🗹 Recording 🗹	Darkening 🔲 Signal Loss	
	Server Name: VMS Channel Name: Camera 3 Channel ID: 3 Sort ID: 3 Recording: True Darkening: False Signal Loss: False Track 1 from: 2018-02-26T05:51:14Z To: 2018-02-26T17:26:44Z Track 1 from: 2018-02-26T05:51:14Z To: 2018-02-26T17:26:44Z	
	Server Name: VMS Channel Name: Camera 4 Channel ID: 4 Sort ID: 4 Recording: True Darkening: False Signal Loss: False Track 1 from: 2017-09-13T12:56:50Z To: 2018-02-26T17:26:44Z Track 1 from: 2017-09-13T12:56:50Z To: 2018-02-26T17:26:44Z	
	Server Name: VMS Channel Name: Camera 1 Channel ID: 1 Sort ID: 1 Recording: True Darkening: False Signal Loss: False Track 1 from: 2018-02-26T05:51:13Z To: 2018-02-26T17:26:44Z	
	Server Name: VMS Channel Name: Camera 2 Channel ID: 2 Sort ID: 2 Recording: True Darkening: False Signal Loss: False Track 1 from: 2017-09-12T08:51:10Z To: 2018-02-26T17:26:44Z	×
6/48 Channels, Sig	nal Loss False	

Figure 3.103: Status Summary Screen

Channel Status Fields

The status of each channel is shown in the table. Possible states are True and False and a description of each status field is given below:

Recording Whether recording is active for this channel on any recording track.

Darkening The image from the camera is unusually dark and might indicate tampering.

Signal Loss There is a problem receiving data from this channel.

Channel Types

If the device is a camera and is functioning correctly, then a thumbnail capture from the camera will be shown in the status summary table. Otherwise, one of the following icons indicates the channel type and status:

- Audio Channel
- Audio Channel with Signal Loss
- UTalkback Channel
- Talkback Channel with Signal Loss

- Camera Channel (Loading)
- Camera Channel with Signal Loss

Channel Information Fields

Server Name The name of the server in the group to which the device is connected.

Channel Name The name of the channel associated with the device.

Channel ID Numeric code identifying the channel on the server.

Sort ID This is the custom number assigned to a channel (used to allow custom numbering schemes).

IP The IP address of the camera, if applicable.

Track List

Active tracks will be listed below the state fields with the start and end timestamps for the recording duration. If a track has a custom name, it will be shown instead of the track number. Disabled tracks will not be shown.

Track 1 from: 2017-10-17T00:07:45Z To: 2017-10-17T09:54:32Z

Filtering

It is possible to apply a filter to the table, and see only those channels with a particular status by toggling the state of the check-boxes at the top of the window. Filtering is disabled by default and all channels will be shown in the table.

The filter value of each field is show in the status bar of the window, along with the number of channels which pass the filter and appear in the table.

46/136 Channels, Recording True, Darkening False, Movement False, Signal Loss False

The possible states of the check-boxes are shown below:

Tick The field does not participate in the filter.

Mark Only channels with the field marked as True will be shown.

Blank Only channels with the field marked as False will be shown.

Table Export

The contents of the table can be exported to a CSV (comma-separated-values) file to be viewed with external software. The entire contents of the table will be exported and will include all channels from all servers in

the group, even when filtering has been applied to the view. There is some extra information in the exported CSV file such as the duration of recording for each track.

To export the table to a file:

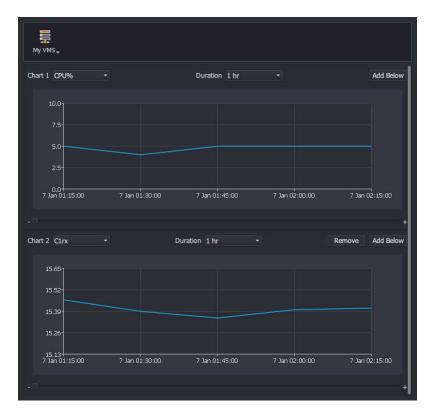
- Select Export from the File menu in the Status Summary window.
- Browse to the save path.
- Press save.

3.27 Server Statistics

Overview

The server statistics screen displays graphs of statistics, to allow the client to monitor hardware performance and other server information.

To open the screen, select Server Statistics from the application Tools Menu. The screen will open in a separate window so that it is possible to continue working in the main application.



Operation

The server statistics screen can display one or more graphs.

If using a server group containing more than one server, the server for which to display statistics can be selected on the top button bar.

The Add Below and Remove buttons can be used to insert new graphs or remove existing ones.

The chart drop-down list is used to select which statistics are displayed on the graph. One graph is always displayed. When the screen is opened the graph defaults to the first entry in the chart drop-down list.

Statistics in the list have data points sampled every 15 minutes, except ones with (quick) appended to the name, these are sampled every 5 seconds.

Each graph has a *Duration* drop-down list which selects the visible time range for the horizontal time axis of the graph.

Below each graph is a slider which shifts the time/date displayed on the graph.

Clicking on the graph line displays a tooltip giving the value of that data point and the time it occurred. If the data is numeric then the range of values contained in the statistics is also displayed.

4 Search/Playback/Export using Find Screen

The Find screen (menu path View \rightarrow Find) allows you to search and play back footage stored on the server.

This screen displays a searchable timeline of recorded audio/video, for all recording tracks for each channel.

If the client software is connected to a number of Wavestore servers that have been configured as a Server Group, we can search footage on any of the servers in the group.

The Find screen allows easy navigation within the archived video, exporting of video in multiple formats, an annotation facility for sections of video footage, and searching using filters such annotation and events. The screen is similar to the main screen Display Area, the main difference being that all of the Find Screen Video Displays are time synchronized with each other; playback of a single Video Display cannot be controlled independently.

The time displayed in all of the Find Screen Video Displays is based on the position of the current time marker (black vertical marker) on the purple timeline bars. This time is also displayed on the Current Time Indicator.

The Find screen contains the following items:

- Display Area
- Horizontal Timeline Bars (marked in purple)
- Pull Down Menu Bars
- Archive Range section
- Selection Range section
- Current Time Indicator
- Playback Controls
- Video Display Toolbar

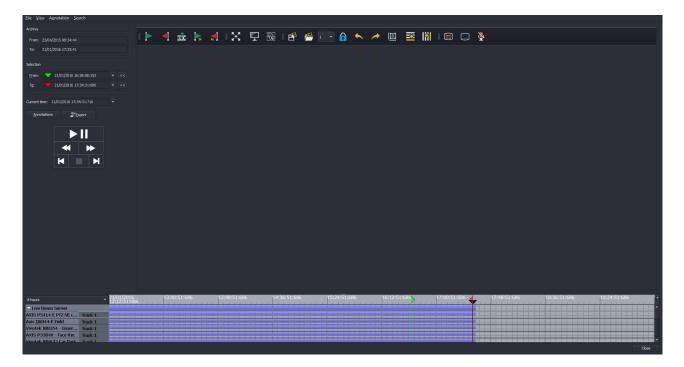


Figure 4.1: Find Display Area

4.1 Pull Down Menus

The Find screen pull down menus contains the following items:

File Menu

Close Closes the Find Screen

View Menu

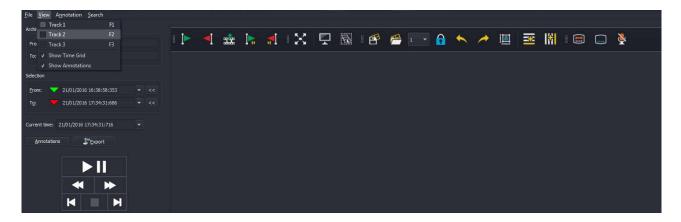
Track 1 Toggle option to display recorded footage from Track 1 in the time line (default - On)

Track 2 Toggle option to display recorded footage from Track 2 in the time line (default - Off)

Track 3 Toggle option to display recorded footage from Track 3 in the time line (default - Off)

Show Time Grid Toggle option to display a grid is shown under the time line (default – On)

Show Annotations Toggle option to display any annotations marked into indicator beneath each camera channel timeline





Annotation Menu

New Opens the Create Annotation window

Edit Opens the Annotation Edit window

Search Menu

Events Opens the Event Search window (optional licensed upgrade module)

Metadata Opens the Metadata Search window (optional licensed upgrade module)

4.2 Time/Date Displays

4.2.1 Archive Range

The archive range displays the time and date range of the recorded footage currently stored on the server.



Figure 4.3: Archive Range

4.2.2 Selection Range

The selection range displays the section of footage selected for export.

The data in these fields can be configured by highlighting with the mouse, and entering the required data with the keyboard.

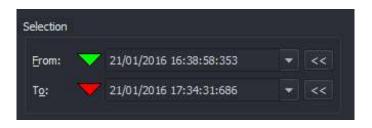


Figure 4.4: Selection Range

Alternatively we can click and drag on the timeline bars to select the required *From* time, then click the *Double left arrow* icon, and repeat for the *To* time (click on *Double right arrow* icon).

The final method that can be used is to configure the Selection Range is to click and drag the Green and Red markers on the Time Line, to set the *From* and *to* times.

4.2.3 Current Time Indicator

The current time indicator displays the current master time for all individual Video Displays in the Display Area.

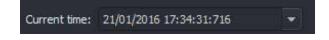


Figure 4.5: Current Time Indicator

When a new time is entered in this box, all Video Displays in the Display Area will display footage from the new time that has been entered.

4.3 Play Controls

The Play Controls in the Find screen behave in the same way as on the main Live View screen (see section 3.10 - Playback Controls); the only differences being that they control all of the individual Video Displays, and that live view is not available.

4.4 Search/Playback

When the Find screen is first opened, the Display Area has no camera views configured, as shown in Fig 6.1. To select a display configuration or a custom view, right click on the Display Area to call up the Context Menu:

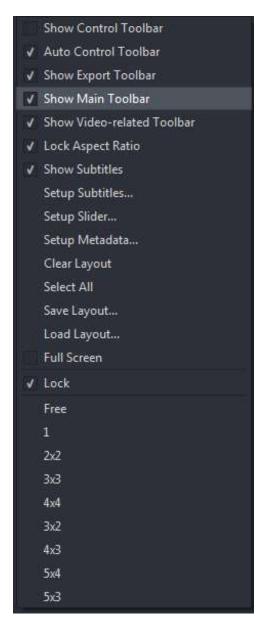


Figure 4.6: Context Menu

The Context Menu offers the following options:

Camera View Configuration

Show Control Toolbar Quick Search Toolbar described in section 3.14 - Quick Search Controls using Time Slider

Show Audio Toolbar described in section 3.3 - Display Area Toolbar

Lock Aspect Ratio Causes all Video Displays to be fixed to their true aspect ratios (width and height)

Show Subtitles Video Displays subtitles toggle option (on/off)

Setup Subtitles Opens the Setup Subtitles screen

Setup Slider allows configuration of Time Slider used for quick search at the lower edge of each Video

Display

Clear Layout Removes all Video Displays from the Display Area

Select All Selects all Video Displays within the Display Area

Save Layout Saves the current layout (you can choose a name for the layout, e.g. Car Park cameras)

Load Layout Switches to a previously saved layout (e.g. Car Park Cameras)

Full Screen Expands the Display Area to full screen display (to exit from full screen display, right click to call up the Context Menu once again, and toggle the Full Screen option OFF)

Camera View Selection

Free You may add views from as many cameras as you wish

1, 2x2, 3x3, 4x4, 3x2, 4x3, 5x4, 5x3 - Switches to a fixed, preset layout of displays

Double-clicking on the timeline of a Camera Channel will cause the associated Channel to be displayed in the Display Area, as shown below.

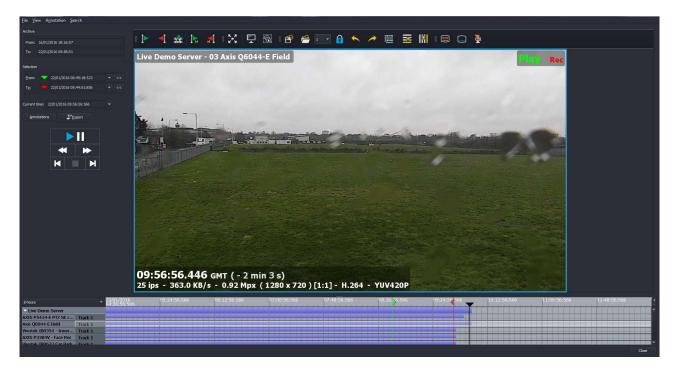


Figure 4.7: Single Camera Channel displayed in Find screen

When you click on a Camera Channel timeline, if the Video Display is currently viewing one Video Display, the Video Display is switched to the newly selected channel.

Alternatively, if you have configured a multichannel display (e.g. by selecting the 2x2 option from the Context Menu), a new Video Display containing the new Channel is added to the Video Displays already displayed within the Display Area.

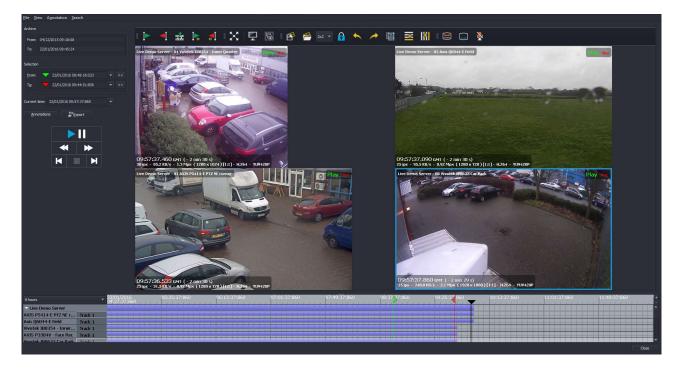


Figure 4.8: Four camera channel display in Find screen

4.4.1 Using the Time Line to Search

The time line is displayed horizontally, with oldest recordings to the left.

The black vertical marker indicates the current point in time for playback. Gaps in the time line indicate that no recordings are present for that time period (e.g. a camera channel recording on Motion Detect).

Searching on the time line can be carried out as follows:

• Left-click and drag the horizontal bars to change the current time position, and display the relevant video in the Video Displays

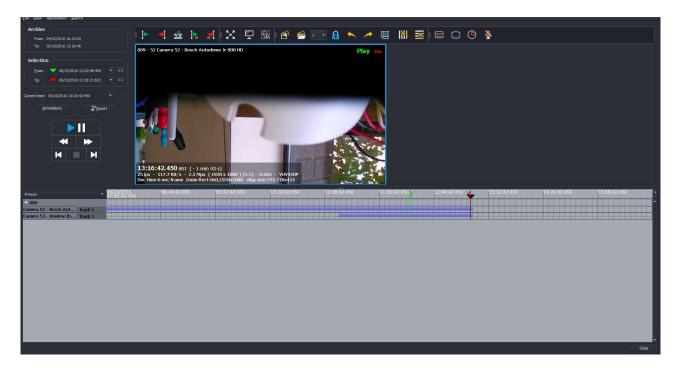
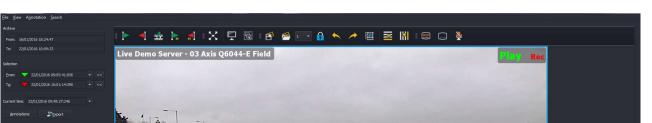


Figure 4.9: Clicking and Dragging Track on Timeline

• Double left-click the mouse on the horizontal bar associated with a track to show the associated Channel in the Display Area



• Hover the mouse over one of the horizontal bars to see the precise time at that point in the recordings

Figure 4.10: Time Display on Camera Channel Timeline

09:49:27.206 GMT (- 20 min 7 s) 25 ips - 412.3 KB/s - 0.92 Mpx (1280 x

• Click the 'span' drop-down box to change the size of the timeline view; this allows a timeline of varying durations (from 2 minutes up to 60 days) to be displayed

720) [1:1] - H.264 - YUV420P

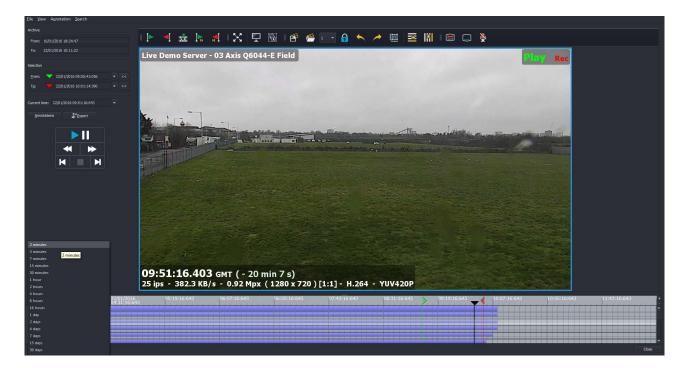
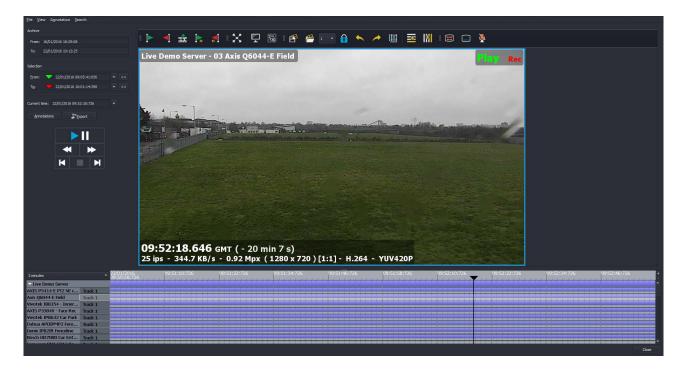


Figure 4.11: Find Screen Time Span menu





4.4.2 Time Line Markers

The Find time line has 3 markers:

08:20	08:20:56:77			09:08	3:5
			T		
			-		
					- 01
					- 14
					-

Figure 4.13: Time Line Markers

- 'Current position' marker (Black) this indicates the current position in time that is being displayed on the video display; instead, click and drag the time line relative to this marker
- 'Start' and 'End' markers (Green/Red respectively) these markers set the area of interest for creating exports, or searching the Event Track; click and drag to a required time using the mouse, or alternatively this can be set to the current time position being viewed by clicking on the « icon in the Selection submenu

4.5 Annotation

4.5.1 Creating an Annotation

The Annotation feature allows you to mark footage of interest, for quick recall at a later date.

To create Annotations for footage, or search for those previously created, first click on the 'Annotations' button to call up the Annotation Edit screen.

To create a note...

- Select the desired channel and associated record tracks
- Select the time range
- Check the 'Locked' box if you want to prevent the associated recordings from being overwritten.
- Enter some associated text
- Click 'OK'

The 'Lock' mechanism marks the associated recording region as being unavailable for overwriting. This is useful to preserve important incidents but be careful when using this feature, it means that less disk space is available for new recordings. If too many recording regions are locked, the desired recording duration may not be acheived.

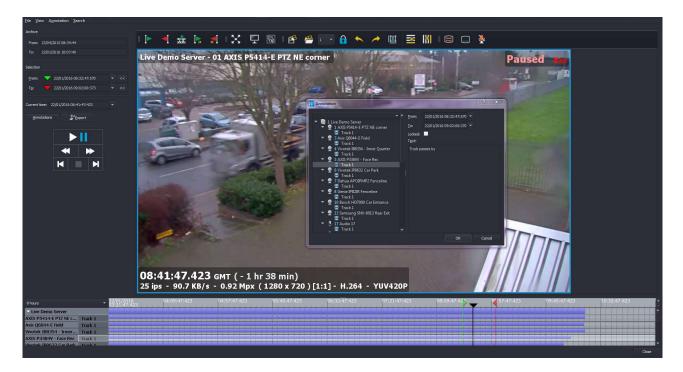


Figure 4.14: Annotation Menu

In the View menu, enable the 'Show Annotations' option, and the annotation will now be shown in yellow beneath the recording track.

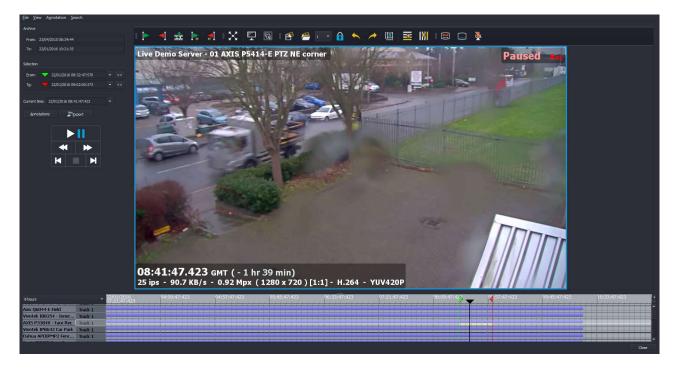


Figure 4.15: Annotation Track now visible

4.5.2 Working with Annotated footage

Follow the menu path Annotation \rightarrow Edit and the Annotation Edit box will appear:

22/01/2016 10:21:22 21/01/2016 07:28:00 20/01/2016 09:18:42 13/01/2016 15:40:24	22/01/2016 08:32:47 21/01/2016 07:27:28 20/01/2016 09:18:23	22/01/2016 09:02:00	AXIS P3384V - Face Rec/Track 1		
13/01/2016 15:40:24	20/01/2010 09:10:25	21/01/2016 07:27:29 20/01/2016 09:18:24	AXIS P5414-E PTZ NE corner/Track 1 AXIS P5414-E PTZ NE corner/Track 1	Truck passes by test przyjechała sam	not locked not locked locked
20/02/2020 20/10/21	12/01/2016 08:13:00	12/01/2016 08:14:00	AXIS P5414-E PTZ NE corner/Track 1 Bosch HD7000 Car Entrance/Track 1	red mini	locked
13/01/2016 15:34:46	12/01/2016 08:13:00	12/01/2016 08:15:00	Bosch HD7000 Car Entrance/Track 1	red mini	not locked
13/01/2016 15:32:31	11/01/2016 07:58:23	11/01/2016 07:59:39	Vivotek IP8632 Car Park/Track 1 Bosch HD7000 Car Entrance/Track 1	GY11GJU 11/01/	locked
13/01/2016 15:31:39	13/01/2016 08:17:35	13/01/2016 08:17:45	Bosch HD7000 Car Entrance/Track1	RV12GJJ	locked
13/01/2016 15:29:39 08/01/2016 15:00:07	13/01/2016 08:17:36 08/01/2016 14:59:51	13/01/2016 08:17:45 08/01/2016 14:59:52	Bosch HD7000 Car Entrance/Track1 Barrier (Analogue)/Track1	RV12GJJ talking with ST.	not locked not locked
Add <u>D</u> elete	Edit	Show Delete All	Refresh		

Figure 4.16: Annotation List

To edit an annotation, highlight an entry in the list and click 'Edit'. To playback annotated footage, you can highlight an entry from the list and click 'Show'.

Alternatively, we can carry out a search on the annotation text by entering '*searchterm*' in the Search field.

reation time	▲ From	То	Camera/Track	Text	Locked
22/01/2016 10:21:22	22/01/2016 08:32:47	22/01/2016 09:02:00	AXIS P3384V - Face Rec/Track 1	Truck passes by	not locked
21/01/2016 07:28:00	21/01/2016 07:27:28	21/01/2016 07:27:29	AXIS P5414-E PTZ NE corner/Track 1	test	not locked
20/01/2016 09:18:42	20/01/2016 09:18:23	20/01/2016 09:18:24	AXIS P5414-E PTZ NE corner/Track 1	przyjechała sam	locked
13/01/2016 15:40:24	12/01/2016 08:13:00	12/01/2016 08:14:00	AXIS P5414-E PTZ NE corner/Track 1 Bosch HD7000 Car Entrance/Track 1	red mini	locked
13/01/2016 15:34:46	12/01/2016 08:13:00	12/01/2016 08:15:00	Bosch HD7000 Car Entrance/Track 1	red mini	not locked
13/01/2016 15:32:31	11/01/2016 07:58:23	11/01/2016 07:59:39	Vivotek IP8632 Car Park/Track 1 Bosch HD7000 Car Entrance/Track 1	GY11GJU 11/01/	locked
13/01/2016 15:31:39	13/01/2016 08:17:35	13/01/2016 08:17:45	Bosch HD7000 Car Entrance/Track 1	RV12GJJ	locked
13/01/2016 15:29:39	13/01/2016 08:17:36	13/01/2016 08:17:45	Bosch HD7000 Car Entrance/Track 1	RV12GJJ	not locked
08/01/2016 15:00:07	08/01/2016 14:59:51	08/01/2016 14:59:52	Barrier (Analogue)/Track 1	talking with ST.	not locked
<u>A</u> dd	e Eat	Shdw Delete All	Refresh		



Click 'Enter' to generate a list of Search results:

Creation time	▲ From	То	Camera/Track	Text	Locked
22/01/2016 10:21:22	22/01/2016 08:32:47	22/01/2016 09:02:00	AXIS P3384V - Face Rec/Track 1	Truck passes by	not locked

Figure 4.18: Annotation Search Results for *Truck*

To delete an annotation, select the note of interest and click the 'Delete' button

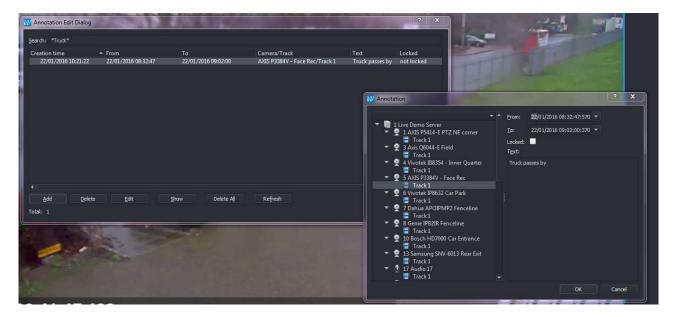


Figure 4.19: Find Screen Timeline Markers

4.6 Searching Events

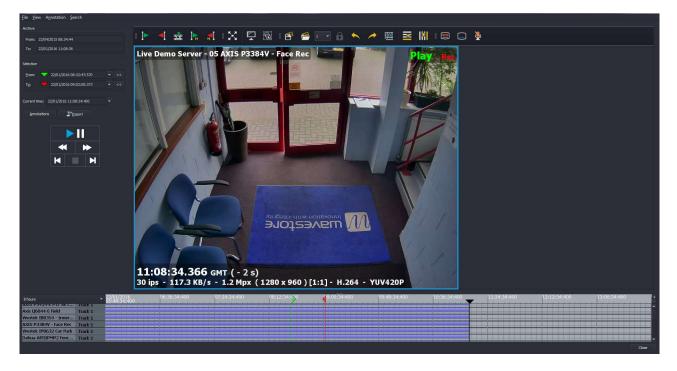


Figure 4.20: Find Screen

Follow the menu path Search \rightarrow Events:

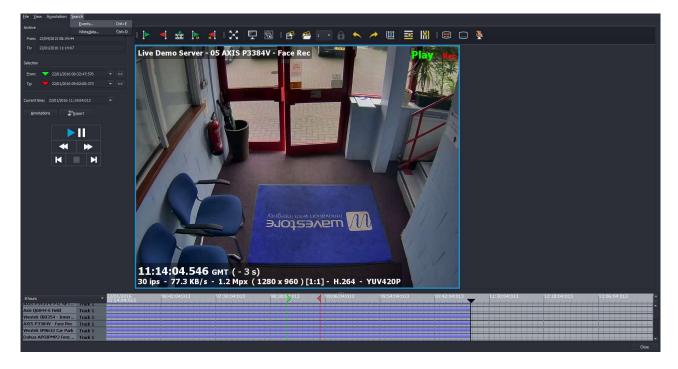


Figure 4.21: Find Screen Search Menu

The Event Search box will now appear:

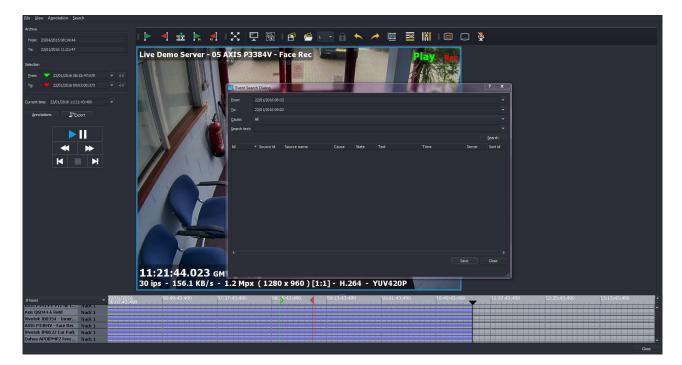


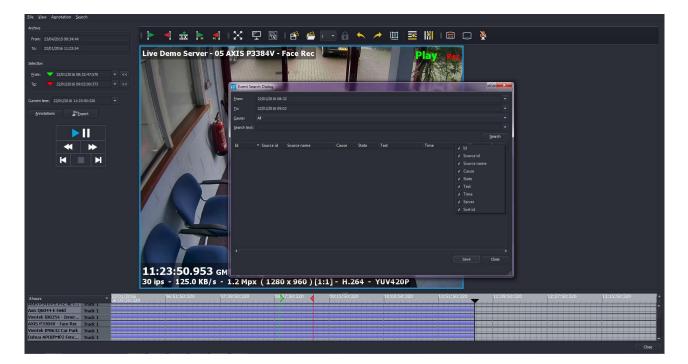
Figure 4.22: Find Screen Event Search Box

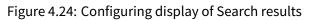
Configure the parameters for your search (Time Range/Event Type). Note that, although seconds are not shown, they are assumed to be zero, e.g. "13:00" is really "13:00:00".

Erom:	22/01/2016 08:32	
<u>T</u> o:	22/01/2016 09:02	
<u>C</u> ause:	All	
Search text:	Motion	
-	Darkening	
	Input	
Id	Disk Full	
	Section Full	
	Fault	
	Warning	
	Login	
	Login Denied	
	Camera Movement	
	Recording	
	Input Release	
	Video Loss	
	Alarm	
4		
	Save	Close
		-10

Figure 4.23: Configuring Search parameters

You can configure the Search results box to display that data that you're most interested in (right click on the column headings to display the toggle options):





Click on Search and your results will be displayed.

1 2 2 1 1 2 2 2		Motion Motion Motion Motion Motion	State Off On Off On Off On	Text	Time 15/01/2016 01:53:2 15/01/2016 01:53:2 15/01/2016 01:53:2 15/01/2016 01:53:2 15/01/2016 01:53:2	Live De Live De Live De	61 60	▼ ▼ cel
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	(and a second seco	Motion	Off		15/01/2016 01:53:1	Live De	61	
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1	NE corner PTZ (Analogue)	Motion	On		15/01/2016 01:53:1	Live De	60	
2	Springfield Rd (Analogue)	Motion	On		15/01/2016 01:53:1	Live De	61	
1	NE corner PTZ (Analogue)	Motion	Off		15/01/2016 01:53:1	Live De	60	
2	Springfield Rd (Analogue)	Motion	Off		15/01/2016 01:53:1	Live De	61	
1	NE corner PTZ (Analogue)	Motion	On		15/01/2016 01:53:0	Live De	60	
1	NE corner PTZ (Analogue)	Motion	Off		15/01/2016 01:53:0	Live De	60	
1	NE corner PTZ (Analogue)	Motion	On		15/01/2016 01:53:0	Live De	60	
1	NE corner PTZ (Analogue)	Motion	Off		15/01/2016 01:53:0	Live De	60	
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n	Envirofiald Dd (Analaana)	Mation	N ff		15/01/2016 01.52.5	I hen Din	<u>c1</u>	•
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Figure 4.25: Search Results

Double click on a Search result to playback that event, or right to display other options (e.g. Export).

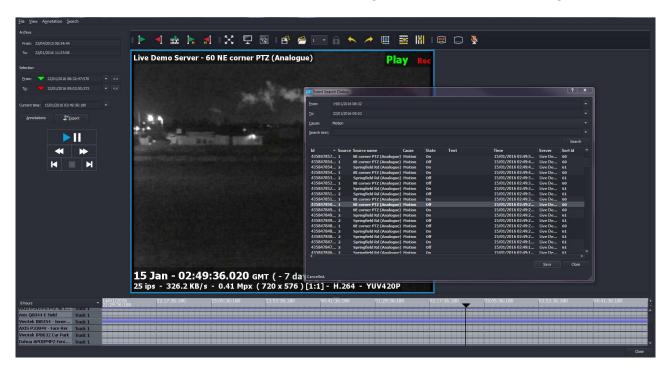


Figure 4.26: Playback of Event

4.7 Searching Metadata

Follow menu path Search \rightarrow Metadata, and the Find Meta screen will open:

					Q Search
Search Parameters					
Protocol:	None		Restrict to time:		
_ <u>C</u> hannel: Select All	1 Bosch AutoDome Jr 800 HD 2 Ganz ZN-M2AF no.1 3 Dahua APOIPMP2_300037 4 Ampleye Nox-20 50mm 5 Voyal CVV572 DM42		From: <u>T</u> o:	_	
Time	Channel	Metadata			
				Export	Close

Figure 4.27: Metadata box

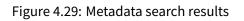
Enter the From and To times for your search, the text that you wish to search for, the associated channel (if applicable), and then click Search. In the example below, we'll search for POS transactions involving Crew ID '47' on the camera channel 'Checkout 2'.

Search Parameters	None POS Maxxess			Restrict to time:		Q Search
<u>P</u> rotocol: <u>C</u> hannel: ✓ Select All	Brickstream ANPR NEC Neoface Face Recognition			From:	_	
+ Event Type	2 V	▼ exists.				•
Time	Channel	Event Type	People IN	People OUT		
					Export	Close

Figure 4.28: Entering Metadata search details

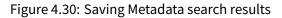
Click 'Search', and a list of results will now be generated:

					Finished, Found	205 results					Q Search
Sear	ch Parameters										
Br	otocol:	Brickstr	eam					Restrict to time:			
		1 Boscl	h AutoDome Jr 800 HD						_		
G	annel:		ZN-M2AF no.1						_		
	/ Select All	4 Amp	a APOIPMP2_300037 leye Nox-20 50mm CKK522 DM2				Ŧ				
	+										
	Event Type				exists.						+
	Time		Channel	Event Type	People IN	People OUT					
10			60 Canon VB-H610 (Rachel)								
2	Wed Jan 20 18:28	8:13.653	60 Canon VB-H610 (Rachel)								
3	Wed Jan 20 18:05	5:32.613	60 Canon VB-H610 (Rachel)								
4	Wed Jan 20 17:40	0:31.473	60 Canon VB-H610 (Rachel)								
5	Wed Jan 20 16:11	1:50.860	60 Canon VB-H610 (Rachel)								
6	Wed Jan 20 13:54	4:53.480	60 Canon VB-H610 (Rachel)								
7	Wed Jan 20 13:25	5:54.693	60 Canon VB-H610 (Rachel)								
8			60 Canon VB-H610 (Rachel)								
9			60 Canon VB-H610 (Rachel)								
10			60 Canon VB-H610 (Rachel)								
11			60 Canon VB-H610 (Rachel)								
12			60 Canon VB-H610 (Rachel)								
13			60 Canon VB-H610 (Rachel)								
14			60 Canon VB-H610 (Rachel) 60 Canon VB-H610 (Rachel)								
1.16			the canon vis-nette reached							Export	Close



This list of results can be exported as a CSV file by clicking the 'Export' button, and browsing to your desired location.

🔶 Favorites	Name	Date modified	Туре	Size	
Desktop	📕 Export026	21/01/2016 14:47	File folder		
Downloads	Export027	21/01/2016 14:48	File folder		
Recent Places	퉬 Export028	21/01/2016 14:49	File folder		
Documents	📕 Export029	21/01/2016 14:50	File folder		
	鷆 Export030	21/01/2016 14:51	File folder		
🗃 Libraries	퉬 Export031	21/01/2016 14:51	File folder		
Documents	길 Export032	21/01/2016 14:52	File folder		
A Music	\mu Export033	21/01/2016 14:53	File folder		
New Library	퉬 Export034	21/01/2016 14:53	File folder		
Pictures	퉬 Export035	21/01/2016 14:56	File folder		
Videos	퉬 Export036	21/01/2016 15:17	File folder		
	퉬 Export037	21/01/2016 15:18	File folder		
Computer	퉬 Export038	21/01/2016 15:20	File folder		
Local Disk (C:)	퉬 Export039	21/01/2016 16:35	File folder		
public (\\wssbsse	퉬 Export040	21/01/2016 16:35	File folder		
🖵 restricted (\\wsst	🍌 Export041	21/01/2016 16:36	File folder		
-	🍶 WaveView	19/01/2016 12:31	File folder		
File name:	<u></u>				
	0.120				
Save as type: CSV (*	.csv)				



4.8 Smart Search

Wavestore has a facility to perform a post-recording search of a period of recordings based upon motion. See section 9.8 - Configuring Smart Search for information on how to configure cameras for Smart Search. This section documents how to perform the Smart Search, assuming the cameras have been appropriately configured.

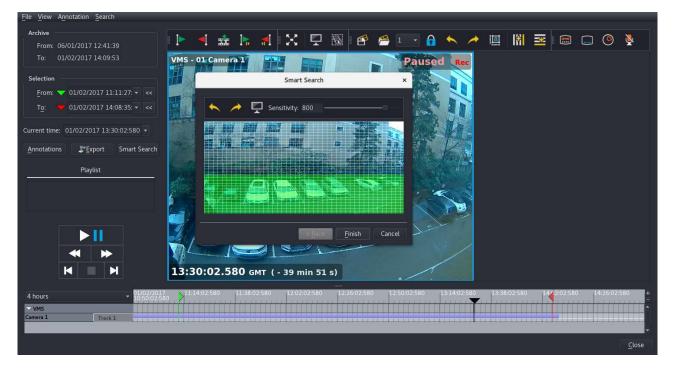
Performing the Search

Performing the search consists of the following steps:

- Selecting the desired date/time range
- Selecting the desired cameras
- Drawing a mask (area of interest) for each selected camera
- · Setting the desired search sensitivity for each selected camera

To select the desired range, either drag the red and green vertical bars on the timeline, or use the "Selection" widgets in the side-pane. This is described in more detail in section 4.2.2 - Selection Range.

To select the desired cameras, hold the CTRL key and click on the horizontal tracks in the timeline. If multiple recording tracks are enabled for each camera, only one needs to be selected.



Now click the "Smart Search" button to move to the next step.

Figure 4.31: Export selection

The Smart Search window will appear with a grid displayed over a snapshot of the current camera's live image. Draw a mask on the image by clicking the left mouse button and dragging the desired area. The green highlighted area is the area which will be searched.

Use the slider to adjust the sensitivity.

If multiple cameras were selected, click Next to go to the next camera and set up another mask and sensitivity. Otherwise, the "Next" button will become a "Finish" button, which initiates the search.

Using the Search Results

Once the search is complete, the areas of motion will be highlighted in pink on the timeline, and a playlist of periods of motion will appear in the side pane.

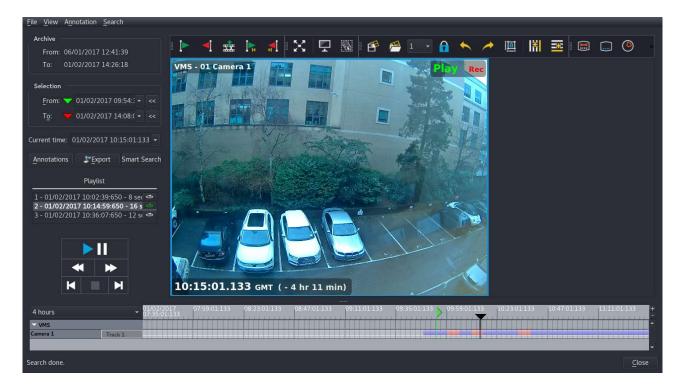


Figure 4.32: Smart Search Results

The playlist allows skipping between areas of motion, by double-clicking the desired item. Each item can be put in a loop by clicking the loop icon next to the playlist item.

Note that the camera(s) displayed are not dependent on the search results. So it is possible to perform a search on one camera, then view the periods of motion on a different camera, or several cameras.

The playlist and areas of motion are cleared either when a new search is performed, or when the Find screen is closed.

4.9 Exports

Please note that if you are saving an export to a DVD/USB device directly on the server itself, you must first 'mount' the device on the server before proceeding with the export, this process is fully described in section 4.9.3 - Exporting directly to DVD from Wavestore Server and section 9.17 - Accessing a USB disk on the Wavestore server.

Please note that the permissions of the user making the export may conditionally limit the functionality of the exported data. For example, if the current user does not have permission to make transcoded exports (e.g. converting to AVI), any WSB export made by that user will contain that permission setting, meaning that the resulting WSB export cannot be subsequently converted to another format. This design is intentional, to prevent a possible workaround where a user could make an AVI by first creating a WSB export then opening the export and converting it to AVI.

If there is a critical need to override these settings, staff at Wavestore Limited can do so, but it is not trivial and a fee may be charged.

4.9.1 Exporting footage to a Windows PC running WaveView client software

The Wavestore server can directly export footage to a DVD or USB device, or over a network connection to a PC.

Footage can be exported in a variety of formats; the Wavestore Native format (.WSB) is supported as standard, and an optional licensed upgrade offers transcoding options to other formats such as .AVI and .WMV.

Wavestore Native format is the recommended choice for exports, and provides support for both encryption and image authentication.

To create an Export, we must first select the Export start and end times.

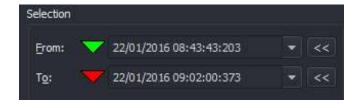


Figure 4.33: Export selection

This can be carried out either by clicking and dragging the Search timelines to set the red/green 'Start' and 'End' markers (click the '«' icon when the timeline is positioned on the desired time in each case), or by entering text in the Selection 'Start' and 'End' boxes, to set the required date and time for precisely.

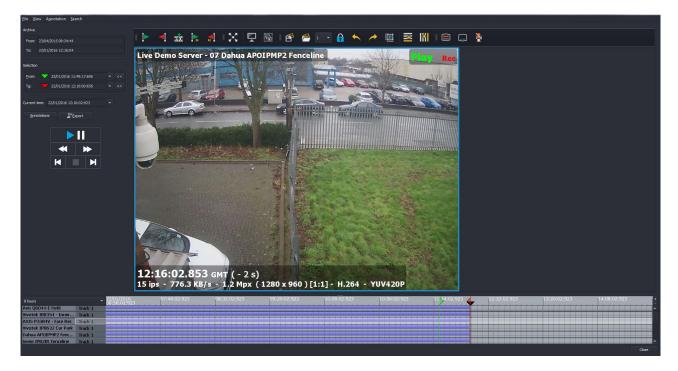


Figure 4.34: Find Screen Timeline Markers

To select an audio/video channel, left-click on the timeline bar corresponding to that device. To select multiple cameras, hold down the 'CTRL' key and left click the required camera channels of choice to add/remove

them from the current selection (selected cameras will be highlighted white).

Once the selection has been made, click the 'Export' button to open the Export Screen.

Export			? ×
Name/Template:	Export <dircount3>\v-<sdatetime2><stimezone>-<sid>-<server><1>-<sortid>-<cid>-<tid>-<camera><e1>.av</e1></camera></tid></cid></sortid></server></sid></stimezone></sdatetime2></dircount3>	i	Default Help
2 3 3	Export001\v-06Oct2016-15h15m03sBST-1-089-53-53-1-Camera53-Uniview(bullet).avi		
Export path:	C:/Users/JaspreetS/Export3		
Container <u>F</u> ormat:	avi v include audio v Skip audio for missing video (gap) v Qne video track per archive/file include v include metadata		Show transcoding settings
	5: 15: 15: 18.666 (BST) 5: 16:09: 12.000 (BST)		Tracks: 1 Duration: 53 m : 53 s
Free disk space: 8	2.25 GB (34.35%)	Close	<u>S</u> tart

Figure 4.35: Export Screen for .WSB export

The export screen offers a number of configurable selection options:

Name/Template Allows an export name or template to be specified

Export Path The folder or directory into which the export file(s) will be saved – please note that if you are saving an export to a DVD/USB device directly on the server itself, you must first 'mount' the device on the server. Once you have saved the file, you must then 'eject' the device before it can be removed. The procedure for this is described in section 4.9.3 - Exporting directly to DVD from Wavestore Server.

Container Format format to be used for the download e.g. AVI, WMB, WSB (native Wavestore format)

- **Include Audio** Selects whether audio should be included if any audio channel is associated with the selected video channels.
 - Skip audio for missing video toggle option
 - One video track per archive/file Chooses whether tracks should be merged as a single file or exported as individual files. Note that using this option means that only one camera can be viewed at a time later.
 - Include WaveView playback software toggle option
 - Keep/Remove Encryption in the event that the downloaded channel has been configured with encryption active
 - (Re)encrypt with password restricts access to the export through use of user configurable password (you'll be prompted to enter a password when this option is selected)

If your client installation is licensed with the transcoding option, you can select an alternative export format (e.g. AVI).

Once you have selected the format, select 'Show Transcoding Settings', and the screen shown below will appear allowing you to select transcoding options as you require:

<u>N</u> ame/Template:	Export <dircount3>\v-<sdatet< td=""><td>ne2><stimezone>-<sid>-<server><1>-<sortid>-<cid>-<tid>-<camera><e1>.avi</e1></camera></tid></cid></sortid></server></sid></stimezone></td><td>Default Help</td></sdatet<></dircount3>	ne2> <stimezone>-<sid>-<server><1>-<sortid>-<cid>-<tid>-<camera><e1>.avi</e1></camera></tid></cid></sortid></server></sid></stimezone>	Default Help
	Export042\v-22Jan2016-12h17m	57sGMT-1-LiveDemoServer-6-35-1-VivotekIP8632CarPark.avi	
Export path:	C:/Users/JaspreetS.WAVESTOR	E-DM\WavestoreExports	
Container <u>F</u> ormat:	avi 👻 🗸 include aud	o ✔ Skip audio for missing video (gap) ✔ Qne video track per archive/file include Wave	View Hide transcoding settings
	√ indude me	adata	
Transcoding			
Video			
Do NOT transcode MPEG4	Codec: mpeg4 💌	Resolution auto 👻 Compression - 10 🗘 %	
MJPEG	Frame rate: auto 🌻	Width: auto px 🔻 Bit Rate bits/sec	
H264	GOP: auto 🌻	Height: auto px 🔻 Bit Rate Tolerance 699051 🌻 bits/sec	
Show subtitles settings	Show metadata settings	PAR auto 👻 6 Vivotek IP8632 Car Park 💌 Preview	
Audio			
Codec mp2 🔻 E	Bit rate: 64000 🗘 bits/sec		
rom: 22/Jan/2016:12:17:5	8.646 (GMT)		Tracks: 1
To: 22/Jan/2016:12:19:1	6.696 (GMT)		Duration: 1 m : 18 s
Free disk space: 138.15 GB	(57.58%)	d	lose <u>S</u> tart

Figure 4.36: Export Screen showing options for Transcoding

Some points to note:

- When creating an export using AVI container format, selecting the 'Do NOT Transcode' option (Video submenu in Transcoding section) for the footage type(s) that you are downloading (MPEG4, MJPEG or H.264) will result in higher image quality.
- Certain codecs impose limitations on footage that has been recorded at a low frame rate; in this case you should select the WMV container
- Variable framerates are not supported so, if the source video has varying framerates, the resulting export may appear to speed up and slow down.
- Compression or Bit Rate can be set manually if required, based on the following: Bit Rate = (Compression/100) x W x H x BPP (Bits per Pixel) x Frame Rate Where BPP = YUV420 : 12 and YUV422 : 16 Bit Rate Tolerance = Bit Rate/4

Subtitles on the export can be configured as you require by clicking on 'Show Subtitles Settings', and then configuring as you need:

<u>N</u> ame/Template:		Time2> <stimezone>-<sid>-<ser n57sGMT-1-LiveDemoServer-6-35-:</ser </sid></stimezone>	ver><1>- <sortid>-<cid>-<tid>-<ci< td=""><td>amera><e1>.avi</e1></td><td>Default Help</td></ci<></tid></cid></sortid>	amera> <e1>.avi</e1>	Default Help
Export path:	C:/Users/JaspreetS.WAVESTO				
Container <u>F</u> ormat:	avi → ✓ include au ✓ include me		o (gap) ✓ Qne video track per archiv	ve/file indude WaveView	Hide transcoding settings
Transcoding					
Video					
MPEG4	Codec: mpeg4 💌		▼ Compression -	10 🗘 %	
MJPEG	Frame rate: auto 🌻	Width: auto px	 Bit Rate 	bits/sec	
H264	GOP: auto 🚔	Height: auto px	Bit Rate Tolerance 699051	bits/sec	
Hide subtitles settings	Show metadata settings	PAR. auto	▼ 6 Vivotek IP8632 Car Park ▼	Preview	
Subtitles					
Select subtitle: 1 🔻	Add subti	tle	Remove subtitle	Use defau	It subtitles
Position: Bottom L	eft 🔻 x: 0	y: 0 Font: M	IS Shell Dlg 2 👻	5 🗘 % 🔻 Font o	olor Background color
Presets:	<html><datetime:dd n<="" td=""><td>1ММ уууу - hh:mm:ss.zzz> <font s<="" td=""><td>ize=1><tz></tz></td><td></td><td></td></td></datetime:dd></html>	1ММ уууу - hh:mm:ss.zzz> <font s<="" td=""><td>ize=1><tz></tz></td><td></td><td></td>	ize=1> <tz></tz>		
none					
					Apply
Audio					
Codec mp2 🔻 B	3it rate: 64000 🗘 bits/sec				
From: 22/Jan/2016:12:17:58					Tracks: 1
To: 22/Jan/2016:12:19:16					Duration: 1 m : 18 s
Free disk space: 138.15 GB ((57.58%)			Close	Start

Figure 4.37: Export Screen showing Transcoding and Subtitle settings

Some experimentation may be required to optimise the size of the subtitles in the export; this can be configured in the Font Size setting (Subtitles submenu)

If the export operation is being carried out from a remote location using WaveView client software, then footage can only be saved either to the hard disk of the PC, or to a connected USB device.

It is then possible to burn the export file to CD/DVD, by using standard CD/DVD burning software (e.g. Nero/Roxio) to copy the archive directory.

Browse to your desired Export Path by clicking on the '...' button, and then select your desired Container Format.

Finally click 'Start'; the progress bar will fill during the export, with an acknowledgement message displayed once the export is completed.

Eile View Annotation Search							
Archive		V Export			? X		
ACOVE	🛛 🕨 🚽 🔬 🗌						
From: 04/12/2015 09:18:08	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
To: 22/01/2016 12:15:06	THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE REAL PROPE		teTime2> <stimezone>-<sid>-<server><1>-<sortid>-<cid>-<tid>-<</tid></cid></sortid></server></sid></stimezone>	Camera> <e1>.avi Default</e1>	Help		
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18. • 22/01/2010 12:13:10:030 • •		Transcoding					
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	15 ips - 405.	Cancel all jobs	Show Details Hide		Close		
		From: 22/Jan/2016:12:17:58.646 (GMT)		Tracks: 1			
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Dahua APOIPMP2 Fenc Track 1							
Genie IPB2IR Fenceline Track 1							
							Close

Figure 4.38: Export completion message

Section 8 gives details on how to playback exported files using a PC.

4.9.2 Exporting still images to a Windows PC running WaveView client software

Single still images can be backed up from the server as follows:

- Select your desired channel for playback by double clicking on the timeline for that channel
- Pause playback using the playback controls
- Clicking on the Snapshot button on the Video Toolbar calls up the Snapshot screen

We are able to carry out image manipulation/editing in the Snapshot screen as required (full details in section 3.6.1.1 - Snapshot Window).

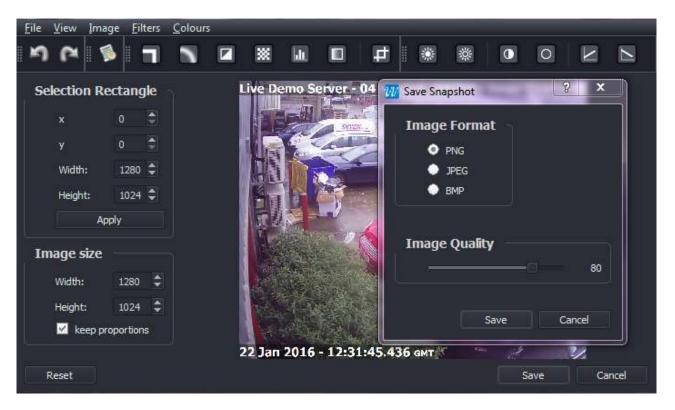
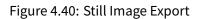


Figure 4.39: Still Image Export

Finally we can save the image to a storage device, once we have selected a save path and file name.

Favorites	Name	Date modified	Туре	Size	
Cesktop	📕 Export001	04/12/2015 15:30	File folder		
😺 Downloads	Export002	08/12/2015 16:34	File folder		
🔢 Recent Places	📕 Export003	08/12/2015 16:34	File folder		
Documents	퉬 Export004	08/12/2015 16:35	File folder		
	腿 Export005	08/12/2015 16:36	File folder		
Libraries	鷆 Export006	08/12/2015 16:36	File folder		
Documents	📕 Export007	08/12/2015 16:37	File folder		
👌 Music	🚇 Export008	08/12/2015 16:39	File folder		
🔒 New Library	🕌 Export009	08/12/2015 16:39	File folder		
E Pictures	\mu Export010	08/12/2015 16:46	File folder		
📑 Videos	🕌 Export011	08/12/2015 16:47	File folder		
-	퉬 Export012	08/12/2015 16:49	File folder		
File <u>n</u> ame:					_
Save as type: PNG	Files (*.png)				



4.9.3 Exporting directly to DVD from Wavestore Server

 Follow the menu path View → Find to access the Find Screen, and configure the required Camera, Start and Stop times as described in section 4.9.1 - Exporting footage to a Windows PC running Wave-View client software; for Still Images refer to section 4.9.2 - Exporting still images to a Windows PC running WaveView client software.

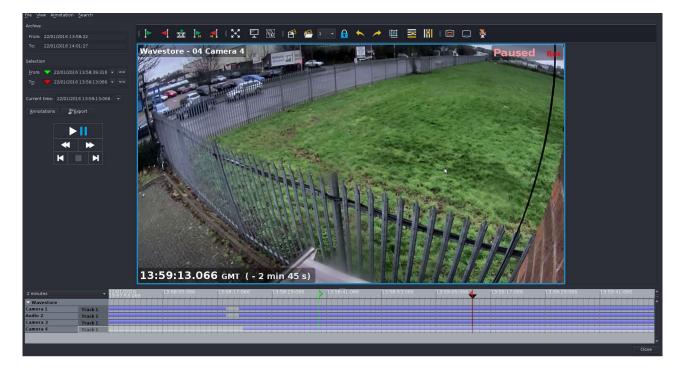


Figure 4.41: Export Camera Channel, Start and Stop times configured

• Click on the 'Export' button to call up the Export Window, configure the file name as you require, and accept the default Save Path, so that the export is saved in the WavestoreExports folder:

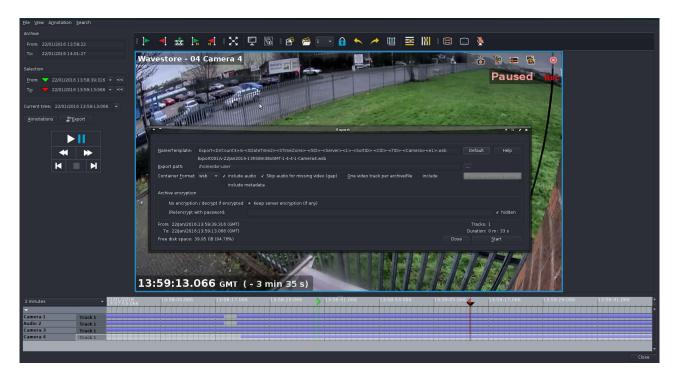


Figure 4.42: Export Screen

• Click on 'Start' to begin the Export; a progress bar will now appear, and fill as the export progresses:

Archive	
From: 22/01/2016 13:58:22	= 4 🎪 k 🕼 X 🖳 🖾 🗳 🦀 💼 🔒 💊 🥕 🛄 🔤 🕅 📾 🗅 🔌
To: 22/01/2016 14:01:27	Wavestore - 04 Camera 4
Erom: 💙 22/01/2016 13:58:39:316 👻 <<	
To: 70: 22/01/2016 13:59:13:066 - <<	t sport A iii S X
	New Name/Femplate: Export-DtrCount3-Vx- <sdatetime2>-<stme2one>-<sd>Server>->1>-<sortd>-<camera><el>-wsb Default Hep</el></camera></sortd></sd></stme2one></sdatetime2>
Annotations	Export001/v22jan2016-13HSBm3846MT-1-Camera4-001.web
	Export path: /home/dx-user
	include metadata
< ▶	Archive encryption
K N	No encryption / denyptie de norghead e Keep server encryption (if any) (Relencrypt twith passend: / hidden
	100%
	Estimated remaining time. 0 nr. 0 s. Estim. remaining required disk space. 0 8 Bittimet datai apost time. 0 nr. 9 s. Estimated frait datai as of archives. 12.27 NB
	Current total size of archives: 12.37 MB Aggregate network data rate: 2.01 MB/s
	Cancel al jobs Show Details Hide Close
	From: 22,4/w/2016.136.83 9.31.2 66 (CMT) Tracks: 1 22,24/w/2016.136.93.03.6 66 (CMT) Duration: 0 on : 33 s
	Free disk space: 39.94 GB (94.72%) Start
	13:59:13.066 GMT (-4 min 2 s)
2 minutes + 22/01/	016 13-59-05-066 13-59-17-066 13-59-066 13-59-066 13-59-05-066 13-59-05-066 13-59-17-066 13-59-29-066 13-59-41-066
Camera 1 Track 1	
Audio 2 Track 1 Camera 3 Track 1	
Camera 4 Track 1	

Figure 4.43: Export Completion Bar shows 100 percent

• Once the export has completed, a confirmation message will appear:

Eile View Annotation Search			
Archive			×
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To: 22/01/2016 14:01:27	vestore - 04 Camera 4		Paused Rec
Selection			
Erom: 🔽 22/01/2016 13:58:39:316 🔹 <<			
T <u>o</u> : 🔻 22/01/2016 13:59:13:066 🔹 <<		Export	
Current time: 22/01/2016 13:59:13:066 📼	Name/Template: Export <dircount3>/v-<sdatetime2><stimezone>-<s< td=""><td></td><td>Default Help</td></s<></stimezone></sdatetime2></dircount3>		Default Help
Annotations SExport	Export001/v-22Jan2016-13h58m38sGMT-1-4-4-1-Camer		
	Export path: /home/dvr-user		·· I III III III III III III III I
	Container Format: wsb 👻 🗸 include audio 🗸 Skip audio for missing include metadata	video (gap) One video track per archive/file include	How transcoling setting 8
🕊 🕨			
	No encryption / decrypt if encrypted 🔹 Keep server encryption	Question + :: x	1 (1 (1 (1 (1))
K N	(Re)encrypt with password:	xport finished in 0 m : 8 s , to you want to add ?	√ hidden
		Yes No	
	Estimated remaining time: 0 m : 0 s	Estim. remaining required disk space: 0 B	
	Estimated total export time: 0 m : 8 s Current total size of archives: 12.37 MB	Estimated final total size of archives: 12.37 MB Aggregate network data rate: 2.08 MB/s	
	Cancel all jobs	Show Details Hide	Close
1948	From: 22/lan/2016:13:58:39.316 (GMT)		Tracks: 1
	To: 22/jan/2016:13:59:13.066 (GMT)		Duration: 0 m : 33 s
	Free disk space: 39.93 GB (94.69%)		Start
	No. 14		
13	:59:13.066 GMT (-4 min 28 s)		
2 minutes - 22/01/2016	13:58:05:066 13:58:17:066 13:58:29:066	13:58:41:066 13:58:53:066 13:59:05:066	13:59:17:066 13:59:29:066 13:59:41:066 *
Camera 1 Track 1 Audio 2 Track 1			
Camera 3 Track 1			
Camera 4 Track 1			

Figure 4.44: Export Completion Message

• Move the mouse pointer into the top left corner of the screen, so that the Accessories Toolbar appears:

1910			
Ca		he file system with the file manager	
the second second	rchive	te me system then are manager	
	From:	22/01/2016 13:58:22	
5	To:	22/01/2016 14:01:27	

Figure 4.45: Accessories Toolbar

- Click on the CD/DVD icon to launch the K3B CD/DVD burning software:
- If asked about 'Konqueror integration' click the 'Enable Konqueror integration' option.
- Click on 'New Data DVD' project:

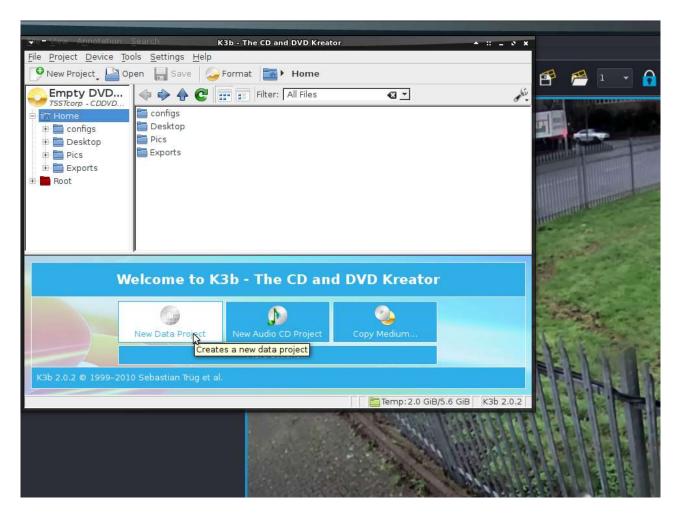


Figure 4.46: Configuring K3B Export screen

• Browse to select the file(s) that you wish to export, and click to select so the filenames appear in the 'Current Projects' window:

File Inte	Annotation Coord	K3b · The CD and DVD Kreator	* = = * *	
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	👽 v-zzjanzu to-tano8m	Name Type Image: V-22Jan2016-13h58m38sGMT-1-Wavestore-4-4-1-Camera4.wsb unknown	Size Local Path	
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		4		
111	.8 MiB		ilable: 4.4 GiB of 4.4 GiB	
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- L		Data Project (1 me in 1 loider)	315/310 GIB K30 21012	
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Wave				
Camera Audio 2				
Audio 2 Camera				
Camera				
	-10563			

Figure 4.47: Selecting File for Export

• On the DataDVD0 tab, click on Burn, a new 'DVD Project' window will appear:

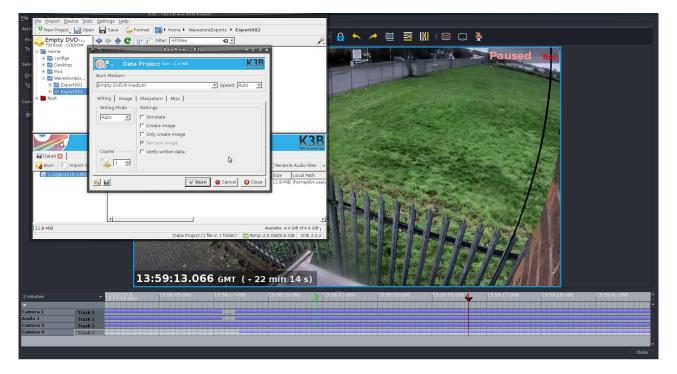


Figure 4.48: Configuring Export

• Click on 'Burn', and in the warning that appears, click on 'Cut volume descriptor in the Joliet tree':

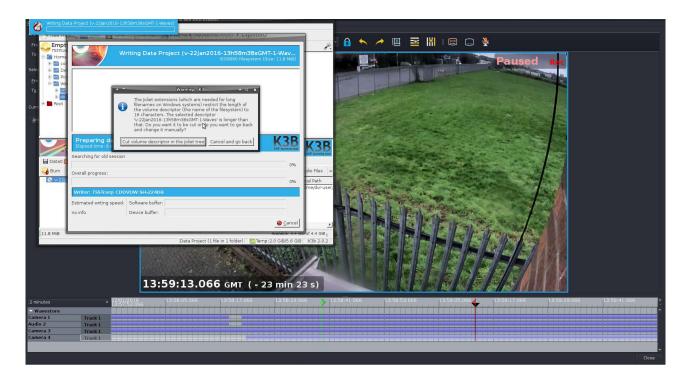


Figure 4.49: File Name length selection

• The progress bars will now fill, as the DVD is burnt:

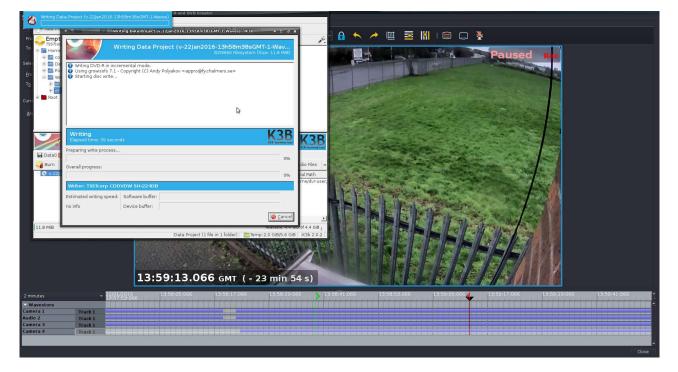


Figure 4.50: DVD burn progress bar

• Once the DVD is burnt, a completion message will display:

Fro Norm To Herror Ero Ero With Annual Ero With Annual Ero With Annual Ero With Annual Ero With Annual Annual	Image: CD and DVD Stratter Image: CD and DVD Stratter Writing Data Project (v-22)an2016-13h5Bm3BscMT-1-Www ICDP0800 Resystem (Size: 11.8 Mc) Image: CD and DVD-R in Incremental mode. Using growthers f1 Copyright (C) Andy Polyakov < appro@fy.chalmers.se> Stating dick write Writing successfully completed	
Data 0 Data 0 W V221	Success Exposed firme: 1 mmute and 59 seconds Diversal progress: 100% Writer: TSSTcerp CDD/DW SH52240B 100% Estimated writing sped: Software buffer: no info Device buffer: Diversal progress: Immed/muter Diversal progress: Immed/muter Diversal progress: Immed/muter Diverse buffer: Immed/muter Dimmed/muter Immed/muter	
2 minutes - Wavestore Camera 1 Audio 2 Camera 3 Camera 4	• 13:59:13.066 GMT (• 25 min 20 s) • 13:59:13.066 GMT (• 25 min 20 s) • 13:59:13:066	€ Close

Figure 4.51: DVD Burn completion message

• Click on Close to close the window:

File Project Device Tools Settings Help	
rch 🕑 New Project, 🎴 Open 🔚 Save 🍃 Format 🔤 🕻 Home 🕨 WavestoreExports 🕨 Export002	- 🔒 🔨 🥕 🧮 🔤 🐘 I 📾 🗔 🔖
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Data0 🛛	
Vezgian2016-18h58m38 Name Type Size Local Path	
₱ v-22jan2016-13h56m38sGMT-1-Wavestore-4-4-1-Camera4 wsb unknown 11.8 MB /home/dw-use	
11.8 MiB Available: 691.3 MiB (703.1 MiB) Data Project (1 file in 1 folder) Temp: 2.0 GiB/5.6 GiB K3b 2.0.2	
13:59:13.066 GMT (-26 min 50 s)	
2 minutes 22/01/2016 13:58:05:066 13:58:17:066 13:58:29:066	13:58:41:066 13:58:53:066 13:59:05:066 13:59:17:066 13:59:29:066 13:59:41:066
Wavestore amera 1 Track 1	
udio 2 Track 1 Track 1	
amera 3 Track 1	
amera 4 Track 1	
	▼ Close

Figure 4.52: Closing K3B Project

• Click on 'Discard' to empty the temporary buffer, the K3B window will now close:

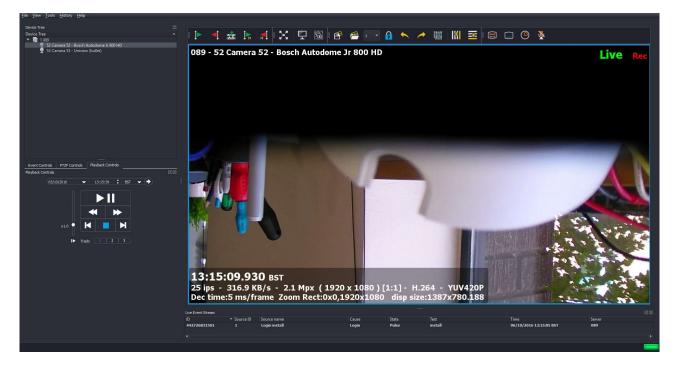


Figure 4.53: Exiting to main WaveView screen

4.9.4 Exporting to USB devices from the Wavestore Server

Before exporting to a USB device, it is necessary to "mount" the USB device. This is described in section 9.17 - Accessing a USB disk on the Wavestore server.

You can now export footage and still images from the Find screen to the USB device (menu path View → Find), the procedure for this is fully described in section 4.9.1 - Exporting footage to a Windows PC running WaveView client software; for Still Images refer to section 4.9.2 - Exporting still images to a Windows PC running WaveView client software.. Firstly select your Camera Channel, Start Time and Stop Time:

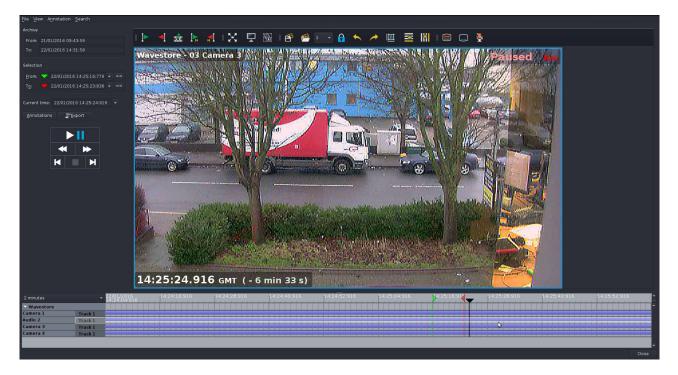


Figure 4.54: Find screen - configuring Camera Channel, Start Time and End Time

• Click on Export:

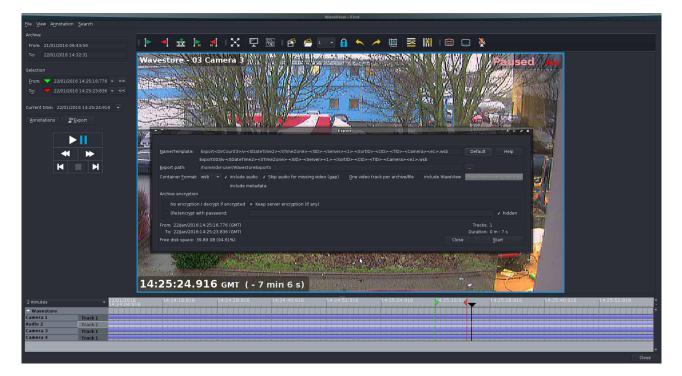


Figure 4.55: Find Screen – Export Screen

• Click on the *Browse(...)* button to open the File Directory for browsing:

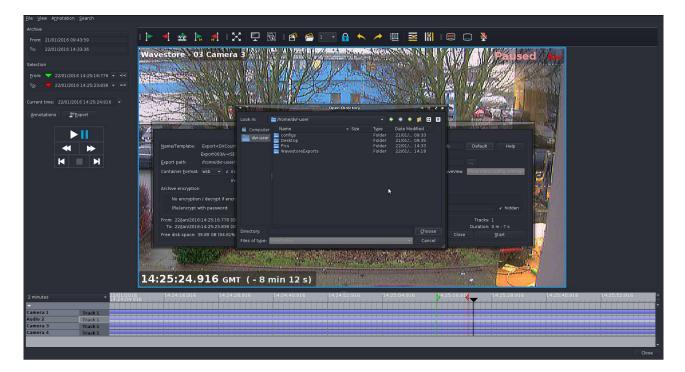


Figure 4.56: Find screen – Browsing directories to set Export path

• Click on the UP ARROW KEY button to browse up one level to the 'home' directory:

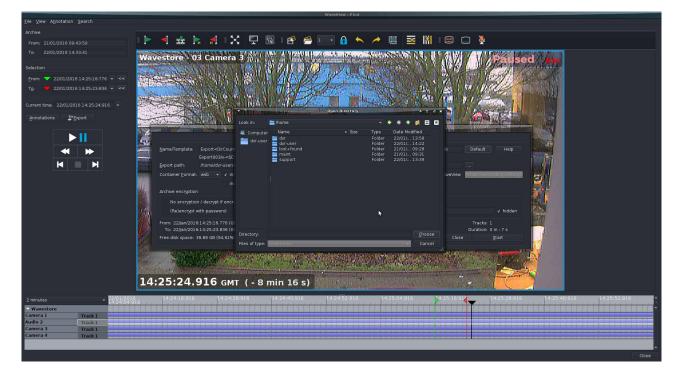


Figure 4.57: Find screen – Browsing directories to set Export path

• Click on the UP ARROW KEY button to browse up one level :

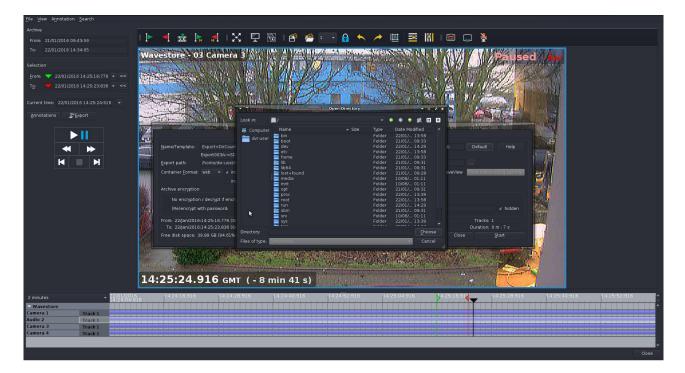


Figure 4.58: Find screen – Browsing directories to set Export path

• Click on the '\' button to browse up one level to the 'media' directory:

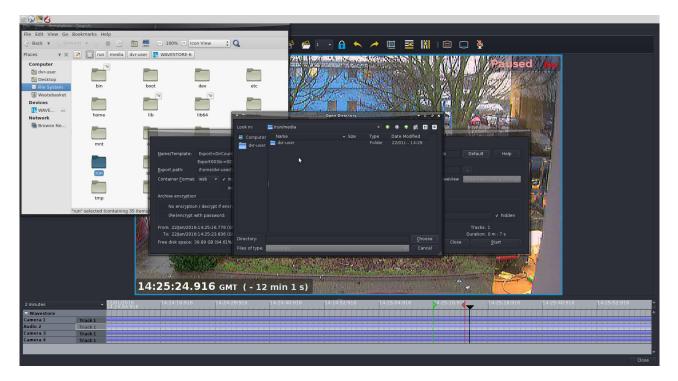


Figure 4.59: Find screen – Browsing directories to set Export path

• Click on the name of the USB media (in this case 'WAVESTORE-6'); files contained on this USB device will now be displayed:

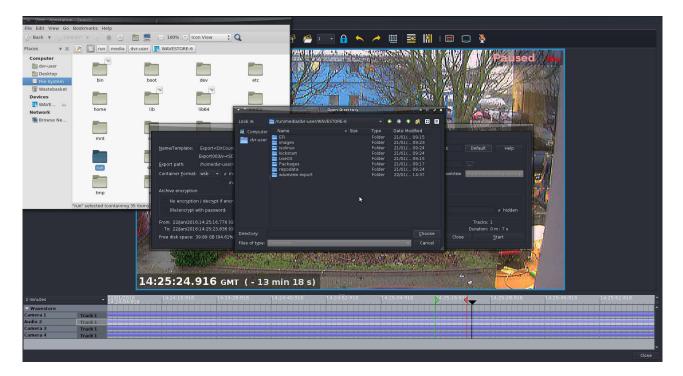


Figure 4.60: Find screen – Contents of USB device displayed

• Select the save path folder on the USB device, then click on 'Choose'.

The Open Directory window will now disappear. Configure the file name/container format etc. as required.

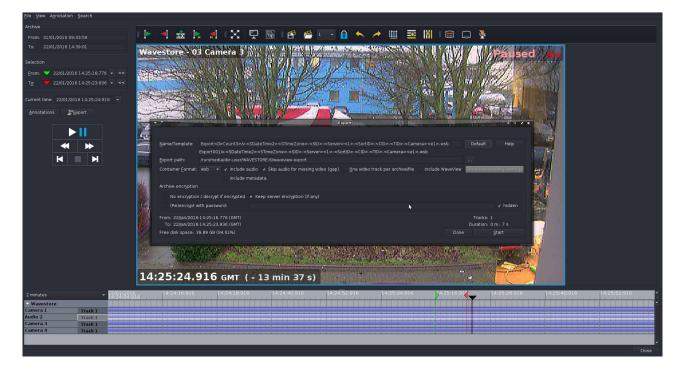


Figure 4.61: Find screen – Export Window

• Click on 'Start'; the export progress bar will now fill to 100%.

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		include metadata	s audio for missing woreo (gap) One woreo track per archive/nie	Include Browshirts county second	
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	202		Aggregate network data rate:		
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Camera 1 Track 1					■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■
Audio 2 Track 1					
Camera 3 Track 1 Camera 4 Track 1					
Camera 4 Track 1					
					Close

Figure 4.62: Find screen – Export completed

- Repeat for any other files that you require.
- Once completed, you must then 'eject' the device before it can be removed from the server. Close the Find screen, and on the main WaveView screen, move the mouse pointer into the very top left corner of the screen, so the Accessories Panel appears at the top left of the screen as shown below:

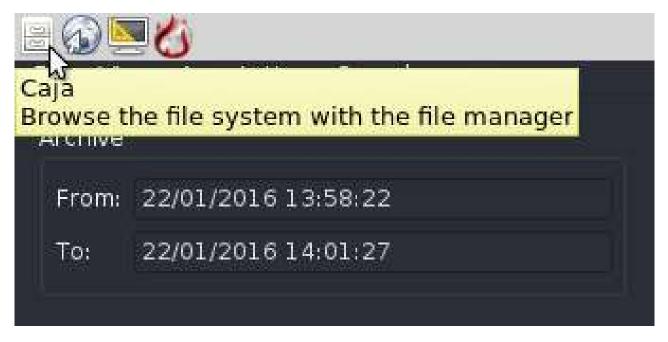


Figure 4.63: Accessories Toolbar

• Click on the File Manager Icon (third icon), and the File Manager window will open, with the left column in the window showing connected devices on the server and network, including the USB device.

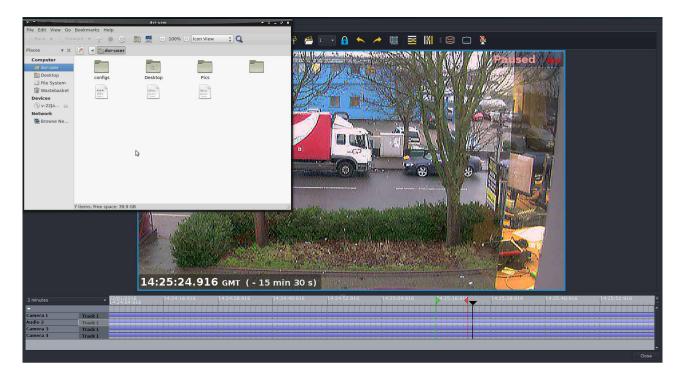


Figure 4.64: WaveView screen showing File Manager window

• On the device tree on the left, click on the USB device so it is highlighted blue:

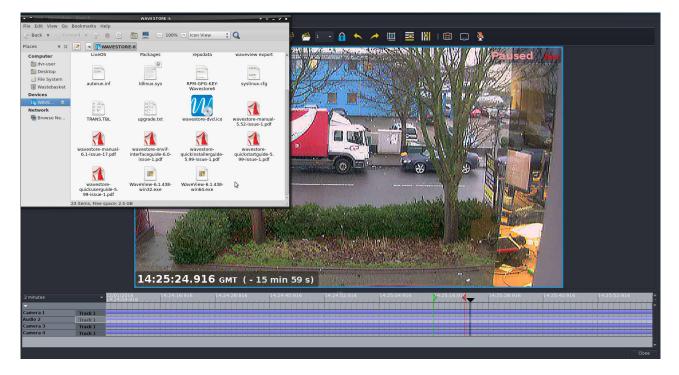


Figure 4.65: File Manager window showing contents of USB device

• Click on the 'eject' icon next to the name of the USB device to eject the device. The USB device will now disappear from the File Manager display window will now display as below:

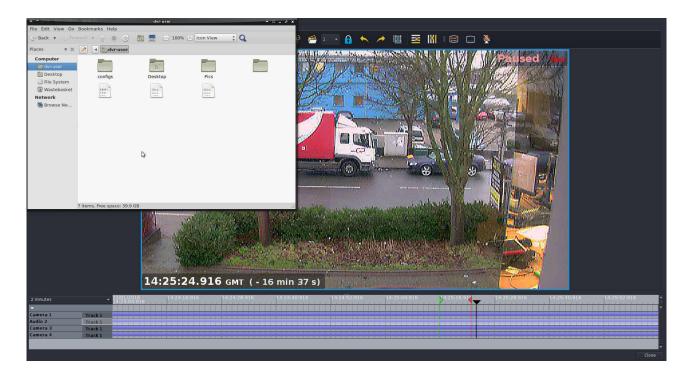


Figure 4.66: File Manager window with USB Device now removed

• You can now remove the USB device.

5 Playing Back Exported Files

5.1 Playing Back Exported Files on a PC from DVD/USB device

If the PC that you are using already has the WaveView client software installed, click on the desktop Wave-View shortcut to launch the software.



Figure 5.1: WaveView Desktop shortcut icon

Alternatively, if the DVD/USB device contains a copy of WaveView, open the device on your PC:

rganize 🔻 📑 Oper	n Print Burn New folder)EE 👻 🗔
Favorites	Name	Date modified	Туре	Size	
Nesktop	WaveView	22/01/2016 15:34	File folder		
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💹 Recent Places	🚳 play	22/01/2016 15:34	Windows Batch File	1 KB	
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🚽 Videos					
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DVD RW Drive (D:) V					
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Figure 5.2: Browsing to locate export file

Double click on the file named 'play.bat'. The WaveView program will launch, and open the export file as below. You may be prompted to enter a Password, if this option was selected when the export was originally created:

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Figure 5.3: Entering Decryption Password

The configured name of the original source Wavestore server, and also details of the camera channels that are contained in the export file, will now be displayed in the Device Tree section.

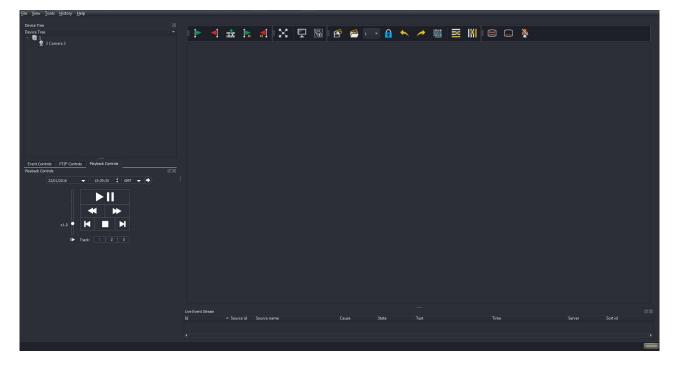
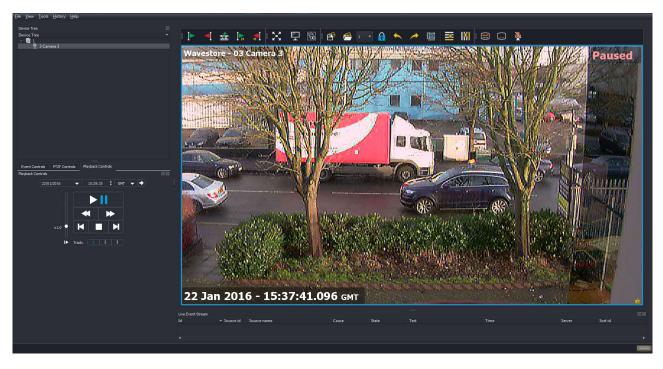


Figure 5.4: Device Tree showing camera(s) contained in export



Double click on the camera channel(s) that you require; and click on 'Play' to commence playback:

Figure 5.5: Playback of export file

The Playback controls can be used as described in section 3.10 - Playback Controls and section 4 - Search/Playback/Expo using Find Screen to control playback of the footage, create further export files, and save still images.

5.2 Playing Back Exported Files on a Wavestore Server from a DVD

• Insert the DVD into the server, and move the mouse pointer into the very top left corner of the screen, so the Accessories Panel appears at the top left of the screen as shown below:

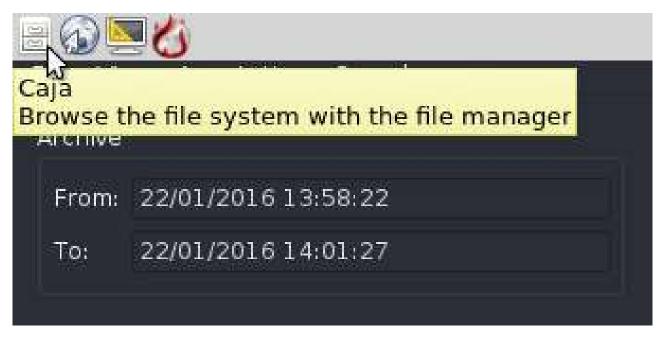


Figure 5.6: WaveView screen showing Accessories Panel

• Click on the File Manager icon (third icon across), and the File Manager window will open, with the left column in the window showing connected devices on the server and network, including the DVD. The right hand section of the window shows the files and folders contained on the selected device.

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Figure 5.7: WaveView screen showing File Manager window

• On the device tree on the left, click on the DVD; files contained on the disc will now be displayed:

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		Audio 2	Recording	On			22/01/2016 15:48:25 GMT		¥.

Figure 5.8: File Manager window showing contents of USB device

• The DVD is now mounted on the server. You can now playback footage files on this disc. To open a file, first disconnect from any servers that you are connected to (menu path File → Disconnect). Click on 'Open Export' in the Login Dialog box,

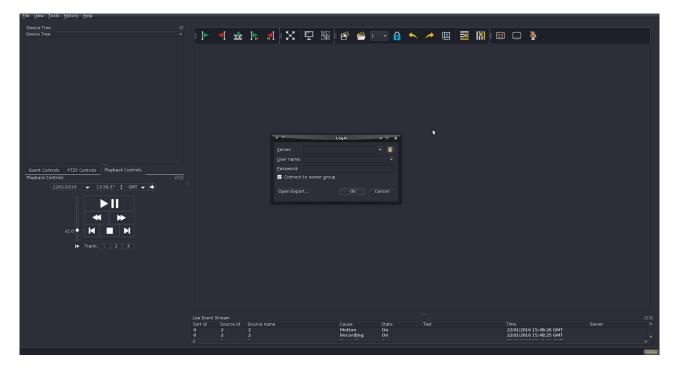


Figure 5.9: Login Dialog box

• and the Open dialog windows will appear as follows:

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Figure 5.10: Open file dialog

• Click on the media folder:

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Figure 5.11: Browsing for WSB file

• Click on the name of the disc containing your footage:

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Figure 5.12: Browsing for WSB file

• Click on Open:

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Figure 5.13: Find screen – Browsing directories to set Export path

• Click on the file name, and then click Open. The server and camera name(s) relating to the footage will now be displayed:

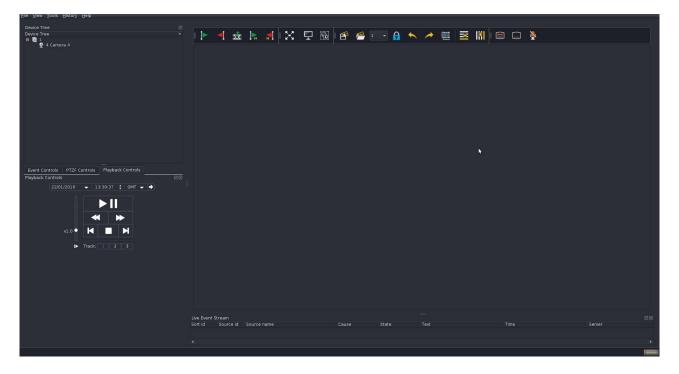


Figure 5.14: WSB file opened

• Double click on the camera name(s) that you wish to view (full details of the Playback controls are described in section 4.4 - Search/Playback):

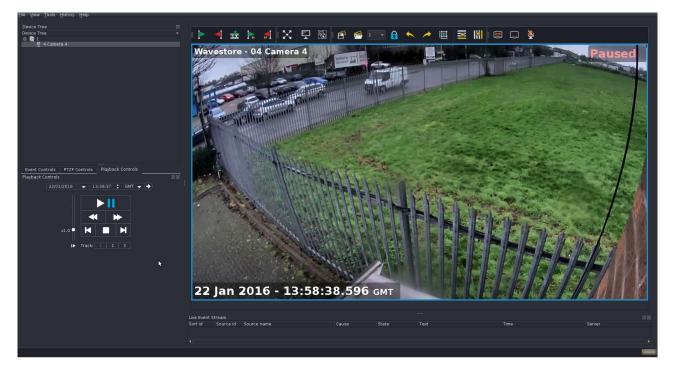


Figure 5.15: Camera opened

- Once you completed playback operations, follow the menu path File ightarrow Disconnect to close the file.

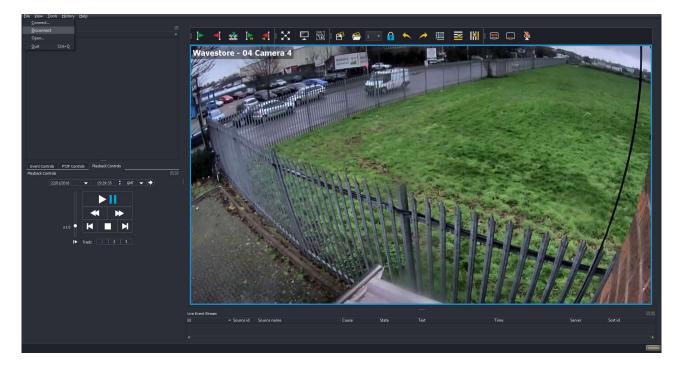


Figure 5.16: Closing WSB file

• You can now eject the DVD using the push button on the front of the DVD drive

5.3 Playing Back Exported Files on a Wavestore Server from a USB device

• Insert the USB device into the server, and move the mouse pointer into the very top left corner of the screen, so the Accessories Panel (containing the Internet, DVD burn and File Manager icons) appears at the top left of the screen as shown below:

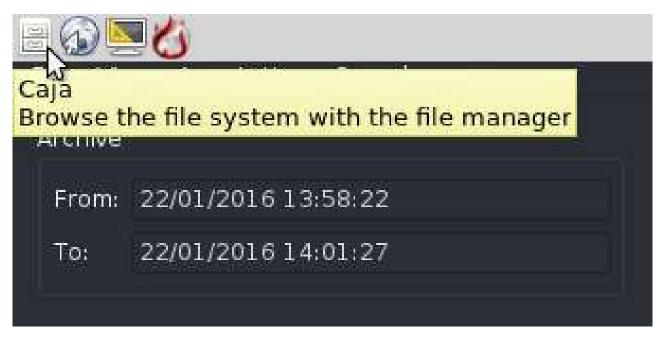


Figure 5.17: WaveView screen showing Accessories Panel

• Click on the File Manager icon (third icon across), and the File Manager window will open, with the left column in the window showing connected devices on the server and network, including your USB device. The right hand section of the window shows the files and folders contained on the selected device.

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Figure 5.18: WaveView screen showing File Manager window

• On the device tree on the left, click on the USB device; files contained on the disc will now be displayed:

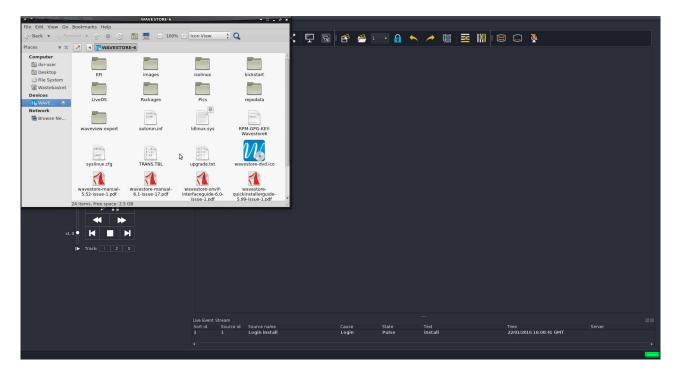


Figure 5.19: File Manager window showing contents of USB device

The USB device is now mounted on the server, and you can now playback footage files from this device. To open a file, first disconnect from any servers that you are connected to (menu path File → Disconnect). Click on 'Open Export' in the Login Dialog box, and the Open dialog windows will appear as follows:

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Figure 5.20: Browsing for USB device

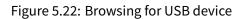
• Click on the media folder:

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Figure 5.21: Browsing for USB device

- On the device tree on the left, click on the DVD; files contained on the disc will now be displayed:
- Click on the name of the device containing your footage:

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Figure 5.23: Open export directory

• Click on the file name, and then click Open. The server and camera name(s) relating to the footage will now be displayed:

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Figure 5.24: Main screen with WSB open

• Double click on the camera name(s) that you wish to view (full details of the Playback controls are described in section 3.10 - Playback Controls):

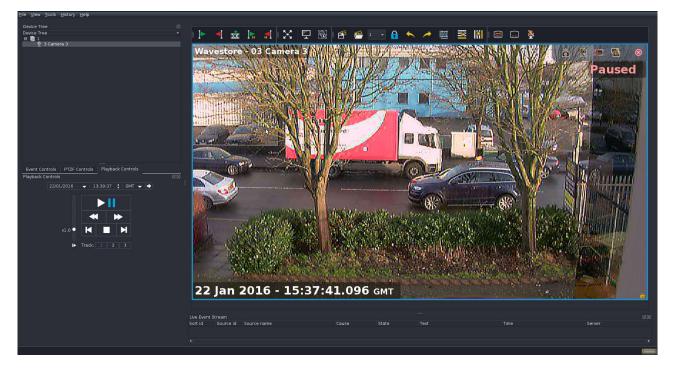


Figure 5.25: Camera opened from WSB file

• Once you completed playback operations, you must then 'unmount' the USB device before it can be removed from the server. Close the Find screen, and on the main WaveView screen, move the mouse pointer into the very top left corner of the screen, so the Accessories Panel appears at the top left of the screen as shown below:

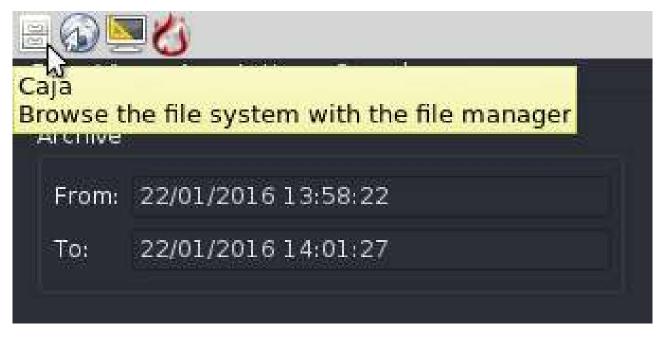


Figure 5.26: Accessories Toolbar

• Click on the File Manager Icon (third icon across), and the File Manager window will open, with the left column in the window showing connected devices on the server and network, including the USB

device.

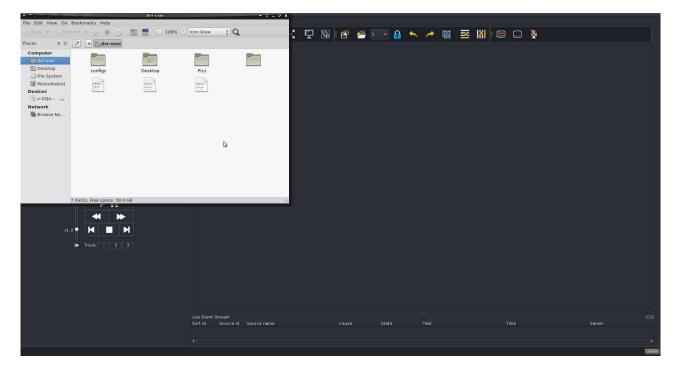


Figure 5.27: WaveView screen showing File Manager window

• On the device tree on the left, click on the USB device so it is highlighted blue:

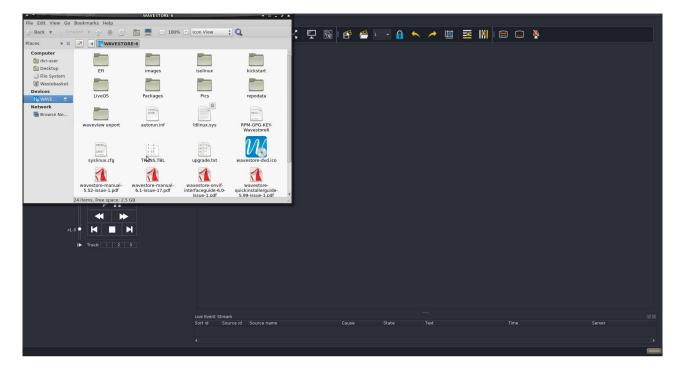


Figure 5.28: File Manager window showing contents of USB device

• Click on the 'eject' icon next to the name of the USB device to unmount the device. The USB device will now disappear from the File Manager display window will now display as below:

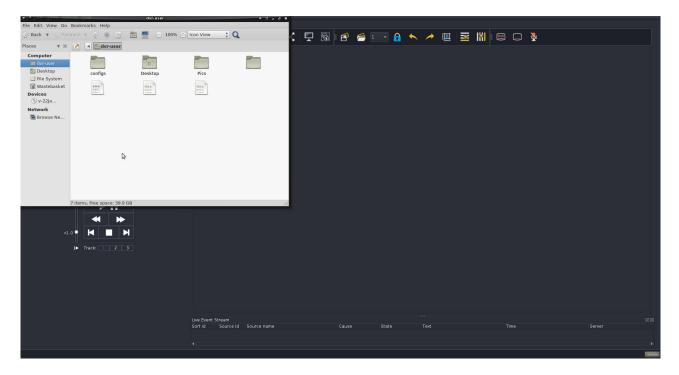


Figure 5.29: On the device tree on the left, click on the DVD; files contained on the disc will now be displayed:

• You can now remove the USB device from the server.

6 Setup Screens

The Wavestore Server is configured using the Setup Screen as shown (menu path View \rightarrow Setup).

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Figure 6.1: Accessing Setup Menu

The main Setup menu will now appear, displaying various submenus as shown below:

<u>F</u> ile <u>V</u> iew	<u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> istory	<u>H</u> elp												
Users	Server	Cameras	Main View	Active Directory ®	O A Maps	Server Group	Failover	Schedules	Upgrade Server	Event Rules	E Notification Target	Metadata Protocols	System Monitoring	Security
₩уVMS_						Us	er Settings							Bave Reset
Users install			User Setting											
user			General Name:	install										
			Level: LDAP/AD Gr	instal										

Figure 6.2: Setup Screen Sub-menus

If the horizontal size of your WaveView client window is too narrow to view all the submenu icons, you can move left/right though the icon list by positioning your mouse pointer at the left or right hand end of the list.

Click on any of the sub-menu icons to enter a menu.

To save any configuration changes you make in the Setup menus, click on the 'Save' icon (top right of screen).

If you wish to discard the changes that you have made, click on the 'Reset' icon.

If at any point you wish to exit from the Setup menu, follow the menu path View \rightarrow Main.

At the top left of the main area is the Server Selector:

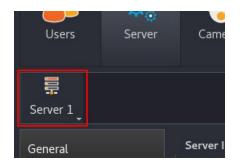


Figure 6.3: Server Selector

Clicking on this icon allows selection of a particular Wavestore server within a Server Group. If the currently selected setup page applies to the whole server group, then this icon will be disabled.

For setup screens which pertain to a server group, if there are inconsistencies between the configuration on different servers within the group, a Conflict Resolution tool will appear asking for the operator to choose the server with the correct configuration. This will then be synchronised to all the servers in the group. This is discussed in more detail in section 9.15 - Server Group Configuration Conflict Resolution.

6.1 Users

Click on the Users icon to enter the User Settings screen.

Note: The settings in this page apply to all servers in the server group.

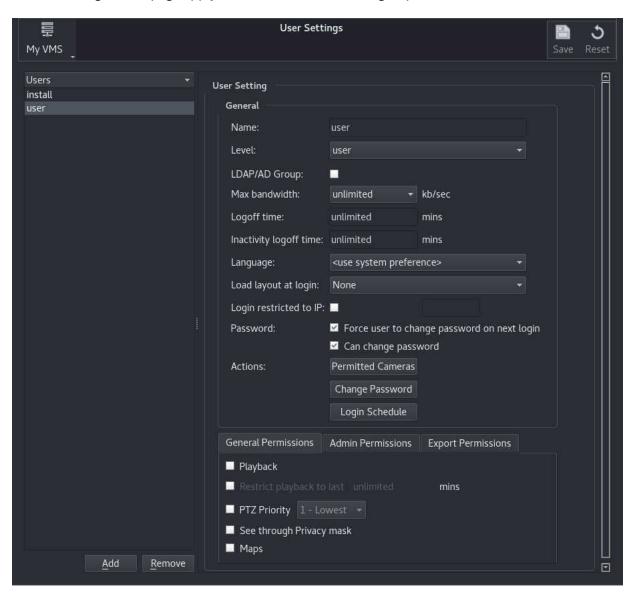


Figure 6.4: Users Setup Menu

When the server is in its default state when new, the only user on the system is an "install" level user with username 'install' and password 'a'.

To add a new user ID, click 'Add', and enter the required name in the name field. Then click 'Change Password' and set a password for the user. It will not be possible to log in as that user until a password is set.

To erase a user ID, highlight the user name and click 'Remove'.

If you wish to edit the settings for a user, click on the name of that user in the Users list, and you can now edit settings for that user ID such as user level, password etc.

6.1.1 User Level and Permissions

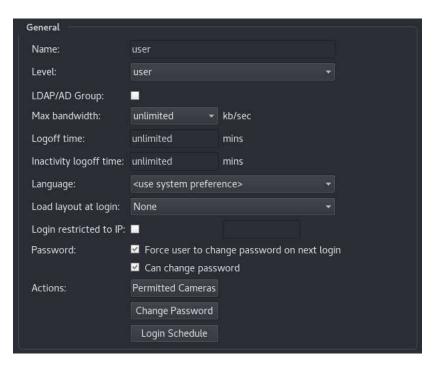


Figure 6.5: User Level Configuration

We can configure the following options to apply to individual users:

Name The user name. Note that it is case-sensitive.

Level The user's level. This gives some default permissions as described below:

User Level	Permissions
install	Full access to all server functions
admin	 Configurable permissions for live view, search, playback, export Able to create and edit admin and user level operators (but not install users) Limited access to server configuration screens
user	 Configurable permissions for live view, search, playback, export No access to server configuration

LDAP/AD Group If selected, this user is treated as a group rather than a user. You will not be able to log in as this user but the permissions set here will be inherited by any users who are a member of a group matching this user name in an Active Directory. See section 6.5 - Active Directory [®] for more details.

Max Bandwidth Permitted bandwidth for the user's connection

Logoff Time Sets a maximum duration for the user's logged in session

Inactivity Logoff Time Sets a maximum inactivity duration before the user is automatically logged out

- Load layout/sequence at login Select to either load a previously saved Layout or Layout Sequence (see section 3.3 Display Area Toolbar), or select 'Automatic' to reload the layout that was being viewed when the user last logged out
- **Login restricted to IP** This allows restricting this user's login to one or more IP addresses. Substrings can be used, for example "127. [::1]" (without the quotes) matches only local connections, or "192.168. [fd01::" matches only IP addresses starting with those values.
- **Force user to change password on next login** The user will be forced to change password on the next login, but not on subsequent logins

Can change password Gives the user permission to change their own password

Permitted Cameras Controls permissions for which cameras (and other channels) this user is permitted or denied access to...

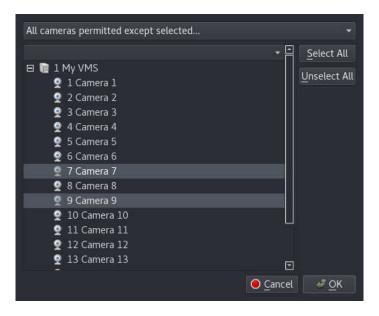


Figure 6.6: User Camera Restriction Configuration

It is possible to choose either a "blacklist" or "whitelist" mode via the drop-down selection. These are shown as "All cameras permitted except selected..." and "All cameras denied except selected...". This selectable behaviour is useful when the system is being extended with new cameras as it affects default visibility of newly added cameras. This mode is available per-user.

The cameras selected in the user interface are either permitted or denied to the user based upon the mode selected.

- **Change Password** Allows changing of another user's password. This is not always permitted, for example if the selected user is of a higher level. Note that the currently logged-in user cannot change their own password here. To do so, use the *Tools* → *Change Password* menu.
- **Login Schedule** Access to the server can be limited to times defined by a schedule (configured in the Schedules menu see section 6.9 Schedules)).

6.1.2 General Permissions

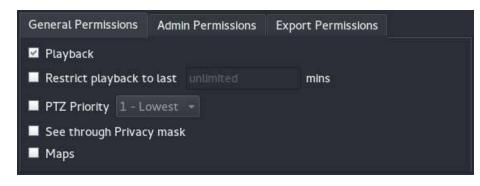


Figure 6.7: Admin Permissions

- **Playback** Permission to Search and Playback recorded footage. Note that this option should always be enabled when using encrypted recordings otherwise live view will not function correctly.
- **Restrict playback to last N minutes** If enabled, playback is restricted the last N minutes. Older recordings cannot be viewed by this user.
- **PTZ Priority** Priority level for PTZ control, if enabled. 1 is the lowest priority and 5 is the highest. If multiple users attempt to control the camera at the same time, the user with the highest priority will have control.
- See through Privacy mask If enabled, privacy masks are not enforced for this user.
- Maps Permission to use the Maps functionality.
- **Post events** External systems which send events to the Wavestore must provide a username and password. This permission controls whether a user is allowed to send events from the outside. For security reasons it is advisable to leave this disabled (the default) unless a particular mechanism for sending events is being set up.

Show/Hide subtitles Controls whether the user is allowed to show or hide the subtitles.

Edit subtitles Controls whether the user is allowed to configure subtitle settings.

6.1.3 Admin Permissions

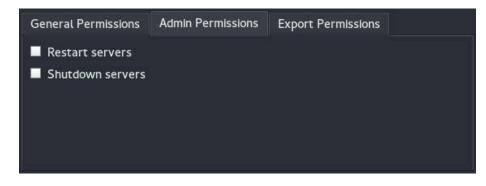


Figure 6.8: Admin Permissions

Restart servers Allows a Wavestore to be restarted (software restart) or rebooted.

Shutdown servers Allows a Wavestore to be shut down.

6.1.4 Export Permissions

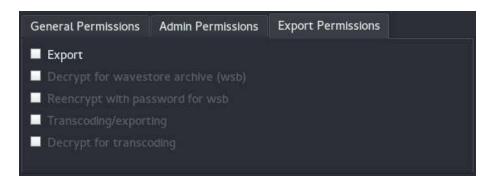


Figure 6.9: User Permissions for Export

- **Export** Controls whether users are allowed to create exports. Either WSB format or transcoded to another format. If this option is disabled then other export permissions are not available as they are not relevant.
- **Decrypt for Wavestore archive (wsb)** If the source video is encrypted and the user wants to decrypt the video before writing it to a WSB export file unencrypted, this permission must be granted.
- **Re-encrypt with password for wsb** If this permission is granted, the user can create a WSB export file with password protection.
- **Transcoding/exporting** If this permission is granted, the user can write to formats other than WSB, e.g. AVI or MOV.
- **Decrypt for transcoding** If this permission is granted and the source video is encrypted, the user can decrypt the video before writing it in another format, e.g. AVI or MOV.

6.2 Server

The 'Server' setup screen contains a list of selectable sub-sections to configure various aspects of the currently selected server.

These are detailed in the following sections.

6.2.1 General

Server Information

The *General* submenu gives server information such as server name, status, IP address and server software version.

Note that the IP address shown is the address that was used to connect to the server. The server might have many IP addresses. Full details of the network configuration can be inspected in the Network Setup screen - see section 6.2.2 - Network.

A 'friendly' server name can be configured by clicking in the 'Name' field in the General panel, and replacing 'Wavestore' with the new name. It is recommended to give each server an individual 'friendly' name, to prevent confusion when viewing cameras or configuration information from different servers within a group (e.g. connected devices, system log).

File View Tools History	<u>H</u> elp
Users Server	Cameras Active Maps Server Group
₩ MyVMS	Server Settings
General	Server Information
Network	Name: MyVMS Status: Recording
Licensing	IP address: 10.1.9.101 Version: 6.13.478
Time & Region	Distribution: wavestore-el7-6.13.118 Motherboard: Supermicro X11SSV-Q
Storage	Server Administration
Email	Restart Process Reboot System Shutdown System

Figure 6.10: Server Setup Screen - General Page

Server Administration

The Server Administration submenu allows the server to be shutdown, the Server software program to be restarted, or the server completely rebooted. During the last operations, the client software will disconnect temporarily, and then reconnect once the server is back online.

6.2.2 Network

The Network setup page allows configuration of network interfaces as well as creating secondary and bond interfaces. This section explains how this configuration can be made.

The default configuration for all network interfaces is use DHCP (automatic IP address allocation). If a DHCP server is available, an IP address will be automatically obtained and this will be displayed in the "Current Interface Status" for the selected interface as shown below:

<u>File View Tools History</u>	y <u>H</u> elp	
Users Server	Cameras Active Maps Server Group Failover Schedules Custom Channel Tree	Upgrade ee Server
₩ MyVMS	Server Settings	Bave Reset
General	Add Secondary Interface Add Bond Interface Remove Interface	
Network	enol eno2	
Licensing	✓ Enabled ■ Use Jumbo frames	
Time & Region	Slave to: None Manually configure	
Storage		
Email		
Image Authentication		
Encryption		
Spot Monitor Sequences	Current Interface Status	
I/O Devices	link/ether Oc:c4:7a:83:08:b8 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff inet 10.1.0.76/16 brd 10.1.255.255 scope global dynamic eno1 valid_lft 691162sec preferred_lft 691162sec	
PTZ Profiles	inet6 fe80::ec4:7aff:fe83:8b8/64 scope link valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever	
Miscellaneous		
Configuration Editor		

Figure 6.11: Confirming server IP address allocated by DHCP server

If the Wavestore server cannot find a DHCP server on the local network, it will have no IP address.

If you wish to manually configure the IP address for a network adaptor on the Wavestore server, click to select the adaptor you wish to set up, and select 'Manually Configure'.

A server may have multiple network adaptors, for example if the case of a server that has one adaptor connected to IP cameras, and the second adaptor connected to the site LAN/client PCs etc. Each network adaptor on your server is represented by an tab with a network name associated, eg, enp3s0. These names will vary depending on the hardware: see the hardware document for details of the names of the ports on the back of the machine. Select the adaptor that you wish to configure, by clicking on the tab.

The settings for this adaptor (including the hardware MAC address) will now be displayed.

Select 'Enable' to allow the network adapter to be used, otherwise it is diabled and is not assigned an ip address and behaves as if it is not present.

The 'Use Jumbo Frames' tick box enables a larger network MTU size of 9000 bytes. Normal frame size is quite small for modern fast gigabit networks, and jumbo frames are a way of making frames larger and more efficient, but this is not fully standardised and therefore this option is not enabled by default.

The 'Slave to' box allows bonding (see section below). Leave as None for normal operation.

To set an IP address, tick the 'Manually Configure' tick box, and enter the IP address, subnet mask and gateway for your server in the relevant fields.

The 'Current Interface Status' box displays the output of the ip address command and shows the IP address, MAC address and details.

<u>F</u> ile <u>V</u> iew <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> istory	<u>H</u> elp							
Users Server		Active rectory ®	Alps	Server Group	Failover	Schedules	Custom Channel Tree	Upgrade Server
₩ MyVMS			Server Set	ttings				Bave Reset
General	Add Secondary Inter	face Add Bon	d Interface	Remove Interfa	ce			
Network	eno1 eno2							
Licensing	Use Jumbo fram Slave to: None	nes						
Time & Region	Manually confi							
Storage	Import from							
Email		10.1.9.101 255.255.0.0						
Image Authentication		10.1.0.253						
Encryption	DNS server 1: DNS server 2:	10.1.0.100						
Spot Monitor Sequences	Current Interface	Status						
I/O Devices	inet 10.1.9.1	c4:7a:83:08:b8 01/16 brd 10.1 rever preferred	.255.255 sc	ff:ff:ff ope global eno1				
PTZ Profiles	inet6 fe80::e	c4:7aff:fe83:8b rever preferred	8/64 scope	link				
Miscellaneous								
Configuration Editor								

Figure 6.12: Manually configuring IP address

Note that Wavestore servers use TCP port 8601 to communicate. If it is necessary for a client outside a firewall to contact a server within a firewall, for example connecting to servers on a site over the internet, then port forwarding for port 8601 must be configured on the firewall/router at the site.

Secondary Network Addresses

A single network interface can have more than one network address. This might be useful if it needs to connect to cameras two separate subnets, for example 192.168.x.x and 10.1.x.x. It can also be used for 'Failover' where each machine has a physical address which os fixed, and in addition has a separate logical address which moves to a new machine when when that machine fails.

To add a secondary interface address, first enable the tab for the interface adapter required and then click the 'Add secondary interface' button.

The tab for the secondary interface is displayed and can be configured. Secondary interfaces end with :1, for example, enp3s0:1. The secondary interface can be enabled and set up as if it was a normal network

interface.

It is not normally required to enter DNS or Gateway settings for a secondary interface, as it will use the settings from the primary interface.

If desired to remove a secondary interface, select the appropriate tab and click 'Remove interface'.

Port Bonding

In many cases it is desirable to treat all the network interfaces on the machine as a single interface with a single IP address. If one network interface fails or the cable is broken, the others will continue to work. And if all are working, they share the data between them which increases the total network bandwidth linearly.

To set up Bonding, first add a Bond interface by clicking the 'Add bond interface' button, then click on the tab which will have a name like bond0 to select it.

The bond interface can be enabled and set up as if it was a normal network interface and it can have an IP address assigned.

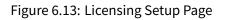
All physical interfaces which are to be bonded to bond0 need to have their 'Slave to' set up to bond0. If you make a physical interface a slave to a Bond master, then you do not assign an IP address to it, it is just treated as a data path for the master bond interface.

If you have a number of network interfaces on the hardware, it's possible to set some interfaces as bonded, and keep others independant. It's also possible to set multiple Bond interfaces, depending on your network requirements.

6.2.3 Licensing

A licence is entered on each Wavestore server to enable various system functions.

<u>File View Tools History</u>	<u>H</u> elp	-	-			-	
Users Server	Cameras	Active Directory ®	Amps	Server Group	Failover	Schedules	s Custom Channel Tre
Hyvms			Server S	ettings			
General	Server Licence Machine ID:	DRUF-PDRI	-тулк		Max concurr		Unlimited
Network	Server Licence:	cFppV-f5Ul	JD-3AobJ-W0	is 🥃	Max IP came Licensed fea	e cameras: ras: tures:	Unlimited 2 250 9EFF
Time & Region					Licence vers Upgrades to		6 6.20
Storage	Licensed Feature	s					
Email	Advanced Expo	ort	Feature De	scription - Enter	prise		
Image Authentication	Maps Event Stream a	and Search					
Encryption	Dewarping						
Spot Monitor Sequences	Licensed Integra	tion Modules	Мо	dule Description			
I/O Devices	INT-WS-OPTA						
PTZ Profiles	INT-WS-RAYT						
Miscellaneous							



It is recommended to note the Licence Details in case a software reinstallation is required in future.

If the details are misplaced, please contact Wavestore with the following details:

- Wavestore Server Serial Number
- Machine ID

The Server Licence must be entered on the server before the server can be configured for recording. This licence controls the following settings:

- Number of simultaneous WaveView Client Software connections to the server
- Number of Analogue Camera Channels
- Number of IP Camera Channels
- Number of EMS (Encoder and Multi-Sensor) Camera Channels

- Licensed Software Functions such as Advanced Exports, Live Events Stream, Maps, Server Groups, integration modules, Metadata support etc.
- "Upgrades To" this is the latest version of software which this licence allows the server to run. "Upgrade Bundles" can be purchased to allow later versions.

The server is supplied from Wavestore with the Machine ID preloaded.

Chargeable licence upgrades can be requested to increase functionality of the server (e.g. increase number of IP camera channels or client software connections); in such cases the licence is field upgradeable, and the server does not have to be returned to Wavestore.

The server licence can be viewed by following the menu path View \rightarrow Setup \rightarrow Server \rightarrow Licensing.

A charge may apply for reissuing a Wavestore licence if the original licence details are is lost.

6.2.4 Time & Region

The Time and Region menu allows the configuration of the server time, time zone, and time synchronisation to another device (e.g. Wavestore server or NTP time source).

We recommend that you configure the server time and date before you start recording footage from audio/video devices. Alternatively, if you make a large change in the time/date, reformat the server hard disks after you have carried this out.

File View Tools H	listory <u>H</u> elp							
	erver Cameras	Active Directory ®	All Maps	Server Group	Failover	Schedules	Custom Channel Tree	Upgrade Server
₽ MyVMS			Server	Settings				Bave Rese
General	Settings for	MyVMS [10.1.9.10	1]					
	Time Zone:	(UTC) Dublin,	Edinburgh,	Lisbon, London			 Apply to (
Network	Time Sett	ings						
Licensing	Set N	1anually:						
		Serve	r Time:	07/08/2018 15:17	:47	~	Set Time	
Time & Region								
Storage	Use a	n NTP Server:						
							Apply to Gro	
Email								
Image Authentication	n							server

Region Settings

Figure 6.14: Time and Region settings

The server hardware's own internal clock is set to the UTC time zone (BIOS settings). Using the Wavestore software, we can apply an offset for the local Time Zone, including local daylight saving changes; you should carry this out prior to setting the time.

To configure, select the region that you require from the dropdown menu, then click 'Save'. You will now be prompted to restart the server.

Once the server software has restarted, confirm that the correct time is displayed in the 'Server Time' field. If not, you can adjust the time as described below.

Time Settings – Manual

Before adjusting the time, confirm that the correct Time Zone has been selected (as described in section 6.2.4 -). Enter the current time, click the 'Set Time' button, then click on 'Save'

For a small change in time (less than 29 minutes), the server time will slew slowly by approximately 1 second per minute, until the desired time is reached. This ensures the time stamp on the footage never jumps, which would be confusing, and in particular it never jumps backwards.

This behaviour occurs irrespective of the time source: it behaves the same when using NTP and when setting the time manually.

ime Zone:	(UTC) Dublin, Edinburg	h, Lisbon, London	 Apply to G 	
Time Settin	gs			
Set Ma	nually:			
	Server Time:	07/08/2018 15:22:43	Set Time	
	Slewing From:	07/08/2018 15:23:17		
单 Use an	NTP Server:			
			Apply to Grou	р
			Sync Group to This S	

Figure 6.15: Time and Region settings – Slewing of server time after time has been set manually

For a larger time change (greater than 29 minutes), it would take too long to slew the time so a time jump will be required. It is unlikely that this will be necessary in normal operation; indeed if you need to change the time by several hours then it probably indicates you have selected an incorrect time zone.

Time Settings – Jumping time

A time jump forwards of more than 29 minutes must be handled specially, and jumping backwards by more than 29 minutes might lose footage because footage is indexed by time and that time is overwritten.

The system has protection against time jumping backwards. On restart, if time has jumped back, it will automatically jump forwards to 1 minute after the time of last recording, to prevent overwriting of video

footage. This probably isn't quite the correct time, but if the jump was caused by a reboot then the time will be close and can easily be slewed to the correct time.

There is no protection against time jumping forwards over a reboot because time does that continuously (if the time appears to have jumped forwards by 1 day, perhaps the Wavestore server was simply switched off for 1 day).

Occasionally it will be necessary to deliberately jump the time backwards. This will lose footage because the footage recorded after new 'current' time will become inaccessible.

The "slewtimefast" command has been added to slew for periods longer than half an hour without losing any footage or switching off. However this does take a long time, typically 10 times the time to be slewed.

Also, commands "jumptime" (forwards) and "jumptimeback-delete" (backwards, deleting only the period being overwritten by the time change) are available.

To jump time forwards (the easy case):

- Change the hardware clock to the correct time (e.g. change by 1 hour) (Typically using WaveView Set Time; disable NTP for this).
- Execute Command: jumptime
- Time will change immediately, giving an apparent time gap in the footage but all footage is recorded and none lost.
- Fault will be logged in the system log because the time jump does not represent normal operation. Clear Fault to clear.
- If desired, enable NTP.

To jump time backwards immediately:

- Change the hardware clock to the correct time (e.g. change by 1 day) (Typically using WaveView Set Time; disable NTP for this).
- Execute Command: jumptimeback-delete
- Time will change immediately, overwriting the footage which had a time which is now in the future. FOOTAGE WILL BE DELETED!!
- Fault will be logged in the system log because the time jump does not represent normal operation. Clear Fault to clear.
- Restart the server if needed (it will prompt you to do this) as certain timers will be upset by this jump.
- If desired, enable NTP.

To slew the time without losing all footage:

- Change the hardware clock to the correct time (e.g. change by 1 hour) (Typically using WaveView Set Time; disable NTP for this).
- Execute Command: slewtimefast
- Do not reboot, but leave the system running. It will slew at a rate of 1:10. So a 1 hour slew will take 10 hours, and a 24 hour slew will take 10 days. Note that the desired target slew time will be reset multiple times by this mechanism. If a reboot or restart is necessary, reset the correct time and issue slewtimefast again after the restart/reboot.

• If desired, enable NTP. It is possible to do this before the slew has completed; it will be ignored until the time is almost right.

Time Settings - NTP

Network Time Protocol (NTP) can be used to synchronise the server time with a networked time source. All Wavestore servers are NTP time sources, so for example a system with 6 servers can have 5 servers set to synchronise to Server 1, and that server can synchronise to an upstream time source.

To configure NTP, check the 'Use an NTP Server' radio button, enter the IP address of the time source in the box provided, and click 'Save' to confirm your changes. Multiple IP addresses can be added separated by spaces, and they will be tried in sequence until a good one is found.

If is also possible to use a domain name instead of an IP address, however it is recommended to synchonise to a local time source is possible.

Settings for My	/VMS [10.1.9.101]		
Time Zone:	(UTC) Dublin, Edinburg	h, Lisbon, London	Apply to Group
Time Setting	gs		
Set Mar	nually:		
			Set Time
Use an	NTP Server:		
	Server:	10.1.0.253	Apply to Group
			oup to This Server

Figure 6.16: Time and Region settings – NTP Server option selected

Synchronising with GPS clock

The Wavestore server can also be synchronised with a GPS clock over a serial link, using NMEA protocols. This will normally connect to a USB port on the server, possibly via a USB-RS232 converter.

To set this up, use the IO/Devices screen and Add a new device on the appropriate serial port using Protocol NMEA.

Synchronising with IRIG-J

The Wavestore server can also be synchronised with a IRIG-J clock over a serial link.

To set this up, use the IO/Devices screen and Add a new device on the appropriate serial port using Protocol IRIG.

6.2.5 Storage

The Storage screen is used to manage hard disks and other storage devices. The screen displays various statistics about the available devices such as size, percentage used, drive model and serial number, format status and device letter. The screen also allows various operations to be performed on these devices including...

- Formatting storage devices
- Assigning "Drive letters" to storage devices
- Creating RAID arrays from individual disks
- Configuring iSCSI storage devices
- Switching all disks to read-only mode (all recording stopped) to protect critical footage and prevent it from being overwritten

The subject of configuring storage is quite in-depth and can vary depending on the storage technology used. Therefore the section 9.13 - Configuring Storage Devices offers in-depth information for each supported storage system.

The rest of this section will explain the various UI elements and buttons in the Storage setup screen, then walk through configuring simple Direct Attached Disks.

Network	🧾 s01	4000GB (27.21% full)		
Network		40000B (27.21% TUIL)	FORMATTED	To Selected:
	Model (serial):Al	A-WDC-WD4000FYYZ-0	(WD-WMC130191439)	Auto Assign Drives
A	Drive letter :	D 🔫	Enable Auto-formatting	Format
icensing			Flash Good Drives LEDs	
Fime & Region	🗾 s02	4000GB (0.00% full)	FORMATTED	
	Model (serial):A1	A-WDC-WD4000FYYZ-0	(WD-WMC130229266)	
Storage	Drive letter :		Enable Auto-formatting	
			Flash Good Drives LEDs	
Email	🗐 s03	4000GB (0.00% full)	FORMATTED	
a se de l'activitation	Model (serial):A7	A-WDC-WD4000FYYZ-0	(WD-WCC130689414)	
mage Authentication	Drive letter :	F 👻	Enable Auto-formatting	
ncryption			Flash Good Drives LEDs	
	🗾 s04	4000.8GB	UNCONFIGURED	
Spot Monitor Sequences	Model (serial):A1	A-WDC-WD4000FYYZ-0	(WD-WMC130316039)	
	Drive letter :	None 👻	Enable Auto-formatting	Add Swapped Drives
/O Devices	sda	64.0GB	SYSTEM	
	Model (serial):A1	ra-sata-ssd- (96D70762	1B2400196925)	Create Drive Array
PTZ Profiles				Refresh List
Miscellaneous			Switch all disks to read-only mode	Attach iSCSI

Storage Screen Buttons

Here we will explain what each of the buttons in the Storage setup screen does:

Drive Letter Selection

Each storage disk or "volume" has a drop-down menu to allow a Drive Letter to be assigned. These are used to refer that device elsewhere in the software. For example when choosing which disk a camera should record to.

Flash Good Drive LEDs

This function will cause the system to attempt to flash the disk activity on LED(s) on the disk, or disksif it is an array of disks. This helps identify faulty or missing disks as their LEDs will not be flashing.

Auto Assign Drives

This function is used to quickly assign drive letters to a large number of disks. Select the desired drives and click the button. Holding Shift or Ctrl when selecting the disks allows selecting a range.

Add Swapped Drives

This button is used when attempting to re-incorporate disks. For example if a disk was removed and re-inserted it may show as Unformatted. Similarly if a RAID array has a failed disk and it is replaced, this button will incorporate the replacement drive into the array.

Create Drive Array

This button allows need RAID arrays to be created. These could be HyperRAID or MegaRAID arrays. Setting up such systems is described in section 9.13 - Configuring Storage Devices.

Refresh List

This causes the Wavestore to refresh its list of available disks. This operation is performed when first entering the Storage screen, but refreshing is useful if a disk has been physically inserted or removed, or its state has possibly changed and needs to be checked again.

Note that occasionally after a major change, the disk subsystem will not have fully restarted when the display is automatically refreshed, and some disks might be shown as "MISSING". Clicking on "Refresh List" a few seconds later will show the correct state.

Attach iSCSI

This button launches a new dialog allowing network iSCSI devices to be searched for and connected to the Wavestore. This is described in more detail in section 9.13.3 - Configuring iSCSI Storage Devices.

Switch all disks to read-only mode

This option, when enabled, means that no recording or deletion will occur on any disk in the system. This is useful if there is a major incident and the entire system needs to be stored away for future use.

For example, if the system is set to record for no more than 31 days (using the 'Maximum' recording mode) and it were switched off and put into storage for two months, when it is switched on again it will immediately delete the footage which is older than 31 days. Enabling this option prevents such a problem from occurring.

Configuring New Storage Volumes

Before a hard disk (or other storage device) can be used, the disk needs to be formatted, and a device letter allocated to it.

When Wavestore servers are supplied new, all disks are preformatted and assigned letters, but it will be necessary to reallocate the drive letters if the server software is reinstalled at a later date, or if an additional/replacement hard disk is installed in the server.

It is also necessary to carry out this procedure if a removable storage device is to be used with the server. A drive letter must be allocated to the device after it has been attached to the server, before the device can be used recording footage.

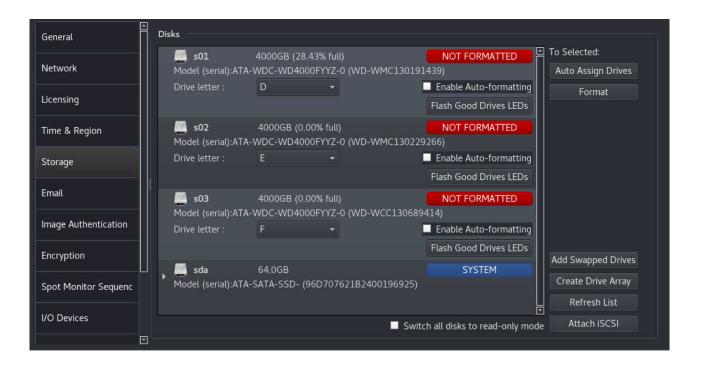
	s01	4000.8GB		UNCONFIGURED	To Selected:
Vetwork	Model (serial):AT) FYYZ-0 (WD-WN		Auto Assign Drives
	Drive letter :	None		Enable Auto-formatting	Format
icensing	🗾 s02	4000.8GB		UNCONFIGURED	
ime & Region	Model (serial):AT		DFYYZ-0 (WD-WN		
2	Drive letter :	None		Enable Auto-formatting	
Storage	s 03	4000.8GB		UNCONFIGURED	
	Model (serial):AT		DFYYZ-0 (WD-WO		
mail	Drive letter :	None		Enable Auto-formatting	
	, 🛄 sda	64.0GB		SYSTEM	
mage Authentication	Model (serial):AT	A-SATA-SSD- (9)	6D707621B2400	196925)	
Encryption					Add Swapped Drives
Spot Monitor Sequenc					Create Drive Array
					Refresh List
/O Devices					

We'll look now at the steps required to configure a newly installed drive, so that it can be used for recording.

In the screenshot above we have four devices...

- 3 storage disks, s01 to s03, marked as Unconfigured
- 1 "System" disk. This contains the operating system and is split into partitions. The arrow to the left causes the item to expand and show the partitions. This disk is shown for completeness but we won't use this for storing video.

Firstly we need to assign some drive letters to these disks and Save the changes...



In this case we assigned D, E, and F. It's convention to start at D for historical reasons.

As you can see, these disks are marked as Unformatted. So we can select all 3 and click the Format button.

You are about to format the follo you sure you want to continue?	wing drives, are
s01 s02 s03	
Format Force	0 / 3 Drives Formatted × <u>C</u> lose

Check that the correct disks and listed and click Format to perform the operation.

The "Force" option can be required when formatting disks that aren't already empty or LASS formatted, for example disks that are formatted for use with Windows or Linux. This is to prevent accidental formatting of a disk which isn't meant to be LASS-formatted, for example the operating system disk.

Once the drives have been formatted, they should show as Formatted in the main UI.

General	Disks			
Network	s01 Model (serial):ATA-	4000GB (0.00% full) WDC-WD4000FYYZ-0 (WD-WM	FORMATTED	To Selected: Auto Assign Drives
icensing	Drive letter :	D -	Enable Auto-formatting Flash Good Drives LEDs	Format
lime & Region	502 Model (serial):ATA-	4000GB (0.00% full) WDC-WD4000FYYZ-0 (WD-WM	FORMATTED C130229266)	
Storage	Drive letter :		Enable Auto-formatting Flash Good Drives LEDs	
Email	s03	4000GB (0.00% full) WDC-WD4000FYYZ-0 (WD-WC0	FORMATTED	
mage Authentication	Drive letter :	F -	Enable Auto-formatting	
Encryption	sda	64.0GB	Flash Good Drives LEDs SYSTEM	Add Swapped Drives
Spot Monitor Sequenc	Model (serial):ATA-	SATA-SSD- (96D707621B24001	96925)	Create Drive Array Refresh List
I/O Devices			■ Switch all disks to read-only mode	Attach iSCSI

The volumes are now ready for use, and can have recording tracks allocated to them.

6.2.6 Email

The Wavestore server can be configured to send an email to configured recipient(s), in the event of a configured Event (section 6.11 - Event Rules) being triggered.

The Email setup screen is accessed by the menu path (View \rightarrow Setup \rightarrow Email). In order to configure the Email function we need to enter the following details:

Server This is the hostname or IP address of the SMTP server. This field is required.

Port This is the port number of the SMTP server. Default is 25.

Sender This is the email address to be used as the sender. i.e. the "from" address. This field is mandatory.

- User This is the username for authentication with the SMTP server. Not mandatory.
- **Password** This is the password for authentication with the SMTP server. Not mandatory.
- **Use SSL** Enables SSL mode if checked. Default is disabled. Normally not needed as security is auto-negotiated with the commonly used STARTTLS mechanism.
- **Throttle Count** Provides a throttling mechanism to prevent lots of repeated emails being sent to the same sender. See below for more details. Default is 10.
- **Throttle Duration** Duration in minutes for checking whether to throttle email sending. See below for more details. Default is 60 minutes.

Debug Will log extra information to the System Log to help diagnose issues if enabled. Default is disabled.

The throttling mechanism requires two parameters to be set - Throttle Count and Throttle Duration. Count is the number of emails and Duration is the time period for the count. So for example if Throttle Count is

10 and Throttle Duration is 60, 10 emails within an hour will be permitted, but an 11th will be discarded. Throttled emails are not counted so emails will eventually be allowed through again.

The throttling mechanism takes into account:

- The Cause of the event (e.g. Input, Motion)
- The Source parameter (which might be camera number for certain events such as Motion or Darkening, input number for Input events, etc.)
- The email Recipient

So for example if Input 1 is triggered many times and throttling occurs to prevent a recipient receiving too many emails, Input 2 may still trigger an email to that recipient since it is a different event.

For this mechanism to work, all sent emails are logged in a database. The database is trimmed when it reaches a certain size but doesn't take up much space and can easily stored a few tens of thousands of records. To force deleting the database, use the WaveView "Execute Command" tool to run "clear-tmp".

To configure email recipients, click 'Add' and enter the destination email addresses as required.

Users Server		Active Actory ®	Maps	Server Group	Failover	Schedules	Custom Channel Tree	Upgrade Server
₩ MyVMS			Server S	Settings				Bave Reset
General	Email Setup							
Network	S <u>e</u> rver: <u>P</u> ort:	smtp.myco 25	mpany.com					0
Licensing	Se <u>n</u> der:	me@myco	mpany.com					
Time & Region	User: Password:	me	•••••					
Storage	Use SSL:							
Email	Throttle Count: Throttle Duration:	10 60 minutes						0
Image Authentication	Debug:							<u> </u>
Encryption	Recipients							Add
Spot Monitor Sequences	person@email.co person2@email.co							<u>A</u> dd Delete
I/O Devices								
PT7 Profiles								

Figure 6.17: Email Configuration Menu

6.2.7 Image Authentication

The Wavestore Server offers an Image Authentication function (sometimes known as 'watermarking') that can be used to ensure that an image or set of images were originally recorded on a particular Wavestore server, and have not been subsequently tampered with.

When Authentication is enabled, the Video Display will show the authentication status of the video stream.

Authentication is only possible on recorded images, not live. There is a short delay before recorded images can be verified; in these cases, the Video Displays may show the orange 'Authentication not checked' icon.

Authentication is also possible on exported video when played through the WaveView client software.

Configuration of Image Authentication requires enabling Signature Stream Recording, and use of a Digital Certificate. There are two types of digital certificate which can be used with Wavestore...

Self-signed

Available on servers running v6.20 or later. These certificates are automatically generated when authentication is enabled and are the easiest way to get up and running. However they are considered less secure than CA-signed certificates.

CA-signed

These certificates are generated and digitally signed by a Certificate Authority (Wavestore Global Limited). For these certificates it is necessary to generate a "certificate request" and send it to Wavestore Global Limited to request an official digital certificate. A charge may apply. The digital certificate can then be installed.

Signature Stream Recording

Data relating to Image Authentication needs to be recorded to the Wavestore server. To enable this, enable the 'Signature Stream Recording' checkbox.

₩ My VMS		Server Se	ttings			Bave Reset
General	Signature Stream R					
Network	 Use camera grou Use these setting 		1 - Group 1			
Licensing	Place to save record Keep recording for:	ing:	D 31 days			
Time & Region	Certificate					
Storage	Organisation:	My Org				
	Server location:	Head Offi	ce			
Email	Loaded certificates:				Expiry Date	
Image Authentication		1 End of [December 20	29 (se	elf-signed)	
Encryption						
Spot Monitor Sequenc					Save Request L	oad Certificate

The default recording settings are to use the same settings as the first Camera Group. That is, the same target disk and recording duration. An alternative Camera Group can be chosen.

Alternatively, choose "Use these settings:" and specify the desired disk and duration to keep the recordings.

Certificate

The 'Certificate' section of the 'Image Authentication' setup page shows details of any currently installed digital certificate.

Image Authentication	
Certificate	
Organisation:	VMS
Server location:	Main Office
Loaded certificates:	Expiry Date
	1 End of April 2018
	Save Request Load Certificate

If it is a self-signed certificate then it will show "(self-signed)" after the certificate expiry date.

To switch from a self-signed certificate to a CA-signed one, the following procedure should be followed:

- Complete the 'Organisation' and 'Server location' fields.
- Save the changes.
- Click 'Save Request' to create the certificate request.
- Save the file and email it to support@wavestore.com.
- Once a reply is received containing the CA-signed certificate, choose 'Load Certificate' and select the certificate file.

Please note that once the Image Authentication Certificate has expired, a new certificate must be obtained and loaded in the same manner.

6.2.8 Encryption

The Wavestore uses encryption for three purposes:

Password protection

A one way encryption is used to protect passwords

Command protection

Sensitive commands sent over the network are encrypted

Video protection

The system can encrypt video and audio from capture until playback using end-to-end encryption

These are largely distinct methods of encryption. The one-way password encryption is performed using a secure one-way hash function and is transparent to the user.

Commands sent over the network are encrypted using RSA public key encryption for negotiation and then AES128 for content encryption, and this too is transparent to the user. It is similar to using HTTPS to access your web server.

Video and Audio can be encrypted at the point of recording. It remains encrypted on disk, when sent over the network, and when backed up to a backup device. It is decrypted only at the point of viewing on the WaveView client. This is not transparent to the user as it requires key distribution, and it is described in the next section.

Video Encryption

The Wavestore server can encrypt recorded video and audio, such that it can only be viewed by users that hold a special 'private key'.

The configuration steps required to enable this functionality are as follows:

- Generate a key pair creating a public key and a private key
- Load the public key onto the Wavestore server (menu path View \rightarrow Setup \rightarrow Server \rightarrow Encryption).
- Enable Signature Stream Recording as described in section 6.2.7 .
- Enable encryption for each individual channel that you wish to encrypt.

• Distribute the private key to any WaveView client that is required to access the video and audio. The Encryption setup screen shows the public key so that it can be copied or checked if necessary.

En	cryption
	Save Public Key
	Load Public Key

When WaveView client (running either on the server itself, or a client PC) first detects encrypted footage, the operator is prompted to load the private encryption key. If this key is valid, the video will be displayed (or audio played). Otherwise it will not be possible to view/listen to the encrypted footage.

Details of how to load the private key onto the WaveView client, in order to access encrypted audio/video streams, is contained in section 3.6.2.3 - Encryption State icons.

6.2.9 Spot Monitor Sequences

Certain analogue compression cards may have one or more spot monitor outputs. These can be configured to display different cameras in a sequence from the various video inputs on that card.

The Wavestore also supports the concept of Virtual Spot Monitors which allows switching of any camera in the system to a "virtual camera". So that camera can be displayed in WaveView and it will switch its contents to the source camera. Creating *'Virtual Spot Monitors'* is described in section 9.10 - Configuring Virtual Spot Monitors.

As an example, a sequential display of cameras can be configured viewing camera 1 for 2 seconds, camera 3 for 2 seconds, camera 5 for 5 seconds, and camera 11 for 5 seconds; then returning to the start of the sequence (camera 1) and so on. Dwell time can be configured individually for each camera selected, and cameras may be repeated with different dwell times in each instance.

The Spot Monitor output can also be configured to react to digital inputs/motion events etc.; this is carried out in the Event Rules section (see section 6.11 - Event Rules).

To create a Spot Monitor Sequence, navigate to its setup screen - View \rightarrow Setup \rightarrow Server \rightarrow Spot Monitor Sequences'.

Users Server	Cameras Active Directory ®	Maps Server Grou		edules Custom Upgrade Channel Tree Server
My VMS		Server Settings		Save Reset
Storage Email Image Authentication Encryption Spot Monitor Sequenc I/O Devices PTZ Profiles Miscellaneous Configuration Editor	6 - Virtual Spot Monitor Device Tree Camera 1 Camera 2 Camera 3 Camera 4 Camera 5 Camera 6	Sequence	Clear sequ	ence

In the screenshot above we have selected the spot monitor channel 6. We can select a different spot monitor to configure if desired by using the drop-down menu.

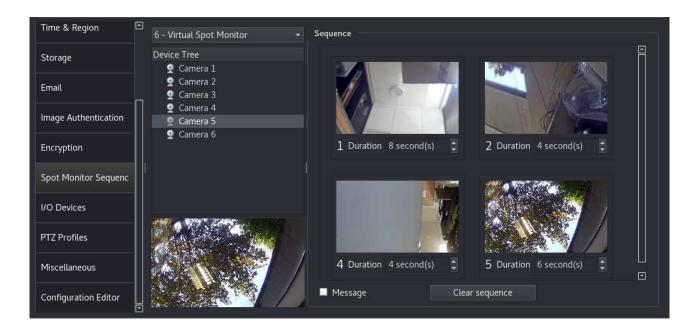
Under the spot monitor select is the list of cameras on this server. Note that we can only use cameras on the current server. For analogue spot monitor outputs we can only use analogue inputs from the same capture card.

To create a sequence we simply drag and drop cameras from the Device Tree into the Sequence area on the right. Clicking on a camera channel displays the image from that camera.

The duration that each camera channel will be displayed can be configured using the up and down arrows.

It is also possible to select either the High or Low resolution streams (corresponding to Streams 1 and 2 in the Cameras setup screen). If the selected stream is not available, the server will try to use the other one.

When using IP cameras with codecs that use I-frames and P-frames, such as H.264, the camera will only switch when an I-frame is received within dwell time. The timer is reset when the camera is switched to, meaning that these 'dwell times' are less precise the larger the interval between I-frames.



The 'Message' checkbox defines if subtitles should appear on the spot monitor output, but only applies to analogue spot monitor outputs.

To remove a configured sequence, click on 'Clear'.

Once the sequence has been configured, click on 'Save', and the spot monitor will display the saved sequence.

6.2.10 I/O Devices

The Wavestore Server can be interfaced with peripheral I/O devices such as:

- input/output devices that can be configured in the Event Rules menu (see section 6.11 Event Rules) e.g. to control recording on the server, and/or activate an output.
- external control device
- NMEA devices (e.g. GPRMC clocks for time synchronisation)
- Supported IP cameras that notify Wavestore server of detected events (e.g. Motion Detected) using proprietary message formats (e.g. HTTP/CGI)
- Supported POS Devices we wish to record data (e.g. transaction details) from, for use with Metadata recording

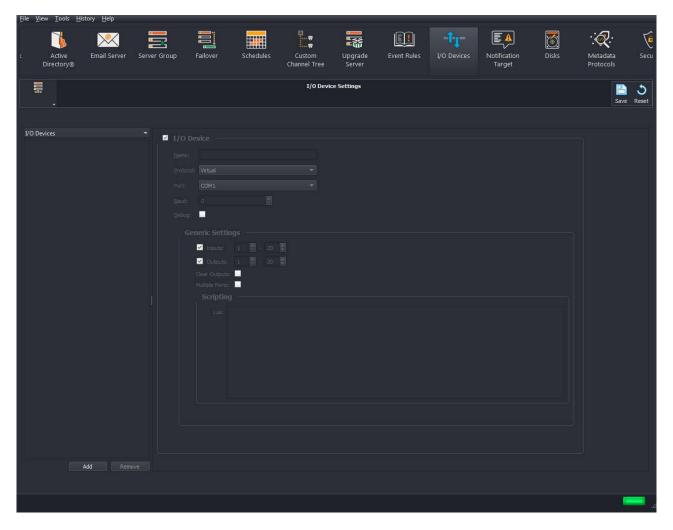


Figure 6.18: I/O Devices screen

To configure a device, click on 'Add', and then select the correct Protocol for your device.

6.2.10.1 Configuring Stretch Alarm Boards as Input/Output devices

If your server is fitted with a Stretch VRC7008ALM Alarm board, these devices are auto detected by the server software, and no configuration is required for them in the I/O Devices menu.

In the Event Rules menu, inputs/outputs on configured I/O devices listed in the format Device Name and ID: Input/Output Number, e.g. Stretch 1:1. Inputs/Outputs on the Stretch alarm board are automatically detected by the server and numbers assigned to each input output. If you have additional I/O devices (e.g. Wavestore USB Alarm Board), numbers need to be assigned to these inputs/outputs manually, make sure that each input/output has a unique number assigned that does not clash with any input/output.

The eight digital inputs on the VRC7008ALM board will appear in the Event Rules menu as follows:

Event causes	 Parameters 			
Alarm Camera Event Camera Movement Darkening Fault Input Login Denied Login Successful Motion Recording Video Loss Warning	Alarm Inputs:	1 - (Stretch 1:1) 2 - (Stretch 1:2) 3 - (Stretch 1:3) 4 - (Stretch 1:4) 5 - (Stretch 1:5) 6 - (Stretch 1:6) 7 - (Stretch 1:7) 8 - (Stretch 1:8) 9 - (Stretch 1:8) 9 - (Stretch 1:10) 11 - (Stretch 1:11) 12 - (Stretch 1:12) 13 - (Stretch 1:13)		
			ОК	Cancel

Figure 6.19: I/O Devices, Stretch Alarm Board Inputs

The eight relay outputs on the VRC6008-ALM board will appear in the Event Rules menu as follows:

Event actions	*	Parameters —			
Alarm Boost Email a video clip Notify Output Play Sound PTZ Preset Record Record Metadata Script Send Email Set Cause Parameters Spot Monitor Text1 Text2	ann.	Alarm Outputs: Text:	1 - (Stretch 1:1) 2 - (Stretch 1:2) 3 - (Stretch 1:3) 4 - (Stretch 1:4) 5 - (Stretch 1:5) 6 - (Stretch 1:6) 7 - (Stretch 1:7) 8 - (Stretch 1:8) 9 - (Stretch 1:8) 10 - (Stretch 1:10) 11 - (Stretch 1:11) 12 - (Stretch 1:12) 13 - (Stretch 1:13)		
		Event Type:	Both 👻	Post Event Time:	0 🗘 sec
				ок	Cancel

Figure 6.20: I/O Devices, Stretch Alarm Board outputs

6.2.10.2 Configuring 16 input USB Alarm Boards as an I/O device

Configuration for a USB Alarm Board is carried out as follows:

- Click on 'Add' and enter the name for your new device
- In the Protocol field, select 'WaveAlarm'
- In the Port section, select Alarm-x-y.z from the dropdown list (e.g. ALARM-2-1.5 in the example below)
- In the Baud section, select '9600'
- In the Generic settings section, assign a range of numbers to the sixteen Inputs; each USB Alarm Board must be assigned a unique range of input numbers that do not clash with any other Alarm Devices
- In the Generic settings section, assign a range of numbers to the sixteen Outputs; each USB Alarm Board must be assigned a unique range of output numbers that do not clash with any other Alarm Devices

An example configuration is shown below:

<u>File View Tools</u>	<u>History</u> <u>H</u>	lelp								
Custom Upg		Event Rules	DI Devices	Notificatio		Disks	: Metadata	Security	Adva	anced
	rver			Target			Protocols		Config	uration
4458 -				I/O Device	Settings				E Save	ර Reset
I/O Devices			☑ I/O Device							4
16 Input USB Alar	m Board		Name:	16 Input US	B Alarm I	Board				
				' WaveAlarm			.			
				ALARM3-11			•			
			Baud:	9600 	Ę					
			Debug:							
			Generi	c Settings						
				Inputs:	1	- 16 🌻				
				Outputs:	1	- 16 🛟				
			Cle	ar Outputs:						
A	dd F	Remove								⊡
									Į	

Figure 6.21: I/O Devices screen – USB Alarm Board configuration

In the Event Rules screen, the USB alarm board will appear as follows in the Event Cause sub menu:

Event causes	Parameters		
Alarm Camera Event Camera Movement Darkening Fault Input Login Denied Login Successful Motion Recording Video Loss Warning	Alarm Inputs:	 1 - (16 Input USB Alarm Board:1) 2 - (16 Input USB Alarm Board:2) 3 - (16 Input USB Alarm Board:3) 4 - (16 Input USB Alarm Board:4) 5 - (16 Input USB Alarm Board:5) 6 - (16 Input USB Alarm Board:6) 7 - (16 Input USB Alarm Board:7) 8 - (16 Input USB Alarm Board:8) 9 - (16 Input USB Alarm Board:9) 10 - (16 Input USB Alarm Board:9) 	
		<u>C</u> ancel <u>O</u> K	

Figure 6.22: I/O Devices screen – USB Alarm Board digital inputs

In the Event Rules screen, the USB alarm board will appear as follow in the Event Action sub menu:

Event actions	Parameters							
Alarm Boost Email a video clip Notify		2 - (16 Input 3 - (16 Input	USE	3 Alarm Board: 3 Alarm Board: 3 Alarm Board: 3 Alarm Board:	2) 3)			1
Output Play Sound PTZ Preset Record Record Metadata Script		5 - (16 Input 6 - (16 Input 7 - (16 Input 8 - (16 Input	USE USE USE USE	3 Alarm Board: 3 Alarm Board: 3 Alarm Board: 3 Alarm Board: 3 Alarm Board:	:5) :6) :7) :8)			
Send Email	Text:							
Set Cause Parameters Spot Monitor Text1 Text2	Event Type:	Both		Post Event Ti	me:	0		sec
					Ca	ncel	<u>O</u> k	<

Figure 6.23: I/O Devices screen – USB Alarm Board relay outputs

6.2.10.3 Configuring 20 input USB Alarm Boards as an I/O device

Configuration for a USB Alarm Board is carried out as follows:

- Click on 'Add' and enter the name for your new device
- In the Protocol field, select 'WaveAlarm'
- In the Port section, select one of the USB ports (e.g. 'usb1'); each USB Alarm Board must be assigned a unique port number that is not being used by any other USB devices (e.g. USB Alarm Board/RS485 PTZ adaptor)
- In the Baud section, select '9600'
- In the WaveAlarm settings section, assign a range of numbers to the twenty Inputs; each USB Alarm Board must be assigned a unique range of input numbers that do not clash with any other Alarm Devices
- In the WaveAlarm settings section, assign a range of numbers to the twenty Outputs; each USB Alarm Board must be assigned a unique range of output numbers that do not clash with any other Alarm Devices

An example configuration is shown below:

<u>File View Tools History H</u> elp							
ules Custom Upgrade E Channel Tree Server	ivent Rules	ou paio /O Devices	Notification Target	Disks	Metadata Protocols	Security	ر Adı Confi
4458		I/O Devi	ce Settings			E Save	ර Reset
I/O Devices 🔶	Port: <u>B</u> aud: <u>D</u> ebug:	20 Input WaveAlar ALARM3- 9600					
Add Remove		ric Settings I Inputs: I Outputs: lear Outputs luttiple Ports					

Figure 6.24: I/O Devices screen – USB Alarm Board configuration

In the Event Rules screen, the USB alarm board will appear as follows in the Event Cause sub menu:

Event causes	Parameters		
Alarm Camera Event Camera Movement Darkening Fault	Alarm Inputs:	 1 - (20 Input USB Alarm Board:1) 2 - (20 Input USB Alarm Board:2) 3 - (20 Input USB Alarm Board:3) 4 - (20 Input USB Alarm Board:4) 5 - (20 Input USB Alarm Board:5) 	
Input Login Denied Login Successful Motion Recording Video Loss Warning		6 - (20 Input USB Alarm Board:6) 7 - (20 Input USB Alarm Board:7) 8 - (20 Input USB Alarm Board:8) 9 - (20 Input USB Alarm Board:9) 10 - (20 Input USB Alarm Board: 10	
		<u>C</u> ancel <u>O</u> K	

Figure 6.25: I/O Devices screen – USB Alarm Board digital inputs

In the Event Rules screen, the USB alarm board will appear as follow in the Event Action sub menu:

Event actions	✓ Parameters				
Alarm Boost Email a video clip Notify	Alarm Outputs	 1 - (20 Input USI 2 - (20 Input USI 3 - (20 Input USI 4 - (20 Input USI 	3 Alarm Board:2) 3 Alarm Board:3)		Ξ
Output Play Sound PTZ Preset Record Record Metadata		5 - (20 Input USI 6 - (20 Input USI 7 - (20 Input USI 8 - (20 Input USI 9 - (20 Input USI	3 Alarm Board:5) 3 Alarm Board:6) 3 Alarm Board:7) 3 Alarm Board:8)		
Script Send Email	Text:				
Set Cause Parameters Spot Monitor Text1 Text2	Event Type:	Both 👻	Post Event Time:	0	sec 🤇
			<u>C</u> a	incel	ОК

Figure 6.26: I/O Devices screen – USB Alarm Board relay outputs

6.2.10.4 Configuring an SOM Device as an I/O device

SOM protocol is used to interface the Wavestore server with the SOM1 module available from CPC. It supports 4 event outputs only.

For full details of support for SOM (Serial Output Module) protocol devices, please contact the Wavestore Support Team.

<u>File View To</u>	ools <u>H</u> istory	<u>H</u> elp						
erver Group	Failover	Schedules	Custom Channel Tree	Upgrade Server	Event Rules	et to pare	Notification Target	Disks
4458				I/O Device S	ettings			Bave Reset
I/O Devices SOM Device	Add	Remove	I/O Device <u>N</u> ame: <u>P</u> rotocol: Port: <u>B</u> aud: <u>D</u> ebug:	SOM Device				

Figure 6.27: I/O Devices screen – SOM protocol device

6.2.10.5 Configuring an NMEA Device as an I/O device

NMEA protocol is used for GPS system integration. It is primarily used to set the system time from the GPS. It can also generate positional text event inputs and set the system time.

To set the time: chose which of the NMEA commands will be used to set the time. Multiple fields may be comma separated but omitted or empty ones are treated as any permitted, but non-empty fields must match. Typically an RMC command will be used: \$GPRMC

Most GPS devices will output RMC commands. But in some cases it might be desirable to synchronise to the time or position using another command, so flexibility is provided.

An option is available to allow bad checksums for the few NMEA devices which do not provide correct checksums. An 'Accurate after' parameter specifies number of fixes before a fix are considered accurate. Default 750. Before this, an error of 16s is assumed because of the difference between GPS and UTC timescales. This correction is only broadcast every 12.5 minutes and therefore for the initial 750 fixes the time information might not be in UTC.

A 'delay' parameter specifies delay from timestamp to the '\$' of the command being received. Default 3, which assumes the '\$' is sent within a millisecond of the time being computed, and since the '\$' takes 2ms to be sent at 4800 baud, the total is 3ms. This parameter can be used for fine tuning when the actual delay is known.

For location information, the same RMC command used for time can be used but it might be necessary to reject these unless the third field is an A, hence use \$GPRMC, , A for this event command field if positional events are required.

First Input: the INPUT event to trigger when location information arrives.

Fields: the fields which need to go to the TEXT field of INPUT. Field 0 is command name, field 1 the one after, etc. Checksum is treated as just another field. If multiple fields are included, the comma or star separator between them will be included. To get entire line (all fields including checksum but excluding newline at end), use fields 0 to 99. If using the RMC command, use fields 3 to 6 to get the position.

<u>File View Tools History H</u> elp		
erver Group Failover Schedules		t Rules I/O Devices Notification Disks
# 4458	I/O Device Settings	🖹 🕉 Save Reset
I/O Devices NMEA Device		
Add Remove		

Figure 6.28: I/O Devices screen – NMEA protocol device

6.2.10.6 Configuring an IRIG Device as an I/O device

IRIG protocol is used for Time integration.

To configure an IRIG device, configure protocol as 'IRIG', with baudrate '2400'.

erver Group Fallover Schedules Custom Custom <th><u>F</u>ile <u>V</u>iew</th> <th><u>T</u>ools <u>H</u>istory</th> <th><u>H</u>elp</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	<u>F</u> ile <u>V</u> iew	<u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> istory	<u>H</u> elp					
4458 Save Reset	erver Group	Failover		Custom	Upgrade		Notification	
IRIG Device Mame: IRIG Device Protocol: IRIG Port: COM1 Baud: 2400 Debug: IRIG-J Settings Offset: 0	the second s				I/O Device Set	ttings		
	199733473555587355759	2		<u>N</u> ame: <u>P</u> rotocol: Port: <u>B</u> aud: <u>D</u> ebug: IRIG–J	IRIG Device IRIG COM1 2400 Settings			

Figure 6.29: I/O Devices screen – IRIG protocol device

6.2.10.7 Configuring an IP Camera as an I/O device

An example of IP camera configuration is shown below:

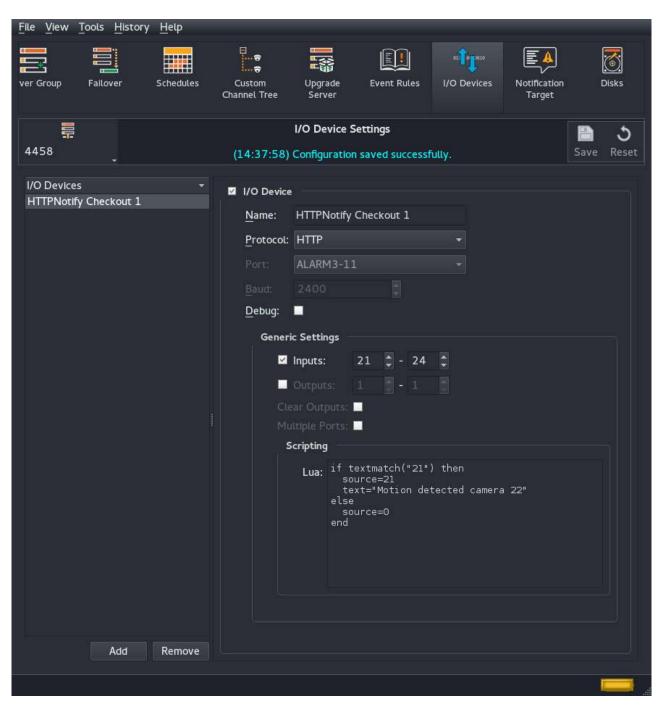


Figure 6.30: I/O Devices screen – HTTP Notification from IP camera

In this case, the IP cameras has been configured (using a Web Browser) to send HTTP Notifications of Motion Events to the Wavestore server. The Wavestore server has also been configured to record the Video Stream from the camera.

The Digital Input ID assigned to this I/O Device must match the Sort ID associated the camera channel in the Devices menu. An integration module has been entered, to enable parsing of the data from the camera.

Actions required on the Wavestore server (e.g. record video from a camera, on an enabled track for an enabled camera channel, when an digital input is received) can be configured in the Event Rules screen

(see section 6.11 - Event Rules).

In this example below, the server is configured to record video from the 'Checkout 1' camera to Track 1, when the HTTP notification is received from that camera.

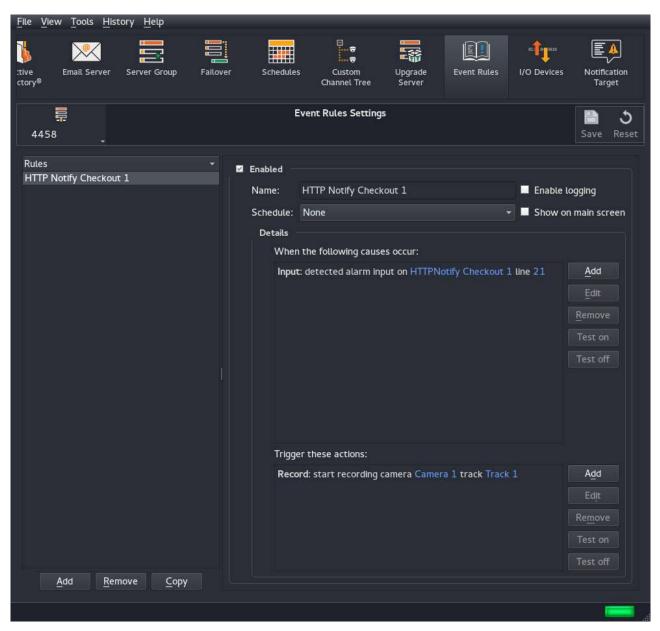


Figure 6.31: Event Rules screen – Motion Recording on HTTP Notification from IP camera

6.2.10.8 Configuring a POS Device as an I/O device

An example of POS Device configuration is shown below:

<u>F</u> ile <u>V</u> iew	v <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> iste	ory <u>H</u> elp		-					
\ge							01 0 2010	E <u>a</u>	3
Server S	Server Group	Failover	Schedules	Custom Channel Tree	Upgrade Server	Event Rules	I/O Devices	Notification Target	Disks
4458	-			I/O	Device Settin	ngs			Save Reset
I/O Devi POS De			🗹 I/O Dev	ice					
FOS DE	VICE		<u>N</u> ame:	POS Devic	e				
			Protoc	ol: UDP					
			Port:	4001					
			Debug						
			Ger	eric Settings					
				🗹 Inputs:		21 🗘			
				Outputs:					
				Clear Outputs: Multiple Ports:					<u></u>
				Scripting					
				Construction of the second	wid=text:mat	tch("^Crew id	(%d%d)") or	crewid or "";	text
	Add	Remove							

Figure 6.32: I/O Devices screen – POS device sending UDP format data

In this case, the POS terminal is sending transaction data over the UDP transmission protocol to UDP port number 4001. An integration module has been configured to enable parsing of the data from the POS Device. The data stream from the POS Device has been assigned digital input number 21.

Actions required on the Wavestore server (e.g. record metadata from an external input, on an enabled Metadata track for an enabled camera channel) can be configured in the Event Rules screen.

In this example below, the server is configured to the Record Metadata from input 21, on the Metadata track for the 'Checkout 2' camera:

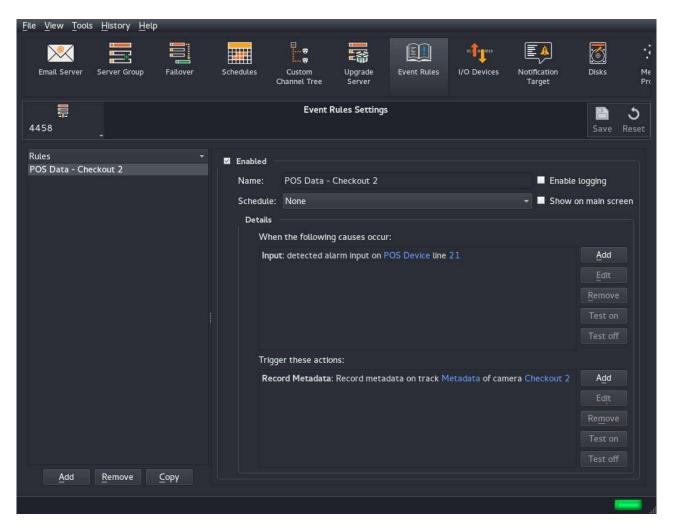


Figure 6.33: Event Rules screen – Recording Metadata from POS device

For further details, please contact the Wavestore Support Team.

6.2.11 PTZ Profiles

The 'PTZ Profiles' screen allows the configuration of collections of settings for PTZ control. Each individual camera can then be assigned a profile to use in the 'Cameras' setup screen. This often isn't necessary for IP cameras since the 'Auto' setting can handle most IP cameras without requiring manual configuration.

PTZ Profiles are always required for analogue PTZ camera configuration.

₩ ₩yVMS	Server Setti	ings		Bave Reset
Storage Profile 1	General <u>I</u> O port: COM <u>P</u> rotocol: Pelco			
Image Authentication Encryption Spot Monitor Sequenc	Use Custom A <u>B</u> aud rate: <u>P</u> arity:	ttributes 9600 None	 Use Custom Setting Tilt nudge speed: 1 Tilt nudge time: 100 	
I/O Devices PTZ Profiles	<u>D</u> ata bits: St <u>o</u> p bits:	8		
Miscellaneous Configuration Editor	ete			

To begin, click the 'Add' button to add a new profile with default settings. Then configure the following settings as required:

IO Port

This is the communication device to be used. It might be 'COM1' to 'COM4' for a serial port, or 'usb1' to 'usbN' for a USB serial device. For IP cameras it should be 'HTTP'.

Protocol

This is the communications protocol to be used. The list contains a large number of IP protocols as well as some analogue serial protocols which are found at the end of the list.

Use Custom Attributes

These are serial settings used only for analogue PTZ communication. The required settings will depend on the cameras in use and should be supplied by the camera manufacturer.

Use Custom Setting

These settings affect the speed and duration of PTZ nudge commands. These settings are rarely required.

Once the settings have been made and saved, the PTZ Profile will be available for selection in the 'Cameras' setup screen.

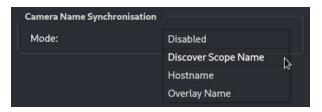
6.2.12 Miscellaneous

ONVIF Services



This option allows the server's ONVIF services to be enabled or disabled. By default on new installations they are disabled by default. Enabling them allows ONVIF functionality such as network discovery and restreaming of video.

Camera Name Synchronisation



In the *Cameras* setup screen, it is possible to pull camera names from the cameras, or push the locally configured names to the cameras. There are multiple places where these camera names might be stored on the camera. This setting determines which location should be used when pushing or pulling camera names.

Discover Scope Name

This is the name presented by the camera when scanning the network during a Discover operation.

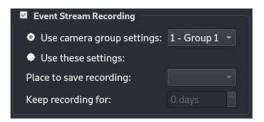
Hostname

This is the camera's hostname and is only available after correctly adding the camera with the correct username and password.

Overlay Name

This is the camera name stored in the camera's internal settings and is only available after correctly adding the camera with the correct username and password.

Event Stream Recording



A recording track can be configured to record events which occur on the currently selected server. Event search can only be performed if this recording track has been enabled.

To record these events, ensure the "Event Stream Recording" checkbox is checked. It is possible to either:

- Use the Disk and Recording Duration settings from a Camera Group (selectable but uses the first group by default)
- Manually specify the desired Disk and Recording Duration

Metadata Stream Recording

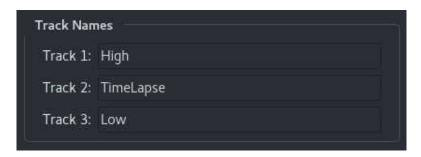


A recording track can be configured on the server itself (not associated with individual camera channels), for applications such as GPS data input.

To record this data it is possible to either:

- Use the Disk and Recording Duration settings from a Camera Group (selectable but uses the first group by default)
- Manually specify the desired Disk and Recording Duration

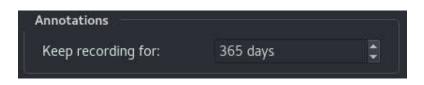
Track Names



Each of the three Recording Tracks can be given a 'friendly' name. This will be used in the UI in certain places such as the Find Screen.

To configure, click in the text field, enter the text you require, then click Save.

Annotations



This option determines how long annotations are preserved on the system. Unlike Event Stream and Metadata Stream recording, it is not necessary to specify a disk as the annotations are always stored to the same disk as the operating system.

6.2.13 Configuration Editor

<u>F</u> ile <u>V</u> iew <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> istory	<u>H</u> elp							
Users Server	Cameras	Active Directory ®	Q A Maps	Server Group	Failover	Schedules	Custom Channel Tre	Upgrade ee Server
₩ MyVMS			Server S	ettings				Bave Reset
General	<u>S</u> earch:					>> 🔳 Case se	nsitive	Expand
Network	Name International Internatio	Value						Save To File
	▶ [VideoStanda							Load From File
Licensing	 [Lang_1] [BandwidthV 	alues_1]						Load Backup
Time & Region	▶ [User_1] ▶ [User_2]							Load Default
	[Licence_1]						Un	sorted 👻
Storage	 [Network_1] [Network_2] 							
Email	 [System] [Sensors] [SmartSSD] 							
Image Authentication	 [DiskNames. [CameraGrout 							
Encryption	 [Camera_1] [Camera_2] [Camera_3] 							
Spot Monitor Sequences	 [SpotMonito [SMTP_1] 							
I/O Devices	 [Authenticati [Section_0x] [Ntp_1] 							
PTZ Profiles	 [Recipient_1 [%PWSAFE]]						
Miscellaneous								
Configuration Editor								

Figure 6.34: Configuration Editor

The 'Configuration Editor' menu contains a representation of the raw configuration file of the Wavestore server.

The Search dialog box allows the user to quickly find a configuration section by entering text, and then clicking on the '»' button.

The configuration file can be edited manually, saved for future use (onto removable media, or a networked WaveView PC), or overwritten by an imported file.

If required, the server configuration settings can be restored to their default state (click 'Load Default').

Saving and Loading Server Configuration File

It is good practice to back up the configuration file before making major changes to the configuration of the server (click 'Save to File').

A saved configuration file can be uploaded onto the server at a later date if required (click 'Load from File').

When loading a configuration file, several options are provided to prevent unique server settings being overwritten:

Current 'install' User Login Details

Network Settings

Licence

Disk Assignments

System Monitoring Settings (fans, temperatures, etc. usually specific to the model of hardware in use)

If attempting to load or save on the Wavestore server itself, it may be necessary to "mount" a USB device - see section 9.17 - Accessing a USB disk on the Wavestore server.

Loading a Backup Configuration File

The Wavestore automatically performs a backup of the configuration early every Monday morning. It also makes a backup whenever a configuration file is loaded and when a major version upgrade is performed. A maximum of 50 backups are stored, with the oldest being deleted once the limit is reached.

When the 'Load Backup' button is clicked, a list of all the available backups is presented. The user can then select a configuration backup to restore.

6.2.14 Configuring Wavestore server for use as proxy server

If the Wavestore server is configured with multiple network ports, it can be useful to configure the server as a proxy server, so that a networked PC (e.g. a PC connected to the 'eth0' port) can access devices such as IP camera or iSCSI storage) that are connected to other network ports on the Wavestore server.

To allow this function, additional configuration is required in the Configuration Editor.

Right click on any of the existing configuration headings in square brackets, and click on 'Add Section':

Users Ser	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Main View	Active Directory ®	Amps Naps	Server Group		edules Upgrad Server
₩ MyVMS			Server Setti	ngs			Save Rese
Time & Region	<u>S</u> earch:					>> 📕 Case sensitive	Expand
Storage	Name	Value					Save To File
	 [ThisServer_1] [Licence_1] 						Load From File
Email							Load Backup
Image Authentication	▶ [User_2]						Load Default
	 [User_3] [DiskNames_1 						Unsorted 🔹
Encryption	[Notes]						
Spot Monitor Sequen	 [Camera_2] [System] 						
I/O Devices	Sensors] Sm (CD) Cal Add	Section	I				
PTZ Profiles	Fical Copy	Section					
Miscellaneous		Parameter					
	[%PWSAFE]						

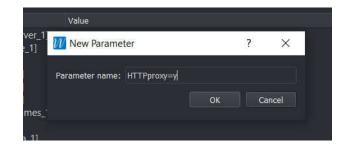
In the dialog box that appears, enter 'ONVIF' as the new section name, then click OK:

Value						
_1 📶 New	Section	on		?	×	
Section n	ame:	onvie				
			ок	Ca	incel	
S_						

The new section will appear at the bottom, so scroll to find it if necessary. Right-click on the new Section Name that you have created, and left click on 'Add Parameter':



Enter 'HTTPproxy=y' as the new parameter, then click OK.



Click 'OK', and click 'Save' to confirm your changes.

I/O Devices	 [SmartSSD] [CameraGroup_1] [CameraGroup_2]
PTZ Profiles	[Network_1] [Network_2]
Miscellaneous	 [Motion_1] [%PWSAFE] [ONVIF]
Configuration Editor	HTTPproxy y

Restart the server software (menu path View \rightarrow Setup \rightarrow Server \rightarrow General \rightarrow Restart Process)

To connect to the IP devices from your PC, using the Wavestore server as a proxy server, you'll also need to reconfigure your web browser with the IP address details of the Wavestore server Ethernet port that you connect to from the PC.

When you connect for the first time, you'll also be prompted to enter a valid Wavestore user 'install' level logon ID and password.

6.3 Cameras

The Cameras setup screen allows for rapid discovery and configuration of cameras, audio and talkback (also known as "backchannel") devices.

Wavestore allows allocating cameras to 'Camera Groups' so that configuration changes can be easily managed for large collections of cameras, rather than having to change every camera individually.

This section describes the process of discovering and adding cameras, as well as configuring them either individually or via Camera Group settings.

6.3.1 Discovering and Adding Cameras

Upon entering the 'Cameras' screen, the Wavestore will start a process of searching the network for any available IP cameras. Once fully received this list will not be refreshed for another 30 minutes, or until Wave-View is restarted, or Refresh is clicked.

Users	Constant Server	Cameras	Active Directory ®	Maps	Server Group	Failove	r Schedules	Custom Channel Tree	Upgrade Server	Event Rules	s Noti Ta
Hyvms -					Camera Settings					E Save	ð Reset
	Camera Groups										
ID 👻	Name	IP Sub	unit Group	Sor	t ID Enabled	Dis	covered Cameras				
							=	Name	•	Address	
							MR6322A			1.7.49	[]]]
							MR8342			1.35.136	
							XNO-8080R			1.3.60	
								CD4A25FWD-IZH		1.3.49	
							HIKVISION DS-2			1.1.64	
Drag o	cameras h	ere fron	n the list o	n the	right or	•	HIKVISION DS-2	CD4B26FWD-IZS	10.	1.88.2	
click t	he + butt	on					Evolution12		10.	1.7.30	
							PNF-9010R		10.	1.7.48	
							HIKVISION DS-2	CD2H25FWD-IZS	10.	1.1.27	
							SNV-6085R		10.	1.3.19	
						++	Canon_VB-S30V	′E	10.	1.3.63	
							Canon_VB-H43		10.	1.10.17	
							HIKVISION DS-2	CD2H25FWD-IZS	10.	1.1.25	
							Refresh		Preferre	d IP Address IF	

The Discovered Cameras can be sorted by name or IP address to make it easier to find the desired device. The names are provided by the cameras themselves and the information available can vary by manufacturer, many will report the manufacturer and model.

The preferred default shown IP Address can be selected in the bottom-right part of the Discovery Cameras tab. Options are IPv4 or IPv6. If IPv6 is selected, the default address for a camera will show its configured IPv6 address. If a camera doesn't have an IPv6 address it will fallback to displaying its IPv4 address. By double-clicking on a camera's address field it's possible to see all the available IP addresses for the camera, including link-local addresses, and select the desired one.

Note that IPv6 is not currently supported for multicast.

To add a camera, simply click and drag it from the right-hand pane to the left. Use Shift+click to select a range, or Ctrl+click to select multiple individual items. The left arrow button can also be used instead of dragging and dropping.

When added, cameras will be assigned to the first Camera Group automatically. If there are no existing Camera Groups, a new one will be created and the user is prompted for a username and password to be used to access the cameras. If the cameras have different usernames and passwords, these can be specified per-camera later.

Another way of adding a camera is using the + (plus) button. This simply adds a new row to the Cameras table. The IP Address and Group can then be manually specified.

It's also possible to add multiple cameras by providing an IP address range. To do this, click the '++' button. The following dialog will appear:

Camera Group	Auto 👻			
Start Address (IPv4)	192.168.0.1			
End Address (IPv4)	192.168.0.24			
Adding 24 channel(s).			
Cancel	Add Channels			

It is possible to specify the Camera Group to which the cameras will be assigned, and the start and end of the IP range. If the range consists of more cameras than the server can support, or if the range appears to be invalid, the dialog will provide a suitable warning.

If it is necessary to add multiple channels for one device, or to use digital inputs/outputs from the device, hold the Shift button whilst clicking the + (plus) button. This opens a new panel which allows the extra details to be specified:

Cameras Camera Groups								
ID 🔻 Name IP	Subunit Group	Sort ID	Enabled	Dise	covered Cameras			
					Name		Address	A
					MR6322A	10.1.7.49)	
					MR8342	10.1.35.1	36	
Drag cameras here	from the list o	n the r	iaht or		XNO-8080R	10.1.3.60)	
click the + button			igne of		HIKVISION DS-2CD4A25FWD-IZHS	10.1.3.49)	
				•	HIKVISION DS-2CD4324F-IZH	10.1.1.64		
					HIKVISION DS-2CD4B26FWD-IZS	10.1.88.2	2	
					Evolution12	10.1.7.30)	
					PNF-9010R	10.1.7.48	3	
					HIKVISION DS-2CD2H25FWD-IZS	10.1.1.27		
			×		SNV-6085R	10.1.3.19		
Channels	I/O			++	Canon_VB-S30VE	10.1.3.63	3	
Video Channels: 1 🏮	Digital inputs: 0				Canon_VB-H43	10.1.10.1	7	
Audio Channels: 0 🌲	Relay outputs: 0				HIKVISION DS-2CD2H25FWD-IZS	10.1.1.25		
Talkback Channels: 0 🌲	Clear	Add Cha	annels		Refresh	Pret	erred IP Address IPv	

Once cameras have been added, the table on the left can be used to:

- Edit the camera name.
- Edit the IP address and port of the camera.
- Change the assigned Camera Group of the camera.
- Change the Sort ID of the camera see section 9.21 Sort IDs.
- Enable/Disable the camera.

To change the assigned Camera Group, either left-click the group name to select from a list of existing groups, or right-click for more options. The right-click menu has several options:

Change Camera Group - choose an existing group to re-assign the selected camera.

- **Change Camera Group Create New Group** this creates a new group with default settings and prompts the user for a username and password to use for the cameras in this new group.
- **Change Camera Group Clone Group** this creates a new group with the settings copied from the selected existing group. This is useful when you need to split a group into multiples with slightly different settings.
- **Remove Cameras** removes the currently selected camera or cameras.

Camera Setup Web Page - opens up the default browser using the currently selected camera's address.

Synchronise Camera Names - allows pushing local camera names to the selected camera(s), or pulling the names from the selected camera(s). See section 6.2.12 - .

Selecting an individual camera in the camera table causes the right-hand pane to show the settings for the individual camera. This is covered in section 6.3.3 - Individual Camera Settings.

Clicking the 'Camera Groups' tab in the left-hand pane opens the 'Camera Groups' settings which are covered in the next section.

Multiple selection is possible by clicking and dragging down the camera number column. Alternatively Shift + click and Ctrl + click can be used. This allows changing camera groups for multiple cameras at a time, or removing multiple cameras. It's also possible to use the delete-key to remove the selected cameras.

The camera table can also be sorted by different properties by clicking the column header of interest.

6.3.2 Camera Group Settings

The Camera Groups screen allows editing settings for Camera Groups as well as adding and removing groups.

Note that when settings are changed for existing cameras, where possible they will continue streaming with the old settings until the new settings have been configured in a separate profile. Then streaming is switched over to the new profile with the new settings. When this happens, the subtitles will show "Reconfiguring".

₽ MyVMS_	Camera Settings		Save Reset
Cameras Camera Groups			
ID - Name			
1 Group 1	Group 1		17 Cameras
	Type: Auto		
	Туре	Value	
	 ✓ General 		
	Username	admin	
	Password	•••••	
	Audio	🗖 no	
	Talkback	🗖 no	
	Use SSL	🗖 no	
	Encrypt Recordings	🗖 no	
	Smart Search / VMD	SmartSearch off; Camera-side VM	D (if supported)
	▼ Stream 1		
	Encoding	Auto	
	Capture Rate	25	
	GOP size	15	
	Resolution	Full	
	Maximum Bitrate	unlimited	
	▶ ■ Stream 2		
	▼ All Tracks		
	Disk 2	None	
	Recording	Record for a maximum of 31 days	
	Stream	1	
	Recording Rate	Same as Capture Rate	
	Boost Rate	Same as Capture Rate	
	Recording Mode	Normal	
	► ✓ Track 1		
	▶ ■ Track 2 ▶ ■ Track 3		
	Metadata (Track 4) Search (Track 6)		
Add Remove Clone	Search (Track 6)		

The 'Add' button creates a new group with default settings. The 'Remove' button removes the currently selected groups. Multiple groups can be selected and removed at the same time either by clicking and dragging on the group number column, or by using Shift + click or Ctrl + click to do multiple selection. It's also possible to use the delete-key to remove the selected cameras.

The 'Clone' button causes a new group to be created with a copy of the settings from the most recently selected group.

The 'Remove' and 'Clone' options are also available through a context menu by right-clicking on a camera group in the table.

Change the name of the group by selecting it in either the table or in the right-hand pane.

The right-hand pane shows the amount of cameras that belongs to the selected group. In the example above, 17 cameras belong to the 'Group 1'-group.

Each Camera Group has a Type. The default Type is Auto which allows the Wavestore to try to automatically detect the device and use the optimal settings.

The various types are described below:

Auto

This is an IP device type where the Wavestore will try to auto-detect the best method of communication. The Wavestore will also try to configure the device with the desired video streaming settings.

Important Note: Auto-configure works well when one Wavestore configures one or more cameras, but not when a camera is shared between Wavestore systems (or other ONVIF clients) each of which will attempt to reconfigure the camera and might alter or delete profiles or encoders which another system is using. If more than one Wavestore or other ONVIF client will access the camera: select ON-VIF protocol as the Camera Group type on the Wavestore and enter a manual profile, or RTSP protocol with an appropriate request string. Also, do not add the same camera with the same subunit to the same Wavestore more than once in Auto-configure mode. If a copy of a channel is required, use VirtualSpotMonitor.

ONVIF

This is an IP device type which uses the ONVIF standard for communication and setup.

ONVIF-Multicast

This is an IP device type which uses the ONVIF standard to stream from a device in Multicast mode.

RTSP

This is an IP device type which uses the RTSP communication protocol to pull data.

HTTP

This is an IP device type which uses the HTTP communication protocol to pull data.

MxPEG

This is an IP device type which communicates with Mobotix cameras, retrieving video in the MxPEG format.

Ampleye

This is an IP device type which communicates with Ampleye cameras, retrieving video in the JPEG2000 format.

VirtualSpotMonitor

This is a special capture type used for the Virtual Spot Monitor feature within Wavestore.

Audio

This capture type communicates with an analogue audio capture card. Possibly the audio inputs and outputs on the motherboard, or a PCI or USB audio interface.

Stretch

This is a capture type used to communicate with an analogue capture card, usually providing video and audio. There are various "sub-types" which correspond to the model number of the capture card.

File

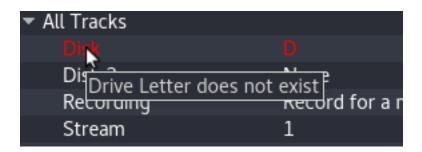
This is a capture type used to play back a video or audio file in a loop. See section 9.6 - Configuring a File Playback Camera.

Backup

This is a special capture type used for Failover servers. See section 6.8 - Failover.

All the various options are explained below. Not all options are available for all types, in which case the supported types are listed.

If there is a problem with a particular option, it will be highlighted with a red colour. The reason for the error can be found by hovering the mouse over the option. See example below where the drive letter doesn't exist. Please note that this is currently only implemented for some of the parameters.



Also note that some other options will be higlighted with a yellow colour while they are fetching for more data from the server.

General

Username

The username to be used to authenticate with the camera or device. Note that if the username is modified, it is necessary to re-enter the password.

Not applicable for "VirtualSpotMonitor" and "Backup" group types.

Password

The password to be used to authenticate with the camera or device.

Not applicable for "VirtualSpotMonitor" and "Backup" group types.

Video

Enables streaming of video from this device. Default is On.

Only applicable for "Auto", "ONVIF", and "RTSP" group types.

Audio

Enables streaming of audio from this device.

Not applicable for "ONVIF-Multicast", "VirtualSpotMonitor", "Audio", "Stretch", and "Backup" group types.

Talkback

Enables sending audio to this device. Sometimes alternatively called "backchannel".

Not applicable for "ONVIF-Multicast", "Ampleye", "VirtualSpotMonitor", "Audio", "Stretch", and "Backup" group types.

Talkback Type

Allows choosing the method of sending audio to the device. The default is Auto and will work for most devices.

Only applicable for "ONVIF" and "RTSP" group types.

Request

Note that certain group types have a Request field under the *Stream 1/2/3* section. The *Request* parameter under the General section is used to allow options to be set for the streaming. For example this might be to force "HTTP Tunneling" or transmission over UDP. The default empty setting should be used in the vast majority of cases.

Not applicable for "Auto", "RTSP", "VirtualSpotMonitor", "Audio", "Stretch", and "Backup" group types.

Use SSL

If enabled, causes the Wavestore server to communicate with the device using Secure Sockets Layer.

Not applicable for "ONVIF-Multicast", "VirtualSpotMonitor", "Audio", "Stretch", and "Backup" group types.

Encrypt Recordings

If checked, this channel will be encrypted during recording. This will only work if the Wavestore server has been correctly configured for encryption. See section 6.2.8 - Encryption.

Smart Search / VMD

Enables the capture and recording of metadata relating to the amount of motion in the video. This can be used for either server-side or camera-side motion detection together with Smart Search. See section 9.8 - Configuring Smart Search for more details.

Only available for "Auto", "ONVIF" group types. For "Stretch" group types this feature is always on and so is not configurable.

Pull Point

If enabled, the Wavestore server will "subscribe" to the event stream of the device. This means that the camera will notify the Wavestore of any events it detected such as motion or video analytics events.

Only available for "ONVIF" group type. For "Auto" type, event streaming of some kind will be enabled if possible.

Auto-configure Camera Streams

This setting means that the Wavestore will attempt to create push stream settings to the device, for example by creating ONVIF Profiles for ONVIF devices. Rather than having video stream settings configured and stored on the camera, the settings will be made within Wavestore and pushed to the camera when necessary.

Important Note: Auto-configure works well when one Wavestore configures one or more cameras,

but not when a camera is shared between Wavestore systems (or other ONVIF clients) each of which will attempt to reconfigure the camera and might alter or delete profiles or encoders which another system is using. If more than one Wavestore or other ONVIF client will access the camera: select ON-VIF protocol as the Camera Group type on the Wavestore and enter a manual profile, or RTSP protocol with an appropriate request string. Also, do not add the same camera with the same subunit to the same Wavestore more than once in Auto-configure mode. If a copy of a channel is required, use VirtualSpotMonitor.

Only available for "ONVIF" group type. For "Auto" type, this is implicitly On.

Rotate

Requests the camera to rotate to the transmitted image. Default is 0, no rotation. Other allowed values are 90, 180 or 270, representing degrees clockwise.

Only available for "Auto" and "ONVIF" group types. This functionality is available on most, but not all, ONVIF-compliant cameras. If the camera doesn't support it, the "Cxauto" camera log will say "Image rotation not supported!", where "x" is the camera number. These are available under "Tools > System Log... > Extra Logs".

Input Select

Allows switching between the "line" and "microphone" inputs on the audio device.

Only available for "Audio" group type.

Volume

Set the input capture volume for the audio device. The volume starts from 0 and the maximum is 100.

Only available for "Audio" group type.

Analogue Format

This is the video standard used for capturing video. For Standard Definition devices it is usually PAL or NTSC. High Definition capture devices have more options such as 1080p60, 1080i50, 720p60. These are all standard formats for High Definition video.

Only available for "Stretch" group type.

Stream 1/2/3

Note that Stream 3 is only available for the group types RTSP, ONVIF, and Auto.

Profile

The name of the camera Profile which will be used for streaming video. This list is populated by querying the first camera in this Camera Group.

Only available for "ONVIF" and "ONVIF-Multicast" group types.

Request

Allows a specific request string to be provided for each of the 2 possible streams. This is used to make requests to the camera to retrieve video. The string can either be entered manually or a preset can be chosen from the drop-down selector which contains request strings for many major camera manufacturers.

Only available for "RTSP" group types.

Encoding

This is the video encoding to be used. Selectable between "Auto+", "Auto", "H264", "H265", and "JPEG". "Auto+" will favour H.265, then H.264, then JPEG. "Auto" will favour H.264 then JPEG.

Only available for "Auto" and "Stretch" group types, and "ONVIF" group type when "Auto-configure Camera Streams" is set to "Yes".

Audio Encoding

This is the audio encoding to be used. Selectable between "Auto", "AAC", and "G711". "Auto" will favour AAC, then G.711.

Only available for "Auto" and "Stretch" group types, and "ONVIF" group type when "Auto-configure Camera Streams" is set to "Yes".

Capture Rate

This is the rate, in "images per second" that will be used to encode the video stream.

Only available for "Auto" and "Stretch" group types, and "ONVIF" group type when "Auto-configure Camera Streams" is set to "Yes".

GOP Size

GOP is Group Of Pictures. In certain compression formats such as H.264 and H.265, there are "iframes" which are full images, followed by a number of "p-frames", which are essentially contain only the differences between this frame and the previous one. The GOP size dictates how many frames there are in a group. So for example, a GOP size of 5 would suggest 1 i-frame followed by 4-pframes, and then the same repeated.

Only available for "Auto" and "Stretch" group types, and "ONVIF" group type when "Auto-configure Camera Streams" is set to "Yes".

Resolution

The resolution at which the video will be encoded. "Full" means the highest available resolution, but other available resolutions are usually specific industry standard terms. A custom resolution may be specified. If the precise resolution is not supported by the camera, Wavestore will attempt to choose the closest available match.

Only available for "Auto" and "Stretch" group types, and "ONVIF" group type when "Auto-configure Camera Streams" is set to "Yes".

Quality Mode

This dictates the type of compression available. These are explained in more detail later in this section.

Only available for "Stretch" group type.

Constant Quality This is the default, and recommended setting for most uses. The video encoder tries to keep the video quality at the same level. This has the benefit of ensuring that no matter how much activity or detail there is in the scene, the video quality will remain. The disadvantage is that high levels of activity or detail can cause the bitrate to increase, meaning more storage and bandwidth is required.

- **Constant Bitrate** The video encoder attempts to keep the bitrate at a roughly constant level. The advantage of this is that it makes it easier to calculate the storage and bandwidth requirements. The disadvantage is that when there is increased activity or detail in the scene, the image quality will actually reduce in order to keep the data rate at the desired level.
- Variable Bitrate The video encoder allows the data rate to fluctuate around the "Average bitrate" setting, but when there is increased detail or activity, the data rate is allowed to increase up to the configured "Maximum bitrate" setting. Similar to Constant Quality, this setting has the disadvantage of a varying data rate meaning that the required storage and bandwidth varies depending on the scene content.

Average Bitrate

This is the average bitrate to use for the encoding (in Kilobits per second). It does not apply when the Mode is Constant Quality.

Only available for "Stretch" group type.

Maximum Bitrate

This defines the maximum bitrate to be used for encoding. When the group type is "Stretch", this setting is only applicable when the Mode is set to Variable Bitrate. Note that for ONVIF IP cameras, this feature is optional and may not have the desired effect. In that case the Quality setting can be used to reduce the bitrate per camera if desired. See section 6.3.3 - .

Only available for "Stretch" and "Auto" group types, and "ONVIF" group type when "Auto-configure Camera Streams" is set to "Yes".

All Tracks / Track 1-8

Wavestore uses a system of different "recording tracks". Tracks 1 to 3 allow recording the video streams with different settings. Track 4 is for general metadata associated with the camera. Track 5 is currently unused. Track 6 is for Smart Search metadata, Track 7 is for Audio (input), and Track 8 for Talkback (audio output).

The 'All Tracks' option is a shortcut for making settings that apply to all recording tracks (1 to 8). If the individual tracks have been configured with different settings then that setting will show as "various" under "All Tracks".

The available settings are described below:

Disk

Hard disk where the recording will be stored. This is chosen from a list of disk letters which are configured in the Storage page under the Servers setup creen.

Disk 2

An optional secondary hard disk for a mirror of the recordings.

Recording

Duration, in days, that footage is to be stored. The "Mode" can be either:

- **Approximately** once the hard drive is full, and the server is about to start overwriting older footage, server uses the value entered for 'Time Period' to determine how much of the hard drive space to allocate to each camera/recording track. As an example, let's take the example of a Hard Disk that is being used to store footage from two cameras. Camera A is configured set to record for 'Approximately 15 Days', and Camera B configured to record for 'Approximately 5 Days'. When we compare the storage duration for the two cameras, we can see that Camera A is required to store footage for three times the period of Camera B, so Camera A will be allocated three as much as space on the hard drive; so in the case Camera A will be allocated 75% of the hard drive, and Camera B will allocated the remaining 25% of the drive.
- **Maximum** this option sets a hard limit, after which footage will be deleted; as an example, if this option is enabled, with Time Period set as '7 days', and the Wavestore server then left to record for a few days, on Day 8, the footage from Day 1 will be deleted in increments.

Stream

Selects which Stream (1 or 2) will be recorded.

Recording Rate

Selects the recording framerate. The default and recommended setting "Same as Capture Rate" means that all received frames will be recorded. For H.264, H.265, and MPEG-4 streams this setting should generally be left as the default. If it is set to a lower rate than the rate the camera is outputting then only "i-frames" - the full images - will be recorded. See section 9.12 - H.264, H.265 and Framerates for more information.

Boost Rate

Recording framerate to use when a "boost" event action occurs, as configured in the Event Rules menu (section 6.11 - Event Rules).

As with the normal recording rate setting, this option isn't always well-suited to use with H.264, H.265, and MPEG-4, due to to the presence of P-frames. See section 9.12 - H.264, H.265 and Framerates for a more detailed explanation.

Recording Mode

A variety of recording modes are available...

Normal	Normal continuous record (when schedule is on). Schedule may be set and will affect the recording. Pre Record setting is not applicable.
Event	Normally no recording but Event Rules can trigger recording. Pre Record parameter may be set if needed. Schedule may be set and will affect the recording.
Normal + Event	Continuous recording when schedule is On. Event recording if event rules triggered and schedule is Off. Schedule and/or Pre Record may

be set. Schedule will not affect event recording.

Framerate Boost on Schedule Normal recording with boosted framerate when schedule is On.

- MotionIf supported by the device, motion will trigger recording. Pre Record
parameter may be set if needed. Schedule may be set and will also
affect the recording. Requires "Smart Search / VMD" to be enabled
except for the "Stretch" group type.
- Normal + Motion Continuous recording when schedule is On. If supported by the device, motion will trigger recording when schedule is Off. Schedule and/or Pre Record parameter may be set. Schedule will not affect motion recording. If desired to have a separate schedule for motion, use Normal + Event mode. Requires "Smart Search / VMD" to be enabled except for the "Stretch" group type.

Schedule

Recording of the Track can be controlled by a configured Schedule (see section 6.9 - Schedules). This setting allows a schedule to be chosen within which recording will be enabled.

Pre Record

When using event or motion recording, this value specifies the number of seconds to record before the start of the event.

Pre Boost

When set to a value other than "Never" this setting causes the framerate of recordings before an event to be "boosted", that is increased. For example, if set to 5 seconds, when an event triggers a framerate boost, 5 seconds of recording before the event will have the increased framerate. Note that the duration specified here is only approximate.

Post Motion

When recording on Motion, this value specifies the number of seconds to record after the end of the Motion event. For Event recording, the equivalent Post time is specified in the Event Rule so that different values can be used for different event types.

PTZ Options

Profile

Allows specifying the PTZ Profile to be used to control this camera, where a "PTZ Profile" is a collection of settings. The default "Auto" setting will generally manage to automatically set up most IP cameras. For some IP cameras, and all analogue cameras, it will be necessary to set up a PTZ Profile which can be done under Server setup screen. See section 6.2.11 - PTZ Profiles.

Pan Reverse

Reverses Pan Left/Right commands for this camera.

Tilt Reverse

Reverses Tilt Up/Down commands for this camera.

Warning Options

GOP Check

It is generally recommended to use a GOP size (Group Of Pictures) of 64 or lower in order to get the best performance from Wavestore. By default, the System Log will provide warnings for any streams which exceed this recommendation. This setting allows the check to be disabled to silence those warnings.

6.3.3 Individual Camera Settings

When a camera is selected in the left pane of the Cameras setup screen, the camera-specific settings (as opposed to camera group settings) become visible in the right-hand pane.

<u>F</u> ile	<u>V</u> iew	y <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> i S Ser	istory <u>H</u> elp	eras Active Directory ®	A Maps	Server			Upgrade Event Rules Notifica Server Targ
N	Iyvms					Camera	ı Settings		🖹 🌖 Save Reset
Ī	Camera	as Camera	a Groups						
	ID 👻	Name	IP	Group	Sort ID	Enabled	Discovered Cameras Select	ted Camera	
		Camera 1	10.1.3.49:80	Group 1		✓ Yes			
		Camera 2	10.1.3.61:80	Group 1		√ Yes	Camera 1	10 00 110	
		Camera 3	10.1.3.47:80	Group 1		✓ Yes	Status		
	4	Camera 4		Virtual Spots	4	√ Yes	IP Address: 10.1.3.49:80		A CAR AND A
		Camera 5		Virtual Spots		√ Yes	Type: Auto Group: Group 1		Canere 81
							General Mask options	Dewarping options	
							Туре	Value	
							▼ General		
							Username (override gro Password (override gro		
							Linked Audio	Auto	
							Linked Talkback	Auto	
							PTZF Idle Action	None	
							Metadata Visualisation	No visualisat	ion
							 Imaging Stream 1 Quality 	75	
							Stream 2 Quality	75	

The camera name can be changed by selecting it in the right-hand pane.

There are 3 tabs available:

General

Commonly used per-camera options.

Mask options

For configuration of Motion Detection Masks, Privacy Masks, and sensitivities for Motion Detection, Darkening Detection, and Camera Movement detection.

Dewarping options

For configuring dewarping settings for fisheye and panoramic cameras.

These sections are described in detail in the following sections...

General

• General

Username (override group)

A username to use for authentication with the device. Overrides the username configured for the camera group. Note that, when making this setting, the Password setting below also needs to be provided.

Password (override group)

A password to use for authentication with the device. Overrides the password configured for the camera group. Note that, when making this setting, the Username setting above also needs to be provided.

Linked Audio

Allows selection of a separate audio channel to be associated with this video channel. If set to Auto then the same channel will be used for video and audio if Audio is set to "yes" for the camera group.

Linked Talkback

Allows selection of a separate talkback channel (also known as "backchannel") to be associated with this video channel. If set to Auto then the same channel will be used for video and talkback if Talkback is set to "yes" for the camera group.

PTZF Address

Sets the PTZ Address for this camera. Generally only ever needed when using analogue PTZ.

PTZF Idle Action

Allows configuration of an action for a PTZ camera to take when nobody has controlled the camera for a period of time. Possibly actions are "Go To Preset" and "Start Tour". For example, "Go To Preset 4 After 90 Seconds".

Metadata Visualisation

Allows selecting a "metadata visualisation" to be associated with this camera. Default visualisations are provided as well as any which have been configured in the Metadata Display setup screen. Metadata Visualisations are usually used in conjuction with Integration Modules, such as a Point of Sale module. In this case, configuration instructions for the Metadata Visualisation are provided with the Integration Module.

• Imaging

Stream 1 Quality

Allows configuration of the image quality for stream 1. Higher values mean reduced video compression and higher image quality, but also higher data rates. Higher data rates equate to more network bandwidth usage (when using IP cameras) and also more disk space used. Often the image quality can be reduced to quite a low level before any visible artifacts become apparent so it is recommended to avoid the temptation of setting this value unnecessarily high.

Stream 2 Quality

Allows configuration of the image quality for stream 2, if enabled.

Saturation / Brightness / Contrast / Sharpness / Hue / Noise reduction / Deinterlace / Median filter

Adjusts various properties of the image.

Only available for cameras that belong to a "Stretch" group type.

Mask options

The Mask Options panel is only available for video channels. It serves several purposes:

- Configuration of Motion Detection Masks
- Configuration of Privacy Masks
- Configuration of sensitivity for Motion Detection, Darkening Detection, and Camera Movement detection

Note that Privacy Masks are available for all video channels. Motion Masks will only have an effect for:

- Analogue video channels
- IP video channels with "Smart Search / VMD" enabled

The same applies for Darkening and Camera Movement detection.

Discovered Cameras	Selected Camera	
Camera 1	10.00	ren de
Status IP Address: 10.1.3 Type: Auto Group: Group		Control B1
General Mask opt	ions Dewarping options	
🛛 🗹 Adjust mask 🔲 S	Show grid 🔳 Show motion	
Motion	Undo Redo	
Privacy	Clear Fill	
Motion Mask Prope	rties	
Sensitivity:		805
Darkening level:		10
Camera movemer	t:0	196

Privacy Masks allow an area of the image to be blocked, often used for privacy reasons. The ability to ignore privacy masks is configurable on a per-user basis in the Users Setup Screen.

The Motion Mask is used to determine if the motion triggers a Motion event (see below for more detail). There are also Sensitivity settings for motion detection, darkening detection, and camera movement detection. The higher the sensitivity the more likely that each of those events will be detected, but if the sensitivity is too high then false alarms may occur.

The various settings and buttons are described in detail below:

Adjust Mask	The mask is only shown when this checkbox is enabled. Note that if the mask has not yet been configured, i.e. it is an empty mask, nothing will appear on the video image. When this setting is enabled, the mask can be drawn onto the video image by left-clicking with the mouse. Motion Masks are shown in green, Privacy Masks are shown as a dark area on the image.
Motion / Privacy	This radio button determines whether a Motion or Privacy mask is being configured. These options are only available if Adjust Mask is enabled.
Show grid	If enabled, a grid will be shown to assist with drawing the mask.
Show motion	If enabled, areas where motion is detected will be highlighted in blue on the image. This can be used to help adjust the sensitivity to the appropriate level. See notes be- low on motion outside the mask area.
Undo	Reverts the last mask editing operation
Redo	Re-applies a previously undone mask editing operation
Clear	Clears the entire mask
Fill	Fills the entire mask
Sensitivity	Sets the sensitity for motion detection.
Darkening level	Sets the sensitivity for "darkening" detection. "Darkening" is when the camera is ob- scured in some way. The Wavestore server can detect this and trigger an event.
Camera movement	Sets the sensitivity for "camera movement" detection. This is to detect when the camera has been moved to face in another direction. The Wavestore server can detect this and trigger an event.

Note that the system will detect motion over the entire image. The server saves this detected motion (if the track is enabled) for later use, for example by Smart Search.

The Motion Mask is used to determine if this motion triggers a Motion event, which might perform an action like starting recording or alerting a user to an intruder. The Motion Mask is used as the video arrives from the camera to decide if the Motion event is triggered. The mask does not affect the motion detected, and in particular it does not affect the motion stored for later processing, for example by Smart Search, where you choose a mask at the time of search.

So when you view motion on the setup screen, you will see motion detected both inside and outside the mask area. This is normal, as the motion is being shown where it is detected.

Dewarping options

The Wavestore server is compatible with a wide range of hemispheric (360°) and wide angle cameras. These cameras stream raw 'warped' images of the area surrounding the camera. The true proportions of the ob-

jects being viewed may be altered on these raw images, and straight lines of objects viewed by the cameras may appear to be curved.

The warped images are recorded by the Wavestore server, but can then be 'dewarped' by a WaveView client (either on the server box or a PC, for Live View or Playback), so that the viewed objects appear with their true proportions and straightened line edges. This mode of operation is known as 'Post Recording Dewarping', and any 360° cameras used with the Wavestore server must be configured for this mode of operation, rather than 'Pre Recording Dewarping' mode (also supported by some cameras), where the image 'dewarping' is carried out on the camera itself, before the images are streamed to the server.

Individual dewarped views can be configured and saved on the WaveView client software. The field of view and level of digital zoom for these views can be freely configured by the user, effectively creating one or more 'virtual' cameras. These views can be created to monitor Live footage, or playback raw 'warped' footage that has been previously recorded. In this way, a single 360° camera can be used to replace multiple standard cameras.

Initial setup of Hemispheric/Wide Angle camera is performed in the same way as for a standard IP camera. Note that if a camera has just been added, it is necessary to save the camera configuration before dewarping can be enabled, since the software needs to be receiving video in order to properly configure the dewarping parameters.

Some additional configuration is necessary as follows:

Users	Ser	ver Came		→ Active rectory ®	Amaps	Server Group Failover Schedules Custom Upgrade Event Rules Notification Channel Tree Server Target
🚍 /avestor						Camera Settings
Camera		Groups				
ID 👻		IP	Group	Sort ID	Enabled	Discovered Cameras Selected Camera
		10.1.10.10	Group 4		✓ Yes	Axis M3007
		10.1.10.100:80			No	
		10.1.120.13:80			✓ Yes	IP Address: 10.1.3.35
	Mobotix Audio 5	10.1.3.59	Group 5		✓ Yes No	
5 6		10.1.3.36:80	Group 6		v Yes	Type: ONVIF Group: Group 8
		10.1.3.36:80	Group 9		v res v Yes	
	Sony 4K Arecont 1		Group 10		v Yes	General Mask options Dewarping options
o 9	Arecont 1		Group 11 Group 12		v Yes	Use Dewarping Options
9 10	Arecont 3		Group 12		v Yes	Default engine Oncam engine Immervision engine
10	Arecont 4		Group 13		v Yes	📕 v5 compatibility 📕 Set or change geometry 📕 change height only
12	Canon PTZ		Group 15		v Yes	Camera Orientation
	Axis Ther		Group 16		No	Tilt Angle 90 📮 deg
13	Talkback		Group 7		No	View Angle 180 deg
	Axis M30		Group 8		v Yes	
		10.1.0.112	Group 17		No	
		10.1.120.11:80			✓ Yes	
		10.1.120.16:80			v Yes	Views / Virtual Cameras Presets
19		10.1.120.11:80			No	Show view: dewarped panorama no view - <remove selected="" td="" view<=""></remove>
	Herta Fac		Group 23		√ Yes	View name: view1 Add view
33	Audio 33		Group 1		No	
34	Audio 34		Group 2	34	No	

Figure 6.35: 360° camera configuration screen

In the Dewarping Settings submenu, check the 'Use Dewarping Options'.

Next, choose the appropriate dewarping engine:

Default engine

This is the Wavestore engine for dewarping and is suitable for most fisheye camera types.

Oncam engine

This engine is for use with cameras manufactured by Oncam and offers the Oncam experience within the Wavestore software.

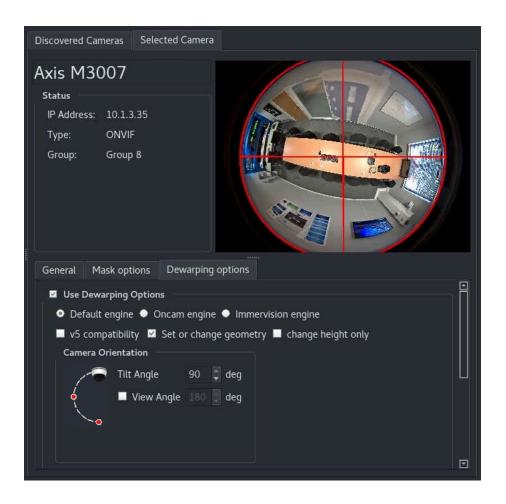
Immervision engine

This engine is for cameras which use Immervision Panamorph lenses, which should be specified in the camera's documentation, and offers the Immervision experience within the Wavestore software.

Depending on the engine chosen, different options will be presented.

Default Engine

To set up the camera for the Default Engine click the 'Set or Change Geometry' boxes. A red circular graphic will now appear on the raw warped camera image as shown below:



Use the mouse controls (click and drag/roll mouse wheel) to change the size and position of the circle until it neatly surrounds the non-black area of the camera image. This setting ensures that the appropriate lens correction is applied to the image and also restricts the viewing area when dewarping.

The next step is to select the orientation of the camera according to the position of the camera mount. Wavestore allows any orientation, although the most common are Ceiling (90°), Wall (0°), and Table (- 90°).

General Mask options Dewarping options
☑ Use Dewarping Options
Default engine Oncam engine Immervision engine
v5 compatibility Set or change geometry change height only
Camera Orientation
Tilt Angle 90 📮 deg
View Angle 180 🛢 deg
Views / Virtual Cameras Presets
Show view: dewarped panorama no view 👻 <remove selected="" td="" vi<=""></remove>
View name: view1 Add view

The *View Angle* can also be changed if it is known to be something other that the default 180°. Simply check the "View Angle" box and set the value.

It is also possible to create saved "Dewarp Views". To do so, click either "Dewarped" or "Panorama", depending on the type of view desired. This will open a new window showing the video in dewarp or panorama mode. Use the mouse controls in the video window to pan/tilt/zoom to the desired position...

	General Mask options Dewarping options
	Tilt Angle 90 📮 deg
A REAL PROPERTY AND A REAL	View Angle 180 📮 deg
	Views / Virtual Cameras Presets
	Show view: dewarped panorama no view
	View name: view1 Add view

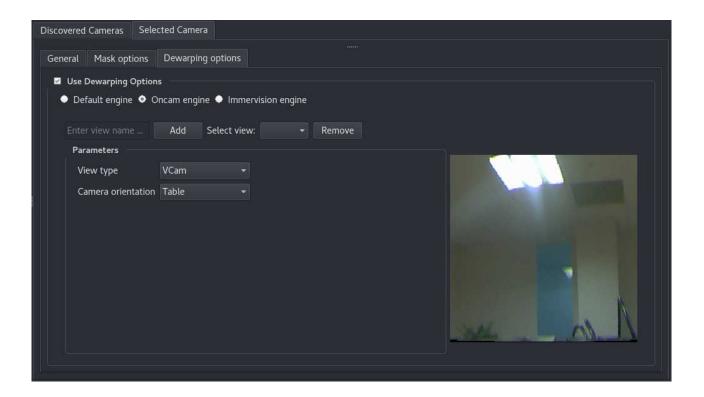
To save the View, enter a name in the "View name" box and click "Add view". To remove a saved view, click the third drop-down box, select the view, then click "Remove Selected View".

Note that only a few views can be saved. Normally this is around 4 per camera but the precise number depends on the length of view name, so short names should be preferred.

Oncam Engine

Configuring a camera to use the Oncam Engine is quite simple. Just choose a desired dewarping "View type" and select an orientation of either Ceiling, Wall or Table, then save the changes.

The camera display should should now show the dewarped view. The view can be controlled by clicking and dragging with the mouse and using the mouse-wheel to zoom.



To save a dewarped view, move the image to the desired orientation, enter the name in the "Enter view name..." box, then click Add.

To remove a view, select it from the "Select view" drop-down menu, then click "Remove".

Immervision Engine

To configure a camera to use the Immervision Engine, it is necessary to determine the lens type. This information should be available from the camera manufacturer.

Choose the lens type from the "RPL" drop-down menu, then select an orientation of either Ceiling, Wall or Table, then save the changes.

The camera display should should now show the dewarped view. The view can be controlled by clicking and dragging with the mouse and using the mouse-wheel to zoom.

Discovered Cameras Sele	cted Camera	
General Mask options	Dewarping options	
 Use Dewarping Option Default engine 	is Oncam engine 🗢 Immervision engine	
	Add Select view: My View -	Remove
Parameters		
RPL	Panomorph/C8WWT 👻	
View type	PTZ 🔹	
Camera orientation	Table 🔹	

To save a dewarped view, move the image to the desired orientation, enter the name in the "Enter view name..." box, then click Add.

To remove a view, select it from the "Select view" drop-down menu, then click "Remove".

6.4 Main View

The 'Main View' setup screen contains a list of selectable sub-sections to configure various aspects of behaviour relating to the Main View screen.

These are detailed in the following sections.

6.4.1 Channel Groups

Note: The settings in this page apply to all servers in the server group.

The Custom Channel Tree allows a user to group frequently used cameras together, so that they can be quickly accessed.

Right-clicking on the Device tree allows the user to switch between the Channel Tree View (all cameras listed) and Group Tree view (only cameras that are part of a group are listed).

We can create a camera group as follows:

• Follow menu path $\textit{View} \rightarrow \textit{Setup} \rightarrow \textit{Main View} \rightarrow \textit{Custom Channel Tree}$

File	View	Tools	History	Window <u>H</u> elp	1							
ć	Jsers		Ö _o Server	Cameras	Main View	Active Directory ®	O Maps	Server Group	Failover	Schedules	Upgr Serv	ade
	Ms -					Main Viev	v Settings				Save	ර Reset
Chai	nnel Gr	roups		1 MyVMS					Add			
Met	adata [Display		 1 Camera 1 2 Camera 2 					<u>E</u> dit Delete			
Layo	out Sec	uences		 2 3 Camera 3 2 4 Camera 4 2 5 Camera 5 								
				9 6 Camera 6								
				9 7 Camera 7								
				 8 Camera 8 9 Camera 9 		•						
				9 10 Camera 1	0							
				9 11 Camera 1	1							

• Click on the 'Add' button, and enter a name for the new camera group that you are creating, then click 'OK':

<u>File View T</u> ools	History Window Help							
The second se	Server Cameras	Main View	Active Directory ®	A Maps	Server Group	Failover	Schedules	Upgrade Server
导 MyVMS			Main View S	Settings				Save Reset
Channel Groups	🖂 🕅 1 MyVMS					<u>A</u> dd Edit		
Metadata Display	🙎 1 Camera 1 🔮 2 Camera 2		New	Group	×			
Layout Sequences	 3 Camera 3 4 Camera 4 5 Camera 5 6 Camera 6 7 Camera 7 	Group name:	Car Park Came	ras e <u>C</u> ance	el 🧈 <u>O</u> K			
	9 Camera 9		×					

There are now two ways to add a camera to a group...

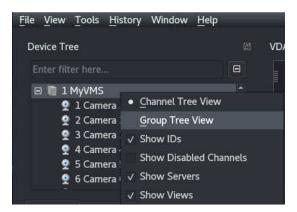
- Click on the name of the camera group in the right panel, so that it is highlighted, then click on the camera in the left panel that you wish to add to the group.
- Then click on the *Right Arrow* button between the two panels.

...or...

• Drag the camera name from the left panel and drop it onto the name of the group in the right panel.

<u>File View T</u> ools	<u>H</u> istory Window <u>H</u>	elp						
All of the second se	ierver Cameras	Main View	Active Directory ®	A Maps	Server Group	Failover	Schedules	Upgrade Server
Service Servic			Main View S	Settings				Bave Reset
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Metadata Display	👷 1 Camera 🙎 2 Camera		9	1 Camera 1 2 Camera 2		Delete		
Layout Sequences	9 3 Camera 9 4 Camera 9 5 Camera 9 6 Camera	4 5 6	9	ince Cameras 5 Camera 5 7 Camera 7				
	 7 Camera 8 Camera 9 Camera 10 Camera 11 Camera 12 Camera 	8 9 a 10 a 11	•					

- Repeat for any other cameras/groups as required:
- Click on 'Save' to store your changes on the server. The custom groups can now be accessed by any client. To display the Camera Groups in the Main screen, right click on the Device Tree:



• Select the Group Tree View option:

<u>File</u> <u>V</u> ie	w <u>T</u> ools	History	Window	Help	
Device	Tree				
Enter	filter here.				
Ξ 🐴	Car Park (Cameras			
□ -}	 1 Cam 2 Cam Entrance 5 Cam 7 Cam 	era 2 Cameras era 5			

The Device Tree preference (Channel Tree View or Group Tree View) will be remembered when WaveView is exited and restarted. It is possible to double-click on the Group name to open all the cameras in the group in a suitably sized layout.

6.4.2 Metadata Display

This screen allows the customisation of metadata visualisations, such as video analytics bounding boxes. Visualisations are assigned to cameras in the Camera Setup screen - see section 6.3.3 - Individual Camera Settings. Normally it's sufficient to use the default settings for any given visualisation, however this screen allows a copy of the default to be created, named, and configured. Once saved, it can then be assigned to a camera.

<u>F</u> ile <u>V</u> iew <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u>	<u>H</u> istory Window <u>H</u> elp			-				-	
	erver Cameras	Main View Act Direct		Maps	Server Group	Failover	Schedules	Upgrade Server	 2 Eve
₽ MyVMS		M	ain View S	iettings				📄 Save	ර Reset
Channel Groups Metadata Display	Profiles Visualisation 1		Name: Type:	Visualisatic Object Bou	n 1 Inding Boxes				
Layout Sequences			Prope * Bo	ounding Box					
1,				Draw Mode Line Thickn Bounding E		r Polgons Only ff00	/		
				Polygon Co					
	<u>A</u> dd <u>R</u> em	nove <u>C</u> opy							

To create a new visualisation, click Add, then choose the Type and give it a name. By default, the newly created visualisation will have the default settings which should be reasonable, so the settings can be tweaked from that point as desired.

Once complete, click Save to store the visualisation settings to the server. Note that, if returning to the main screen to check how the settings look, it is necessary to reopen the camera to obtain the new settings.

6.4.3 Layout Sequences

Layout Sequences allow layouts to be automatically loaded consecutively with configurable durations for each one. They are configured in this screen. See section 3.7.2 - Triggering Layout Sequences for details about their use.

<u>F</u> ile <u>V</u> iew <u>T</u> ools	<u>H</u> istory <u>H</u>	lelp					_	
<u> </u>	; ,	$\overline{}$	0 0	1				
Users S	erver	Cameras	Main View	Active Directory ®	Maps	Server Group	Failover	Schedules
₽ му∨мз			М	ain View Settings				📄 👌 Save Reset
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				Kitchen			10s 🌲	Remove
Layout Sequences				Car Park			10s 🌻	Remove
		Add	Remove					Add Layout

Layout Sequences can only be created from Shared Layouts, which any user can create from the Main Screen.

The Add button can be used to create a new Layout Sequence. By default it will be empty, but layouts can then be added to the sequence with the 'Add Layout' button.

For each step in the sequence, a Layout can be selected and a duration, in seconds, specified.

Once complete, click Save to store it to the server. It will then be available for use in the Main Screen.

6.5 Active Directory ®

Note: The settings in this page apply to all servers in the server group.

Wavestore supports Active Directory via LDAP for authenticating users, meaning that it's not necessary to create and manage users separately on the Wavestore. Users can be configured within the AD server to be a member of a Wavestore group. The Wavestore will then use the permissions for the group when that user logs in. The permissions themselves are configured on the Wavestore and there can be many groups. For example, a typical setup might be as follows:

- In the Active Directory there are 2 users, "Andy" and "Brenda".
- The Administrator creates 2 groups in Active Directory. One called "DVRUsers" and one called "DVRAdmins". (Note that the group names must start with "DVR").
- Still within AD, the Administrator makes "Andy" a member of "DVRUsers", and "Brenda" a member of "DVRAdmins".
- Now moving to the Wavestore side, the Administrator creates two new users in the Wavestore Users Setup screen (Setup → Users), one called "DVRUsers" and one called "DVRAdmins", each configured with appropriate permissions.
- The Administrator then configures the Wavestore to use the Active Directory server by setting its hostname or IP address, domain, and any other required information.
- Now, when Andy logs in, he can use his normal domain username and password and it will be checked against the AD server. If successful, Andy is logged in with the permissions of the DVRUsers group.
- If Brenda logs in, she inherits the permissions of the DVRAdmins group.
- When new employees join, the Administrator simply needs to create them in Active Directory and add them to the desired "DVR" group.

File	<u>V</u> iew <u>T</u> o	ols <u>H</u> istory	<u>H</u> elp						
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				Active D	Directory® Setti	ings) Save	3 Reset
	🗹 Enable /	Active Director	ry® for user login						
	Host:	ad.wavesto	ore.com						
	Port:	389							
	Host2:	ad2.waves	tore.com						
	Port2:	389							
	Domain	n: WS-DOMA	IN						
	Active Dire	ctory is either	a registered trac	emark or trac	lemark of Micro	osoft Corporatio	on in the United S	tates and/or ot	her
	countries.								

Figure 6.36: Active Directory Setup Screen

The available parameters are as follows:

Enable Active Directory for user login	This enables and disables the AD functionality.
Host	This is the IP address or hostname of the Active Directory server.
Port (optional)	This is the port number for LDAP communication, the default is provided as 389 (TCP).
Host2 (optional)	This is the IP address or hostname of a secondary AD server which will be used if the primary AD server cannot be contacted.
Port2 (optional)	The port number for the secondary AD server.
Domain	This is the Windows domain in which the AD server and users re- side.

6.6 Maps

WaveView provides map functionality to allow cameras and alarm devices to be visualised on one or more interlinked images. The Maps are available to users on the main screen, and this section describes how to configure them.

The map system is designed around the concept of "Areas". Cameras, Alarms, and other devices are all added onto "Areas". A background graphic can be loaded onto an area which might be a floor plan or perhaps a photo of the front of a building.

Areas can be put inside other Areas so it's possible to build up a composite of a building using Areas named "Room 1" and "Room 2" for example. These could be added to a further Area called "First Floor".

Of course, the Areas don't have to represent physical things. They could just be used to create custom views of different cameras.

The area size is defined either by the loaded background graphic or, if none loaded, by the position of the cameras dragged onto it. The Ruler tool can be used to define the scale of the icons on the Area.

Map Setup Controls

There is a set of push button controls on the left hand side of the screen. Under these buttons is the Device Tree. Cameras are added to the current area by dragging them from the list onto the area. If the cameras are dropped off the current area, the area will resize to include the cameras.

In general a left mouse button drag is used to move objects about. A left double click on an object allows the setting of the object name or parameter. A right click brings up a context sensitive menu.

The push button controls are as follows:

Add Area

This creates a new Area with a default name of 'Area ' followed by an auto incrementing number. You must have at least one area to drop cameras onto.

Name Area

This allows you to give you area a suitable name. You can also name an area by double clicking anywhere on the area where this isn't a camera etc.

Current Area Dropdown

This dropdown list shows the current area and allows the selection of other areas once they have been added.

Delete Area

This deletes the current area plus all it's associated objects. If the area is a parent of other areas then those areas are not deleted but become parentless. A warning dialogue is presented for confirmation of delete.

Import Area Graphic

This allows the loading of an image file to become the background for the area. The formats supported are png, jpg and bmp. There are currently no checks to limit the size of the loaded graphic.

Zoom In

Zooms in using the centre of the view as the zoom point.

Zoom Out

Zooms out.

100%

Draws the area and associated background graphic in a pixel for pixel scale.

Fit

Adjusts the zoom level so the current area fits in the view.

Mouse Controls

On Cameras

- Left Click on camera body and drag to reposition camera.
- Left Click on FOV 'fan' (a dotted line will extend from the fan).
- Move the mouse from left to right to set the FOV angle.
- Move the mouse up and down to rotate the camera.

Note, you can only do one of these at a time. As soon as you move the mouse in one axis, movement in the other will be ignored.

- Left Double Click on the camera body to change the camera name. Note, this name is totally separate to the name of the camera in the tree.
- Left Double Click on the camera 'lens' where the FOV angle is shown to set the FOV directly.

On Areas

- Left Click and drag to reposition areas.
- Double Left Click to rename areas.
- Right Click to bring up a context menu.

Edit Map Context Menu

Add to Area

This shows a list of areas the current area can become a child of. Note you cannot a select an area which you may somehow be an ancestor of.

Remove from Area

This only shows for areas that have parents. Selecting it removes the area from the parent.

Delete Area

Deletes the current area.

Ruler

This brings up the ruler which allows us to set a physical length defined on the background graphic. This in turn allows us to scale the cameras to something like real life.

The ruler is split into two parts, an arrow with vertical lines at each end and a separate selection box which displays the length.

If the scale has yet to be set for the area (i.e. the ruler has not been used) the selection box will show '?' as we don't yet know what the length of the arrow represents.

The ruler is moved by left clicking on the selection box and dragging it around. The length of the arrow is changed by left clicking on the arrow head then dragging left or right.

Once the arrow is the right length, double left click on the selection box to enter the physical length that this represents.

The ruler can be set to either Metric or Imperial (feet/inches). To set a metric length simply input the number in meters. To set an imperial length use the "'" for feet and """ for inches. E.g. 12'10".

Having set the length the ruler will now display the correct physical length as it is dragged right and left.

Add Digital Input

This adds an alarm icon to the map. An input number can be associated with the icon. Whenever the Wavestore receives an event of type Input with a matching number, the icon will flash. If the event is of type "Pulse", the icon will flash for around 1 second. If the event is of type "On", the icon will flash until a matching event of type "Off" is received.

Notes about areas and sub areas

If you add an area to another area it becomes a sub area. For example, we create an area and name it 'Floor 1'. We then create another area and name it 'Room 1'. We drop some cameras onto the area 'Room 1'. We load a background graphic for both areas.

If we are looking at 'Room 1' we can then add it to area 'Floor 1'. You will see the 'Floor 1' in the background as an opaque layer. This is to allow you to place the 'Room 1' where you want it in relationship to 'Floor 1'. If you switch to viewing 'Floor 1' you will see the background is displayed correctly with 'Room 1' now shown overlaid and transparent. Again you can reposition the sub area 'Room 1' by simply clicking and dragging. Note that you cannot interact with any of the cameras on 'Room 1'. This is to stop you accidentally moving them when just trying to move the sub areas.

If you then were to create a new area 'Building 1' you could make 'Floor 1' a sub area of that. You would see 'Room1' inside of 'Floor 1' inside of 'Building 1'. In this case you would not be able to move 'Room 1' around but you could move 'Floor 1' around. The rule is basically you can only move one level down.

An area can only ever have one parent. I.e you cannot make up say a four camera view then use that in multiple parents.

Notes About Image Files

The software supports loading of JPEG, JPG, and PNG image files as map area images. The files will be uploaded to the server so that they are available for other map users to view. Once they have been uploaded to the server, the original source images may be deleted and the images will still be visible in the map viewer until they are removed or changed on the server. See section of Map Local Storage.

If an image fails to load because it has been removed from the server without deleting the associated map objects, then a place-holder graphic will be displayed instead as shown below.

Map Local Storage

Map image files are stored on the server and must be downloaded to the local system in order to display them. To avoid unnecessary downloading of data from the server, map image files are stored in a local temporary directory which the software tries to automatically keep synchronised.

The location of this temporary directory can be changed by the user (see section 3.21.1 - System Settings). The software will overwrite and delete files in the temporary directory without warning, so it is suggested that if a non-default location is chosen it should be a directory solely for this task. The user may safely delete files stored in this directory as this will not interfere with the operation of the software.

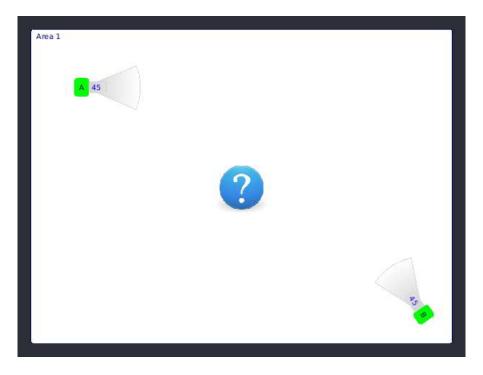
It is possible to manually update the map image files using the software File Manager, as shown below.

If many map layouts are created and modified, it may be necessary to clean the files. The map files are listed in a section in the file manager and can be deleted or replaced individually, if required.

If a file is removed from the server when it is being used by a map layout, then the software will display an error image. This can be fixed by manually changing the image associated with the area.

The contents of the local cache directory are kept synchronized with the contents of the map directory on the server.

If a server is part of a group, changes to the map layout will be copied across all servers in the group so that the same map layout is visible no matter what server the software is connected to. Image files are stored and copied to all servers in a server group.



6.7 Server Group

Note: The settings in this page apply to all servers in the server group.

Individual Wavestore Servers can be configured as a server group, allowing users connecting using Wave-View client software to access cameras connected to any of these servers. This feature is only available in certain licence levels.

Administration of any of the connected servers can also be carried out from a single Client.

All of the servers intended to be part of a Server Group must first be configured to be connected to the same LAN subnet (contact your IT administrator for assistance if necessary).

When a server group is being created the WaveView client will attempt to connect to each new server added using the login credentials used for the current connection. Those login credentials need to be an install-level user on each of the target servers.

Usually this means ensuring that each individual server has an install-level user configured with the same password, then logging in to the first server with those credentials before adding the others. It may be advisable to check that you can log in to each server before creating the group.

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Users	Ö. Server	Cameras	Main View	Active Directory ®	O Maps	Server Group	Failover	Schedules	Upgrade Ev Server
₽ MyVMS				Server Grou	p Settings				Bave Reset
Servers in	the group								
IP		Status		<u>A</u> dd					
10.1.9.1		🥯 ок		<u>D</u> elete					
				Move <u>U</u> p					
				<u>M</u> ove Down					
Central Ev	vent Server								
🔳 Enab	le CES Mode (Αι	itomatic)							

The procedure for creating a Server Group is as follows:

• Login to the server nominated to be the first server in the group. Ensure to use the IP address or hostname that you want to be entered in the server group configuration - this could be a Private IP

address, potentially a secondary address if the server is a Logical Server in a Failover group, or a Public IP address.

- Go to the 'Server Group' setup screen. You should see the IP address or hostname of the first server automatically entered.
- Click the 'Add' button.
- In the IP address field that appears, click the 'Enter host here' text, then enter the IP address of the next Wavestore server to be added to the group. As noted above, this could be either a Private IP address (potentially a secondary address if the server is a Logical Server in a Failover group), or a Public IP address.
- Repeat for any further servers as required.
- Click 'Save' when finished.

If any of the servers fail to be added, it's sensible to abandon the changes, log out, then attempt to log in to that server directly using the same login details. That way you are likely to get more specific error messages about why the connection failed.

You may wish to synchronise the time on all of the servers in the group to the same time source (either once of the servers, or an external NTP time source.

Central Event Server

The "Enable CES Mode" checkbox is used to enable the Central Event Server feature. This is described in more detail in section 9.18 - Central Event Server.

Note that for this feature to work, the IP addresses provided in the Server Group list must be contactable by each other. This is because the servers communicate between each other to pass events.

6.8 Failover

The Failover Setup Screen is used to configure the list of *physical servers* in a *failover group*. These concepts, as well as a full guide to configuring failover for a group of Wavestore servers, are explained in more detail in section 9.19 - Failover. This section covers this particular setup screen only, but failover requires several setup steps.

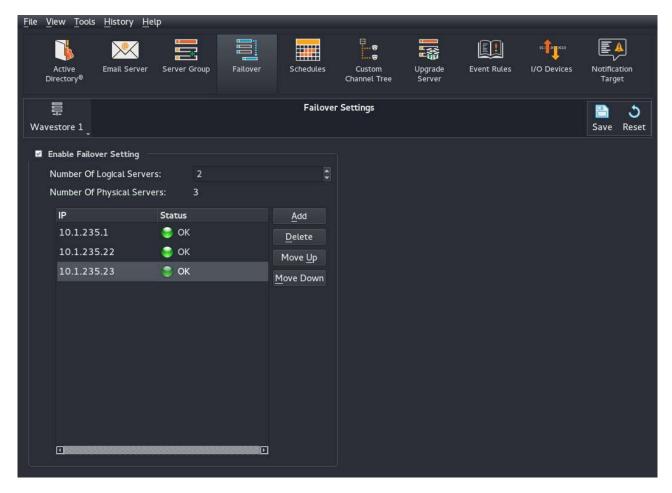


Figure 6.37: Failover Setup Screen

The list of *physical servers* is configured by using the **Add** and **Delete** buttons and entering the IP addresses in the table.

As each physical server is added, WaveView will attempt to connect to the address and, if successful, check that DHCP is not enabled for any network interfaces since this can cause problems with the failover mechanism. A warning will be shown if the connection or DHCP check fails.

6.9 Schedules

Note: The settings in this page apply to all servers in the server group.

The Schedules menu allows the system administrator or installer to create schedules that can be used to control server functions, such as Recording or User Logon.

There is an "invisible" schedule numbered zero which implies "always on", therefore it is not necessary to create a schedule for this purpose. All settings, such as recording and user logon will use schedule zero by default. Schedules should only be created when it is intended that something should be disabled at a certain period of the day or week.

Users	Server Came	ras Active Directory ®	Maps Se	erver Group	Failover	Schedules	Custom Channel Tree	Upgrade Server
景 My VMS			Schedule Set	tings				Bave Reset
Schedules	• Add <u>R</u> emove	Schedule Setting Schedule Id: 1 Name: New Interval On time: 00 Week Days Monday Thursda Sunday	ву 🗖 Fri		00 💽 : 0 Wednesd Saturday ng Days A			

Once a schedule has been defined, it can be linked to multiple functions such as camera recording, event rules, and user login permissions.

To create a new schedule for a camera, follow the menu path View \rightarrow Setup \rightarrow Schedules. Under the Schedule List (left side of screen), click 'Add' to create a new schedule:

Schedules Schedule 1 Monday 09:00 - 17:00 Tuesday 09:00 - 17:00 Wednesday 09:00 - 17:00 Thursday 09:00 - 17:00 Friday 09:00 - 17:00	Schedule Setting Schedule id: 1 Name: Schedule 1 New Interval On time: 09 1: 00 0ff time: 17 1: 00 1 Week Days Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday Working Days All Days Add
<u>A</u> dd <u>R</u> emove	

With the new schedule highlighted dark grey in the Schedule list, you can now configure items on the new Schedule such as Description, On/Off Times and Days etc.

Schedules can be configured with multiple On and Off times, for example, 'On' at 02:00, 'Off' at 04:00, then 'On' again at 14:00 and 'Off' again at 16:00, for Monday, Tuesday and Friday. To configure this, select the times using the On/Off Time controls, then select the required days in the Week Days panel and then click 'Add'.

The dates and times will then appear under the schedule in the schedule list.

Individual items can be removed from the schedule by selecting them in the schedule list and clicking Remove. Alternatively the complete schedule can be removed by clicking to highlight, then clicking Remove.

To configure a schedule which runs overnight from one day to another, these is created in two segments;

- Segment 1 is set with 'Off' time to be 24:00,
- Segment 2 is set with 'On' time to be 00:00 the following day. For example, for a schedule to run from Monday 2200hrs to Tuesday 1000hrs, configure as follows:
- Monday 22:00 \rightarrow 24:00
- Tuesday $00:00 \rightarrow 10:00$

Repeat this process for any other required schedules and click 'Save' to save the changes.

To attach a schedule to a Camera Group for Recording, follow the menu path View \rightarrow Setup \rightarrow Cameras. Select the 'Camera Groups' tab and then select the Camera Group to which you want to assign the schedule.

Each Camera Group has multiple recording tracks so the schedule can be assigned to 'All Tracks' or a specific track. Under the desired track, or 'All Tracks', expand the 'Recording Mode' option and then click the menu next to 'Schedule' as shown below.

My VMS Camera Groups	Users	O Server	Cameras	Active Directory ®	O A Maps	Server Group	Failover	Schedules	Custom Channel Tree	Upgrade Server
ID ▼ Name 1 Group 1 Type: Auto Type: Value Resolution Full Maximum Bitrate 4000 Kbps Type: Stream 2 All Tracks Disk Disk 2 None Recording Record for a maximum of 31 days Stream 1 Recording Rate Same as Capture Rate Boost Rate Boost Rate Same as Capture Rate Pre Record Schedule Pre Record Schedule 1 Post Motion off					Camera	Settings				Bave Res
1 Group 1 Type: Auto - Type: Auto - Resolution Full Maximum Bitrate 4000 Kbps • ■ Stream 2 - • All Tracks Disk Disk D Disk 2 None Recording Record for a maximum of 31 days Stream 1 Recording Rate Same as Capture Rate Boost Rate Same as Capture Rate Boost Rate Same as Capture Rate Pre Record Schedule Always on Pre Record Pre Boost Schedule 1 Post Motion off Post Motion off	Cameras (Camera Groups								
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rype runc Resolution Full Maximum Bitrate 4000 Kbps > Stream 2 * * All Tracks D Disk D Disk 2 None Recording Record for a maximum of 31 days Stream 1 Recording Rate Same as Capture Rate Boost Rate Same as Capture Rate * Recording Mode Normal * Record Pre Record Pre Boost Schedule 1 Post Motion off * Track 1 *			Т	ype: Auto						
Maximum Bitrate 4000 Kbps ► Stream 2 ~ All Tracks Disk D Disk 2 None Recording Record for a maximum of 31 days Stream 1 Recording Rate Same as Capture Rate Boost Rate Same as Capture Rate Schedule Always on Pre Record Schedule 1 Post Motion off Y Track 1 Track 1										
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Stream 1 Recording Rate Same as Capture Rate Boost Rate Same as Capture Rate The Record in Mode Normal Schedule Always on Pre Record Schedule 1 Post Motion off Track 1 Schedule										П
Recording Rate Same as Capture Rate Boost Rate Same as Capture Rate Recording Mode Normal Schedule Always on Pre Record Schedule 1 Post Motion off Track 1 					ng	Record for a	maximum of :	31 days		
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✓ Recording Mode Normal Schedule Always on Pre Record Schedule 1 Post Motion off ▶ ☑ Track 1										
Schedule Always on Pre Record Schedule 1 Pre Boost Schedule 1 Post Motion off Image: Contract of the second							ture Rate			
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Pre Boost Schedule 1 Post Motion off Marine I IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII						Always on				
Post_Motion off Image: Image						Schedule 1				
► Z Track 1										
	Add	Remove	Clone							ē

Finally click on 'Save' to confirm the changes that you have made.

6.10 Upgrade Server

The Upgrade Server menu (menu path View \rightarrow Setup \rightarrow Upgrade) allows the Wavestore server software to be upgraded to the latest version.

Note that from version 6.10 onwards it is necessary for the Wavestore to be suitably licensed for an upgrade to the target version. The section 6.2.3 - Licensing explains how to check your "upgrade bundle" version number. From WaveView version 6.8 onwards the Upgrade screen will warn if attempting to upgrade to a version later than permitted by the licence.

Note: Upgrades will be applied to all connected servers in the server group and can be carried out from a networked PC or laptop, or on the server itself, using the latest Wavestore install ISO.

To upgrade from an ISO file, the ISO first needs to be "mounted" or written to a USB memory stick or DVD. If the ISO is on a Windows PC, the easiest method is simply to mount the ISO. This is done by right-clicking the ISO file and choosing "*Mount*". The ISO is then available as a separate disk (e.g. "F:"), as if a pre-written USB stick or DVD had been inserted.

If it is necessary to upgrade the Wavestore by connecting to it directly rather than from a remote client PC, it will be necessary to write the ISO file to a USB memory stick or DVD. On Windows we recommend the use of a program called Rufus. See section 6.10.3 - Writing an ISO with Rufus.

6.10.1 Performing the Upgrade

Before performing the upgrade, navigate to the Server setup screen (View \rightarrow Setup \rightarrow Server) and inspect the "Distribution" field. This is displayed on the "General" tab which is the default.

If the distribution contains "el7" rather than "el7a" it is recommended to perform the upgrade twice. The first upgrade will update the Wavestore software but not the operating system. The second will update the operating system. This is only ever necessary once. Subsequent upgrades will only need to be performed once.

If in doubt, performing the upgrade twice is sensible. If there is nothing to upgrade on the second pass it will complete very quickly.

<u>F</u> ile	<u>V</u> iew <u>T</u> ools	<u>H</u> istory <u>H</u> el	р									
æ	آت Time and Region	Metwork	Active Directory ®	Email Server	Server Group	Failover	Schedules	Custom Channel	Upgrade Server	Event Rules	المیں I/O Devices	E A Notificatior Target
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Se	lect Upgrade Fi	le		Informati	on:							
			Browse									
	Enable downgrad	ing	Upgrade									

Figure 6.38: Upgrade Server Screen

To perform the upgrade, first browse to the location of the upgrade file ('upgrade.txt').

Open				×			
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Organize 🔻		E	•	?	ent Rules	I/O Devices	Notification
📔 Documents 🖈 ^ Name	Date modified	Туре	Size				Target
E Pictures 🖈 📜 EFI	06/12/2017 04:11	File folder					🗎 🌢
Stopbox	06/12/2017 04:32	File folder					
	06/12/2017 04:11	File folder					
ConeDrive	06/12/2017 04:32	File folder					
This PC	06/12/2017 04:10	File folder					
Packages	06/12/2017 02:02	File folder					
repodata	06/12/2017 02:04	File folder					
W upgrade.txt	06/12/2017 04:32	TXT File		41 KB			
✓ < File name: upgrade.txt		Upgrade.txt (upgra	de tyt)	>			
apgrociate	2010	opgrade.ore (apgra		_			
		Open	Cancel				

Figure 6.39: Upgrade Server screen – browsing to locate 'upgrade.txt' file

Once you have located the 'upgrade.txt' file, select it then click on 'Open'.

The Select Upgrade File field will now show the upgrade file that you have chosen.

Click on '*Upgrade*', and the Information window will show progress of the upgrade, as the upgrade files are copied across to the server:

<u>File View Tools History He</u>	elp									
Server Failover Group	Schedules	Custom Channel	Upgrade Server	Event Rules	المیں I/O Devices	Notification Target	Disks	Metadata Protocols	Security	کی Advanced Configuration
事 W9106-New-X				Upgrad	de Server					Bave Reset
Select Upgrade File		Inform	nation:							
F:/upgrade.txt						138 / 952 Packages				
Enable downgrading			lploading packag			0 / 1 Servers Ch	necked			
	Upgrade	Check > P > P Check > P Check > P > D Check > P Check > P > D Check > P > D > D 	rackage is not cur iploading package ipload complete, king package 'Pa- rackage is alread king package 'Pa- rackage is not cur iploading package ipload complete, king package 'Pa- rackage is alread- king package 'Pa- rackage is alread- king package 'Pa- rackage is not cur iploading package ipload complete, king package 'Pa- king package 'Pa- king package 'Pa- tiploading package ipload complete, king package 'Pa- tiploading package 'Pa- tipload	kkages/e/eom-1.1 rrently on server. to server moving on. kkages/e/eipiphany ckages/e/eipiphany on server.movin kkages/e/ekempi-7 y on server.moving on. kkages/e/exempi-7 y on server.moving on server.moving on server to server to server kkages/f/file-5.11- rently on server. to server kkages/f/file-5.11- rently on server. to server kkages/f/file-11bs-5 rently on server kkages/f/file-11bs-5 rently on server	-3.8.2-1.fc19.x86 g on. .5-3.el7.x86_64.r 2.2.0-8.el7.x86_64 g on. -0.23.6.el7.x86_6 g on. 1.0-10.el7_3.x86_ 33.el7.x86_64.rpr	_64.rpm' pm' t.rpm' 54.rpm' 64.rpm'				

Figure 6.40: Upgrade Server screen – upgrade files being copied to the server

Once all the files have been checked and copied, the upgrade process will start. The system will tell you to wait and this may take a few minutes.

Whilst the upgrade takes place, recording continues. However once the upgrade is complete, the server will either do a software restart or a reboot, depending on what is necessary to complete the upgrade. Obviously recording is interrupted briefly at this time. Downgrades will always perform a reboot.

marchen											
<u>File View Iool</u>	ls <u>H</u> istory	<u>H</u> elp									
Users	پ Devices	۲ime and Region	Network	Active Directory ®	Email Server	Server Group	Failover	Schedules	Custom Channel	Upgrade Server	Event Rules I,
💂 W9106-New-X						rade Server Ion lost to server					Save Reset
Select Upgrade	e File		- Info	ormation:							
e la contra de la			i I.				952 / 952 Pac	kages Checked			
F:/upgrade.txt		Browse					1 / 1 Serve	ers Checked			
Enable downg	, roung ₂	Upgrad		 Package is not cur Uploading package Uploadi complete, eecking package 'Par Package is already Vaploading package Package is not cur Uploading package Uploading package Uploading package Package is not cur Uploading package 'Par Package is already Package is already Package is already Package is not cur Uploading package Package is not cur Uploading package Uploading package Uploading package Uploading package Uploading package Upload complete, Nished checking sen ckages installing ase wait, this may stallation successful 	e to server moving on. ckages///yum-r v on server, mo ckages//yum-p rrently on serve to server moving on. ckages/z/zeny- to server moving on. ckages/z/zih-1. rrently on serve to server moving on. ckages/z/zih-1. rrently on serve to server moving on. ver W9106-New take a few min.	netadata-parser ving on. lugin-fastestmirro r. -3.8.0-5.el7.x86_6 -11.el7.x86_64.r r. 2.7-17.el7.x86_6 r.	or-1.1.31-40.el7.r 64.rpm' rpm' 4.rpm'	ioarch.rpm'	e installed.		
			TH	ne upgrade was a su	iccess.						

Figure 6.41: Upgrade Server screen – upgrade completed

6.10.2 Potential Issues

If the upgrade fails, it will usually either show a failure message in the Upgrade screen, or a message saying "the upgrade completed without sending a status reply".

In this case, gathering more information depends on the currently running version.

For version 6.14 or earlier, the System Log shows this information.

For version 6.16 or later, a more detailed log of the upgrade is available by following this procedure:

- Select Tools \rightarrow Execute Command...
- Run the command alog -a Upgrade
- Send this output to our support team for assistance

The possible errors are listed below with an explanation of what to do:

Upgrade failed: installing package XXX needs nMB on the / filesystem

Certain upgrades such as to v6.16 require a large amount of temporary space on the operating system disk and those originally installed with an early version of Wavestore (version 6.10 or earlier) may not have enough space to complete a full upgrade.

It may be possible to free up space on the system using the file manager although this requires physical access to the server. Using the client display on the server itself, move the mouse to the top-left of the screen and a toolbar should drop down. Choose the icon which resembles a filing cabinet. If there are any large files in there, deleting them may free up enough space to complete the upgrade.

If the above steps do not work, it may not be possible to perform the operating system upgrade without a re-installation. Re-installation requires being on-site and usually takes around 20 minutes. Performing the re-installation creates a larger partition so that future upgrades do not have this issue.

SSD wearing out too fast

This message may appear in the log because some upgrades perform a large amount of writing to the operating system disk. Unless you are going to do a full system upgrade every week, this is not a concern and can be ignored, and the SSD will still last for many years.

Note that the message is a check on rate of wear, not an indication it is worn out. If you want to see how much life left (in percentage terms), in WaveView go to *Tools* \rightarrow *Execute Command* and run the command *"ssd"*.

6.10.3 Writing an ISO with Rufus

To install or upgrade Wavestore from a USB memory stick it is necessary to extract the ISO to the USB stick. The way to do this depends on the Operating System. Most commonly Microsoft Windows is used, in which case the Rufus program is recommended.

Assuming the installation ISO has already been obtained, the process is as follows:

- On Windows, download Rufus from http://rufus.akeo.ie
- Run Rufus.
- Plug in the USB stick. Rufus should recognise the USB and populate the "Device" box.
- On Rufus: "Format Options"/"Create a bootable disk using" and select "ISO Image".
- On Rufus: click the icon to the right of the above text and select the ISO.
- On Rufus: click [Start] to start the write to USB.
- Select "Write in ISO Image mode (recommended)" and click OK if Rufus asks about deleting files on the USB stick.
- It'll take a few minutes to create the bootable USB.

6.11 Event Rules

Note: The settings in this page are independent for each server in the server group.

The Event Rules menu can be reached by the menu path Tools \rightarrow Setup \rightarrow Event Rules.

This menu allows the server to be configured with Event Rule(s) to react to "event causes" (e.g. video loss, digital input, motion event), by triggering "event actions" (e.g. send email, move PTZ camera, trigger digital output).

Note that in version 6.20 a new Event Rules system was introduced. The old and new event rules engines are not compatible. When a Wavestore server is upgraded to version 6.20 and has existing event rules, the Event Rules setup screen will show "Using legacy Event Rules mode" at the top. The old system can still be used, but to enable usage of the new engine it is necessary to remove all existing event rules, then exit the Event Rules screen and re-enter it.

In the new event rules system, event logging occurs to a special Events log file. This can be viewed using the Extra Logs tab of the System Log window. It is listed as "Event" in the drop-down selector. See section 3.20.2 - Extra Logs.

6.11.1 Creating and Editing Event Rules

Event Rules can be added by simply clicking the Add button under the Rules list. Existing rules can be removed or copied by selecting them in the Rules list and clicking Remove or Copy.

Existing event rules can be edited simply by selecting them in the Rules list.

Newly added event rules have a single Event Cause set to "None". All rules need at least one Cause and Action.

Ô 👴 Server	Cameras	Main View	Active Directory ®	O Maps	Server Group	Failover	Schedules	Upgrade Server	Event Rules	Client Actions	Noti Ti
算 My VMS					Event Rules Sett	tings				🗎 Save	ථ Reset
Rules Rule 1	1d <u>R</u> emo	we <u>C</u> opy	Panable Name: R Details When No	ule 1 the followir	ng causes occur:						
Properties			Trigge	r these actio	ons:					A <u>d</u> Edit Re <u>m</u> ove Trigger	

Causes can be editing by double-clicking, or right-clicking and choosing "Edit...".

Multiple Causes can be added by adding logical operators. These logical operators can be added by rightclicking a Cause and choosing "Add Operator...".

The logical operators are:

Logical OR

The output is True if either or both inputs are True.

Logical AND

The output is True if both inputs are True.

Logical XOR

The output is True if either inputs are True, but not both.

When a logical operator is added, a new "None" cause is automatically added.

Both Cause and Actions can be triggered for testing purposes. Causes can be triggered by right-clicking on them and choosing the desired type from the menu. Similarly, Actions can be triggered by selecting them and clicking the "Trigger..." menu. When triggering a Cause or Action you can select:

On

Turn the Cause or Action to the "On" state.

Off

Turn the Cause or Action to the "Off" state.

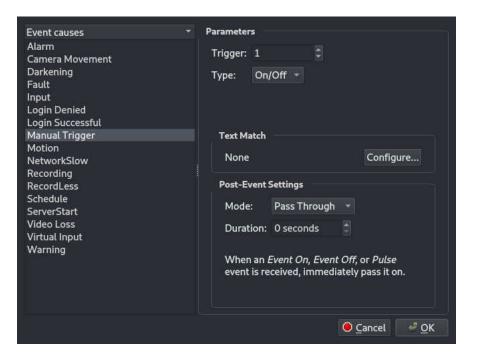
Pulse

Trigger the Cause or Action instantaneously.

Causes can be removed but logical operators cannot be directly removed. To remove a logical operator it is necessary to remove one of the 2 Causes connected to it.

Note that, when using the Central Event Server feature, and when editing Server 1, it is possible to select the Server for each Cause and Action. For example, Motion on Camera 3 of Server 2 could be used to trigger Output 1 on Server 3. See section 9.18 - Central Event Server.

6.11.2 Event Causes



Event Causes are the conditions for a rule to be triggered. The different types of Cause are documented in this section.

Causes can be triggered as a "Pulse" - meaning they are instantaneous, or "On/Off" - meaning they have a start and an end.

Text Match

Each Event Cause can have Text associated with it. The Wavestore event rules system can do pattern matching on this text so that Causes only trigger when those matches occur.

These matches can be simple sub-string matches or more complex matching of fields in "metadata". Metadata is usually supplied when causes are triggered by devices configured via Wavestore Integration Modules.

Event causes 🔹 👻	Parameters
Alarm Camera Movement Darkening Fault Input Login Denied Login Successful Manual Trigger	Trigger: 1
Motion NetworkSlow Recording RecordLess Schedule ServerStart Video Loss Virtual Input Warning	None Configure Post-Event Settings Mode: Pass Through * Duration: 0 seconds * When an Event On, Event Off, or Pulse event is received, immediately pass it on.
	<mark>⊙</mark> <u>C</u> ancel <i>✓</i> <u>O</u> K

For sub-string matches, it is sufficient to provide simply the text to match.

For metadata matches, it is necessary to select:

- **The Metadata Protocol** These are usually configured automatically when an Integration Module is installed. An example might be "Point of Sale".
- **The Metadata Tag** These are also configured automatically by Integration Modules. They are fields within a particular metadata protocol. For "Point of Sale" these might be "Item" or "Price" for example.
- **The Condition** This is the type of match to perform. It can be "exists" to check if a Metadata Tag is present. Alternatively it can be "equals", "is greater than", or "is less than" to perform a comparison. For all conditions except "exists", a value should be provided in the text box provided.

Multiple matches can be added by clicking the plus (+) button. In this case, all the conditions must be matched for the Cause to be accepted.

Any match can be removed by clicking the "Remove" button next to it.

Post-Event Time Settings

Each Cause has "Post-Event Settings" which allow the timing to be modified in some way.

Pass Through

This is the default and simply means that any "On", "Off" or "Pulse" event is passed on immediately.

Extend End

The "On" is triggered immediately but the "Off" is delayed by the specified number of seconds. If a "Pulse" event is received it is treated like Fixed Duration (see below)

Fixed Duration

When an "On" or "Pulse" event is received, it will be considered "On" for the specified duration, then "Off".

Pulse

This turns an "On/Off" event into a pulse. When the "On" is received, it is triggered as a "Pulse", then the "Off" is ignored.

Delay Start

This mode only affects "On/Off" events. The "On" is delayed by the specified number of seconds. The "Off" is passed on immediately.

Available Causes

Wavestore provides a built-in collection of Event Causes, but some are also conditionally added to the list. The conditionally added Event Causes can appear for the following reasons:

- An ONVIF IP camera has sent an event of a type not in the present Event Causes. The Wavestore server will record this event type and make it available as an Event Cause upon which an Event Rule can be built.
- An integration module has been installed which defines these Event Causes. These EventCauses will pertain to types of event which can come from the device the integration module relates to.

Note that some well-known ONVIF event types are already mapped to built-in Wavestore types. For example, the ONVIF event type for "Motion" is already mapped to the Wavestore "Motion" event cause.

When a non-built-in Event Cause is selected in an event rule, the only options available are a "Device ID" field and a "Sub-Device ID" field. These fields allow specifying generic parameters and their meaning will relate to the type of event cause, for Device ID 1 and Sub-Device ID 2 might mean door 2 on door controller 1.

The standard Event Cause types are as follows:

Alarm

This Cause occurs when an 'Alarm' Action occurs. For example, one rule might take some Cause or combination of Causes, and use it to trigger "Alarm 1". Another rule can then be created where the Cause is "Alarm 1" and some other Action is applied.

It can also be used to provide highlighting certain events in the main screen Live Event Stream. For example, if a digital input is triggered AND there is motion on a camera, you might want to trigger an Alarm with some preset text for operators to see in the Live Event Stream.

The only parameter is an arbitrary Alarm ID.

Camera Movement

This Cause is used to detect scene change. It is triggered when motion occurs around all (or most) of the edges of the image. This can be detected by the Camera (by an ONVIF GlobalSceneChange event, for example) or by the Server. See Motion (below) for details on how to configure this.

The only parameter required is the camera.

Darkening

This Cause is used to detect when the image becomes dark, presumably due to being obscured. This can be detected by the Camera (by an ONVIF ImageTooDark event, for example), or by the Server. See Motion (below) for details on how to configure this.

The only parameter required is the camera.

Failover

This Cause is triggered by a Standby server when failover occurs. Only present in the list if Failover is properly configured.

Fault

This Cause is triggered when the server enters a Fault state, meaning something is wrong. It is required to choose a particular fault type.

Voltage problem

Only for supported motherboards. Check the documentation for your hardware platform.

System Over Temperature

Only for supported motherboards. Check the documentation for your hardware platf orm.

Generic fault

Any fault not otherwise classified.

Fan Problem

Only for supported motherboards. Check the documentation for your hardware platform.

Disk over Temperature

Only for direct attached storage.

Disk Failure

A direct-attached disk has failed or a direct-attached disk array has become degraded. For network attached storage this will only trigger if the device is not-contactable, rather than for individual drives in an array.

Disk SMART pre-failure

Only for direct attached storage, not including hardware RAID arrays.

Capture Card failure

For analogue capture cards.

PSU problem

Indicates a PSU fault. Not all PSUs are capable of producing this fault indication.

Input

This Cause is triggered by digital inputs. The inputs can be from:

- IP Cameras
- Configured I/O Devices (see section 6.2.10 I/O Devices).

The parameters to select are the device (either Camera or I/O Device), and the Input number on that device.

Login Denied

Triggered when a user tries to login but is denied. No parameters are required.

Login Successful

Triggered when a user successfully logs in. No parameters are required.

Manual Trigger

Manual Triggers can be used to allow event rules or their actions to be triggered from the main screen. The Rule name is displayed on the main screen. Ensure every manual trigger has a unique source id. Note that Manual Triggers can be configured with a Type which can be "On/Off" or "Pulse". "Pulse" types are instantaneous whereas "On/Off" are stateful and have a start and an end.

Motion

This Cause is triggered when motion is detected for the specified camera. Note that for IP Cameras, the means by which this is detected can vary depending on how the Camera Group is configured. It is possible to use Server-side VMD or Camera-side VMD (see section 6.3.2 - Camera Group Settings).

NetworkSlow

This Cause is triggered when a network link from a bonded network interface goes down or a link renegotiates to a slower speed. Note that in some cases a Fault will also be triggered in this case, for example if the network cable for a non-bonded network interface is removed.

Recording

This Cause is triggered by recording occurring on any recording track for the specified camera.

RecordLess

This Cause is used to detect when recording is occurring for less than the configured duration on the selected camera and track. It will only trigger when overwriting is occurring on the selected track, and the recording duration is less than that configured for that track. The event cause will remain "on" until the configured recording duration is achieved.

Schedule

This Cause can be used to trigger based on pre-configured time schedules (see section 6.9 - Schedules. The Cause is "on" when the schedule is "on" and the same for "off".

Normally this would be used in conjunction with another Cause and the "AND" logical operator. For example you might want the rule to trigger only when motion occurs on a particular camera AND the schedule is on, to detect movement out of working hours.

ServerStart

This Pulse-type Cause occurs when the server software process is starting. Note that this is not exactly the same as a reboot since server process restarts can occur without a reboot, although a reboot will also trigger a ServerStart.

Video Loss

This is triggered when loss of video signal occurs. For analogue cameras, the analogue cable might be removed. For IP cameras, it would normally mean a loss of connectivity to the camera or refusal of the camera to stream.

Note that this Cause also works for audio channels and has the same meaning, except for audio rather than video.

Virtual Input

This Cause is like Input except it's not required for a device with an input to actually physically exist. This is useful when needing to trigger some rules over the network. For example an external program might trigger Virtual Inputs of different numbers in order to trigger some Actions. These rules can be configured with Virtual Inputs as the cause.

Warning

This Pulse-type Cause is triggered when certain warnings are raised by the server.

6.11.3 Event Actions

54-	
Event actions	✓ Parameters
Alarm	Alarm: 1
Boost	AldIII: 1
Client Action	Text:
Email a video clip	
Force Failover	
Notify	
Output	
Play Sound PTZ Preset	
Record	
Record Metadata	
Script	
Send Email	
Spot Monitor	
TextC	
TextS	
	<mark>●</mark> <u>C</u> ancel ^J <u>O</u> K

Event Actions are the actions that the system will take when the Cause conditions are met. Multiple actions can be triggered. The different Actions are documented in this section.

As with Causes, Wavestore provides a built-in collection of Event Actions, but some are also conditionally added to the list by installed integration modules.

Available Actions

The standard Event Action types are as follows:

Alarm

This Action triggers a new Event Cause of type "Alarm" with the specified Alarm ID. This can then be used as the Cause for other Event Rules. Since the Live Event Stream uses the "source" parameter of an event as the default camera ID associated with the event, it is often sensible to choose an Alarm number that matches the ID of any relevant camera.

Boost

This Action causes the recording framerate to increase to any pre-configured Boost rate on the selected camera and recording track. These rates are configured in the Camera Groups setup screen.

Client Action

This Action allows any pre-configured Client Actions to be triggered (see section 6.12 - Client Actions). This can be used to trigger pop-up of cameras or saved layouts for example.

The Text field can be used to pass parameters to the Client Action.

[CopyTrack]

Allows a CopyTrack command to be issued, typically for backing up video on event or schedule. Place the CopyTrack parameters in the text field. See CopyTrack documentation for details.

DoorAccess

DoorLock

DoorUnlock

These are only visible if a door controller has been added to the system. They perform standard door actions, see documentation on the door controller. The Access action usually opens the door to permit access and then locks it again after it has closed.

Email a Video Clip

This Action is used to send a video clip via email. Some steps are required before this can be used:

- An SMTP server should be properly configured (see section 6.2.6 Email).
- One or more potential recipients should be configured (see section 6.2.6 Email).
- A user called "localbackup" should be added (see section 6.1 Users). It is not necessary to set a password for this user, however it needs at least the following permissions: "Playback", "Export", "Transcoding/exporting".

The various fields which can be configured are:

Recipients

The "To" address for the email.

Channel

The Camera (or Audio channel) from which to perform the export.

Track

The recording track from which to perform the export.

Subject

The subject for the email.

Message

The message for the email.

Pre-Event

The duration in seconds from before the time of the event from which the export should start.

Post-Event

The duration in seconds after the event for which the export should continue.

Container

The type of video file to create.

Note that each time this Action is triggered, the software will have to perform a transcoded export. This is a fairly intensive operation so it's important not to configure the system such that it's likely to have to perform a large number of them simultaneously as it might affect server performance.

Configuring a "Post-Event" time adds a delay to the operation. For example if the "Post-Event" time is set to 30 seconds, the system will need to wait for 30 seconds after the event for the recordings to

be made, before they can be exported and attached to the email.

Email Config

This Action is used to send a copy of the system configuration file via email. Some steps are required before this can be used:

- An SMTP server should be properly configured (see section 6.2.6 Email).
- One or more potential recipients should be configured (see section 6.2.6 Email).

The recipients of the email can be selected and the email Subject field can be specified.

Force Failover

This Action is only available if Failover is configured. It causes the current server to be put into a "failure state" meaning that any available standby server will take over.

Notify

This Action can be used to send a message to specially configured client PCs. See section 6.14 - Notification Target.

Output

This Action triggers a digital output. The output can be on:

- IP Cameras
- Configured I/O Devices (see section 6.2.10 I/O Devices).

The parameters to select are the device (either Camera or I/O Device), and the Output number on that device.

Play Sound

The server can play a sound file (stored on the server) through a networked audio output device that has been configured as a Talkback channel (e.g. IP camera audio output, or server motherboard audio output).

To configure, select the Talkback device that you want to use, and the audio file to play. New audio files can be uploaded using the File Manager (see section 3.25 - File Manager).

PTZ Preset

This Action moves the specified PTZ camera to the specified PTZ Preset number.

PTZ Tour

This Action starts a PTZ Tour with the tour number.

Record

This Action triggers recording on the specified Camera and Recording Track. Note that recording is normally continuous so for this event to work, the relevant camera and track should have its Recording Mode set to "Event" or "Normal + Event". See section 6.3.2 - Camera Group Settings.

Record Metadata

This is used to trigger recording of input data to the metadata track of the selected camera. Normally this is required when configuring integration modules and instructions will be provided with the integration module.

Send Email

This Action is used to send a plain text email. Some steps are required before this can be used:

• An SMTP server should be properly configured (see section 6.2.6 - Email).

• One or more potential recipients should be configured (see section 6.2.6 - Email).

The configurable parameters for this Action are:

Recipients

The "To" address for the email.

Message

The message for the email.

Spot Monitor

This Action causes the specified Spot Monitor to show the specified camera. It is also possible to specify whether the High or Low resolution stream should be used, where available.

This action can be used for Spot Monitor outputs on analogue capture cards, or Virtual Spot Monitors (see section 9.10 - Configuring Virtual Spot Monitors).

TextC

This Action replaces the Camera Name used in the video display subtitles with the configured text.

TextS

This Action replaces the Server Name used in the video display subtitles with the configured text.

Configuring Complex Events

As an example, imagine that a digital output is connected to a gate and it is required that an operator can open the gate manually. A Manual Trigger can be used in this case.

Also imagine that we need to allow a digital input from a camera to also trigger the gate.

So we need an OR condition: open the gate if either one OR the other is true.

In this case a rule can be configured as follows:

Rule Name Open Gate

Causes Input 1.1 (Camera 1 Input 1) OR Manual Trigger 1

Actions Output 1.1 (Camera 1 Output 1)

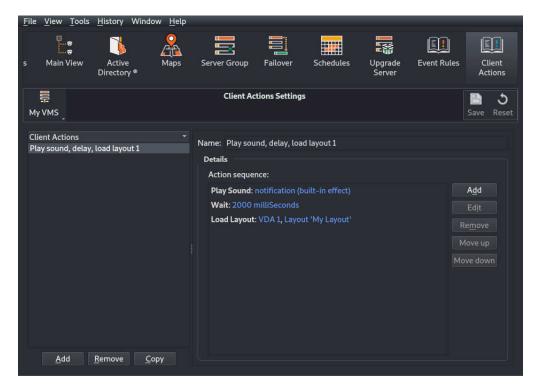
When configured like this the Events panel on the main screen will show an entry for "Open Gate" which will trigger the "Manual Trigger 1" Cause.

6.12 Client Actions

Note: The settings in this page are independent for each server in the server group.

The Client Actions menu can be reached by the menu path Tools \rightarrow Setup \rightarrow Client Actions.

This menu allows the configuration of automated behaviour of the WaveView software based upon server events. For example, it may be desirable for a saved layout of cameras to be displayed when a digital input is triggered. The overall rule for this is configured in the Event Rules setup screen (see section 6.11 - Event Rules), however the specific behaviour of the WaveView client software is configured in this Client Actions setup screen.



Each Client Action is a series of steps which will be taken in sequence. A name can be associated so that it can be selected in the Event Rules screen when programming rules.

The available actions are...

Load Layout

Client Actions ~ Load Layout Play Sound Show Cameras Wait Wait	Parameters VDA Number: 1
	ID 👻 Name 1 My Layout
P	<mark>○</mark> <u>C</u> ancel <u> </u>

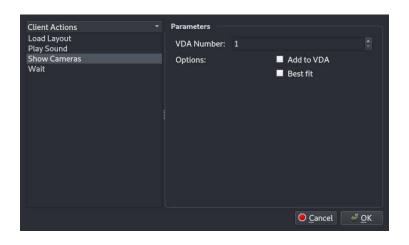
Loads a saved layout onto the selected VDA (Video Display Area). If the desired VDA is not available, it will attempt to use VDA 1. Note that only shared layouts can be selected.

Play Sound

Client Actions 🔹 👻	Parameters	
Load Layout Play Sound	Sound Effect:	notification 👻
Show Cameras Wait		
		● <u>C</u> ancel

Plays the selected sound file. The sounds listed are those which exist on the server. New sound files can be added using the File Manager (see section 3.25 - File Manager).

Show Cameras



Causes one or more associated cameras to be displayed on the selected VDA (Video Display Area). If the desired VDA is not available, it will attempt to use VDA 1.

There are 2 modes possible:

Add to VDA

The camera(s) will be added to any free slots in the current Video Display Area.

Best fit

Any existing cameras on the VDA are cleared, the grid is set to the optimal dimensions for the number of cameras to be shown, then the cameras are displayed.

The associated camera, or cameras, can be provided in several ways. They are attempted to be used in the following priority order. If any is absent, the next is attempted...

The Text field of the Event Rule Action

When configuring the Event Rule (in the Event Rules setup screen), the "Client Action" action has a Text field. This field can be used to specify the associated cameras.

The event's CAMERA field

This is not user configurable. It is inserted into events which are provided by integration modules. The integration module inserts the associated cameras.

The Event Source

The event source is the parameter associated with the Event Cause. For example if the event rule has a "cause" of "Motion on Camera 3", the event source is 3. Therefore camera 3 will be shown by this client action. This also applies when the event source is not a camera. For example if "Input 2" is triggered, the event source will be 2 and so camera 2 is shown.

As described above, it is possible to put an entry in the Text field of the event action when configuring an event rule, which determines which camera(s) to show.

The Text field should begin with a forward slash (/). Then it can have a comma-separated list of camera IDs with "modifiers" before each one.

The modifiers are:

p (Default)

Shows the camera in Playback mode using the time that the event was triggered.

ι

Shows the camera in Live mode

f

Pauses the camera at the time of the event, searching forwards if there is a gap in recordings at the time of the event.

b

Pauses the camera at the time of the event, searching backwards if there is a gap in recordings at the time of the event.

Text Field Examples:

/1,2

Shows cameras 1 and 2. By default these will Play from the time that the event was triggered.

/l1,l2,l3

Shows cameras 1, 2 and 3, all in Live mode.

/l3,b4,p5

Shows camera 1 in Live mode, camera 4 paused, and camera 5 playing.

Wait

14	
Client Actions 👻	Parameters
Load Layout	Delay (mS):
Play Sound	Detay (IIIS).
Show Cameras	
Wait	
	Concel d OK
	● <u>C</u> ancel

Adds a delay into the series of steps for this action. The duration is in milliseconds and can be from zero to 10 minutes (600,000 milliseconds).

6.13 Analytics

Note: The settings in this page are independent for each server in the server group.

The Analytics setup screen can be reached by the menu path *Tools* \rightarrow *Setup* \rightarrow *Analytics*.

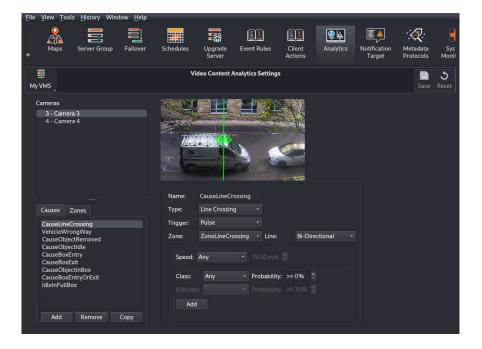
This screen allows the configuration of custom 'Event Causes' specific to video analytics. These 'Event Causes' are then visible in the live event stream when they occur, and they can be used to trigger Event Rules.

Note that this facility is only available for supported cameras and devices. This is explained in more detail in section 9.9 - Configuring Video Analytics.

The screen consists of three main areas:

- The camera selection list
- The Cause and Zone selection list
- The editing area

Configuring Causes



To begin editing, select a camera, then click the *Add* button under the Cause selection list. If the camera does not support analytics, the Add button will be disabled.

In the editing area, give the Cause a name. Note that the name can only contain alphabetic characters, spaces and numbers are not permitted.

Next, choose the type of analytics event to match. The options are:

Object Properties

Matches object properties such as object class, the probability of that object class, and the object speed.

Line Crossing

Matches objects crossing in a line.

Box Entry

Matches objects entering a box.

Box Exit

Matches objects leaving a box.

Box Entry or Exit

Matches objects entering or leaving a box.

Object In Box

Matches for the duration of an object being in a box.

Object Removed

Matches when an object is removed from the scene or box.

Object Idle

Matches when an object becomes stationary within a scene or box.

Crowd

Matches when a certain number of objects are within a scene or box.

Next, it is necessary to choose a '*Trigger*' type, either '*Pulse*' or '*On/Off*'. '*Pulse*' means the event will be considered instantaneous and is therefore best suited for Line Crossing, Box Entry, Box Entry or Exit, Object Removed, and Object Idle. 'On/Off' means the event has a duration and so is best suited for Object Properties, Object In Box, and Crowd.

Many of the analytics types require a zone of some kind, either a box or line. If that's the case for the selected type and some zones already exist, one will be selected. Otherwise a button will be presented which allows jumping straight to the zone editing part of the screen.

Staying on the subject of creating the Event Cause, various parameters will be presented for the current analytics type. Note that *Object Properties* are available for matching their own, or as an addition to other analytics match types.

Object Properties matches allow matching on the object speed being greater than or less than the specified value. The value is provided in metres per second. Alternatively, if 'Any' is selected, the speed is not checked in the search.

It is also possible to match on the object 'class' and, optionally, 'subclass'. The availability of the subclass option is dependent on the source of the analytics data for the current camera. For both class and subclass matching, it is possible to provide a minimum probability for the object matching that class.

Line Crossing matches require a Line type zone to be specified, along with a direction.

Box Entry, Box Exit, Box Entry or Exit, and Object In Box matches require a zone of type Polygon.

Object Removed, *Object Idle*, and *Crow* matches can have a Polygon zone optionally applied. Checking the *'Use Entire Scene'* checkbox disables the need to provide a Polygon zone.

Crowd matches have a '*Count*' parameter, which is the minimum number of objects within the scene or zone required to trigger the match.

Configuring Zones

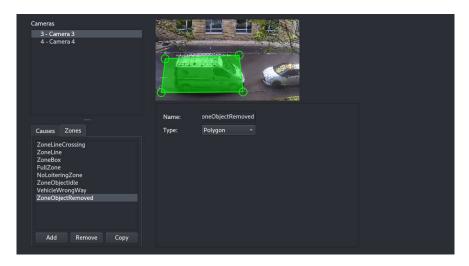
Each zone needs a name and a type. The name can contain almost any character. The type is either '*Line*' or '*Polygon*'.

When editing a Line, the line itself can be edited as follows:

- Click and drag a circular end-point of the line to move that point
- Click and drag on the line to move the whole line
- Double click the arrow to change the direction of the arrow.

When editing a Polygon, the shape can be edited as follows:

- Click and drag a circular end-point of the line to move that point
- Double-click on an edge of the box to add another point
- Double-click a circular end-point to remove it
- Click within the box and drag to move the whole box



6.14 Notification Target

Note: The settings in this page are independent for each server in the server group.

imail Server	Server Group	Failover	Schedules	Custom Channel Tree	Upgrade Server	Event Rules	etter I/O Devices	Notification Target	Disks	Metadata Protocols	Security	Advanced Configuration
					Not	tification Target Se	ettings					Bave Reset
Notification *												
	Add											

Figure 6.42: Notification Target screen

The Wavestore server can be configured to send message notifications, for events such a Video Loss, to an external devices (such as a PC running a Python script) using the Event Rules menu (see section 6.11 - Event Rules).

The details of the device(s) that are to receive notification must first be configured in the Notification Target menu.

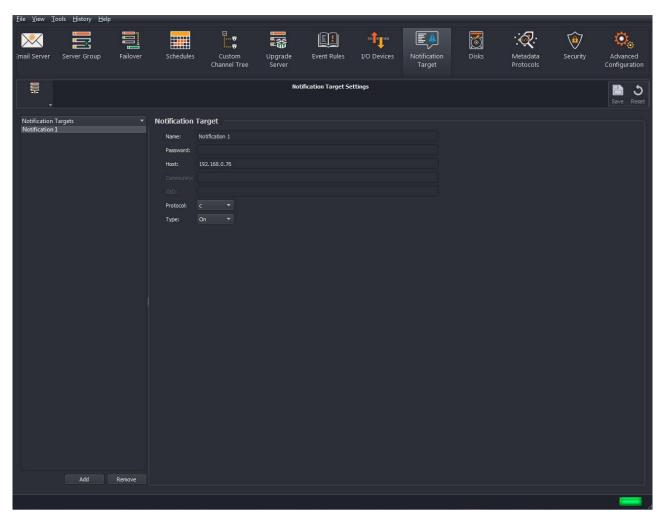


Figure 6.43: Configuration of Notification Target screen

For further information regarding message format/protocol etc., contact the Wavestore Support Team.

6.15 Metadata Protocols

Note: The settings in this page apply to all servers in the server group.

-							
r Group Failover Schedules	Custom Upgrad Channel Tree Serve	le Event Ru	u 💉	~~	Disks	Metadata Protocols	Security Advar Configu
Ę.		Metadata	Protocols Settin	ngs			Bave Reset
Protocol +	Metadata Protocol						
2 Paxton	Protocol Name: Top Level Tag Na	Paxton ame: Paxton					
	Tags:						
	Name	Tag	Туре	Options			Add
	1 First Name	FirstName	Text 🔫	🔲 Hidden, 🔲 Mul	tiple, 🔲 Time	, Level: 1 🏾 े	
	2 Last Name	LastName	Text 👻	📕 Hidden, 📕 Mul	tiple, 📕 Time	, Level: 1 🔮	
	3 Device Name	DeviceName	Text 👻	🔲 Hidden, 🔲 Mul	tiple, 🔲 Time	, Level: 1 🔮	
	4 Event Type	Event Type	Text 👻	🔲 Hidden, 🔲 Mul	tiple, 📕 Time	, Level: 1 🔮	
	5 Event Desc	EventDesc	Text 👻	📕 Hidden, 📕 Mul	tiple, 🔳 Time	, Level: 1 🏾 🖨	
	6 Add Info	EvendSubD	Text 👻	📕 Hidden, 📕 Mul	tiple, 🔳 Time	, Level: 1 📑	
Add Remove							

Figure 6.44: Metadata Protocols Setup Screen

The Metadata Protocols Setup Screen is used to configure information about tags which might be captured as metadata when using an integration module.

It is generally not necessary to configure anything in here directly. The settings are made automatically when an integration module is installed. For example, the screenshot above shows the setup screen after the Maxxess and Paxton integration modules have been installed.

Any changes to this configuration might cause issues with the integration modules, and so should only be performed in special cases under the guidance of Wavestore technical staff.

6.16 System Monitoring

Note: The settings in this page apply to all servers in the server group.

The System Monitoring page allows configuration of SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol) settings for the server group.

<u>File View Tools History</u>	' <u>H</u> elp	-	-					
Schedules Custo		Event Rules	E A Notification	V Metadata	: Metadata	System	7	9 7
Channel		Event Rules	Target	Display	Protocols	Monitoring	Sec	urity
My VMS		System N	1onitoring Sett	ings			🔠 Save	ి Reset
SNMP Settings								
Community Name:	Acme Inc							
System Location:	Paradise Street							
System Contact Name:	John Smith							
System Contact Email:	john.smith@exampl	e.com						
Read-Only Subnet:	10.1.0.0/16							
Read-Write Subnet	192.168.0.0/16							
N=								

The settings provided here are fairly standard for SNMP but an explanation is below for completeness.

- **Community** : Used to group devices together by organisation. It's permitted to omit this parameter.
- **System Location** : This field describes the device location. It's not mandatory but recommended to include this parameter.
- **System Contact Name** : This field is for the contact name of the person responsible for the device. It's not mandatory but recommended to include this parameter.
- **System Contact Email** : This field is for the contact email of the person responsible for the device. It's not mandatory but recommended to include this parameter.
- **Read-Only Subnet** : This field defines the subnet from which read-only operations can be performed. The subnet is expressed in CIDR notation, e.g. "192.168.0.0/16".
- **Read-Write Subnet** : This field defines the subnet from which read-write operations can be performed. The subnet is expressed in CIDR notation, e.g. "192.168.0.0/16".

Once the settings have been made, click on 'Save' to confirm the changes that you have made.

6.17 Security

Note: The settings in this page apply to all servers in the server group.

This setup screen allows configuration of various security related settings.

<u>F</u> ile <u>V</u> iew	<u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> istor	y Window <u>H</u> e	elp					
5chedules	Ling Upgrade	Event Rules	Client	Notification	Metadata	System	Sec) urity
	Server		Actions	Target	Protocols	Monitoring		
My VMS			Security	Settings			📄 Save	ి Reset
🗹 Enabl	le User Password	Policy						
Passwo	ords must contai	n : 🗹 Capital						
		🗹 Numbe	ř					
		🗹 Special	character					
Passwo	ords minimal len							
🗹 Enabl	le Account Lockir	ng on Login Failu	re					
Attemp	ots permitted:	10						
Lock di	uration:	10 minutes						

Enable User Password Policy

If enabled, a password policy will be enforced based on the other settings in this screen. Otherwise any password other than blank can be used.

Capital If enabled, any new password must contain at least one capital letter.

Number If enabled, any new password must contain at least one number.

Special character If enabled, any new password must contain at least one special character (not a letter or number).

Passwords minimal length The minimum length of any new password.

These settings cause a password policy to be applied for all users in the server group. Note that if a password policy is applied, it only affects subsequently changed passwords. Any users whose passwords do not conform to the new policy will not automatically be forced to change their password. However this can be done by setting the "Force user to change password on next login" for each user in the Users Setup Screen (see see section 6.1 - Users for more details).

Enable Account Locking on Login Failure

Attempts permitted This determines the number of failed logins before the user's account will be locked.

Lock duration This determines the duration, in minutes, of an account lockout when the maximum number attempts permitted has been reached.

This feature can also be disabled completely by unchecking the checkbox.

7 Maintenance Menu

The Maintenance Menu is a system on the Wavestore server which can be used to rescue or configure the system when the GUI is not available.

To access this menu, press CTRL + ALT + F2. This should present a command prompt. At the prompt, login as user "maint". You will then be prompted to "Enter Install Password". This can be the password of any install-level user.

Note that to return the normal GUI, you can press CTRL + ALT + F1. In the rare occurrence that this doesn't work, try the other Fn keys in combination with CTRL + ALT.

If your login is correct you will be presented with the Maintenance Menu.



The menus are navigated using the keyboard. Normally this means the arrow keys to move Up, Down, Left and Right. The Enter key can be used to accept an option, Escape to cancel. The Tab key can be used to highlight different buttons.

Configuration Tools

The Configuration Tools menu can be used to restore configuration backups or return to the factory default configuration.



Restore Configuration Backup

This option allows the user to restore the system to an earlier backed up configuration. Backups automatically occur weekly and also in some exceptional circumstances such as when upgrading to a newer version.

When this option is selected, a list of configuration backups is presented.



The filenames represent the dates and times of the backups, for example "2019-06-30_04-30-54-venusd.conf" is a backup from 30th June 2019 at 04:30am.

When the desired backup is selected, the user is asked for confirmation before the configuration is loaded. Upon loading the configuration the server process will automatically restart (not reboot).

Restore Default Configuration

This allows resetting the system to its factory default. Note that when this operation is performed a backup of the existing configuration is automatically made.

When selected, the user is asked for confirmation of the operation. If confirmed, the user is asked if the existing licence should be preserved.

Once the operation is complete, the server process will automatically restart (not reboot).

VGA Configuration



This menu is used to configure the graphics drivers for the graphical display on the Wavestore server.

View Status

This option shows information about the current display adapter and the graphics driver currently in use.

Configure drivers

This option allows a specific graphics driver to be installed or removed. It is vital to install the correct driver for the display adapter in the system. The "View Status" option can be used to check this.

Force monitor resolution

By default, the optimum display resolution is automatically detected. However this option allows a specific resolution to be set. Once set, these settings can be applied by switching back to the graphical desktop (CTRL + F1) and restarting the graphical display with CTRL + ALT + BACKSPACE.

Configure keyboard



This option allows the user to configure the keyboard layout for the keyboard connected to the Wavestore server. A reboot is required after selecting the desired keyboard layout for it to take effect.

Interactive Hardware Detection

	Hardw	are Detection		1
	n will rescan the server configura		your Wavestore and	
channels will	be re-ordered.	A backup will	but in some circumstances be automatically made to Wavestore server.	
Proceed?				
	< Yes >	< No	>	-

The Hardware Detection mechanism is used to detect "capture devices" available on the server and add them to the server's configuration so that they are available for use. An example of a "capture device" is an analogue capture card, or the onboard audio device of the motherboard.

Normally there is no need to run this process manually. It occurs automatically on first boot, and whenever the system detects that a relevant new piece of hardware has been connected. That would be either an audio device, or a PCI device.

One potential use of running this manually is if there are devices automatically detected which you do not want to be available for use. For example if the onboard audio device is detected, its channels will be available in the WaveView Cameras setup screen. This causes certain channel numbers to be reserved, which may not be desired. By running this detection process you can choose to *not* include the device. This configuration will remain unless another relevant hardware device is added or removed, at which point the automatic detection will run on boot.

Start/Stop Client or Server



This option allows either the server or client to be stopped or started. By default both are started.

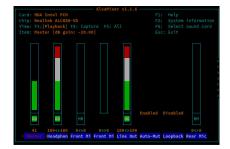
It is important to note that the process in question (server or client) will remain in the selected state upon reboot. So for example if you stop the server, it will not run on reboot until it is re-enabled in this menu. Be careful with this option because if you disable the server, you will not be able to log in remotely via WaveView.

SSH Tools



This menu allows configuring and starting/stopping the SSH service. This service can be used by Wavestore Global support staff to provide remote technical support, and will provide guidance on how to use this menu as required.

Audio Mixer

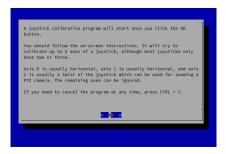


This option presents an audio mixer to allow configuring volume and mute/unmute status of audio inputs and outputs. This should not be used in normal operation, instead the options in the WaveView Cameras setup screen should be used instead. Any settings made here will potentially be lost on reboot.

Check installed software is same as DVD

This option is used to compare if a installed system has the same files as an installation DVD. It is rare to need to use these options but it is left for legacy reasons.

Calibrate joystick



This option is used to calibrate a joystick so that its central point and extreme points correctly translate to PTZ speed. Simply follow the on-screen instructions to perform the calibration.

Delete selected exports



Since the Wavestore allows exports to be saved to the server, it is possible to completely fill the operating system disk. In some rare cases this may mean that it is not possible to start the UI, meaning that exports cannot be deleted to free up space.

This menu options presents a list of the exports on the system to allow them to be deleted, to free up disk space.

Write diagnostic disc

This option collates a variety of log files and configuration files, and allows them to be written to a USB device or directory so that they can be copied off.

By default these files are copied to the /home/dvr-user directory. On the Wavestore, it is possible to move the mouse to the top-left corner to open a menu which includes a file browser. This can then be used to copy the files to a USB memory stick.

IPMI Event Simulator

	SEL	OFF	
	Intrusion	OFF	
	Fan2A	OFF	
	Fan2B	OFF	
	Fan3A	OFF	
	Fan3B	OFF	
	Fan4A	OFF	
	Fan4B	OFF	
	Fan1A	OFF	
	Fan1B	OFF	
	Inlet Temp	OFF	
	OS Watchdog	OFF	
⊥(+)			11%
		<cancel></cancel>	

This menu option can be used to test alarms from servers which support IPMI (Intelligent Platform Management Interface). Simply select the sensor in question to turn it into an alarm state. Remember to turn it off again afterwards!

8 Other Utilities

8.1 Batch Configuration Tool

Included within the WaveView installer is a tool called "Batch Configuration Tool". This tool can be used to push configuration sections or complete configuration files to a list of servers which is stored in a CSV (Comma Separated Values) file. This is useful when dealing with a large number of servers which are not in a Server Group.

Batch Config T	ool	0-3		\times		
_ Settings				-		
CSV Server List:	C:/Users/Me/hosts.csv					
Configuration File:	C:/Users/Me/users.conf					
Report Output:						
🖌 Preserve Existi	ng Licence 🗹 Preserve Existing Network Settings 📃 Restart Servers					
Mode: Ap	pend •					
Start						

The Batch Configuration Tool asks for 3 file locations, 2 of which are mandatory:

- **CSV Server List (required)** This is the path to the csv file containing the list of servers, usernames, and passwords. The format is described in more detail below.
- **Configuration File (required)** This is the file containing the configuration to be sent to the servers. This is described in more detail below.
- **Report Output** This is an optional path to a file which will be written with a report of the operation. This is optional because the same report is output to the screen, but it can be useful to have the results

automatically saved to a file.

There are also several more options available:

- **Preserve Existing Licence** The Licence configured on the destination server will not be overwritten by the uploaded configuration file.
- **Preserve Existing Network Settings** The network settings configured on the destination server will not be overwritten by the uploaded configuration file.
- **Restart Servers** Each server will be restarted after the configuration is uploaded. Several settings require a server restart to take effect so this is often desirable.

Mode A choice of...

Append Any configuration sections uploaded will be appended to the existing configuration if they don't already exist, or they will replace the existing sections if they do. For example if you server has [User_1] and [User_2] sections, and your uploaded configuration has [User_2] and [User_3], the [User_2] section on the server will be replaced and the [User_3] section will be appended.

Replace The entire configuration on the server will be replaced with the provided configuration.

CSV Server List format

The CSV file requires a list of headings followed by entries, one for each Wavestore server, as follows:

host,username,password 192.168.0.1,install,a 192.168.0.2,install,a

The first entry on each line is an IP address or hostname of a Wavestore server.

The second entry is a username which will be used to login. It is required that user be an "install"-level user, but it doesn't have to be the actual user named "install".

The final entry is the password to use for that server. Obviously the password is stored in the CSV file in plain text so it is important to be careful with distribution of this CSV file.

Configuration File format

The configuration file must be a plain text file with Line Feed line-endings. (Generally this means avoiding use of Notepad in Microsoft Windows, other text editors are usually fine).

In general, the configuration file of a server can be obtained using WaveView by navigating to *View* > *Setup* > *Server* > *Configuration*, and choosing *Save To File*.

The format of the configuration file is a lengthy and complex subject not covered by this document.

9 Common Setup Tasks And Concepts

9.1 Configuring IP Cameras

Wavestore servers are compatible with a wide range of IP cameras including but not limited to those conforming to the ONVIF Profile S standard.

It is generally recommended to use the Auto camera type to connect to cameras as this allows the greatest compatibility with various camera features and requires the least manual configuration. This should work for any ONVIF Profile S conformant device, however other mechanisms are available to stream video and perform other operations if the Auto mechanism doesn't perform as required for your device.

Configuring cameras with Auto mode is described in 9.1.1 - Configuring IP Cameras using Auto Mode.

Configuring cameras without Auto mode is described in 9.1.2 - Configuring IP Cameras without Auto Mode.

9.1.1 Configuring IP Cameras using Auto Mode

Wavestore servers are compatible with a wide range of IP cameras including but not limited to those conforming to the ONVIF Profile S standard.

It is generally recommended to use the Auto camera type to connect to cameras as this allows the greatest compatibility with various camera features and requires the least manual configuration. This should work for any ONVIF Profile S conformant device, however other mechanisms are available to stream video and perform other operations if the Auto mechanism doesn't perform as required for your device.

IP cameras are configured in the Cameras Setup screen which can be accessed in WaveView via the View \rightarrow Setup \rightarrow Cameras menu.

Upon entering the Cameras Setup screen, a discovery option is performed and a list of discovered cameras is provided on the right of the screen.

To add a camera, simply drag and drop it from the right to the left. If the device is not listed, click the plus button to add a new column on the left, then enter its IP address.

<u>File View Tools Histor</u>	y <u>H</u> elp									
Users Server	Cameras	Active Directory ®	Aps Naps	Server Group		ailover	Schedules	Custom Channel Tree	Upgrade Server	Event f
₩ MyVMS			Came	era Settings					E Save	ئ Reset
Cameras Camera Gr	oups									
ID - Nam	e IP	Subunit		Group	Disc	overed C	ameras			
							Name		Address	
	Canon_VB-S	201/5	10.1	1.3.63:80		AV2036	5DN-5A		1.3.18:80	
	Canon_vb-s	50VE	10.1	1.3.03.60		Panason	c_WV-SC384	10.	1.3.86:80	
						Canon_\	/B-S30VE	10.	1.3.63:80	
						Wavesto		10.	1.9.21:80	
Drag camera	as here from	the list c	n the	riaht or		Wavesto	re		1.44.99:80	
click the + b				5		Bosch		10.	1.3.4:80	
cuck the FE	accon					IPC3612	ER3-PF28-B		1.3.52:80	
						SPE-410		10.	1.3.91:80	
						Canon_\	/B-H43	10.	1.10.17:80	
					+	VIVOTE		10.	1.3.6:80	
						VIVOTE	(IB8377-Н	10.	1.3.82:80	F
									Refre	⊡ sh
									Rene	

When a camera is added, it will either be added to an existing *Camera Group* if one exists, or a new group will be created. If a new group is created then a prompt for the camera's username and password is displayed.

		c	amera Settings	
> 3:80	Subi 1		Group amera Login Details	Discovered Cameras
		Usernan Passwor		V20365DN-5 anasonic_WV anon_VB-S30

Once this has been provided, for most cameras it should be sufficient to simply Save the changes. By default:

- Only the video stream is requested.
- The video stream is assigned to the default disk and set to record continuously for a maximum of 31 days (this recording duration is not guaranteed and depends on disk space available).
- The video stream is set to the optimal codec available from the device with H.265 as first preference, followed by H.264, then JPEG. If a specific codec is desired it must be manually selected under 'Encoding'.
- The audio stream, if enabled, is set to the optimal codec available from the device with AAC as first preference, followed by G.711. If a specific codec is desired it must be manually selected under 'Audio Encoding'.
- The framerate and resolution are set to the maximum available from the camera but are configurable.
- PTZ is enabled if supported by the camera.
- The maximum bitrate (bandwidth used) by the camera is set to 4000 kbps (kilobits per second).

Many different options can be enabled and these are described in detail in 6.3 - Cameras.

To enable audio input from the camera, simply tick the *Audio* checkbox. Similarly to enable Talkback (audio output from the camera - sometimes called "Backchannel"), simply tick the *Talkback* checkbox.

A secondary video stream can be enabled simply by ticking the *Stream 2* checkbox and specifying any desired settings.

Note that in all cases, the Wavestore will request the desired setting from the camera but if the camera cannot provide the precise setting, it will choose the closest match.

9.1.2 Configuring IP Cameras without Auto Mode

Whilst the *Auto* mode provided by Wavestore should work for the vast majority of modern IP cameras, there are other mechanisms available to connect to devices in case they are required.

ONVIF

Although the *Auto* mode will often use ONVIF, this mode can be forced by selecting *ONVIF* mode. Also, *ONVIF* mode allows you to select a *Profile* (collection of settings) which has been configured on the camera rather than relying on Wavestore to push the settings to the camera.

ONVIF-Multicast

Used to force the capture of a multicast stream from an ONVIF camera. Note that IPv6 is not supported for multicast.

RTSP

Allows basic streaming using the RTSP protocol.

HTTP

Allows basic streaming using the HTTP protocol.

MxPEG

Used to pull the MxPEG video format from Mobotix cameras.

Ampleye

Used to efficiently stream JPEG2000 video from Ampleye cameras.

9.1.2.1 Configuring IP Cameras in ONVIF Mode

When using ONVIF cameras there are generally two modes of operation which are dictated by whether the "Auto-configure Camera Streams" option is selected.

If the option is enabled then the camera settings are made within the WaveView setup screens and the Wavestore server will push the settings to the camera. This is the recommended mode of operation.

If the option is disabled, it is necessary to use the camera's own setup facilities to configure one or more "profiles", where a "profile" is a collection of settings. The Wavestore is then configured to use a particular camera profile.

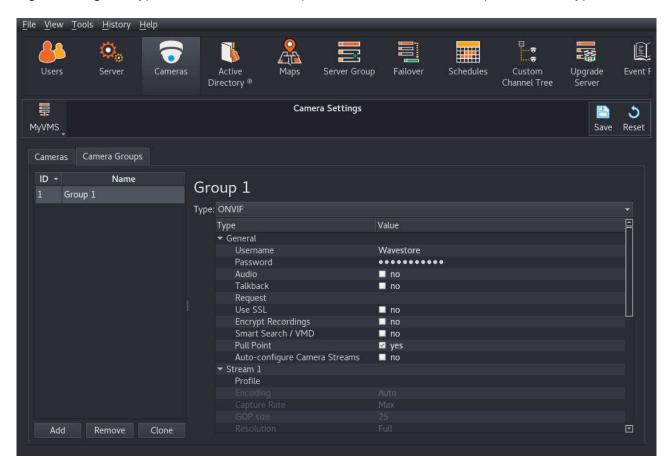
The first step of configuring an ONVIF camera is to add it to the Wavestore. This can be done by discovering the camera on the network or by adding it manually. The former is the easier and recommended way but there are some circumstances where the discovery process won't work, such as when the camera is on a different network segment.

To add the camera manually click the + button. The camera will be added to an existing *Camera Group* if one exists, otherwise a new group is created and a prompt for the username and password is provided. If the camera has been added to an existing group which isn't already set up for *ONVIF* mode, right-click the *Group* column for the camera and choose "Change Camera Group", then "Create New Group" as shown below...

<u>File View Too</u>	ols <u>H</u> istory <u>H</u> elp										
Users	Ca Server Ca	ameras Act Direct	ve l	O Maps	Server Gro		ailover	Schedules	Custom Channel Tree	Upgrade Server	Event F
₩ MyVMS				Camera	Settings) Save	ి Reset
Cameras (Camera Groups										
ID ▼ 1 Came	Name era 1	IP	Subunit	Group 1	Group Ch		Discovered nera Group		Selected Camera oup 1		
					Re	move Car	meras		eate New Group		
							Status		one Group	- **-	
							IP Addre				
							Туре:	Auto			
							Group:	Group 1	:		
							General	Mask optio	ns Dewarping	options	
							Туре		Val	ue	
							▼ General User	name (overri	de group)		

Before we configure the group, enter the IP address of the camera in the "IP" column.

Now we can configure the group by selecting the "Camera Groups" tab and selecting the group we are working on. Change the type to "ONVIF" and we are presented with the available options for this type...



The various options presented here are described in detail in 6.3 - Cameras but the key decision, as described earlier, is whether to select Profiles configured in the camera, or allow Wavestore to push settings to the camera. This is controlled by the "Auto-configure Camera Streams" option.

If "Auto-configure Camera Streams" is disabled, a Profile can be selected for each of the two possible streams. Note that it may be necessary to save your changes to allow the Wavestore to connect to the camera before the Profile list is populated...



After saving the changes, the Wavestore will start streaming and recording the camera with default settings. More detail about available settings is in 6.3 - Cameras.

9.1.2.2 Configuring IP Cameras in ONVIF-Multicast Mode

To add an IP camera to the Wavestore server using ONVIF Multicast, in the Cameras Setup screen click on the + button. The camera will be added to an existing *Camera Group* if one exists, otherwise a new group is created and a prompt for the username and password is provided. If the camera has been added to an existing group which isn't already set up for *ONVIF-Multicast*, right-click the *Group* column for the camera and choose "Change Camera Group", then "Create New Group" as shown below...

<u>File View T</u> ools	<u>H</u> istory <u>H</u> el	р									
Users	Ö _ö Server	Cameras	Active Directory ®	All Maps	Server		ailover	Schedules	Custom Channel Tree	Upgrade Server	Event f
MyVMS				Came	ra Settir	ngs				🔡 Save	ර Reset
Cameras Car	mera Groups										
ID ▼ 1 Camera	Name a 1		P Subur 1	iit Group 1	Group 1		Discovered mera Group		Selected Camera Froup 1		
						Remove Ca	meras Status		reate New Group lone Group		
							IP Addres	ss: Auto			
							Group:	Group			
							General -	Mask opti			a
							Type General User		Valı ride group)	le	8

Before we configure the group, enter the IP address of the camera in the "IP" column.

Now we can configure the group by selecting the "Camera Groups" tab and selecting the group we are working on. Change the type to "ONVIF-Multicast" and we are presented with the available options for this type...

.	Camera Settings										
MyVMS	(12:05:16) Server awaiting restart										
Cameras Camera Groups											
ID → Name	C.										
1 Group 1	Gr	Group 1									
A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	Тур	e: ONVIF-Multicast									
		Туре	Value		8						
		🕶 General									
		Username	admin Request Standard (RTSP)								
		Password									
		Request									
		Encrypt Recordings	🗖 no								
		Stream 1	Alternative (SOAP)								
		✓ All Tracks		Custom							
		Disk	D								
		Disk 2	None								
		Recording Record for a maximum of 31 days									

The two available for methods for streaming multicast are RTSP and SOAP. Click the "Request" row in the table and then choose the desired from the drop-down box.

Please note that to configure settings such as the resolution of the video stream it will likely be necessary to do this in the camera's own setup screens via a web browser.

After saving the changes, the Wavestore will start streaming and recording the camera with default settings. More detail about available settings is in 6.3 - Cameras.

9.1.2.3 Configuring RTSP or HTTP Cameras

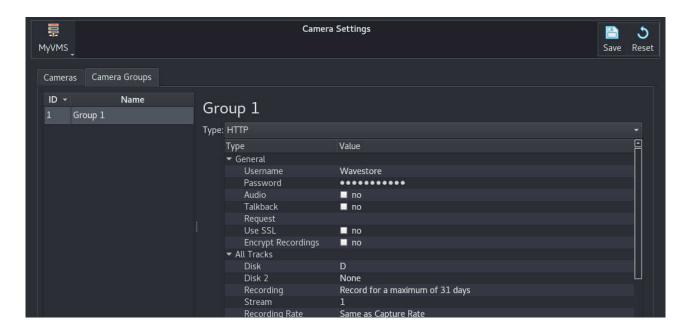
It may be necessary to refer to documentation supplied with by the camera manufacturer, to obtain information required during the IP camera setup on the Wavestore server (e.g. stream type/request string etc.).

To add an IP camera to the Wavestore server, in the Cameras Setup screen click on the + button. The camera will be added to an existing *Camera Group* if one exists, otherwise a new group is created and a prompt for the username and password is provided. If the camera has been added to an existing group which isn't already set up for *RTSP* or *HTTP* mode, right-click the *Group* column for the camera and choose "Change Camera Group", then "Create New Group" as shown below...

<u>File View 1</u>	ools <u>H</u> istory	<u>H</u> elp						-		-			
Users	Server	Cameras	Active Director	e l	O A Maps	Server Gr		ailover	Schedules	G Custor Channel	m l	lpgrade Server	Event f
₩ MyVMS					Camera	a Settings						Pare Save	ి Reset
Cameras	Camera Group												
ID 👻	Name		IP	Subunit		Group		Discovered		Selected C	amera		
1 Ca	imera 1			1	Group 1		ange Car emove Ca	nera Group meras		Group 1 Create New (Group		
								Status IP Addre Type: Group:	ss: Auto Grouj	Clone Group		•	
								General	Mask op	tions Dew	arping op		
								Type • General	Ľ.		Value		
										erride group)			

Before we configure the group, enter the IP address of the camera in the "IP" column.

Now we can configure the group by selecting the "Camera Groups" tab and selecting the group we are working on. Change the type to "RTSP" or "HTTP" as desired, and we are presented with the available options for this type...



The settings for HTTP and RTSP are practically identical. The "Request" option is the important part. For HTTP it is under the "General" heading as only one stream is supported. For RTSP it is under the Stream 1 and Stream 2 headings as two streams are supported.

The "Request" string is used to determine how to request video from the camera. The string can be entered manually, but there is also a drop-down list containing the request strings for well-known camera manufacturers.

The documentation from Camera manufacturers may describe how to request video in a format similar to the below:

http://<camera-ip>/video.mjpg

In this case, the "Request" parameter to enter would be "/video.mjpg".

Please note that to configure settings such as the resolution of the video stream it will likely be necessary to do this in the camera's own setup screens via a web browser.

After saving the changes, the Wavestore will start streaming and recording the camera with default settings. More detail about available settings is in 6.3 - Cameras.

9.1.2.4 Configuring MxPEG or Ampleye Cameras

To add an MxPEG or Ampleye camera to the Wavestore server, in the Cameras Setup screen click on the + button. The camera will be added to an existing *Camera Group* if one exists, otherwise a new group is created and a prompt for the username and password is provided. If the camera has been added to an existing group which isn't already set up for *MxPEG* or *Ampleye* mode, right-click the *Group* column for the camera and choose "Change Camera Group", then "Create New Group" as shown below...

<u>File View Too</u>	ols <u>H</u> istory <u>H</u> el	P				_	_	_		
Users	Ö. Server	Cameras	Active Directory ®	All Maps	Server Group	Failover	Schedules	Custom	Upgrade Server	Event f
₽ MyVMS				Camera	a Settings				💾 Save	ڻ Reset
Cameras (Camera Groups									
ID 🕶 1 Came	Name era 1	P	Subunit 1	Group 1	Group Change C Remove	Discovered Camera Group Cameras	 Grou 	Plected Camera p 1 te New Group		
						Status IP Addre Type: Group:	Clon	e Group		
						General Type ▼ General User	Mask options I mame (override	Valı		

Before we configure the group, enter the IP address of the camera in the "IP" column.

Now we can configure the group by selecting the "Camera Groups" tab and selecting the group we are working on. Change the type to "MxPEG" or "Ampleye" as desired, and we are presented with the available options for this type...

	Camer	ra Settings			3
MyVMS	(11:45:58) Ser	ver awaiting restart		Save	Reset
Cameras Camera Groups					
ID • Name 1 Group 1	Group 1 Type: MxPEG				
	Type ▼ General Username	Value admin			
	Password Audio Talkback	no no			
	Request Use SSL Encrypt Recordings	4xPEG&needlength&fps=0&iframeref ■ no ■ no	Mobotix Custom		
	✓ All Tracks Disk Disk 2 Recording	D None Record for a maximum of 31 days			

The settings for MxPEG and Ampleye are practically identical. For MxPEG the "Mobotix" Request preset should be chosen and for Ampleye the "J2KOO" Request preset should be chosen. The MxPEG request string can be edited to pass different settings for the stream request if desired. Documentation for this is available from Mobotix.

Please note that to configure settings such as the resolution of the video stream it will likely be necessary to do this in the camera's own setup screens via a web browser.

After saving the changes, the Wavestore will start streaming and recording the camera with default settings. More detail about available settings is in 6.3 - Cameras.

9.2 Configuring Multi-lens IP Cameras and Encoders

There are several different ways to add multi-lens IP cameras and multi-channel encoders to Wavestore.

Using a single Camera Group of type ONVIF

This is the preferred method and should be compatible with most devices. The down side to this method is that if any non-default stream settings are required, such as framerate and resolution, these will have to be configured in the setup menus provided by the device, rather than in Wavestore. Setup for this mode is described in 9.2.1 - Configuring Multi-lens IP Cameras and Encoders in ONVIF Mode below.

Using a single Camera Group of type Auto

This method is known to work with the majority of ONVIF Profile S devices, however a small number of devices have shown issues and the startup is slower than the alternatives. This method has the benefit of allowing stream settings to be configured in the Wavestore setup screens rather than having to use the device's menus. Setup for this mode is described in 9.2.2 - Configuring Multi-lens IP Cameras and Encoders in Auto Mode below.

Create one Camera Group per lens or channel on the device

This is the most laborious method of setup as it requires configuring each channel or lens individually rather than through a group. Therefore it is not recommended, but possible if desired.

9.2.1 Configuring Multi-lens IP Cameras and Encoders in ONVIF Mode

Cameras are configured in the Cameras Setup screen which can be accessed in WaveView via the View \rightarrow Setup \rightarrow Cameras menu.

As an example, we will add a 4 lens multi-lens camera but the same principle applies for multi-channel encoders.

To set up such a device we simply need to add the camera 4 times and ensure that each camera has different *Subunit*. The channels can be added by dragging and dropping from the "Discovered Cameras" panel on the right multiple times, in which case the *Subunit* will be automatically incremented. Alternatively the channels can be added by clicking the + icon until the desired number of channels has been added, then entering the IP address of the device for each one. In that case the *Subunit* field needs to be manually set to unique numbers, e.g. 1 to 4 for channels 1 to 4, as shown below:

Camera Camera Groups ID × Name IP Subunit Group 1 Camera 1 10.1.3.45:80 1 Group 1 2 Camera 2 10.1.3.45:80 2 Group 1 3 Camera 3 10.1.3.45:80 3 Group 1 4 Camera 4 10.1.3.45:80 4 Group 1 Status IP Address: 10.1.3.45:80 4 Group 1 General Mask options Type Value	1yVMS					Save Res
1 Camera 1 10.1.3.45:80 1 Group 1 2 Camera 2 10.1.3.45:80 2 Group 1 3 Camera 3 10.1.3.45:80 3 Group 1 4 Camera 4 10.1.3.45:80 4 Group 1						
2 Camera 2 10.1.3.45:80 2 Group 1 3 Camera 3 10.1.3.45:80 3 Group 1 4 Camera 4 10.1.3.45:80 4 Group 1 UP Address: 10.1.3.45:80 Type: Auto Group: Group 1 General Mask options Dewarping options	ID 👻	Name	IP	Subunit	Group	Discovered Cameras Selected Camera
3 Camera 3 10.1.3.45:80 3 Group 1 4 Camera 4 10.1.3.45:80 4 Group 1 IP Address: 10.1.3.45:80 Type: Auto Group: Group 1 General Mask options Dewarping options		Camera 1	10.1.3.45:80		Group 1	
4 Camera 4 10.1.3.45:80 4 Group 1 IP Address: 10.1.3.45:80 Type: Auto Group: Group 1 General Mask options Dewarping options		Camera 2	10.1.3.45:80		Group 1	Camera 4
Type: Auto Group: Group 1 General Mask options Dewarping options		Camera 3	10.1.3.45:80		Group 1	Status
Group: Group 1 General Mask options Dewarping options	4	Camera 4	10.1.3.45:80		Group 1	IP Address: 10.1.3.45:80
General Mask options Dewarping options						Type: Auto
General Mask options Dewarping options						
Type Value 🗄						
						Type Value 🔤
Username (override group)						Password (override group) •••••••••

Now that the channels have been added, switch to the "Camera Groups" tab. Change the Type to "ONVIF" and ensure that "Auto-configure Camera Streams" feature is disabled.

₩ MyVMS		Camera Settings		E Save	ڻ _{Reset}
Cameras Camera Groups					
ID • Name 1 Group 1	Gr	oup 1			
	Тур	e: ONVIF			
		Туре	Value		8
		🕶 General			
		Username	root		
		Password	********		
		Audio	🔲 no		
		Talkback	🗖 no		
		Request			
		Use SSL	🗖 no		
		Encrypt Recordings	🗖 no		
		Smart Search / VMD	🗖 no		
		Pull Point	🗹 yes		
		Auto-configure Camera Streams	🗖 no		
		▼ Stream 1			
		Profile			
		Capture Rate	Max		

Now simply save the changes and the Wavestore will connect to the camera channels and start streaming. The channels can be further configured via the *Camera Group* in the same way as a normal camera. See 6.3 - Cameras for more details.

9.2.2 Configuring Multi-lens IP Cameras and Encoders in Auto Mode

Cameras are configured in the Cameras Setup screen which can be accessed in WaveView via the View \rightarrow Setup \rightarrow Cameras menu.

As an example, we will add a 4 lens multi-lens camera but the same principle applies for multi-channel encoders.

To set up such a device we simply need to add the camera 4 times and ensure that each camera has different *Subunit*. The channels can be added by dragging and dropping from the "Discovered Cameras" panel on

the right multiple times, in which case the *Subunit* will be automatically incremented. Alternatively the channels can be added by clicking the + icon until the desired number of channels has been added, then entering the IP address of the device for each one. In that case the *Subunit* field needs to be manually set to unique numbers, e.g. 1 to 4 for channels 1 to 4, as shown below:

Camer	as Camera Groups				
ID 👻	Name	IP	Subunit	Group	Discovered Cameras Selected Camera
	Camera 1	10.1.3.45:80		Group 1	
2	Camera 2	10.1.3.45:80		Group 1	Camera 4
	Camera 3	10.1.3.45:80		Group 1	Status
4	Camera 4	10.1.3.45:80		Group 1	IP Address: 10.1.3.45:80
					Type: Auto
					Group: Group 1
					General Mask options Dewarping options
					Type Value E

Now that the channels have been added, simply save the changes and the Wavestore will connect to the camera channels and start streaming. The channels can be further configured via the *Camera Group* in the same way as a normal camera. See 6.3 - Cameras for more details.

9.3 Configuring Analogue Cameras

If your Wavestore contains an analogue video capture card, the card will be automatically detected and its video and audio channels will be made available for configuration.

To configure the channels, navigate to the Cameras setup screen - View \rightarrow Setup \rightarrow Cameras.

Users	Server	Cameras	Active Director		Q 1aps S	erver	Group Failover Schedules Custom Upgrade Channel Tree Server
算 My VMS				c	Camera Set	tings	📑 👌 Save Rese
Camera	as Camera Groups						
ID 🔻	Name IP	Subunit	Group	Sort ID	Enabled	9	Discovered Cameras Selected Camera
1	Camera 1	1	Group 1		✓ Yes		
2	Camera 2	1	Group 2	2	✓ Yes		Camera 1
	Camera 3	1	Group 3	3	✓ Yes		Status
4	Camera 4	1	Group 4	4	√ Yes		IP Address:
	Camera 5	1	Group 5		√ Yes		Type: Stretch
6	Camera 6	1	Group 6	6	√ Yes	Ц	Group: Group 1
7	Camera 7	1		7	√ Yes		
8	Camera 8	1	Group 8	8	√ Yes		General Mask options Dewarping options
9	Camera 9			9	v Yes		Type Value
							✓ General Username (override group)
10	Camera 10		Group 10		√ Yes		Password (override group)
11	Camera 11	1	Group 11	11	✓ Yes		Linked Audio Auto
12	Camera 12	1	Group 12	12	✓ Yes		Linked Talkback Auto
13	Camera 13	1	Group 13	13	No		PTZF Idle Action None Metadata Visualisation No visualisation
14	Camera 14	1	Group 14	14	No	•	✓ Imaging

The available inputs on the capture card are automatically listed in the Cameras screen. Simply click the 'Enabled' checkbox for any required inputs, then click 'Save' to apply the changes.

Note that for analogue channels, each one is assigned to its own 'Camera Group'.

By default the cameras will be configured to record to disk D at the maximum framerate for 31 days. These settings can be changed as desired, the available options are described in detail in section 6.3 - Cameras.

Each video channel has Imaging settings which can be applied...



There is a Quality setting for each of the 2 available streams per channel. The higher the Quality, the better the image, but the more bandwidth used by the channel, which means more disk space required.

In the *Camera Groups* tab the options per group are generally the same as for any other type of camera, except that the analogue capture cards have some extra Encoding Modes, as follows:

Constant Quality

This is the default, and recommended setting for most uses. The video encoder tries to keep the video quality at the same level. This has the benefit of ensuring that no matter how much activity or detail there is in the scene, the video quality will remain. The disadvantage is that high levels of activity or detail can cause the bitrate to increase, meaning more storage and bandwidth is required.

Constant Bitrate

The video encoder attempts to keep the bitrate at a roughly constant level. The advantage of this is that it makes it easier to calculate the storage and bandwidth requirements. The disadvantage is that when there is increased activity or detail in the scene, the image quality will actually reduce in order to keep the data rate at the desired level.

Variable Bitrate

The video encoder allows the data rate to fluctuate around the "Average bitrate" setting, but when there is increased detail or activity, the data rate is allowed to increase up to the configured "Maximum bitrate" setting. Similar to Constant Quality, this setting has the disadvantage of a varying data rate meaning that the required storage and bandwidth varies depending on the scene content.

9.4 Configuring a Dedicated Analogue Audio Device

Some Wavestore systems may have a dedicated analogue audio device such as one built into the motherboard.

If the device is supported by Wavestore, it will be present in the configuration file as a "Capture Device". However these devices are disabled by default as they are rarely used and having their channels present in the channel list can cause undesirable confusion with camera numbering. Therefore they need to be enabled manually.

To check if an audio device is present and detected, navigate to $View \rightarrow Setup \rightarrow Server \rightarrow Configuration$ *Editor*. Look for a section called "[Capture_N]" where N is a number, as in the example below:

Users Server	Cameras Activ Directo		Server Group	Failover	Schedules	Custom Channel Tree	Upgrade Server
₩ MyVMS		Server S	iettings				Bave Reset
Time & Region	Search:				>> Case se		Expand
		Value					Save To File
Storage	 [Capture_1] Type 	Audio				Lo	oad From File
Email	Encoding	audio plughw:0,0 0					oad Backup
Image Authentication	FirstAudio NumTalkbacks	1 0				1 Day	orted 🗸
Encryption	FirstTalkback SameCompression FixedRate					×	reserve Existing cence
Spot Monitor Sequenc	SharedRate	no yes CCapture;FFront M	ic Boost;FRear Mi	c Boost;			reserve Existing letwork Settings
I/O Devices	SetupPlayback	CCapture;FFront M PLine;	ic Boost;FRear Mi	c Boost;			
PTZ Profiles	 [ThisServer_1] [VideoStandard_1] [Lang_1] 						
Miscellaneous	[BandwidthValues_1][User_1]						
Configuration Editor	 [User_2] [Licence_1] [Network_1] 					T	

The NumAudios and NumTalkbacks parameters here are set to zero, which means that no channels are available to the system.

For onboard audio the number of channels available are always 2 Audios and 1 Talkback, so we need to edit the configuration to set the number of channels and the first channel of each type. So in our example we set:

NumAudios=2

As stated above, these devices always have 2 audio inputs.

FirstAudio=1

In our case we want the numbering to start at channel 1. We could set it to any channel number

desired, asuming there isn't already a channel with that number configured. For example we might want to call it channel number 101.

NumTalkbacks=1

As stated above, onboard audio devices always have 1 audio output (for "talkback").

FirstTalkback=3

In our case we want the talkback channels to start at channel 3, because channels 1 and 2 are used by the audio inputs.

After we save these changes, we can go to the Cameras setup screen to see our channels.

Users	Server	Cameras Di	Active Maps	Server Group	Failover	Schedules Cu	ustom Upgrade nnel Tree Server
<mark>ہے</mark> vvMs Camera	s Camera Group	e.	Camera	Settings			Bave Rese
ID 🔻	Name	IP Subun		Sort ID	Enabled	Discovered Cameras	Selected Camera
1 2	Audio 1 Audio 2	1	Group 1 Group 2	1 2	✓ Yes No	Audio 1	
	Talkback 3	1	Group 3		✓ Yes	Status IP Address: Type: Audi Group: Grou	
						Туре	Va

We can now simply enable the desired channels (as shown above for channels 1 and 3). Once the changes are saved these channels will be enabled and recording with default settings. Further settings available are described in 6.3 - Cameras.

To associate a camera with an audio channel, select the camera in the Cameras table, and select the Audio channel in the "Linked Audio" field as below.

n 🛱 A MR				Ca	mera Settings			Land Save Res
amera	s Camera	Groups						
ID 🔻	Name	IP	Subunit	Grou	Discovered Cameras	Selected Car	nera	
1	Audio 1		1	Group 1				
2	Audio 2		1	Group 2	Camera 4	, Alexandre de la companya de la com		
3	Talkback 3		1	Group 3	Status			Top J
4	Camera 4	10.1.3.63:80	1	Group 4	IP Address: 10.1.3	3.63:80		
					Type: Auto Group: Group General Mask opt		international states of the second states of the se	
					Туре		Value	E
					✓ General		value	Π
					Username (ove			
					Password (over	ride group)	•••••	
					Linked Audio Linked Talkback		Auto	
					PTZF Idle Actio		Audio 1	
					Metadata Visua		Audio 2	
					 Imaging 		Talkback 3	

Note that the default is "Auto" but this is designed for use with IP cameras which transmit video and audio together, so the automatic link between video and audio channels is obvious. For dedicated audio devices, as discussed in this section, the Auto mode is not applicable and so the link from camera to audio channel has to be specified.

9.5 Configuring Talkback (Client to Server Audio)

The Wavestore server can be configured to allow two way audio (Talkback) between a client device (e.g. WaveView PC) and a supported networked audio device (e.g. audio output on a supported IP camera/server motherboard audio output).

Section 3.21 - Preferences gives details of how to configure the audio input on the WaveView client PC.

Multiple camera channels can be mapped to a Talkback output (either an audio output on an IP camera/server motherboard audio output).

Talkback channels can also be used to play a configured sound (e.g. Warning Message/Audible Tone), configuration for this feature is carried out in the Event Rules menu (section 6.11 - Event Rules).

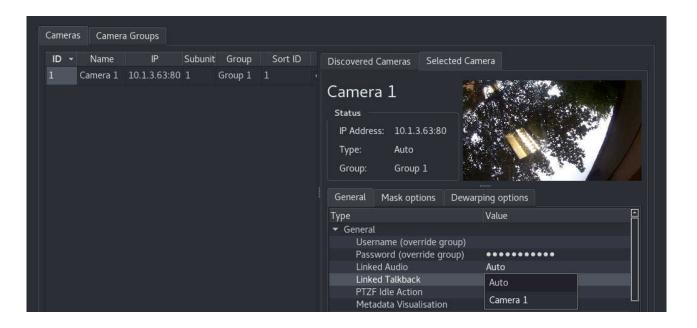
Note that only one audio source can be sent to a talkback device at a time. For example it is not possible for multiple clients to talk to the same target device simultaneously.

9.5.1 Configuring Talkback using supported IP Camera Audio Output

To enable Talkback for an IP camera, simply navigate to View \rightarrow Setup \rightarrow Cameras, select the *Camera Group* associated with the cameras in question, then enable the Talkback checkbox.

Cameras Camera Groups			
ID • Name 1 Group 1	Group 1		
	Type: Auto		
	Туре	Value	8
	🔻 General		
	Username	Wavestore	
	Password	•••••	
	Audio	🖬 yes	
	Talkback	🖬 yes	
	Use SSL	🗖 no	
	Encrypt Reco	ordings 🔲 no	
	Smart Search		

By default, a talkback channel on an IP camera is linked to the video channel of that camera. If it is desired to link a video channel to the talkback channel on a different camera, select the camera in the Cameras table then select the Talkback channel from the *Linked Talkback* dropdown list:



Save your changes, and the Talkback channel is ready to use.

9.5.2 Configuring Talkback using Server Motherboard Audio Output

To use the server motherboard audio port, these ports must first be enabled. See 9.4 - Configuring a Dedicated Analogue Audio Device for details on how to do this.

We can then follow the menu path View \rightarrow Setup \rightarrow Cameras to configure the talkback channels.

ID -	Name	IP	Subunit	Group	Sort ID	Enabled	Dise	covered Cameras	Selected Camera		
1	Audio 1		1	Group 1	1	✓ Yes		Na	me	Address	↓ [^
2	Audio 2		1	Group 2	2	√ Yes		AXIS P3354		10.1.3.54:80	
3	Talkback 3			Group 3	3	✓ Yes		AXIS Q6055-E		10.1.3.55:80	
4	Camera 4	10.1.3.63:80		Group 4	4	✓ Yes		Canon_VB-S30VE		10.1.3.63:80	
								IPC3634ER3-DPZ	28	10.1.3.65:80	
								VIVOTEK		10.1.3.6:80	

The motherboard audio channels will be displayed in the camera table with appropriate default names. In our example these are channels 1-3 with the talkback channel as channel 3.

Ensure that the channel is enabled. Then, ensure the channel is selected, switch to the Camera Group tab to see the settings for the group this channel is assigned to. In most cases the defaults are sufficient, but the channel recording settings can be modified here.

Click Save to ensure the talkback channel is enabled.

The final step is to link this talkback channel to a video channel. To do so, select the camera in the Cameras table then select the Talkback channel from the *Linked Talkback* dropdown list:

D 🕶 Name	IP	Subunit	Group	Sort ID	Discovered (Cameras 🤤	Selected Cam	era	
Camera 1	0.1.3.63:80	01	Group 1	1 •	Camera Status IP Addres Type: Group: General			ing options	
					Passv Linke Linke	aame (overrid vord (overrid d Audio d Talkback Idle Action	de group)	Value Auto Auto	

9.6 Configuring a File Playback Camera

It is possible to configure a "camera" where the source is a file which contains video or audio. It will then be played in a loop. This can be used to display promotional or warning messages, or replay short clips. It is not suitable for playing large files as the entire file is kept in memory.

The supported types are somewhat limited at the moment but more may be added in future. The supported types are:

- WSB with a single channel
- JPEG single image
- PCMA audio

To configure a File playback "camera", first it is necessary to upload the file. This can be done using the File Manager - see section 3.25 - File Manager. Images usually appear in the "maps" or "misc" directory and audio usually appears in the "audio" directory.

Once the file is uploaded the camera can be configured.

- Go to View > Setup > Cameras > Camera Groups.
- Add a new group.
- Set the Type of the group to "File".
- Ensure that the Video and Audio fields are enabled or disabled as appropriate for the type of file you are playing.
- Set the Capture Rate in the camera group. For audio, Rate=8 is recommended. For a still image it's sensible to use Rate=1. For a video file, it would usually be best to set it to the rate of the source video.
- Switch to the *Cameras* tab in the Cameras setup screen.
- Add a camera with the + icon and assign it to the newly created group.
- In the IP field, enter the filename. Don't enter any path as the appropriate directories will be searched.
- Save the changes.

The newly added camera should now be available to view in the Main screen. If there are any errors, they will be reported in the System Log.

9.7 Configuring Motion Detect Recording

The Motion Detect Recording function allows the server to be configured to record only when Motion Activity is detected on the viewed scene.

For analogue cameras, the motion detection is always performed within the Wavestore. For IP cameras there are several ways in which this can be performed:

Motion Detection within Wavestore

The motion detection can be performed within the Wavestore for certain cameras. The requirements are the same as for Smart Search - an ONVIF Profile S compliant camera which is able to transmit a second JPEG stream of 648x648 pixels or less. The JPEG stream is a low resolution stream at 4 frames per second and so some extra bandwidth is used for this.

The advantage of this method is that it is simple to set up and can be configured in the Wavestore setup screens.

The potential disadvantage is that the in-camera motion detection facilities may be more advanced, depending on the camera. Also, if using "Auto" group type or "ONVIF" group type with "PullPoint" enabled, the camera may also send motion events which will be used to start and stop recording. In that case it is recommended to disable the in-camera motion detection system.

To enable this system, either:

- Set up the camera with the *Auto* camera group type and ensure the 'VMD / Smart Search' option is enabled.
- Set up the camera with the *ONVIF* camera group type and ensure both the 'Auto-configure Camera Streams' and 'VMD / Smart Search' options are enabled.

Motion Detection within the camera via ONVIF PullPoint

Wavestore can receive motion events from ONVIF Profile S compliant cameras and trigger recording or other actions based on that.

As described above, it is not recommended to use this method in conjunction with the Smart Search facility as it means there are two separate motion detection mechanisms in operation.

To enable this system, either:

- Set up the camera with the Auto camera group type. The events will be pulled if available.
- Set up the camera with the *ONVIF* camera group type and ensure that the 'Pull Point' option is enabled.

Motion Detection within the camera via TCP Notification

Wavestore offers a protocol called EVENTP whereby a camera can be configured to send a message to the Wavestore whenever motion occurs. This can be used to trigger recording appropriately.

This method has the disadvantage of being fairly time consuming to set up and it requires configuration in each camera. As with the ONVIF PullPoint method, it is not recommended to use this method in conjunction with the Smart Search facility as it means there are two separate motion detection mechanisms in operation.

Enabling this system is described in section 9.7.3 - Configuring Motion Detection Via TCP Notification.

If in doubt, Wavestore Technical Staff can provide advice on the best method to use.

9.7.1 Configuring the Camera for Motion Detection Recording

Ensure that motion detection is enabled for the camera as described in section 9.7 - Configuring Motion Detect Recording. Then navigate to the Cameras setup screen (View \rightarrow Setup \rightarrow Cameras), select the *Camera Group* tab, then select the relevant Camera Group.

Motion recording can either be set on All Tracks or a specific recording track. In the screenshot below we use Track 1. Set the 'Recording Mode' to Motion, then the 'Pre Record' and 'Post Motion' settings become available to allow setting recording durations for before and after the motion events.



Other recording modes are available and are detailed in section 6.3.2 - Camera Group Settings.

Finally, click 'Save' to confirm your changes.

9.7.2 Configuring Settings and Masks for Motion Detection within Wavestore

When using the Motion Detection system within Wavestore, it is possible to configure masks to limit the motion detection to a region of the image, as well as sensitivity.

To configure these settings, navigate to $View \rightarrow Setup \rightarrow Cameras$, then select the desired camera under the *Cameras* tab. In the right hand panel, select *Mask Options*.

ID - Name IP Subunit Group Sort ID	Discovered Cameras Selected Camera	
1 Camera 1 10.1.3.63:80 1 Group 1 1	Camera 1 Status IP Address: 10.1.3.63:80 Type: Auto Group: Group 1 General Mask options Dewarping options Adjust mask Show grid Show motion Motion Undo Redo Privacy Clear Fill	

Check the 'Adjust Mask' and 'Show Motion' options; the camera view will now show the areas active for Motion Detection in Green, with areas where motion is currently being detected shown in Blue.

Discovered Cameras Selected Camera	
Camera 1 Status IP Address: 10.1.3.63:80 Type: Auto Group: Group 1	
General Mask options Dewarping options	
🛛 🗹 Adjust mask 🔲 Show grid 🗹 Show motion	
Motion Undo Redo	
Privacy Clear Fill	
Motion Mask Properties	
Sensitivity:	200
Darkening level: —	10
Camera movement:	196

Configure the areas you wish to make active for Motion Detection by using the 'Fill' and 'Clear' buttons, or left click and drag using the mouse to add/remove areas. You may also wish to adjust the values in the 'Motion Mask Properties' section, to fine tune the Motion Sensitivity settings.

Finally, click 'Save' to confirm your changes.

9.7.3 Configuring Motion Detection Via TCP Notification

Certain cameras, such as those in the AMG Panogenics, Axis, Brickcom, Mobotix and Vivotek ranges, can be configured to send TCP messages which can be used by the Wavestore server to trigger a configured Event Rule to record, without requiring parsing to be carried out.

When Motion is detected by the camera, the camera needs to be configured to send a TCP notification message for the Motion Event to the Wavestore, in the format:

P<valid Wavestore username>;<valid password for that user name>;M<camera-channel-number><optional-event-type>;

For example:

Puser;a;M6; for a Pulse (i.e. instantaneous) Motion event

Puser;a;M6+; for Motion ON

Puser;a;M6-; for Motion OFF

where the server has a configured user ID: 'user' with password: 'a', and the camera channel is No: 6. Note that the user also needs the "Post events" permission.

9.7.4 Configuring Motion Detection Recording for other IP cameras (using non standard message notification formats)

Wavestore can integrate with many other cameras using the integration module system.

Please contact the Wavestore support team for further information.

9.8 Configuring Smart Search

Wavestore has a facility to perform a post-recording search of a period of recordings based upon motion.

Supported Camera Types

The Smart Search facility is available for:

- Analogue cameras connected via a Stretch analogue capture card
- Most ONVIF Profile S compliant cameras (specifically, ONVIF cameras which allow a second JPEG stream of 648x648 pixels or less)

For IP cameras it is necessary to ensure the "Smart Search / VMD" setting is set such that Smart Search shows as On, whether using Server-side or Camera-side VMD (Video Motion Detection). This feature is available for the "Auto" and "ONVIF" group types. For the "ONVIF" group types, it is necessary to use the "Auto-configure Camera Streams" option.

Note that for ONVIF cameras the Wavestore will request an extra low-resolution 4 fps JPEG stream from the camera. It is an ONVIF Profile S requirement that all cameras support this. However some cameras may not permit dual-streaming at the same time as taking this JPEG stream for motion analysis.

How It Works

When properly configured, the Wavestore will continually capture and record metadata relating to the amount of motion in the video. For ONVIF network cameras, the Wavestore will pull a low-resolution, low-framerate JPEG stream and perform analysis on that. For analogue cameras, the motion detection is performed in the capture card hardware.

In all cases this metadata needs to be recorded so that motion analysis can be performed at a later date. This is done by ensuring that the Search track (Track 6) is enabled and appropriately configured. This track is enabled by default and configured for 31 days recording so the default settings are usually sufficient.

See section 4.8 - Smart Search for information on how to perform the search.

9.9 Configuring Video Analytics

Wavestore has a facility to perform a post-recording search of a period of recordings based upon video analytics metadata, and to trigger events based on real-time analysis of the video analytics metadata.

The analytics metadata can from:

- An ONVIF camera which supports streaming of standard ONVIF Analytics Metadata
- A supported external analytics device

For supported ONVIF cameras, the analytics metadata stream will be started automatically if configured using the Auto camera group type. It is possible to check if this is working using the *Execute Command* tool (Tools \rightarrow Execute Command). Just run 'streams N' where N is the camera number, for example 'streams 3'. If metadata is being received, it will be indicated as such for stream 4. For example:

Live Streams from camera 3: Stream1: H264 at 30 ips Stream4(Metadata): Data at 1 ips VMD/SmartSearch: bitmap 32x18 from JPEG 256x144 Total bandwidth 5190 Kbit/s (all streams)

To perform a post-recording search of the analytics data, the data must be recorded. This can be acheived by enabling Track 4 for the appropriate camera group (see section 6.3.2 - Camera Group Settings). The data can be searched using the Main screen Smart Search facility (see section 3.13 - Smart Search Control).

To trigger events based on real-time analysis of the video analytics metadata, it is not necessary to record the data. However it is necessary to create Event Causes in the Analytics setup screen (see section 6.13 - Analytics). Once the appropriate Event Causes have been created, event rules can be programmed as usual in the Event Rules setup screen (see section 6.11 - Event Rules).

9.10 Configuring Virtual Spot Monitors

Virtual Spot Monitors are an innovation in Wavestore which allow video routing within the system between video channels.

Imagine a system with 4 IP cameras numbered 1 to 4. It is possible to create a channel 5 which is a 'Virtual Spot Monitor' and assign a sequence to that channel so that it shows cameras 1 to 4 for a few seconds each, or it could be configured to switch camera based on an event. The operator can then view that channel 5 within WaveView and see the camera switch when an event occurs or after a time period.

Virtual Spot Monitors do not take up a licensed channel meaning that many can be created if desired. They can route IP or analogue video channels.

Note that Virtual Spot Monitors do not currently support Privacy Masks.

Creating Virtual Spot Monitors is simple...

- In the Cameras setup screen (View \rightarrow Setup \rightarrow Cameras), click the + icon to create a new 'camera'.
- We need to assign that camera to a *Camera Group* of type 'VirtualSpotMonitor'. Assuming you haven't created one already, right-click the newly added camera and choose '*Change Camera Group* → *Create New Group*'.
- When prompted for a username and password, just click 'Cancel' as we don't need any login details for this kind of device.
- Switch to the 'Camera Groups' tab and ensure the newly created group is selected.
- Change the Group Type to 'VirtualSpotMonitor'.
- Save the changes.

Subsequent Virtual Spot Monitor 'Cameras' can be added to the previous Virtual Spot Monitor *Camera Group*.

That's all that is required for a default setup although a few tweaks might be desirable such as renaming the Camera Group to something appropriate, and possibly disabling recording (by default the Virtual Spot Monitor will record, but the original cameras are probably also recording). Further settings are documented in section 6.3 - Cameras.

Once a Virtual Spot Monitor 'camera' has been created, a '*Sequence*' can be created for it. This is detailed in section 6.2.9 - Spot Monitor Sequences. Also, event rules can be created to switch certain cameras to spot monitors when events occur - see section 6.11 - Event Rules.

9.11 Configuring Framerate Boost

Wavestore has a facility to increase the recording framerate in certain circumstances. The potential benefit of the "boost" is to reduce storage usage, although for H.264 and H.265 video streams the streams need to be carefully configured to ensure there is benefit gained. See section 9.12 - H.264, H.265 and Framerates for a detailed explanation.

There are two main ways to use boost:

On a Schedule

The boost can be programmed to occur at different times of the week. This is quite simple to set up. Firstly create a Schedule as described in section 6.9 - Schedules. Secondly, in the Cameras setup screen, under the 'Camera Groups' tab, set the Recording Mode to 'Framerate Boost on Schedule', set the normal framerate and boost framerate, then set the desired schedulet.

When an event occurs

The Wavestore Event Rules system can be programmed to trigger the boost when an event occurs. This could be from a range of *Event Causes* such as Motion, digital input, or analytics trigger from an external device.

We'll describe below how to configure boost to occur when there is motion. There are essentially 3 steps to this:

Ensure that the camera is sending required events such as motion

For cameras connected via an analogue capture card in the Wavestore, this is automatic.

For IP cameras there are several ways to do this depending on the camera capabilities. These are described at the start of section 9.7 - Configuring Motion Detect Recording but for most modern cameras configured with the *Auto*' group type, it will just work without any settings needed to be made.

Configure an event rule to trigger boost when the desired event occurs

For the second step it is simply necessary to configure an event rule whereby the Cause is the desired event type such as "Motion" for the selected camera, and the Action is "Boost recording rate on a camera track", selecting the desired recording track. This is described in more detail in section 6.11 - Event Rules.

Configure the boost rate settings

The boost rate settings are found in the Cameras setup screen, under the '*Camera Groups*' tab. There are 3 relevant settings:

Recording Rate

This is the normal recording rate when no events are triggered.

Boost Rate

This is the recording rate when the event is triggered, until it ends.

Pre Boost

Note that this is found under the '*Recording Mode*' option group. This option sets a duration for a period before the event where the recording should also occur at the "boosted" rate. Note that generally only a few seconds are permitted here. If very large durations are requested they may not be acheived. The pre-boost recording duration is also not guaranteed to be handled precisely.

9.12 H.264, H.265 and Framerates

9.12.1 H.264 and H.265 basics

H.264 is currently the most commonly used compression format in the CCTV industry and so this section will provide a simplified explanation of how it works and the implications on various Wavestore features. The principles described here also apply to H.265 although we will generally only refer to H.264.

The H.264 compression algorithm and other similar compression formats such as MPEG-4 work on the basis of not always sending complete frames. The video stream is comprised of different frame types:

i-frames

These are complete frames. In H.264 an i-frame is very similar to a full JPEG image. An i-frame on its own is useful in that it can be decoded and displayed without needing any other frames.

p-frames

These are smaller frames which essentially contain only differences compared with the previous frame. Therefore they are useless on their own. In order to view a p-frame you need all previous frames in the stream back to the last i-frame.

b-frames

These are similar to p-frames except that they are bi-directional and can refer to frames in the future. This has potential negative consequences in CCTV such as increased latency and so most cameras do not output b-frames, or at least have the option to disable them. Wavestore does not currently support b-frames.

A collection of a single i-frame followed by several p-frames is called a Group Of Pictures - or GOP.

To keep things simple we'll consider a video stream with a framerate of 5 frames per second and a GOP size of 5. This means that there is one i-frame every second, so 3 seconds of video will look like this:

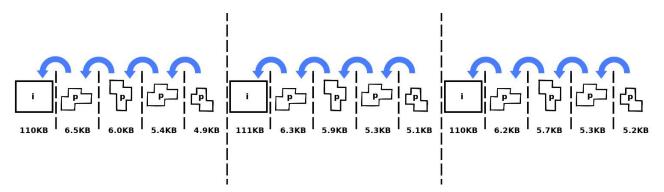


Figure 9.1: Simplfied representation of H.264 stream with GOP size of 5

The frame sizes shown are from a real 2.1 megapixel camera from a well-known camera manufacturer. The camera was situated in an office with little movement.

As can be seen from the frame sizes in the diagram, the p-frames are generally very small compared to the i-frames. This can have implications on the effectiveness of using settings such as "framerate boost on motion".

9.12.2 Framerate Boost Considerations

Since each p-frame depends on the previous p-frames we can't just dispose of any of them because it would cause corruption in the stream...

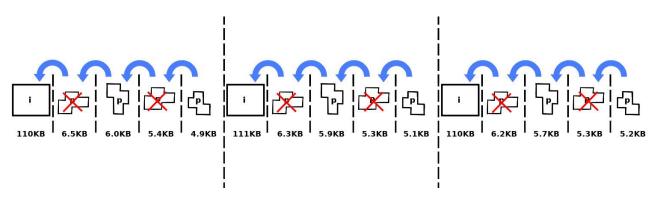


Figure 9.2: Corrupted H.264 stream due to missing p-frames

In the diagram above we've tried to reduce from 5fps to 3fps, but the stream is corrupted because the first remaining p-frame refers to the previous p-frame which is no longer present. Wavestore has a mechanism to prevent this from happening.

We could potentially get rid of just the trailing p-frames in a GOP. For example like this...

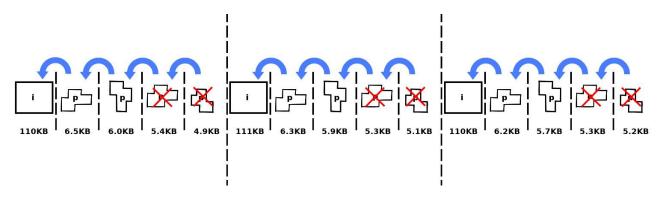


Figure 9.3: Non-corrupted H.264 stream with p-frames at start of GOP

Now this stream isn't corrupted, however all the video is squeezed into the beginning of the GOP. In this case every second there will be 3/5ths of a second video, then 2/5ths of a second of frozen video.

This is exascerbated for higher framerates and GOP sizes. For example if we have 25 frames in a GOP and 25 frames per second, if we wanted to reduce it to 5 frames per second, we'd have to keep the i-frame and 4 subsequent p-frames, then discard the next 20 p-frames. But this means that although we now have 5 frames per second, they are all crammed into the first 1/5th of every second! Not really the desired effect.

For this reason, Wavestore doesn't support doing this. Generally if you set a lower recording framerate than the stream framerate, Wavestore will tend to discard all p-frames to avoid corrupting the stream.

It's still possible and fairly useful to configure boost in this case but the frequency of i-frames needs to be considered. For example if you want to boost from 1 fps to 25 fps, ensure you have 1 i-frame every second.

9.12.3 Effectiveness of Framerate Boost with H.264

Staying with the 25fps example, how much storage space would we save by reducing the framerate from 25 to 1?

If we use the frame sizes from our test camera the 25fps stream would be approximately...

$$110KB + (24 \times 6KB) = 254KB/s$$

...whereas a 1fps stream would be...

110KB/s

Therefore going from 25fps to 1fps reduced our storage to 43% of its normal size.

What if we wanted to go from 25fps to 3fps instead? Well, as described above, you would need to configure the stream to contain 3 i-frames per second, so a GOP size of 8.

In this case the 25fps stream would be:

$$(3\times 110KB) + (22\times 6KB) = 462KB/s$$

...and the 3fps stream would be...

$$3 \times 110KB = 330KB/s$$

So we've had to significantly increase the data rate of our 25fps stream to enable the extra i-frames, and now our 3ips stream takes even more space than the 25fps stream with the GOP size of 25 in the previous example.

So framerate boost is a useful feature for space saving, but the required configuration needs to be considered carefully as a poor configuration can end up using even more storage space than normal continous recording.

9.13 Configuring Storage Devices

9.13.1 Configuring and Managing HyperRAID

The unique HyperRAID[™] architecture in Wavestore provides cost-effective redundancy in storage arrays whilst performing faster than traditional RAID without requiring a traditional hardware RAID card to operate. This technology is compatible with a wide range of Wavestore servers.

Creating a HyperRAID Array

Here we will describe the process of creating a HyperRAID[™] array from 4 disks. There will be 3 *data disks* and 1 *parity disk*.

The number of parity disks defines how many disks in the array can fail without any data in the array being lost. So in this case, 1 disk can fail and no data is lost. However it's important to replace the failed disk and give the system time to rebuild the array, otherwise if another one fails before the rebuild is complete, all the data in the array is lost. The good news is that Wavestore offers up to N+5 redundancy, meaning up to 5 parity disks per array.

If we have 4 unconfigured disks, the Storage setup screen (*View* \rightarrow *Setup* \rightarrow *Server* \rightarrow *Storage*) will show something similar to the below screenshot:

General	Disks				
	s 01	4000.8GB		UNCONFIGURED	To Selected:
Network	Model (serial):AT	A-WDC-WD400	0FYYZ-0 (WD-WMC	130191439)	Auto Assign Drives
(ii	Drive letter :	None		Enable Auto-formatting	Format
Licensing	🗾 s02	4000.8GB		UNCONFIGURED	
Time & Region	Model (serial):AT	A-WDC-WD4000	0FYYZ-0 (WD-WMC	130229266)	
	Drive letter :	None		Enable Auto-formatting	
Storage	📖 s03	4000.8GB		UNCONFIGURED	
	Model (serial):AT	A-WDC-WD400	0FYYZ-0 (WD-WCC	130689414)	
Email	Drive letter :	None		Enable Auto-formatting	
	📕 s04	4000.8GB		UNCONFIGURED	
mage Authentication	Model (serial):AT	A-WDC-WD400	0FYYZ-0 (WD-WMC	130316039)	
	Drive letter :	None		Enable Auto-formatting	
Encryption	sda	64.0GB		SYSTEM	Add Swapped Drives
Spot Monitor Sequenc	The second se	A-SATA-SSD- (9)	6D707621B240019	16925)	Create Drive Array
sport tomes sequence					Refresh List
I/O Devices	11			ے Switch all disks to read-only mode	Attach iSCSI

Click 'Create Drive Array' to open the 'Array Geometry Editor'. This is where you can configure the structure of the array to be created.

Spindown Drive Array		Add
Disk Group 1	Data disks: 3 🍹 Parity disks: 🏚 🤤	Delete
		Move <u>U</u> p
		Move Down
rrent Geometry: A3+1		

Click 'Add' and set the desired number of data and parity disks, then click OK.

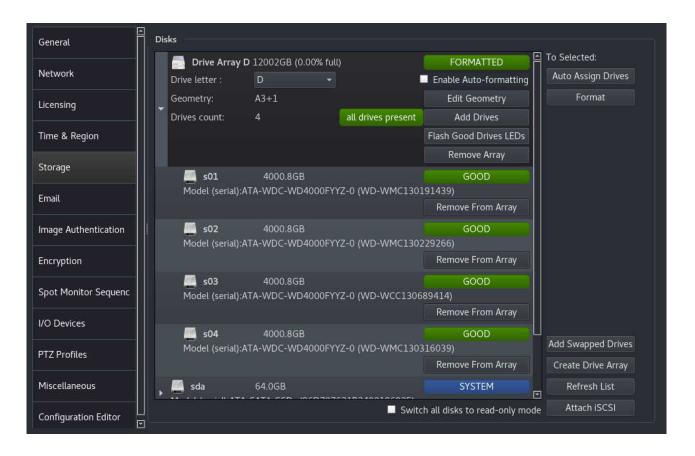
1	s01	4000.8GB			To Selected:
letwork	the second s		FYYZ-0 (WD-WMC1301914	anti officere i officie de la construcción de la construcción de la construcción de la construcción de la const	Auto Assign Drives
	Drive letter :	None	•	Enable Auto-formatting	Format
censing	🗐 s02	4000.8GB		UNCONFIGURED	
me & Region	Model (serial):AT	A-WDC-WD4000	FYYZ-0 (WD-WMC1302292	266)	
nie & Region	Drive letter :	None	-	Enable Auto-formatting	
torage	s03	4000.8GB		UNCONFIGURED	
	Model (serial):AT	A-WDC-WD4000	FYYZ-0 (WD-WCC1306894	14)	
mail	Drive letter :	None	*	Enable Auto-formatting	
	🗾 s04	4000.8GB		UNCONFIGURED	
nage Authentication	Model (serial):AT	A-WDC-WD4000	FYYZ-0 (WD-WMC1303160)39)	
action	Drive letter :	None	-	Enable Auto-formatting	
ncryption	sda 📰	64.0GB		SYSTEM	
	Model (serial):AT	A-SATA-SSD- (96	D707621B2400196925)		
pot Monitor Sequenc	Drive Array			MISSING	
pot Monitor Sequenc	Dive Allay				
	Drive letter :	None		Enable Auto-formatting	
O Devices		None A3+1		Enable Auto-formatting Edit Geometry	Add Swapped Drives
	Drive letter :		✓ 4 drive(s) missing		Add Swapped Drives Create Drive Array
O Devices	Drive letter : Geometry:	A3+1		Edit Geometry	Add Swapped Drives Create Drive Array Refresh List

Now we have an 'empty' Drive Array. We need to chose which disks are members of this array. There are two ways of doing this:

- Drag and drop the 'Unconfigured' disks onto the array with the 'missing' drives.
- Click the 'Add Drives' button within the Drive Array and select them from the presented list.

Once the array has all the required drives assigned, we need to assign a 'Drive letter'. In this case we assign drive letter 'D' and click Save.

At this point the array has been created, but is not formatted. So the final step is to select the array and click 'Format', then confirm the request to format.



Now the setup is complete. We have a formatted array with 'all drives present'. We can click the arrow next to the array to see the members of the array and their statuses as shown in the screenshot above. We can now assign camera recording tracks to Disk D to use the array.

9.13.2 Configuring and Managing MegaRAID

If your Wavestore server has a MegaRAID[®] hardware RAID controller card installed, the WaveView software provides tools to configure and manage those RAID arrays.

There are two main methods of doing so:

Managed by MegaRAID[®] tools

In this mode, the RAID arrays are created outside of Wavestore and simply appear to Wavestore as a single disk. Wavestore provides the 'storcli' command to allow remote administration as per the manufacturer's instructions. This can be performed with the Execute Command tool (*Tools* \rightarrow *Execute Command*).

Creating the arrays can be done in different ways and varies by system. Sometimes it can be done via the BIOS-like menus available on starting the system, or it can be done via the 'storcli' command-line tool.

Managed by Wavestore

Wavestore can be used to manage the RAID arrays via the WaveView user interface. This will occur if the arrays are created using the WaveView user interface.

This section will focus on the case where the arrays are managed by Wavestore.

Creating a MegaRAID array

When various disks are available on the RAID controller but not set up yet, they will appear as UNCONFIG-URED in the Storage setup screen.

General	Disks	
Network	se4s1 5.457TB UNCOM Model (serial): ST6000NM0175-1Z2110 (AD00RQT)	IFIGURED To Selected: Auto Assign Drives
Licensing	se4s2 5.457TB UNCON Model (serial): ST6000NM0175-1Z2110 (AD00SJ3)	IFIGURED Format
Time & Region	St457TB UNCOM Model (serial): ST6000NM0175-1Z2110 (AD00RBZ)	IFIGURED
Storage	se4s4 5.457TB UNCOM Model (serial): ST6000NM0175-1Z2110 (AD00R9E)	IFIGURED
Email	sdc 120.0GB SY Model (serial):ATA-INTEL-SSDSC2KW12 (BTLT6474045Q120GGN)	STEM
Image Authentication		
Encryption		Add Swapped Drives
Spot Monitor Sequenc		Create Drive Array
		Refresh List
I/O Devices	Switch all disks to	o read-only mode Attach iSCSI

To create a RAID array, click on the 'Create Drive Array' button. This allows one or more disk groups to be added, each of which can be a RAID array. Click 'Add' to add a disk group, and select how many data disks

(N) and how many parity disks (P) are required. A single parity disk is called N+1 or by the RAID term 'RAID5', and two parity disks are called N+2 or 'RAID6'. Most hardware RAID controllers allow up to 2 parity disks.

Array geometry editor Spindown Drive Array		Add
Disk Group 1	Data disks: 3 🗘 Parity disks: 1 🗘	<u>D</u> elete Move <u>Up</u> <u>M</u> ove Down
Current Geometry: A3+1		● <u>C</u> ancel

Next, add the UNCONFIGURED disks to this RAID array. Disks can be added by dragging them onto the array, but for large numbers of disks it's easier to click on "Add Drives" and then select them from the list: click on the first drive and drag the mouse over all the others to select all, then click OK.

Give the Drive Array a Drive Letter (e.g. "D") and click Save.

When first added, the drive might be shown as MISSING. Click "Refresh List" to refresh the list and show the newly created drive array. It is necessary to format it at this point, so select it and click 'Format'.

Your drive array is now ready for use.

General	Disks	
	📄 Drive Array D 18001GB (0.00% full)	FORMATTED To Selected:
Network	Drive letter : D 🔹	Enable Auto-formatting Auto Assign Drives
Licensing	Geometry: A3+1	Edit Geometry Format
	Drives count: 4 all drives present	Add Drives
Time & Region	FL	ash Good Drives LEDs
		Remove Array
Storage	se4s1 5.457TB	GOOD
Email	Model (serial): ST6000NM0175-1Z2110 (AD00RQT)	
		Remove From Array
Image Authentication	🗾 se4s2 5.457TB	GOOD
	Model (serial): ST6000NM0175-1Z2110 (AD00SJ3)	
Encryption		Remove From Array
Coat Mapitar Convensor	🔜 se4s3 5.457TB	GOOD
Spot Monitor Sequences	Model (serial): ST6000NM0175-1Z2110 (AD00RBZ)	
I/O Devices		Remove From Array
		GOOD
PTZ Profiles	Model (serial): ST6000NM0175-1Z2110 (AD00R9E)	Remove From Array
Mercular		Create Drive Array
Miscellaneous	sdc 120.0GB Model (serial):ATA-INTEL-SSDSC2KW12 (BTLT6474045Q120GG	SYSTEM Refresh List
Configuration Editor		Il disks to read-only mode Attach iSCSI

In current versions of the software, only two RAID arrays with different letters can be set up by this method. If it's necessary to configure the system in other ways, see the MegaRAID[®] Configuration Commands section below.

Note: MegaRAID is a trademark or registered trademark of LSI Corporation in the United States and/or other countries.

Deleting or Changing MegaRAID Arrays

To change the RAID type or number of drives after the arrays have been created, it is necessary to delete and recreate them. This will require reformatting and will cause a total loss of data. If you do change the RAID format, the Wavestore server will not automatically delete the old RAID array.

When using Wavestore to manage the MegaRAID arrays, if you remove the array in the Storage setup screen, the array will no longer be managed by the Wavestore, however it is not actually deleted.

To explicitly delete the array it is necessary to use the 'storcli' command-line tool. This is performed by running commands via the 'Execute Command' tool (*Tools* \rightarrow *Execute Command*).

To delete all volumes on the RAID controller (**WARNING: doing this loses all your video footage!**), execute the following command:

storcli /call/vall del

Alternatively, it's possible to delete a specific "volume". First, determine the volume ID for the desired volume. To list all "volumes":

storcli /call/vall show

This will show something like the following:

In this case the number under VD is 0 which is the volume ID. So now we can delete volume 0... **WARNING:** doing this loses all video footage on that volume!...

storcli /call/v0 del

Replacing a failed disk in a MegaRAID array

When a disk within a RAID array fails, the array itself will enter a DEGRADED state, and this is indicated in the Disks Setup screen, as well as the System Log.

Usually, although dependent on the hardware, the disk caddy itself will either show a red light or no lights at all.

When the disk has been replaced with a new disk, it is necessary to tell the RAID controller to re-incorporate the disk. To do so:

- Go to View \rightarrow Setup \rightarrow Server \rightarrow Storage

- Select the degraded RAID array
- Click the 'Add Swapped Drives' button

After a short period of time, refresh the disks list and the state should change to REBUILDING. If further information or inspection is required the 'storcli' tool can be used.

Note that if a disk is moved from one MegaRAID system to another it will show a status of FOREIGN. The 'Add Swapped Drives' will remove this FOREIGN status and incorporate the disk into the degraded array.

9.13.3 Configuring iSCSI Storage Devices

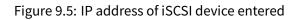
iSCSI devices are configured in the Storage setup screen (*View* \rightarrow *Setup* \rightarrow *Server* \rightarrow *Storage*). The 'Attach iSCSI Devices' button opens the 'Search for iSCSI Devices' screen:

Search for iSCSI D	evices		
Hostname:		Search	
Found:			
			Connect
Connected:			
			Disconnect
			Close

Figure 9.4: Search for iSCSI devices screen

To attach an iSCSI device, first we need to find it via its IP address. So enter the IP address of the iSCSI device, and click Search.

Search for iSCSI	Devices		1
Hostname: 10.1.	7.25	Search	
Found:			-
			Connect
Connected:			
			Disconnect
			Close



If the device is successfully found, it will be listed in the 'Found' window.

Search for	iSCSI Devices		
Hostname:	10.1.7.25	Search	
Found:			
		c:storage.px4-300d-THYWK4.All n.emc:storage.px4-300d-THYWK4.A	Connect
Connected:			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			Disconnect
			Close

Figure 9.6: Networked iSCSI devices located

To then connect to that device, left-click to highlight it and click 'Connect':

Search for iSCSI Devices Hostname: 10.1.7.25 Search	
Found:	
10.1.7.25:3260,1 iqn.1992-04.com.emc:storage.px4-300d-THYWK4 All 192.168.100.38:3260,1 iqn.1992-04.com.emc:storage.px4-300d-THYWK4.All	Connect
Connected:	
tcp: [1] 10.1.7.25:3260,1 iqn.1992-04.com.emc:storage.px4-300d-THYWK4.All (non-flash)	Disconnect
	Close

Figure 9.7: Connected to iSCSI device

If the connection is successful, the device will appear in the Connected list.

The device can then be assigned a drive letter and formatted to make it ready for use:

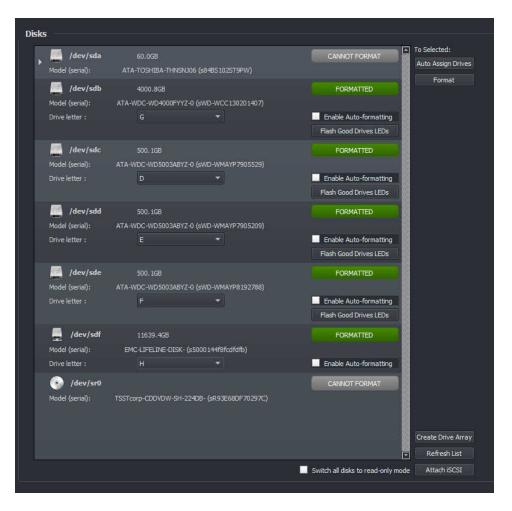


Figure 9.8: Disks screen – new iSCSI device (Drive F) shown in list of Disks

iSCSI devices should be managed using the tools provided with the device itself. Wavestore can only connect to the device, use it, and report any issues when communicating with it. The device will be treated in the same way as in individual disk.

9.13.4 Configuring NFS Storage Devices

Wavestore version 6.18 and later can store video in files on an NFS (Network File System) target.

Note the Wavestore will need to have been installed with the version 6.16 or later to get the latest OS packages which are needed for NFS; it cannot be installed with an earlier version 6 and upgraded.

Because the NFS filesystem isn't currently a device which can be found by scanning in the Storage setup screen, a command has been added to set it up.

The typical setup sequence is:

- Set up an NFS share on your NFS storage device.
- Execute command nfsadd to add it (see below for details). This will also write an initial M0.index file (if none is there already) which is equivalent to formatting the disk.
- Go to View > Setup > Server > Storage and assign a disk letter.

It can then be used like a normal disk.

nfsadd command:

nfsadd nfs:options://nfsserver:/nfspath/directory

<options> can contain a size and optionally other mount options: eg, 16GB or 2TB,noac,noatime. If mount
options are omitted then noac,noatime will be used and usually no special options are required. A size field
is always required.

nfsserver is the server address, e.g. 10.2.0.35

nfspath is a path on the server, e.g. /home/footage

directory is a directory within the NFS export so more than one server can use it. Typically it is S followed by 1..99, e.g. S1.

For example:

nfsadd nfs:16GB://10.2.0.35:/home/footage/S1

This will mount 10.2.0.35:/home/footage as an NFS share, and access footage within the S1 directory, using up to 16GB of space.

Notes

Resizing

Currently once a size has been set, it cannot be changed due to the index structure.

Failover Notes

Normally each server has its own /S1 or /S2 directory. In future we will allow "/Sn" to be configured as the directory part, which will allow a Standby server to take over the correct directory replacing n by logical server number. This will only be available in Ultimate licence, and is not yet available. If this feature is not available, the standby should be configured to use its own directory, eg, /S99, and the footage will be available by redirection as normal after the main server has come back up.

Format Button

An NFS volume is not a disk, so "Format" will not format it. The nfsadd command performs an equivalent operation as described above.

9.13.5 Configuring Sequential Recording and EcoStore[®]

The 'traditional' way of configuring recording in Wavestore is to set up either a single large recording volume, for example a RAID array, and record everything to that volume. Or, if there are 4 disks and 100 cameras for example, to record 25 cameras to each disk.

Version 6.14 introduced new functionality whereby recordings can occur to disks or groups of disks in sequence. These are known as 'Disk Groups'. When suitably licensed, Wavestore can 'spin down' these disk groups, meaning significant reduction in power consumption.

For example, if there are four disks, *s01*, *s02*, *s03*, and *s04*, the Wavestore can be configured such that it will start recording to *s01 only*. Once *s01* is full, it will move to *s02*, and so on. The disks which aren't currently in use can be spun down to save power.

If spindown is enabled and the user needs to access recordings which are on a spun-down disk, the system will automatically spin up the disk, although this can take a few seconds. The disk will then stay spun up until it has been inactive for a period of time.

The same principle can be used in conjunction with the HyperRAID[™] system. For example, each disk group could be a HyperRAID[™] array and the unused arrays will be spun down.

Configuring a Simple Sequential Array with EcoStore®

To enable sequential recording we simply need to create an array with multiple 'disk groups'. Here we will take a fresh system with 4 disks and create a single sequential array with the EcoStore[®] spindown mode enabled.

We start with a system that has 4 unconfigured disks	
we start with a system that has 4 unconfigured disks	

ieneral	s01	4000.8GB			To Selected:
letwork) FYYZ-0 (WD-WM		Auto Assign Drives
	Drive letter :	None		Enable Auto-formatting	Format
icensing	🧾 s02	4000.8GB		UNCONFIGURED	
ime & Region	Model (serial):A	TA-WDC-WD4000	FYYZ-0 (WD-WM	0130229266)	
	Drive letter :	None		Enable Auto-formatting	
Storage	🗾 s03	4000.8GB		UNCONFIGURED	
	Model (serial):A	TA-WDC-WD4000	DFYYZ-0 (WD-WCC	130689414)	
mail	Drive letter :	None		Enable Auto-formatting	
	🗾 s04	4000.8GB		UNCONFIGURED	
mage Authentication	Model (serial):A	TA-WDC-WD4000	DFYYZ-0 (WD-WM	2130316039)	Add Swapped Drives
	Drive letter :	None		Enable Auto-formatting	
Encryption	, 🛄 sda	64.0GB		SYSTEM	Create Drive Array
Spot Monitor Sequenc	Model (serial):A	TA-SATA-SSD- (9)	6D707621B240019	96925)	Refresh List
				Switch all disks to read-only mode	Attach iSCSI
/O Devices 🛛 🖸					

Click 'Create Drive Array' to open the 'Array Geometry Editor', then click Add four times to create four 'disk groups' each with one *Data disk* and zero *Parity disks*.

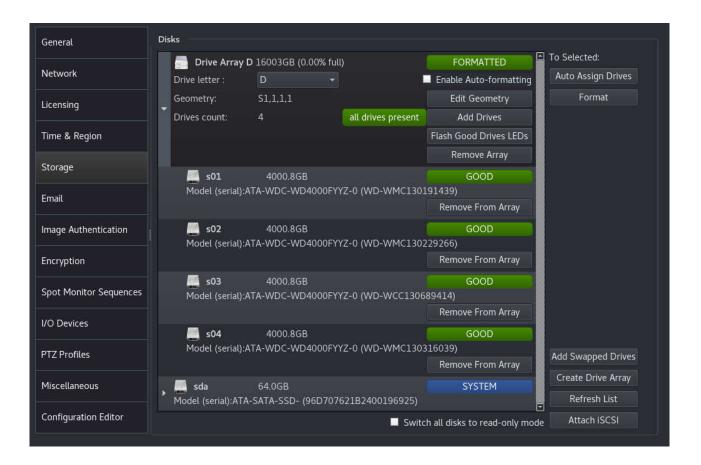
The 'Spindown Drive Array' option enables the EcoStore[®] function where any 'disk group' not currently in use will be switched into a low-power mode whenever possible, saving energy and heat output. This feature is only available in certain licence levels and hardware configurations.

Disk Group 1	Data disks: 1 🗘 Parity disks: 0 🌻	 Delete
Disk Group 2	Data disks: 1 🍦 Parity disks: 0 🌲	Move <u>U</u> p
Disk Group 3	Data disks: 1 🍦 Parity disks: 0 🌲	<u>M</u> ove Dowr
Disk Group 4	Data disks: 1 📮 Parity disks: 0 🍧	
		<u> </u>

Once the array gemoetry has been confirmed, click OK then set a Drive letter and save the changes. The array will then be created, however it may show as MISSING...

		🗾 sda	64.0GB			SYSTEM	To Selected:
Network		Model (serial):AT	A-SATA-SSD- (9	6D7076	21B2400196925)		Auto Assign Drives
Licensing		Drive Array				MISSING	Format
letising		Drive letter :	D		C	Enable Auto-formatting	
ime & Region	►	Geometry:	S1,1,1,1			Edit Geometry	
		Drives count:	4		all drives present	Add Drives	
Storage						Remove Array	
Email	Ť						
mage Authentication							Add Swapped Drives
Encryption							Create Drive Array
							Refresh List
Spot Monitor Sequenc							Refreshesse

The final step is to Format the array, it should then show FORMATTED in green. Click the arrow next to the array to inspect its members and their status...



The array is now available to be used for recording.

9.13.6 How To Recover From Disk Faults or Removed Disks

If a disk has a fault or is accidentally removed, it will show as FAULT or MISSING in the Storage setup screen. Some disk faults will cause the disk to show as MISSING rather than FAULT because it has failed in such a way that it is not possible to detect the disk at all; both states are treated in a similar way by the software.

If a HyperRAID array has a disk with a disk fault, it is necessary to replace the faulty disk with a new one and click the "Add Swapped Drives" button to force the system to recognise the changed disk. After the failure the array will show as DEGRADED until this replacement occurs, and REBUILDING after the replacement (after a few seconds). After the rebuild has completed it will show as FORMATTED. It should be usable throughout this time and no data will be lost. The same applies if a disk was accidentally removed and reinserted.

If a single disk has a disk fault, data might be lost. It will usually be necessary to replace by a new disk and reformat it before it starts working again. This will result in loss of footage on the failed disk.

If a single disk was accidentally removed, and is replaced while the power is still on, it will still show as FAULT or MISSING. If the "Add Swapped Drives" button does not force it to be recognised, the recommended technique is to change the disk drive letter to another letter (eg, Z) and Save, then change it back to the desired letter (eg, D) and Save. This configuration change will cause the Disk subsystem for that disk to reset and forget it was faulty. It will probably show as UNFORMATTED at first (to encourage formatting of any newly added drive), and the "Add Swapped Drives" will then re-read it and show it as GOOD (providing there is no other fault).

If moving a disk (or entire array) from one machine to another, it will behave in a similar way. It will usually show as UNFORMATTED at first (to encourage formatting of any newly added drive), and "Add Swapped Drives" will then re-read it and show it as GOOD (providing there is no other fault).

9.14 Accessing Wavestore Server from Client PC

9.14.1 PC Requirements

Minimum

- 4th Generation Intel[®] Core[™] i3-4170 or better
- 2 GB of RAM or better
- 80 GB hard drive for Windows OS and WaveView
- Integrated graphics card
- 100 Mbps Ethernet network interface card

Recommended

- 4th Generation Intel[®] Core[™] i5-4670 or better
- 4 GB of RAM or better
- 64-bit operating system
- 120 GB Solid State Drive for Windows OS and WaveView
- GbE network interface card
- NVIDIA[®] GT 730 2GB video card

High performance (Video intensive configuration)

- 5th Generation Intel[®] Core[™] i7-5820K or better
- 16 GB of RAM or better
- 64-bit operating system
- 120 GB Solid State Drive for Windows OS and WaveView
- GbE network interface card
- NVIDIA[®] GeForce[®] GTX 970 4 GB video card

9.14.2 WaveView Client Software installation process on a Windows PC

WaveView allows all user functions, and most installer configuration functions to be carried out from a PC.

The WaveView installer is provided on the installation DVD but is also available from our website. The installer for Windows is provided in 32-bit and 64-bit versions, named 'WaveView-6.xx.xx-win32.exe', or 'WaveView-6.xx.xx-win64.exe', where the "xx" can vary depending on the version. It is recommended to use the same base version of WaveView client as the server, or higher. By "base version" we mean the first two numbers, for example the base version of "6.14.51" is "6.14". So for example if the server is running version 6.16, the WaveView client version should be 6.16 or higher.

The WaveView installer is similar to those for most Windows applications with a few installation options which are detailed below:

- System Path the WaveView installer also includes some command-line tools. If you wish to use these it is recommended to add the WaveView installation directory to the system path. This option will do so if selected, but it can also be done manually later if desired.
- Create Desktop icon for WaveView

In the 'Choose Install Location' screen, select the destination folder for the WaveView installation.

Once the installation process has completed, click on 'Finish' to close the Install Wizard.



Figure 9.9: WaveView Desktop shortcut icon

To connect to your server, click on the desktop shortcut to launch the program; the WaveView screen will appear as below.

<u>File V</u> iew <u>I</u> ools <u>H</u> istory <u>H</u> elp												
Device Tree 20 Device Tree •	•	4	1	M 🔀	Ļ 6	🖻 😤		<u>i</u>	i 🔸	≝ I#I		>
Event Controls PTZF Controls Playback Controls Playback Controls Ø S			Logi Server:	<i>2</i>		? >	- 0					
18/01/2016 🗢 12:26:23 🗘 UTC 🔫 🔶			<u>U</u> ser nar	ne:								
			Passwor	d:								
			Con	nect to server group								
			Open I	Export		Cancel						
×1.0 • 📕 📕												
► Track: 1 2 3												
	Live Event S	Stream										
	Sort id		Source name		Cause	State	Text		Time		Server	
	63 61	4	4		Video Loss Motion	Off On				6 12:27:01 GMT 6 12:27:01 GMT	Live Demo Se Live Demo Se	
	4 (10/01/201		Live Demo Sei	

Figure 9.10: WaveView launch screen

To connect to your server, enter the following details in the login screen:

Server: IP address of serverUser Name: valid user logon ID – default is 'install'Password: valid user password – default is 'a'

9.15 Server Group Configuration Conflict Resolution

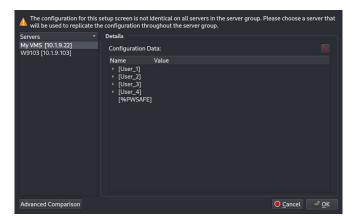
When accessing a setup screen which pertains to a server group, if there are inconsistencies between the configuration on different servers within the group, a Conflict Resolution Tool will appear asking for the operator to choose the server with the correct configuration.

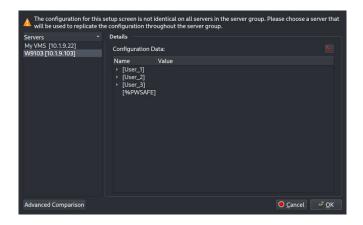
Note that this tool only pertains to the current setup screen. There may be other conflicts in other screens. If there is a conflict on one screen (e.g. 'Users') it is advisable to check all the other setup screens in case they also have conflicts.

To resolve the conflict, simply select the server with the correct configuration from the list on the left, then click OK. The configuration for this server will then be synchronised to the other servers in the group.

If there is uncertainty about which server is correct, or why there is an inconsistency, the Conflict Resolution Tool provides some facilities to help understand.

For example, in the screenshots below, we click on each of the server names and see the relevant configuration sections for each of the servers.





It's fairly apparent here that the first server has 4 users, and the second server has 3 users.

If it's still not clear what the difference is, we can click '*Advanced Comparison*' to compare the configuration in a different way.

Here we can see clearly that the [User_4] section is present on the server on the left, but not on the server on the right.

The drop-down menus at the top allow servers to be selected, so that any servers within the group can be compared.

Once the issue is understood, back in the main Conflict Resolution Tool window, select the server with the correct configuration, and click OK.

9.16 Reinstalling Wavestore Server Software

In the event that the Wavestore software needs to be reinstalled on the server, this can be easily carried out, either by using the Wavestore DVD supplied with each new Wavestore server, or by creating a new DVD or bootable USB memory stick.

To obtain the latest Wavestore installer, contact the Wavestore Support Team who can provide a download link for the ISO image of the software.

If choosing to do the re-installation by DVD, download the ISO image file and burn to a DVD. On modern versions of Microsoft Windows (8.1 and later) this can be performed by right-clicking the ISO file name and selecting 'Burn Disc Image'. Alternatively, DVD writer software such as Nero or Roxio can be used.

To install or upgrade Wavestore from a USB memory stick it is necessary to extract the ISO to the USB stick. The way to do this depends on the Operating System. Most commonly Microsoft Windows is used, in which case the Rufus program is recommended.

Assuming the installation ISO has already been obtained, the process is as follows:

- On Windows, download Rufus from http://rufus.akeo.ie
- Run Rufus.
- Plug in the USB stick. Rufus should recognise the USB and populate the "Device" box.
- On Rufus: "Format Options"/"Create a bootable disk using" and select "ISO Image".
- On Rufus: click the icon to the right of the above text and select the ISO.
- On Rufus: click [Start] to start the write to USB.
- Select "Write in ISO Image mode (recommended)" and click OK if Rufus asks about deleting files on the USB stick.
- It'll take a few minutes to create the bootable USB.

9.16.1 Reinstallation Preparation

Note: UEFI/EFI mode is not currently supported. Many motherboards use this as the default so it may be necessary to change your BIOS settings to use "Legacy" mode rather than UEFI/EFI.

In addition to the install media (DVD or bootable USB stick), you will also require a USB device with a saved copy of the current server configuration file (see section 6.2.13 -).

It is also advisable to make a note of the server Licence and Machine ID, whether you saved the configuration or not.

9.16.2 Reinstallation Procedure

Before starting the installation it is necessary to decide whether to record video to the operating system disk. This is generally discouraged, particularly if the operating system disk is an SSD.

It is usually only advisable to record to the operating system disk if there are no other disks in the system. The default installation option assumes that you will not record to the operating system disk. It is not possible to change this after installation so re-installation will be necessary to change it.

- Connect a keyboard and mouse to the server.
- Shut down the server (menu path View \rightarrow Setup \rightarrow Server \rightarrow General \rightarrow Shutdown System)
- If installing from USB, insert the USB stick and power up.
- If installing from DVD, power up the server and insert the installation disc in the DVD drive.
- The system should now boot from the DVD or USB device, and display the installation menu.

There are now several choices of installation type:

- **Install Wavestore from DVD** This will begin a default installation from the DVD drive. No video storage partition will be created on the operating system disk so all recording will be to separate disks.
- **Install Wavestore from USB** This will begin a default installation from the USB drive. No video storage partition will be created on the operating system disk so all recording will be to separate disks.

Advanced Options This opens another menu with further, less common, installation modes.

The Advanced Options menu presents further installation modes as described below:

- **Install Wavestore from DVD with data partition** This will begin an installation from DVD with a video storage partition configured.
- **Install Wavestore from USB with data partition** This will begin an installation from USB with a video storage partition configured.
- **Unattended Wavestore Install from DVD** This will begin a default installation from the DVD drive. No video storage partition will be created on the operating system disk so all recording will be to separate disks. No warning messages will be offered before overwriting the operating system disk.
- **Unattended Wavestore Install from USB** This will begin a default installation from the USB drive. No video storage partition will be created on the operating system disk so all recording will be to separate disks. No warning messages will be offered before overwriting the operating system disk.
- **Rescue installed system** This is a special mode used to recover a faulty system and should only be used under guidance from Wavestore support staff.

Memory test This performs a test of the system memory to check for faults.

Once the installation procedure has completed, remove the ejected install DVD or USB stick, and select Reboot

The system will restart and examine the server hardware. During start up, you will be prompted to select the Graphics Card configuration (press Enter), and the unit will then reboot once again.

Once the server has restarted, login using the following details:

Server: localhost Username: install Password: a

To complete the installation, either load the previously saved configuration file as described in section 6.2.13 - , or manually enter the server licence details as described in section 6.2.3 - Licensing.

9.17 Accessing a USB disk on the Wavestore server

It is often useful to access a USB memory stick or hard disk, for example to make exports or save configuration files. Doing so is a little different on a Wavestore server when compared with a Windows PC.

Upon inserting a USB device, the file browser should open automatically with the contents shown. If not, move the mouse to the top-left corner and click the filing cabinet icon, as shown below, to launch the file browser.

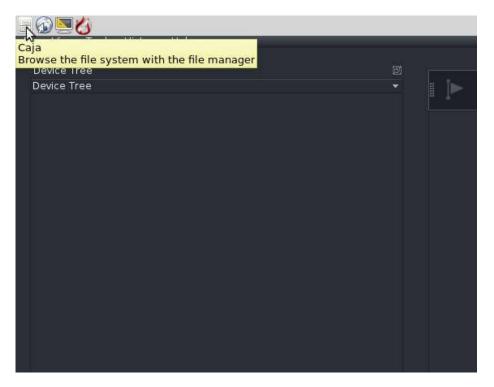


Figure 9.11: Opening the file browser

Once open, select the USB device in the left-panel to view the contents. This is known as "mounting" the USB device.

From inside the WaveView application, navigating to the USB device is as follows:

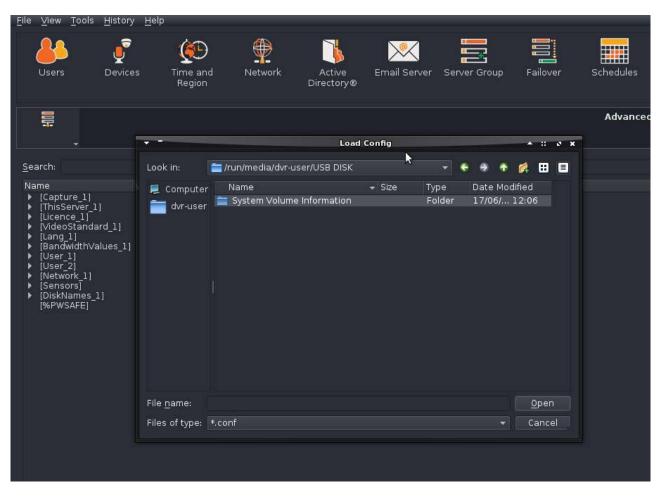


Figure 9.12: Accessing the USB device from WaveView

First, click "Computer" in the left panel. We now want to navigate to the path /run/media/dvr-user/. This is done as follows:

- Double-click "/"
- Double-click "run"
- Double-click "media"
- Double-click "dvr-user"

Finally you should now see the name of the USB device. Double-click it to view the files.

When finished with the USB device and prior to removal, it is strongly advised to "unmount" it. This is akin to the "safely remove" procedure on Windows.

To do so, access the Caja file browser as described before, then select the eject icon next to the USB device name in the left panel.

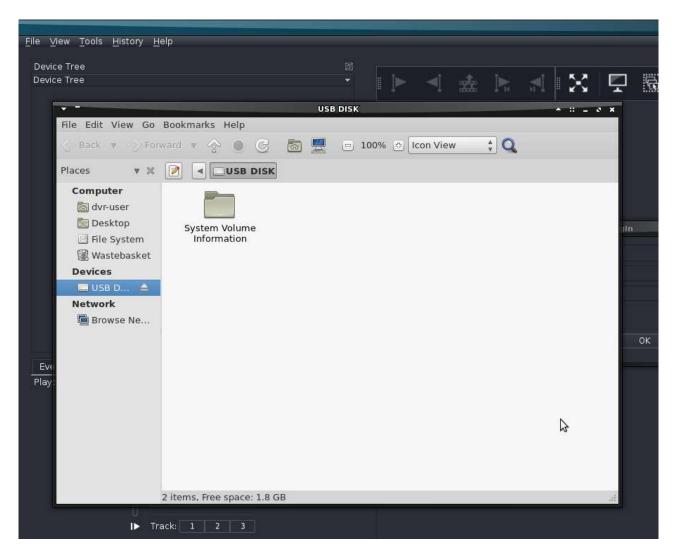


Figure 9.13: Viewing the USB device in the file browser

9.18 Central Event Server

The Central Event Server (CES) is a powerful and extensible feature of Wavestore which allows all (or some) events from the Live Event stream on a number of Wavestore servers to be forwarded to a central server which we call the "Central Event Server" or "CES", which can process the events. The feature is available from version 6.20.

The actual Central Event Server itself is just one of the Wavestore servers, it does not require any special hardware.

For example: consider a system with 5 Wavestore servers all in one Server Group. Server 1 can be set as the Central Event Server, and this will pull events from the other servers in the group automatically (providing the CES has been enabled). That server can then be programmed with Event Rules relating to all servers in the group.

This feature is disabled by default but can be enabled in the Server Group setup screen. See section 6.7 - .

When the CES feature is enabled, the first server in the group, Server 1, will be the CES, and the other servers will share their events with the CES.

Normally when configuring Event Rules, the Causes and Actions pertain only to the current server. However, when CES is enabled and Server 1 is being configured, the Event Rules screen allows the specific server to be selected for Causes and Actions. For example, Motion on Camera 3 of Server 2 could be used to trigger Output 1 on Server 3.

9.19 Failover

Wavestore systems support Failover, so if a recorder fails then another can take over.

To get a number of Wavestore servers to support Failover, we need one (or more) extra machines which will act as Standby servers. The concept is simple and is a type of virtualization: we have "logical servers" which do the recording and they are always up, and these run on "physical servers" which are the real hardware. Each physical server has its own IP address, so each physical server has a physical server IP address so we can monitor it.

In addition, each logical server usually has an IP address, and these are the ones to which the client and other devices connect to as part of the DVR operation so when it switches hardware it changes seamlessly. So when logical server 1 (LS1) is running on physical server 1 (S1) then that hardware has two IP addresses. This is optional: it is possible to have failover where you manually connect to Server 1 or to the Standby server if Server 1 is down, but adding logical addresses makes this seamless for a user who doesn not need to know if failover has occurred but merely wants to view the footage.

We need more physical servers than logical servers, these extras are the standby servers.

Pure virtualization techniques only virtualize the processor, but the Wavestore is primarily a storage unit. Different techniques are needed to make storage failover work efficiently from standard processor virtualization, and because Wavestore Failover has been designed for just this purpose, it is ideally suited to it.

So if we have 3 servers plus one standby, we need 4 physical servers in total, and servers 1, 2 and 3 will be configured to run as logical servers 1, 2 and 3. Server 4 will be configured as a standby.



Figure 9.14: Failover logical and physical devices

Remember we need 7 IP addresses for these 4 servers, since each logical server has a different IP address. This logical IP address is a secondary IP address on the network adapter.

When a server fails, the standby server takes over the role of the logical server:



Figure 9.15: Failover logical and physical devices after failure

The Standby server (or servers) monitor the logical servers and take over if any one fails. This leads to a brief interruption in recording, only a few seconds, and the recording while the original server is down is done on the standby server. When the original server comes back up, it takes over recording again, and the system redirects the footage recorded by the standby machine so it instantly appears onto the original server, so it's all in the same place as far as the user is concerned.

The Standby machine must be similar hardware to the machines which it will take over from, including the names of network interfaces in use, and number of disk volumes and their disk letters. Failover is not supported on machines which are not very similar, but some small variations are allowed: typically the Standby machine is a smaller version of the main servers.

Do not configure cameras or events on the Standby machines. The camera and event configurations will be copied from the logical servers and used when one of those physical servers fails. One exception to this is described below.

9.19.1 Identical Hardware for Failover

The server hardware should be identical in the following respects:

- all must have the same number of disk letters.
- all must have the same tracks recorded to the same disk letters.
- all must have the same network interface names.

A number of differences are permitted:

• The Standby server can have smaller disks (or fewer disks in a disk array), but it must have the same number of disk volumes with the same disk letters. For example, the main servers might each have 24 disks in a RAID volume called Disk D. The Standby might be a smaller version of this with only 8 disks in a RAID volume called Disk D. But since both have a single volume called Disk D that would suffice as "identical".

Network interfaces with IP addresses assigned must have identical names, but if the names of the physical network interfaces do not match, use bonding and assign the network interfaces to be slaves of the bonded interface "bond0"; assign the IP address to bond0 instead of the individual network ports. Now the interface name is identical on all machines, it's always called "bond0", the slave names are irrelevant. This can be extended to multiple bond devices if multiple IP addresses are required.

Note that any number of normal or bonded slave network interfaces will be kept on failover, up to the first secondary network address (i.e. DEVICE with ":" in the device name). That secondary and all subsequent network interfaces will be taken from the logical server. This will work in most cases, providing bonding is set up before any secondary network addresses are added.

- The Wavestore servers may have different numbers of cameras, or different tracks configured for each camera, but when one is configured it should have the same disk letter as any other camera/track as the other Wavestore servers. And it's useful to configure all of them on the Standby server or they can't be seen later. For example a 2+1 server system might have 12 cameras on the first logical server and 11 on the second, but the standby is configured for all 12.
- The case might be a different size, and number of disks might differ, so long as the disk letters are identical. So a V-series server can be a standby for an X-series, and an X-series can be standby for a Petablok.
- Note that things which are not used don't need to be identical, so an additional disk which is not configured with a disk letter is not a problem.

Historical note: From V6.24 the requirement to have identical numbers of network interfaces on the two machines has been removed, and there is no longer a requirement to create dummy network interfaces. It's acceptable for either the main or standby servers to have more network interfaces so long as they are bonded as described above. These changes have been made to make it easier to replace failed hardware even when an identical replacement is no longer available.

9.19.2 Failover Group Size

Very large failover groups should be avoided: the monitoring overhead and network traffic increases significantly with large groups. It is recommended that a single failover group should have no more than 20 to 30 logical servers with one or more standby servers. The maximum permitted is 40 physical servers (ie, logical servers plus standby servers) per failover group.

Note that large server groups can be split into multiple failover groups, as server groups (which make viewing easier) and failover groups (which cope with server failure) can be configured independently.

9.19.3 Setting up Failover: Preparation

Connect the servers to the network, and use WaveView to configure the physical IP addresses. Do not put these servers into a server group at this time.

Add Logical network addresses as secondary addresses to the physical machines, excluding the Standby server, to allow WaveView to follow the logical server even when it fails over. Use WaveView Network Setup to do this using the "Add Secondary" button to the first network interface. This is an optional step but it makes the system very easy to use. See section 6.2.2 - for more information.

Note that it is essential that any logical network interface or interfaces are added after all the physical network interfaces, otherwise it will not function correctly on failover. It should show as the last tab (or tabs) in the WaveView Network Setup screen.

Set all servers to synchronise time to an NTP server. It works well for all to synchronise to logical server 1, except logical server 1 itself which should get time from another NTP server or be manually configured.

Log into these machines and configure camera and audio channels as as normal. You can do this using either the physical or logical network addresses. It's a good idea to do much of the setup now, before Failover is started, but it can be done after failover has started if required.

Log into the Standby machine using the Physical address and set up camera and audio channels using a "Backup" type to create dummy channels, primarily to configure which disk is used for storage to allow access to any previously recorded footage when the Standby is in Standby mode. The number of channels configured should be the maximum of all the servers. For example if there is one server with 25 channels and another with 30, the standby server should be configured with 30 channels. This is so they can be viewed on the Standby server if needed. It is not necessary to configure the channel names (leave them as default camera 1, 2, etc) but make sure the desired recording tracks are enabled and assigned to the same disk letter for the same length of time as the equivalent track in the logical servers.

To create the Backup camera types (which will be used when the machine is behaving as a "standby" machine):

- Go to 'Setup \rightarrow Cameras'
- Choose 'Camera Group' tab
- Add a new group (name this 'Backup' to make it clear what it is for)
- Select the type 'Backup' (which is a type used to make this camera available without doing any new recording)
- Select the correct Disk, recording tracks, and recording duration
- Choose 'Cameras' tab
- Click '+' icon multiple times to add the number of desired channels, irrespective of whether audio or video, on the other servers. They should all be put in the 'Backup' group if that's the only one configured
- If the cameras are not all in the correct group, highlight them (click-drag over all those to change) and right-click and select 'Change Camera Group' and select the correct group
- Save the changes

Note that if the cameras are assigned to different disks or recording durations are required, then multiple groups should be created; the above procedure can be used to add cameras their respective groups.

It is a good idea to complete these preparation steps before adding the servers to the Failover group (see below), because you don't want failover happening while doing the initial setup.

9.19.4 Setting up Failover: Failover Group

After the preparation has been completed, it is necessary to add all the servers to the failover group.

Log into one Physical server and configure the list of Physical servers using the View \rightarrow Setup \rightarrow Failover screen. When adding these physical IP addresses, note the following:

- The physical IP addresses should be the first physical network interface on each machine.
- If using network bonding for all interfaces, then this should be the first bond interface, bond0. Configure bonding before configuring any failover group or secondary addresses.
- The physical IP addresses entered here need to be accessible from the client PC used to add them because WaveView needs to send the configuration to the Wavestore servers via these addresses.

Now failover is set up.

If desired, add all the logical servers to a server group as described in section 6.7 - Server Group. If you use the logical (secondary) IP addressees then, when failover occurs, the client will automatically connect to the standby server.

Log into this server group to view all the servers.

Normally, make sure nothing is set to record on the Standby server (eg, no EVENT recording) when it's in standby mode. There is a special flag which allows recording and events to occur early on the Standby machine, at the cost of longer failover times (it takes a few seconds longer): in this case you will need to add Prestart=y to the Failover configuration section.

Finally:

- Restart all the servers to ensure they read the failover settings correctly
- Check in the system log that the Standby server is reporting that it is a PRIMARY STANDBY server.
- Check there are no issues in the system logs of the other servers.

When failover occurs and the standby server takes over, WaveView might report an error on login, stating "The server's identity has changed". This mechanism is used to prevent "man-in-the-middle" attacks and is warning that the real server at the IP address you used isn't the same server as last time. Of course, when failover occurs this is expected. If WaveView is connected to a server group when a server goes offline and failover occurs, WaveView may fail to automatically reconnect to the server due to this mechanism. The mechanism can be disabled in WaveView by navigating to "Tools \rightarrow Preferences \rightarrow Security \rightarrow Check server public key when connecting".

Failover can be triggered quite quickly when a server is down, even briefly. For example, if making configuration changes to a server, it might be necessary to perform a software restart (called "Restart process" in WaveView). Failover can trigger in this case, but will revert to the original server once it is back up.

Note: Prior to V6.20, it was necessary to add a user called "failoverserver" to all DVRs. This is no longer required, and any such user is just a normal user now. On existing systems, you can keep this user if you prefer or you may delete the user if the Wavestore servers is on V6.20 or later. For new systems installed with V6.20 or later, this user is not required, which makes it quicker to set up.

9.19.5 Setting up Failover with IPv6

If only IPv6 addresses are configured for the Wavestore, then it's necessary to use them for Failover. Remember to use square brackets around the IPv6 addresses when setting up the Failover group. eg [fd01::918].

If there is a "dual stack" with both IPv4 and IPv6 addresses on the Wavestore, then it's necessary to configure the Failover group with IPv4 addresses as these will be the "primary" addresses of the Wavestore.

9.19.6 Stopping Failover

If you have a server which was part of a failover group but now isn't, especially a standby server, it's sometimes hard to disable failover because when it has failed over to the other server configuration, any edits are edits to the logical configuration, not the Standby server's configuration.

There is an command to deal with this case (see Tools \rightarrow Execute Command):

ifailover-disable

disables the failover configuration from the server even if it has currently taken over another logical server's configuration. It also deletes any resources and saved configuration files cached on this server.

Typically use this when you need to repurpose a server and remove it from the failover group, but it can also be used to disable failover on the Standby server to complete the configuration of the Standby without it taking over another server.

9.19.7 Licences for Failover

There is no specific licence for Failover, but all physical servers, including the standby server, should have their own licence for the maximum number of channels on that server.

For example, if there are two logical servers, normally on Server 1 and 2 with 25 and 30 channels respectively, and a standby on Server 3: then Servers 1 and 2 will need a normal licence for 25 or 30 channels respectively and Server 3 will need a licence for 30 channels so it can take over from either Server 1 or 2. Licences are specific to the physical server, not to the logical server.

9.19.8 Failover on Event

Whilst failover will occur by default when a server in the failover group fails completely, it is also possible to configure failover to occur on specific conditions, e.g. disk fault, using the Wavestore event rules system (see section 6.11 - Event Rules).

Simply configure a rule with an appropriate cause, such as "Fault > Disk failure", and set the Action to "Force Failover". Note, this only needs to be configured on the logical servers, not the standby server(s).

Note that if the rule is configured to trigger failover when a "Fault" occurs, clearing the Fault on the logical server will return the server to its "good" status, but the system will not automatically fail back. The previously failed server will need a restart to trigger that (Setup > Server > select the relevant server > Restart Process).

9.19.9 Network Failover

Network interfaces can be designed to fail over if a network interface or cable fails by grouping them together using Bonding.

In the View \rightarrow Setup \rightarrow Network screen, Add Bond Interface. Give this an IP address, and assign multiple physical network interfaces to be slaves of this logical device.

9.20 Licensing and Machine ID and Virtual Machines

A Wavestore is licensed to use various features with a licence string which only works on one specific machine. Each machine has a Machine ID, which looks like ABCD-EFGH-JKLM.

Most machines have a System Machine ID, which is dependant on the hardware of the system. A licence is specific to that machines. However, Virtual Machines (VMs) do not have a System Machine ID, and therefore a Hardware Dongle must be used or a Network Machine ID generated, otherwise the machine ID will appear as ?!?!.

9.20.1 Hardware Dongle

To use a Hardware Dongle, you must first obtain one of the tiny USB Dongles from your Wavestore supplier. When you insert it into the machine, the Machine ID changes to the Machine ID from the Hardware Dongle.

If you are adding the Dongle to a VM, it is usually necessary to tell the host system to connect the USB dongle to the VM. A typical procedure (this is for VMWare ESXi) looks like:

- Insert the USB Hardware dongle.
- Log into the VM console.
- Right click the Wavestore VM and select "Edit settings"
- Under the hardware tab click the "add" button
- Add the USB controller "UHCI + EHCI"
- Add the USB device "Unikey HID"

Notes:

- You can't share one Hardware Dongle with multiple Wavestore VMs on the same machine, but a single Wavestore VM can do all the work needed so there is little point in having more than one. The limitations are mostly network and disk throughput, and they won't be improved by adding VMs.
- It is, of course, possible to have other non-Wavestore VMs running on the same VM host.
- Hardware Dongles can be used on any machine, not just a VM. They can be useful if you want to move the licence from one machine to another.

Once the Hardware Dongle is inserted and connected, and the Machine ID obtained, a licence can be obtained for that Machine ID in the usual way.

9.20.2 Network Machine ID

An alternative to using a Hardware Dongle is a Network Machine ID.

To obtain a Network Machine ID (MID), the Wavestore will need to have access to the Internet and a valid DNS and gateway configured. The Wavestore should also have the clock set to a time within a few seconds of the correct time (typically with NTP). Once these conditions are met, if no other Machine ID is available, then the network Machine ID will be generated automatically. Once it's given a Network MID, it will attempt to continue with the same MID providing it's never considered to be a duplicate.

If a VM is cloned, the Network Machine ID will be cloned as well, and the remote servers will indicate one or other is a duplicate. Use the Execute Command "newmid" to generate a new Machine ID on one or other machine, then licence it as normal.

If a machine is replaced or reinstalled, the network machine id will change even if the configuration file is restored. Use the Execute Command "oldmid" to restore the previous Machine ID. A warning will be given that the MID is a possible duplicate for a few days (and that the licence will time out) before it decides that it's actually valid and not a duplicate. It can take 5 days to determine it's not a duplicate (because up to 5 days are allowed for network failures).

Once a Wavestore is given a Network Machine ID, it will attempt to use the same Machine ID forever and will poll the Network MID servers once an hour to check the validity. These servers do not affect the actual licence, the checks merely ensure there are no duplicate Machine IDs to minimise any issues of downtime. In addition you get up to 5 days grace when your network goes down. The period your network can be down is increased by an hour for each hour it's been up, to a maximum of 5 days, and decreased by hour for each hour the network is down. So if it was up for 3 days, then down for 12 hours, then up for an hour, you still have 2.5 days left before the licence times out. If the Network Machine ID validity cannot be confirmed after this period it will become "!?!?" again and the licence will time out. Fault messages will be produced to warn of this issue.

If you need a VM with a Machine ID which does not require a network, then use a USB Hardware Dongle.

Notes

- Wavestore NetMid servers are on port 8606, specifically m1.vmslicence.com:8606 and m2.vmslicence.com:8606
- The two NetMid servers are on different networks: m1 on Amazon AWS and m2 is in Uxbridge.

9.21 Sort IDs

Sort IDs are used to give a unique number for every channel within a server group.

For example, imagine you have 2 servers in a group and each one has 50 channels. By default, the channels 1 to 50 on both servers will have Sort IDs 1 to 50.

The recommended way to set it up is to change the Sort IDs for server 2 so that they become 51 to 100.

This is useful for many reasons, one example being when using a PTZ joystick to call up cameras. With unique Sort IDs across the group, in our example group above, if you call up channel 61 you'll get channel 10 on server 2.

Another reason for Sort IDs is that in our experience, existing installations often have an existing camera numbering scheme, but technical issues mean that the channel numbers on the Wavestores can be forced. For example, if an installation has 12 analogue cameras and 4 IP cameras, a 16-channel analogue capture card is required. The system will then end up with channels 1-12 and 33-36 (because 1 to 16 are the analogue cameras and 17-32 the analogue audio channels). But the customer might prefer the cameras to just be numbered 1 to 16. Sort IDs allow this.

Note: Sort IDs are generally only used for presentation to the user in the user interface. Internally, the real "Channel IDs" are generally used. For example, if you are configuring linked audio - to link a video channel to an audio channel - the real channel number is supplied in the Cameras Setup screen.

9.22 Configuring Static Routes for a Network Interface

The Wavestore Network setup screen does not currently allow configuration of static routes. However static routes can still be configured using the Configuration Editor.

To access the configuration editor, navigate to $View \rightarrow Setup \rightarrow Server$, select the desired server, then Configuration Editor.

In the Configuration Editor, find the [Network_n] section for the network interface to be configured, where "n" is the number of the interface. The required parameters can be added by right-clicking any line within the [Network_n] section and selecting "Add Parameter".

Static routes need to be added to the [Network_n] section. They consist of parameters ADDRESSn= NET-MASKn= and GATEWAYn= for some n in 0..9. For example, two static routes would be numbered 0 and 1 as follows:

ADDRESS0=10.1.1.0 NETMASK0=255.255.255.0 GATEWAY0=192.168.0.253 ADDRESS1=10.1.2.0 NETMASK1=255.255.255.0 GATEWAY1=192.168.0.254

Static routes must be numbered starting at 0 and increasing, and must not skip any values.

The static route is for traffic to the range defined by ADDRESSn/NETMASKn which will be initially routed to the address specified by GATEWAYn. Static routes should be added to the [Network_n] section for the interface which allows access to the GATEWAYn.

10 Technical Support

10.1 Introduction

The Wavestore website http://www.wavestore.com contains technical information and FAQ sections.

For further technical assistance, please email support@wavestore.com, or call the Wavestore Technical Support line in the UK (+44 1895 527 127, Monday-Friday 0900-1730).

Before contacting Wavestore Technical Support, please note the serial number of your Wavestore server (Wxxxx). This is normally located on a white label on the front or rear panel of the server. Please also take a note of the server software currently installed (menu path View \rightarrow Setup \rightarrow Server \rightarrow Version).

In order to resolve certain issues, it may be necessary for Wavestore staff to log into the Wavestore servers remotely via an external internet connection.

10.2 Frequently Asked Questions

I connect and power up the Wavestore server, but nothing is displayed on the monitor.

Does the Wavestore server 'beep' shortly after it is powered up? If not then there is may be a hardware failure within the graphics card or the motherboard.

I connect my monitor to the Wavestore server and watch the server boot normally, but the final screen is not viewable i.e. either a blank or noisy picture.

Once the server has completed booting up, press CTRL + ALT + BACKSPACE to reconfigure the output resolution.

Cannot login using the WaveView client on the server box itself, using server name 'localhost'?

This can be caused by the configured IP address on the server clashing with the IP address of another device on the network. In the 'Server' field on the Login Dialog box, replace 'localhost' with the IP address 127.0.0.1, and you will now be able to login. Section 6.2.2 - Network describes how to reconfigure the server IP address if required.

Why can't I connect to my Wavestore server from a remote client Windows PC?

Firstly, trying pinging the Wavestore server from your PC (Start Menu \rightarrow Command Prompt \rightarrow ping [Wavestore server IP address]). You can confirm the Wavestore server IP address settings by following the menu path View \rightarrow Setup \rightarrow Network. If the server does not return the ping, there is likely to be network connectivity issue between the PC and the server.

To check the server, configure a fixed IP address on your PC that is in the same address range as the server, connect the PC to the server using a crossover cable, then try pinging the server once again.

If the server returns the ping, then the problem lies on the network connection between the client PC and the server.

If the server does not return the ping, the fault may lie with the server itself.

I have multiple Wavestore servers networked together and I'm viewing cameras on a remote client PC. The screen text displays 25ips, but sometimes the actual displayed rate seems to be lower than this?

This is likely to be due to network bandwidth limitations, if several remote clients are connected to the Wavestore server. As a consequence, the camera images displayed by the remote clients are refreshed less frequently. A user can select to view a lower resolution video stream for that camera, by selecting this from the Video Display Toolbox, as described in section 3.6.1- Video Display Toolbox.

In addition, each user of the system can be configured with a bandwidth limit; to set this up, follow the menu path View \rightarrow Setup \rightarrow Users screen, highlight the user that you wish to configure, and then reconfigure the Maximum Bandwidth setting.

11 Appendix A - Technical Glossary

ADMINISTRATOR System operator who can allocate restrictions and passwords to other operators

BANDWIDTH Quantity of data which can be carried in a given time period

- **BNC** Standard connector used to connecting a Wavestore server to coaxial cable (e.g. analogue camera)
- **CAPTURE DEVICE** A means of capturing video and other data from a physical capture card or over the network
- **CLIENT** A remote device connecting to the Wavestore server
- **COMPRESSION RATIO** The level of compression to be applied
- **CROSSOVER CABLE** A network cable with the TX pin at one end connected to the RX pin on the other end, and vice versa
- **DHCP** Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol; enables management and automation of IP address assignment in an IP network
- **DIGITAL INPUT** Incoming digital signal from external equipment
- **EVENT** An occurrence which is detected by the Wavestore server
- **GATEWAY** A network point that acts as an entrance to another network
- GPU The Graphics Processor Unit component of a PC
- **GOP** Used in H.264 and H.265 compression; Group of Pictures is the number of 'P' frames referring to an 'I' frame.
- HTTP HyperText Transfer Protocol; a method of delivering data over a TCP/IP network
- **IMAGE CLIP** Recorded activity with specific start and stop times
- **INSTALLER** A special, high-level operator; permitted to perform maintenance tasks
- **IPS** Images per second
- **IP ADDRESS** Address of a PC/server on a network; the device address is unique on that network
- **ISDN** Standard for digital transmission over telephone lines
- LAN Local Area Network (normally 100Mbps)
- LOCAL Activity at the Wavestore server itself
- **MASK** A specific area of an image protected from modification
- MJPEG Motion JPEG, a stream of individual JPEG images

- **MOTHERBOARD** The main board in a computer that contains the computer's basic circuitry and components
- NTSC Analogue television/CCTV video standard used in the USA, Far East and other areas
- NTP Network Time Protocol; synchronizes the time of devices on a network
- **OPENGL** A technology used by WaveView for improving graphical performance by utilising the graphics card (GPU)
- **OPERATOR** A user, administrator or installer with associated password, permitted to use the Wavestore system
- PAL Analogue television/CCTV video standard used in Europe and Australasia
- **PCI** A type of expansion slot found on most modern motherboards
- **PRESET** A set position which is stored in a dome camera for quick recall
- PTZ Pan/Tilt/Zoom; refers to remotely controlled dome cameras
- **RAID** Acronym for Redundant Array of Independent Disks; a standard for data storage; Wavestore uses RAID to enable high volumes of data storage
- **RELAY OUTPUT** Outgoing digital signal to external equipment
- **REMOTE** Activity at the client PC when networked to the Wavestore server
- **RESOLUTION** The number of pixels in an image; higher resolution means a more detailed image
- **SATA** Standard electronic interface between a motherboard's data paths or bus and the computer's disk storage devices
- **SCHEDULE** A description of whether certain features should be active or inactive during a certain time period
- SCSI Interface that enables communication with peripherals including disk drives
- SERVER Network term for a Wavestore digital video recorder
- **SPOT MONITOR** Analogue CCTV display, connected to a dedicated output separate from the main VGA output
- STORAGE MEDIUM Device used for storage of data, e.g. CD-R, DVD-R, hard disk, USB device
- SUBNET MASK Related to IP address, gives information about server locations on a network
- TCP/IP Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol; the basic communication language of the Internet
- TOUR A series of presets and timing information, to cause a dome camera to follow a set path
- **USER** The lowest level of operator, with limited permissions
- VGA/SVGA Display resolution standards for monitors
- VMD Visual Motion Detection

12 Appendix B - System Log Messages

Startup Messages

S Disk<X>: Recover successful: master index fully recovered

Success message after a disk has been recovered and is now operating normally. The status of the disk will be shown as GOOD. Normally this message is only output after a type 3 recover operation (after a serious loss of data required specific attention to recover).

S Disk<X>: Recover successful: master index mostly recovered (<N>/<T>)

Success message after disk recovery which had only partial success.

S Mirror: connected to mirror <M>

The Wavestore is mirroring some of the disks to another device. This is an obsolete function.

S Power off on user request

The Wavestore is switching itself off in response to a user request.

S Rebooting on user request

The Wavestore is rebooting in response to a user request.

S Restart after disk shutdown

A shutdown and restart was detected by the disk subsystem, but this was only the disk subsystem not the entire Wavestore. Typically this is because the disks have been reconfigured or formatted.

S Shutdown

The Wavestore server shutdown by an unknown reason at this time. This message is generated on startup based on the time of last activity, so the timestamp is usually earlier than the position of the message in the log.

S Shutdown by user

The Wavestore server shutdown under user request, usually because it is rebooting after an upgrade.

S Wavestore Server v<VERSION> starting

The Wavestore server started.

S <DEVICE>: Streaming images from '<IP>' port <PORT> rate <RATE> ips (approx)

A camera or similar device started streaming over the network from <IP>:<PORT>. The rate is computed as <RATE> images per second based on the rate the images arrive, which might not necessarily be the same as the rate which is configured: see the camera documentation for details.

Information Messages

I Applying settings to RAID card <CARD>

A configuration change is occurring to a RAID card.

I Closing all disks on user request

Before a disk configuration change, all disks are closed down and reopened.

I Configuration deleted

When uploading a configuration file, the old one is completely deleted first.

I DiskArray<DISK>: HyperRAID rebuild complete

In a HyperRAID array, after a failed disk has been replaced, a rebuild will start. This message is output when it completes and the disk array is no longer degraded.

I DiskArray<DISK>: HyperRAID rebuild of <DISK><N> starting

In a HyperRAID array, after a failed disk has been replaced, a rebuild will start.

I DiskArray<DISK>: HyperRAID rebuild <DISK><N> continuing

In a HyperRAID array, if a power cycle or restart occurs during a rebuild, it will restart when the Wavestore restarts.

I DiskArray<DISK> is degraded

In a HyperRAID array, if a disk has failed, the array is no longer considered "good", but is "degraded". It is still fully usable and no data is lost, but the failed disk should be replaced as soon as possible.

I Disk<DISK>: iSCSI: Target remounted and opened ok

The remote ISCSI disk was mounted and is working ok.

I Distro <DISTRO>

The version of the Wavestore operating system distribution

I Email: Email to <Recipient> sent successfully

If Email has been configured, it has been sent

I Error flag cleared by user <USER>

Once an error has been reported, the Error flag (usually a red blob on the bottom of the screen) is shown until it's explicitly cleared. This message is output when it's cleared.

I Failover group with <N> physical servers and <M> logical servers

On startup, the size of the failover group is reported. Normally there are more physical servers than logical ones, and these extra ones are the standby servers.

I Failover: taking role of logical server <N> (<NAME>)

When a machine fails, and a standby server is available, it will take over the role of one of the logical servers. This message is output when this happens.

I Failover: this server is an AUXILIARY STANDBY machine (physical server <N> is PRIMARY STANDBY)

If there is more than one standby servers in a failover group, then we want just one to be ready to take the place of a failed machine and all the others will wait their turn. These others are called AUXIL-IARY STANDBY machines and one will become primary standby if the primary standby either fails or is becomes another logical server.

I Failover: this server is PRIMARY STANDBY machine

This is the main standby server in a failover group.

I Hard Delete of all disks complete

If you have run the hard delete command, this message will be output when it completes.

I Hard Delete of <DISK> complete

If you have run the hard delete command, this message will be output when it completes.

I Hard Delete of <DISK> starting

If you have run the hard delete command, this message will be output when it starts.

I IP address <IP>

Information about which IP addresses are available on interfaces on this Wavestore.

I Last shutdown occurred around <TIME>

The Wavestore server shutdown by an unknown reason at this time. This message is timestamped at startup but contains a secondary timestamp of the last shutdown time.

I Licence: hardware appears to have altered

If you are running Wavestore in a virtual machine, it will notice if the hardware changes.

I Licence: <FLAGS>

This log messages shows the licence flags (showing the number of channels licensed).

I Licence: unlicensed

The Wavestore is not licensed, either because it's new and you have not entered one in the Licence screen or because it had a time limited licence which has run out. If you are using a network licence then you might need to enter the "oldmid" or "newmid" commands to restore an old Machine ID or create a new one, see the network licence documentation.

I MegaRAID: Creating new RAID volume DiskArray<DISK>: <UNFO>

RAID volume creation message

I MegaRAID: DiskArray<DISK>: Deleting array

The array has been deleted by a user altering the configuration. Normally this can be recovered by recreating the array.

I MegaRAID: Disk <DISK> being reincorporated

RAID volume reincorporation message: See MegaRAID documents for details.

I Mirror: disconnecting from <M>

Mirroring message. Obsolete.

I Mirror: lost connection to mirror <M>

Mirroring message. Obsolete.

I Network address <IP> (interface <IF>) mac <MAC> speed <SPEED> Mb/s

Information about the network link: this shows the IP address and MAC address for a specific interface and the current speed negotiated for this link. If it's a bond interface, the speed is the aggregate of all the slave links which are currently up.

I Network Link (<IF>): speed was <OLDSPEED> now <NEWSPEED>

Shows the network link speed changed; usually this is because a bond has lost a slave link, but it might be because a cable or connector is inadequate and a lower speed has been negotiated.

I Network slave (interface <IF>) mac <MAC> speed <SPEED> Mb/s

Information about the network link: this shows MAC address for a specific interface and the current speed negotiated for this link when this link is a slave to a bonded network interface.

I Notify<N>: protocol=<PROTOCOL>, type=<TYPE>, client=<CLIENT>, dialout=<DIALOUT>, password <PASSWORD

Notification setup log message.

I NTP: Changed NTP server to '<IP>'

The configuration of the NTP server used has been changed to the specified server.

I Problem with IP address <IP>: <MESSAGE>

If there appears to be a duplicate IP address or a similar problem then this message will be output. Occasionally this has been seen this with transient problems, in particular it sometimes outputs no IP address because it didn't wait long enough for the network to startup, so if the problem resolves itself immediately it's not a cause for concern.

I Reloading Stretch driver

The "Stretch" Analog Camera card is reloading, usually because it stopped.

I Restart required to complete configuration changes

The Wavestore sometimes requires a restart to complete a configuration change. This message is output if a restart is needed.

I <MESSAGE>

Generic information message, usually from kernel

I <DEVICE> Camera <N> IP='<IP>'

Camera startup message.

I <DEVICE>: Capture device started ok

Camera or device startup message.

I <DEVICE>: Connected to '<IP>' port <PORT>

Camera or device connection message.

I NTP: Slewing time by <N> seconds (stratum <ST>)

It's important to have correct time on a Wavestore so images are correctly timestamped, but it's even more important to keep time ticking forwards and not have it jump forward or backward. When NTP is enabled, any time errors are slewed gradually until the time is correct. For errors of around a second, a slew rate 1:60 is used (1 second corrected each minute).

I <DEVICE>: <N> virtual spot monitors enabled

Spot monitors have been enabled on a virtual spot monitor device.

I NTP: Time synchronised (stratum <ST>)

When NTP is enabled, and there is no significant error, then the time is said to be synchronised. The clock rate is adjusted fractionally to ensure it remains correct.

I Temporary network IP disabled

This message is output when the temporary IP address (set by arp-ping) is no longer available.

I Temporary network IP <IP>

When setting up a Wavestore, a temporary IP address can be set using the arp-ping method.

I Time slew completed

NTP indicating time slew has completed. See "Slewing time" above

I Time will slew by <N> minutes

NTP indicating a rapid time slew has started.

I Time will slew slowly by <N> milliseconds

NTP indicating a slow time slew has started.

I Time will slew slowly by <N> seconds

NTP indicating a normal time slew has started.

I Upgrade: delete package: <PACKAGE>

Upgraded information: a package is being deleted

I User <USER>: Rebooting server

The user has requested a reboot.

I User <USER>: Restarting server after update or on request

The user has requested a restart or an upgrade has completed (which causes a restart). Occasionally this will result in a reboot as well if major changes have been made.

I User <USER>: Shutdown server

The user has requested that the Wavestore is shut down.

I Video Authentication: Signing enabled, <N> bit key

Video Authentication is enabled.

Fault Messages

F Authentication disabled because processor too slow (<N>% of CPU time used)

Authentication take a lot of time, and to prevent footage being lost on slow machines it can be disabled. This message is very unlikely on modern Wavestore machines.

F Authentication: Key and Certificate do not match

An error occurred when loading a key/certificate, probably because the key was regenerated after the certificate request was generated or the wrong certificate loaded. If it cannot be resolved by loading the correct certificate, regenerate the key/certificate request pair again (exactly once) and get the new key (certificate request) signed.

F Cannot allocate buffer! Buffer pool fully used

An internal error which usually caused by too many channels in use on a machine with inadequate RAM. Contact technical support if this persists.

F Clock has jumped backwards by a large amount!

It is possible for the Wavestore battery-backed hardware clock to malfunction when it is rebooted or powered off. To prevent the loss of footage in this case a fault is raised. The correct action is to reset the clock to the correct time and then it should be ok. If it continues to show this after any power cycle, then it is likely to be a hardware issue: probably a flat battery.

F Configuration file uses X PullPoint event cause in event rules

Recommended course of action: Go to "Setup | Event Rules" and find any rules where the event cause starts with X. Delete these rules and reprogram them since they will no longer work. If the desired event cause cannot be found in the list, contact Wavestore support. Background: In version 6.8 if PullPoint was enabled for an ONVIF camera and the camera sent an event type which was unknown to Wavestore (which most were), they would be passed through by the server with an "X" prefix and would be available in the Event Rules screen for users to program rules with. For example, if a Canon camera sent "LineCrossing", the Wavestore would look it up in the device database, fail to find it, but

then make it available as an Event Cause called "XLineCrossing". Users may have programmed event rules based upon this. For many cameras known event causes have now been added, so "LineCrossing" now gets passed through as "LineCrossing", or something similar. Any unknown event causes from the cameras are discarded by default from version 6.10. This is the desired behaviour, to actively add known event causes to the device database and ensure they're consistent. For example, some cameras might send "LineCrossed", so the Wavestore device database will map it to "LineCrossing", so all different cameras show up with the same terms when setting up the event rules. In v6.10 there is a new "flag" <A> for the Camera request string to force the old behaviour of letting all event causes through, with the X prefix if not known. Adding this flag is an alternative course of action if the recommended course of action above is not desirable for some reason

F Configuration section '<X>' appears more than once

A configuration file has been loaded which appears to be corrupt. Usually it won't be serious but it might cause confusion.

F CopyTrack: no matching source found for server '<SERVER>': not copying

The copytrack has failed due to the parameters being entered incorrectly.

F DiskArray<X> has failed

A disk array has failed. It is not recoverable and the data is lost.

F DiskArray<X>: Too Many Failed Disks

Too many disks in a RAID array have failed, for example if 2 disks out of an N+1 (RAID5) array both fail at the same time, then it is not possible to recover any data and a reformat is needed.

F Disk<X>: Another program is accessing the database

If the Wavestore server believes another program is accessing the same disk, it will output this message. In very rare cases this is seen on a sudden restart. Normally it would indicate a configuration error.

F Disk<X>: Another program is writing to this disk; aborting

This message is produceed if two Wavestores are writing to the same disk, or if two programs are running on one Wavestore. Writes to the disk could cause corruptuon, so writes are not allowed.

F Disk<X>: Attempting to record to missing disk

This is caused by a configuration error of the removal of a disk which the system is recording to.

F Disk<X>: disk <X><PATH> appears bad; not using

Disk has shown errors. Sometimes this is seen when setting up, because the disk has not yet been setting up. Sometimes this is seen when inserting a new disk, because the disk has not yet been fully inserted. In both cases the solutiion is to complete setup and/or click Add Swapped Drives.

F Disk<X>: disk <PATH><XX> is too small (<N>KB when <M>KB needed); not using

Use a bigger disk. The message will tell you how much is needed.

- F Disk<X>: Error mounting nfs://<PATH> as <XX> (code <NN>; <MSG>) Error mounting an NFS disk.
- F Disk<X>: Error mounting <PATH> as <XX> (code <NN>; <MSG>) Error mounting a disk.
- F Disk<X>: Error mounting smb://<PATH> as <XX> (code <NN>; <MSG>) Error mounting an Windows Share (SMB) disk.

F Disk<X> is corrupt: autorecover started Auto recovery of master indexes has started.

F Disk<X>: Last recording was in the future!

To prevent the loss of footage in this case a fault is raised if the footage appears to be in the future. See "Clock has jumped backwards by a large amount" above.

F Disk<X>: Maximum number of channels on one disk volume exceeded

The old MTable3 has a maximum number of 511 channels on one disk volume. This includes any channels which have been set up even if no images have been written, and typically 4 channels per camera are set automatically by the default camera group. Solutions is to disable the channels which are not required in the camera group, and restart the server, or distribute cameras over a number of disk volumes. Each disk letter corresponds to a disk volume. The newer MTable4 storage system has no such limit but this is not the default storage system in this version.

F Disk<X>: Maximum number of channels on one volume exceeded

The old MTable3 has a maximum number of 511 channels on one disk volume. This includes any channels which have been set up even if no images have been written, and typically 4 channels per camera are set automatically by the default camera group. Solutions is to disable the channels which are not required in the camera group, and restart the server, or distribute cameras over a number of disk volumes. Each disk letter corresponds to a disk volume. The newer MTable4 storage system has no such limit but this is not the default storage system in this version.

F Disk<X> not formatted or corrupt

A disk is not used because it is not formatted or corrupt. Normally the solution is to format it.

F Disk%s: Path '%s' did not match a valid disk type

The disk setup string is invalid and begins with an invalid prefix; this might be seen when downgrading to earlier software which does not support the feature.

F Disk<X>(<PATH>): disk failed

A disk has failed. This should be replaced and the replacement formatted.

F Disk<X><N>(<PATH>): disk failed

A disk has failed. If this is a unit of a disk array, then the disk array becomes "degraded" and will continue to function normally if there are still adequate redundant disks. It is recommended the disk is replaced as soon as possible. If a Hot Spare or Warm Spare is available, then the replacement will automatically occur immediately (but you might want to replace the spare).

F Disk<X><N>:(<PATH>) is about to fail and should be replaced

A disk has failed it's SMART tests and is considered to be likely to fail.

F Disk<X><N>:(<PATH>) is too hot (<DEGREES>C)

A disk has got very hot. The temperature reported by SMART is shown.

F Email sending script failed to run correctly. Check debug log messages.

This suggests there may be a problem with the software which sends out emails. Please capture the System Log including Debug messages and report it to the Wavestore support team.

F Encryption disabled because invalid [Encrypt_1 key]

Please ensure that the encryption key entered into the configuruation file is valid; have you entered the wrong type of key? Until the issue with the key is resolved, the encryption has been temporarily disabled.

F Error in configuration file

The configuration contains an unspecified error, probably because it was edited manually. If this proves to be a problem, restore an old configuration and make any required changes again.

F Failover: Could not take over server <N> because configuration file not available

In a failover group, the Standby server collects details of all the working servers so it can take over in case of failure. If it detects a failure for a server which it has not been able to load the configuration details from, then it will not be able to take over. This will only occur on configuring the Failover group, probably because the failed server failed immediately or prior to the configuration of the Failover group.

F Failover: Event triggered FAILURE condition

It is possible to configure an event to trigger failover; this failure message is produced when such an event is triggered.

F Failover: physical server <N> failure while in standby

A fault message produced by a primary wavestore when a standby has failed.

F Failover: physical server <N> (<IP>) has failed

A fault message produced by a standby wavestore when a primary wavestore has failed.

F Failover: This server's IP address (<IP>) not in Failover server list

The failover system is badly configured. Refer to the manual for restrictions on IP addresses used for configuration: in short, the first interface which has an IP address on each Wavestore will be used for Failover and this should be the address configured in the Failover list.

F Inadequate main memory: at least <N>MB of RAM required

More RAM is required.

F Jumping time immediately in this exceptional case

Normal the time slews if it's wrong, but it is possible to get it to jump if the gap is too great to slew and the user explicitly requests a jump. This message will be output if it jumps. It's a FAULT message to indicate normal operation did not occur at this point.

F Kernel: Out of memory: restarting process

There is an issue with memory and a process has been restarted. No immediate action is needed as the system will continue to operate as normal after the restart. This is rare, but usually indicates a problem, so it should be reported to support@wavestore.com for investigation.

F Licence: This version is newer than Upgrade Bundle permits: upgrade licence or downgrade software

If you upgrade the Wavestore software to a newer version than is permitted in the licence, you will need to purchase an upgrade bundle to permit this. This message is shown if you do not do so, and the solution is either to purchase and apply an upgrade bundle or to downgrade to an earlier version which you are permitted to use.

F MegaRAID: Manual action required

The old MegaRAID cards can get into states where manual action is required with storcli command: see MegaRAID documentation in the Wavestore manual.

F MegaRAID: Manual action required to delete old RAID array - THIS WILL LOSE DATA

The old MegaRAID cards can get into states where manual action is required with storcli command: see MegaRAID documentation in the Wavestore manual.

F NASDisk<DISK>(<PATH>): disk failed

A Network Disk has failed or the link to it is down.

F Network: failed: check cables connected and disable unused interfaces

The network checking code has detected a network failure. Probably this is due to an unused interface

being enabled.

F Network Licence will expire in <H> hours (<MSG>)

Network licence issue, usually caused by an internet link being down or the time on the Wavestore being wrong.

F Network Link (<IF>) Down: speed was <OLDSPEED> now <NEWSPEED>

Shows the network link has gone now down and is no longer working; usually this is because a cable has been removed.

F Out of memory: Cannot allocate data buffers

This should never occur and if it does contact technical support.

F Restarting server to recover from recording problem

Very rarely the Wavestore server will encounter a problem which can best be resolved by restarting or rebooting to reset the hardware, and a restart or reboot will automatically occur to resolve the issue. This message will be produced.

F %s

Generic fault message, often from the kernel.

F <DEVICE>: Camera type is incorrect (NTSC or PAL)

On analog cameras, the type should be set to the same as the camera. Usually this is set for the entire machine.

F <DEVICE>: Cannot connect to board (<ID>)

Hardware issue. Contact technical support.

F <DEVICE>: Cannot create channel <ID> (<INFO>)

A channel cannot be created on a multichannel device (typically an analog camera); if this persists attempt to restart the server and if still a problem contact technical support.

F <X>: Cannot create DECODE channel <C> (chan_num <N>) (<D>)

Decode error for an Analog Video Out device. Obsolete.

F <DEVICE>: cannot have more audio channels than video

Usually shown by a misconfigured device. If it persists, contact technical support.

F <DEVICE>: Cannot load firmware '<FILE>' (<INFO>)

Usually shown by a misconfigured device. If it persists, contact technical support.

F <DEVICE>: Cannot open audio OUT device <DEVICE2> (<INFO>)

Usually shown by a misconfigured device. If it persists, contact technical support.

F <DEVICE>: Capture card failure

Indicates a capture card is not working. If it persists, contact technical support.

F <DEVICE>: Capture card not working properly

Indicates a capture card is not working. If it persists, contact technical support.

F <DISK>: disk is too slow: data lost

There is an issue with the disk or disk volume and data is being lost. This might be because there is too much being recorded to this disk or because the disk has become faulty. This message is only output if the disk appears to be slower than expected, and therefore the disk (or disk interface) might be the problem. See also "Too many cameras streaming to this disk" for the case where the disk seems to be ok but the data rate seems too high.

F <DISK>: Disk is too slow (<RATE> MB/s): data lost

A variant of the message above.

F Sensors: could not initialise; sensor alarms disabled

The Wavestore supports Sensors for temperature, voltage and fan speed on standard Wavestore servers and enclosures. The actual sensors supported vary from device to device but all are gathered and reported in a standard way. Non-standard hardware usually has sensors disabled; this message might be seen if they are incorrectly configured.

F Sensors: <X> returns error <Y>:<Z>

See above. Non-standard hardware usually has sensors disabled; this message might be seen if they are incorrectly configured.

F Sensors: <X> = <Y> <Z> triggered alarm

The Wavestore supports Sensors for temperature, voltage and fan speed on standard Wavestore servers and enclosures. If one of the sensors indicates a problem, this alarm message will be raised. Check the hardware and replace any failed item.

F Sensors: <SENSOR> triggered

One of the system sensors triggered an issue. Usually this is a Fan, Temperature, or PSU problem.

F <DEVICE>: error enabling DECODER for channel <CHANNEL> (<INFO>)

Unspecified error when enabling a decoder channel (usually on an analog capture device). Contact technical support if it persists.

F <DEVICE>: error enabling encoder for channel <CHANNEL> (<INFO>)

Unspecified error when enabling an encoder channel (usually on an analog capture device). Contact technical support if it persists.

F <DEVICE>: error enabling encoder for SECONDARY channel <CHANNEL> (<INFO>)

Unspecified error when enabling a secondary encoder channel (usually on an analog capture device). Contact technical support if it persists.

F <DEVICE>: error enabling SECONDARY channel <CHANNEL> (<INFO>)

Unspecified error when enabling a secondary channel (usually on an analog capture device). Contact technical support if it persists.

F <DEVICE>: ERROR in configuration file: too few cameras specified, using NumCameras=1

This might be seen in a manually edited configuration file: fix the configuration manually or restore an old working one.

F <DEVICE>: ERROR in configuration file: too many cameras plus decode channels specified (<N>) - disabling deco

This might be seen in a manually edited configuration file: fix the configuration manually or restore an old working one.

F <DEVICE>: ERROR in configuration file: too many cameras specified, using NumCameras=<N>

This might be seen in a manually edited configuration file: fix the configuration manually or restore an old working one.

F <DEVICE>: error setting parameters for channel <CHANNEL> (<INFO>)

Unspecified error when setting parameters on a channel (usually on an analog capture device). Contact technical support if it persists.

F <DEVICE>: error setting parameters for SECONDARY channel <CHANNEL> (<INFO>)

Unspecified error when setting parameters on a channel (usually on an analog capture device). Contact technical support if it persists.

F <DEVICE>: Multicast failed from this camera

Multicast is not working from the specified camera

F <DEVICE>: No VIDEO available from this stream

There is no VIDEO stream configured from this camera and a video stream was requested; usually this is because it is disabled in the GUI or in an ONVIF profile. If it's expected that there is no video from this device, disable the video stream in the camera group.

F <DEVICE>: Problem: Error connecting to camera '<IP>' port <PORT>

For an IP camera: the Wavestore could not connect to the camera. Ping the camera to check if it actually exists on that IP address.

F <DEVICE>: PTZ Request failed

The camera or PTZ device gave an error when a PTZ request was sent.

F <DEVICE>: PTZ Request unauthorised

The camera or PTZ device complained about the username or password when a PTZ request was sent.

F SSD: System drive about to fail

The system disk, which is an SSD, has reported that it is about to fail (via SMART parameters).

F <DEVICE>: Sound device disabled due to setup errors

Sound device is not working correctly.

F NTP: Time change is unexpectedly large (<N> minutes), ignored

Small time changes will slew, but large ones are assumed to be errors and will be ignored unless manual steps are taken. It would not be appropriate to slew by a large amount because it would take too long.

F <DISK>: Too many cameras streaming to this disk (<RATE> MB/s): data lost

There is an issue with too much data being written to a disk or disk volume, hence data is being lost because the disk cannot keep up. This appears to be because too many cameras are being recorded to this disk, or because the data rate from each camera is too high. This message is only output if the disk appears to have too much being recorded to it, and therefore the configuration might be a problem. See also "Disk is too slow: data lost" message for the case where the configuration seems ok but the disk seems faulty.

F <N>: To perform a large time change, disable NTP and enter time change manually

Small time changes will slew, but large ones are assumed to be errors and will be ignored unless manual steps are taken.

F Stretch: Cannot initialise Stretch SDK (<INFO>)

Hardware error. Contact technical support.

F Stretch: invalid board number (<N>)

Hardware error. Contact technical support.

F Time jump completed

Information message after an exceptional time jump. This is a FAULT message because the system is not behaving normally and footage recorded will show a gap or a jump.

F Time Set: Exceptional time change encountered: please check the time and timezone

Small time changes will slew, but large ones are assumed to be errors and will be ignored unless

manual steps are taken. It is recommended you check that you've set the correct timezone before changing the time.

F Time Set: Exceptional time change rejected

Attempt to change time by large amount has been rejected. See above.

F Time Set: Failed to change time

Attempt to change time failed.

F Time Set: Footage will be lost if this time change is made

If you jump the time backwards, footage "in the future" will be deleted because the footage is indexed by time and it does not allow footage after the current time. This is a warning that you are going to do something very serious.

F Time Set: To perform a large time change, use slewtimefast or jumptime commands

Small time changes will slew, but large ones are assumed to be errors and will be ignored unless manual steps are taken. This is a summary of the commands you can use, after you have checked the timezone is correct.

F Too many cameras configured for this system (<N> maximum); memory upgrade required

Wavestore servers have minimum memory requirements for various number of cameras in order to function correctly. If more cameras than permitted for a specific memory size are installed, this fault will be logged. The solution is to reduce the number of cameras or upgrade the server memory.

F Upgrade: previous upgrade/downgrade did not complete correctly: reinstall is recommended

After upgrading a package, a consistency check is performed to ensure there are not "broken" or halfcompleted upgrades (which might occur for example if you restart the Wavestore in the middle of an upgrade). This is a warning that you have an unstable system and a reinstall is needed.

Warning Messages

W Bad disk2 name '<NAME>' in config section '<SECTION>'

Corrupt configuration. Fix it or restore a working configuration file.

W Bad disk name '<NAME>' in config section '<SECTION>'

Corrupt configuration. Fix it or restore a working configuration file.

W Camera out of range in channel <N> in <SECTION>

Corrupt configuration. Fix it or restore a working configuration file.

W Camera <N>: Invalid Resolution=<RESO>

Corrupt configuration. Fix it or restore a working configuration file.

W Cannot allocate any disks

Usually this indicates that no disks are specified in the disk setup screen, or that those set up have been removed.

W Cannot open configuration: creating dummy with no cameras

If the configuration has been deleted but no other uploaded, the server will create a default configuration to ensure the system is usable. Usually the correct action in this case is to restore an old configuration file.

W Cannot read file '<FILE>' when expanding '<X>'

Probably misconfiguration.

W Configuration error: security rule prevents expansion of <X>

Probably misconfiguration.

W C%s: GOP size too large (%s)

Wavestore systems are specified to handle GOP sizes up to 64 frames; above that playback performance can be severly reduced. The GOP size is the size of the "Group of pictures" which start with an I-frame (initial frame) (also called IDR or IRAP frame) and then contain other frames which rely on the first frame to be decoded properly. If you start to play back some footage, or switch to view a different camera, the WaveView client will need to get all frames from the last I-frame and decode from there to the desired frame. This has been optimised for up to 64 frames. If GOP sizes are larger than this, it might become slow or jumpy. There is a way to disable this warning if you must have larger GOPs, but it is not recommended.

W Disk<DISK> is too large

Warning that a disk is too large. Obsolete, as very large disks permitted in current software.

W Disks set to READ ONLY mode: recording is turned off

Warning that the disks were set to read-only by an installer, and therefore there will be no recording. This option is found on the disk setup screen.

W Disk<DISK><><DISKPATH>:(<DEGREES>) is too cold (C)

Warning that the disks are rather cold; with luck they will go on working but action should be taken to ensure the server doesnot get too cold.

W Email: All recipients were refused and nobody got the mail

Recommended course of action: Check all settings in "Setup | Email" including the Recipient list, as they are likely to be incorrect for your email server.

W Email: Connection unexpectedly closed - possibly username and password issue

Recommended course of action: Check all settings in "Setup | Email", primarily username and password.

W Email: No suitable authentication method was found

Recommended course of action: Check the settings in "Setup | Email" as they are likely to be incorrect for your email server. Background: This warning suggests that the configured email server didn't allow us to login. Consider checking username and password. Also consider enabling or disabling the "Use SSL" option.

W Email: SSL/TLS support is not available to your Python interpreter

This shouldn't ever happen. If it does, please contact Wavestore support.

W Email: The server didn't accept the from address

Recommended course of action: Check the "Sender" setting in "Setup | Email" as the email server complained about this.

W Email: The server didn't accept the username/password combination

Recommended course of action: Check the settings in "Setup | Email" as they are likely to be incorrect for your email server.

W Email: The server didn't reply properly to the HELO greeting

Recommended course of action: Check the settings in "Setup | Email" as they are likely to be incorrect

for your email server. Background: This warning suggests that the configured email server didn't respond to us properly, so most likely a problem with the email server settings.

W Email: The server does not support the STARTTLS extension

Recommended course of action: Check the settings in "Setup | Email" as they are likely to be incorrect for your email server. Background: This warning suggests that the configured email server didn't respond to us properly, so most likely a problem with the email server settings. Try enabling or disabling the "Use SSL" option.

W Email: The server replied with an unexpected error code

Recommended course of action: Check all settings in "Setup | Email". Failing that, consider talking to the administrator of your email server as it is sending unexpected responses.

W Failed to send alert email. Recipients setting is missing.

Recommended course of action: Check that the "Recipients" settings in "Setup | Email" have been completed correctly. Background: This warning suggests that email alerts have been configured in the "Setup | Event Rules" screen but no potential recipients for email have been configured in "Setup | Email".

W Failed to send alert email. SMTP setting is missing.

Recommended course of action: Check that the settings in "Setup | Email" have been completed correctly. Background: This warning suggests that email alerts have been configured in the "Setup | Event Rules" screen but the email server settings have not been set up in "Setup | Email".

W Holiday: unrecognised day <DAY>

In the configuration file, a bad day was specified

W Holiday: unrecognised month <MONTH>

In the configuration file, a bad month was specified

W Key generation failed

RSA key generation (for authentication or encryption) has failed. Contact technical support.

W Licence: <N> analogue <TYPE> configured when only <N> permitted

You have allocated more analogue cameras than permitted by your licence. Upgrade your licence.

W Licence: <N> EMS <TYPE> configured when only <N> permitted

You have allocated more EMS encoders or multisensor cameras than permitted by your licence. Upgrade your licence.

W Licence: <N> IP <TYPE> configured when only <N> permitted

You have allocated more IP cameras than permitted by your licence. Upgrade your licence.

W Licence: Storage over <N>TB not permitted on this licence; Skipping disk <DISK>

You have allocated more storage than is permitted on this licence. Upgrade your licence. Note that all V6 licences currently allow unlimited so you should not see this.

W Malformed event line in <F>:<N>

Corrupt configuration. Fix it or restore a working configuration file.

W Mirror: failed to connect to mirror <M>

Mirroring message. Obsolete.

W Mirror: failed to login to mirror <M> as user <UU>

Mirroring message. Obsolete.

W Missing Licence - please enter licence

Please enter a licence string.

W Network Licence will expire in <D> days (<MSG>)

Network licence issue, usually caused by an internet link being down or the time on the Wavestore being wrong.

W NetworkThread: cannot bind to port, retrying

The server port is not available. Unlikely. Contact technical support.

W Notifier <N>: no such notifier

A request to notify using notifer <N> has been made in an event rule but no such notifier exists. Correct the notifier number or add the correct one.

W Notify<N>: Failed to notify event for over 2 minutes: check IP (<X>) <Y> <Z>

A notifier cannot connect to the target.

W Notify: unsupported protocol=<PROTO>

The configured protocol does not exist

W NTP: Cannot get time from server '<SERVER>'

When NTP is configured, the NTP service cannot contact the specified server and get the time from it.

W Only <N> GB RAM available: performance will be reduced

Wavestore servers are generally shipped with adequate RAM for the load they are specified. However old servers which have been upgraded and other systems might not have adequate RAM and therefore buffering and other items will be reduced as needed, this warning shows that this reduction occurred.

W Prerecord buffer limited to maximum permitted (%s seconds)

A fixed maximum limit has been exceeded. Use a smaller value.

W < MESSAGE>

Generic warning, often from kernel.

W <ID>: bad On/Off entry: <TEXT>

Corrupt configuration. Fix it or restore a working configuration file.

W Section out of range in channel <N> in <SECTION>

Corrupt configuration. Fix it or restore a working configuration file.

W <DEVICE>: ERROR in configuration file: too many cameras specified, using NumCameras=<N>

Corrupt configuration. Fix it or restore a working configuration file.

W <FEATURE> feature not licensed

The specified <FEATURE> is not licensed. Upgrade your licence.

W <DEVICE>: ipsend: PTZ request <REQ> failed

Communitcation to an IP PTZ device has returned an error. Check IP settings and that the PTZ device works ok. If the problem persists and the PTZ device works normally with other devices, contact techncal support.

W %s: Limited Video Encoders, requested streams may not be possible.

The camera has limited resources. Check camera documentation and reconfigure.

W <DEVICE>: Problem: Error connecting to camera <N> port <PORT>

W <DEVICE>: Rebooting the camera to resolve streaming issues.

If the camera seems to have stopped streaming, and attempting to restart streaming failed, an attempt will be made to reboot the camera. Only one attempt is made in any 24 hour period. This has been found to resolve issues with certain cameras.

W SSD: System drive wearing out too fast

The Wavestore uses SSD system drives for speed and reliability. They are very reliable so long as they don't get overused. Occasionally something is accidentally configured which writes heavily to the SSD, hence the Wavestore monitors this and warns if it seems to be wearing out fast. Note that it's rate of wear which is monitored, so this warning might be issued even if the SSD has 99% of usable live left simply because it ran though the 1% faster than expected. This check means we can recify the issue before it becomes a problem.

W <SECTION>: unrecognised day <X>

A corrupt configuration file.

W <SECTION>: unrecognised hour <X>

A corrupt configuration file.

W <SECTION>: unrecognised minute <X>

A corrupt configuration file.

W System will reboot in 5 mins unless FAULT flag is cleared

Some serious problems will force a reboot unless the user deliberately stops it. This message is given in this case.

W System will reboot to recover from error

Some serious problems will force a reboot. This message is given when this occurs.

W Talkback clip '<NAME>' not found

When configuring an event to send a talkback audio clip, if the wrong audio clip name is given this message will appear.

W Talkback failure on device %s.%s

W This is a beta-test software release

This message is produced when using early pre-release software. It can generally be ignored, but please do remember to upgrade to the release software when it released.

W tw_cli is not installed - cannot make required settings to RAID card

This is unlikely to happen and suggests an installation problem. The message suggests that the Wavestore has a 3Ware RAID card installed but the required utilities to interact with it are missing.

W type=<TYPE> unrecognised in section <SECTION>

A corrupt configuration file.

W Unrecognised network command: <CMD>

Usually caused by corruption on the network connection; reconecting is recommended.

W UPGRADE Early file termination (<X>) (expected <N> bytes)

Usually caused by corruption on the network connection, try again.

W User <USER> login from <IP> failed: SECURE=y set and insecure login attempted

A user used the old V4 client to connect and that uses a less secure mode which is no longer allowed.

Configuration Messages

C Failover: and <N> custom sections: <DETAILS>

Information message, the final part of a Failover changed message (only used if custom sections exist)

C Failover: configuration changed to logical server <LS> (<NAME>)

Information message showing the Standby has taken over the logical server <LS> when they are both part of a Failover group. Usually this occurs when the physical server which had been running as logical server <LS> has failed.

C Failover: except for <N> network interfaces, disks, system and licence

Second part of Failover changed the configuration message.

C User <USER> configuration '<FILE>'

Message indicates that a configuration file has been loaded.

C User <USER> has changed password

Message when a user sets own password

C User <USER> reset '<CONFIG>'

Message when a configuration section is cleared (ie, set to nothing). See 'set' below.

C User '<USER>' set a password for '<USER2>'

Message when an administrator sets another user password

C User <USER> set '<CONFIG>'

Message when a configuration section is set. The configuration is shown in the internal format which can be viewed in the advanced configuration editor. This might continue over several lines if needed.

C User '<USER>' updated Password Safe

Message when an administrator sets multiple passwords (probably by uploading a file)

Login Messages

L Logging in using group '<GROUP>'

When LDAP/Active Directory login is configured, a login occurred with the specified <GROUP> because the user was authenticated by the LDAP/Active Directory password server and was a member of <GROUP> on that password server, and that <GROUP> exists as a user group on the Wavestore. Permissions are granted by the user <GROUP> on the Wavestore.

L Login failed because no DVR group was found on this password server

If LDAP/Active Directory login is configured, a DVR group must be present on the password server (ie, the Active Directory server) and the user must be a member of that group. DVR groups are group with names beginning DVR (eg DVRuser for normal user level login).

L User <USER> from <IP> disconnected on timeout

User whose login name is <USER> who had connected from <IP> ip address was disconnected from the server by a server timeout. This can be a disconnect on idle or because they were logged in too long or on a schedule.

L User <USER> from <IP> disconnecting

User whose login name is <USER> who had connected from <IP> ip address disconnected from the

server.

L User <USER> logged in from <IP>; permission level <LEVEL>

A login occurred from username <USER> from IP address <IP> at permission level <LEVEL> (install/admin/user).

L User '<USER>' was authenticated by password server '<SERVER>'

When LDAP/Active Directory login is configured, the user <USER> was authenticated by the LDAP/Active Directory password server <SERVER>, and the authentication passed successfully.

L WARNING: multiple groups match (<GROUP1>,<GROUP2>)

When LDAP/Active Directory login is configured, the user could not log in because they were a member of more than one DVR group.

13 Appendix C - WaveView Launch Options

--autoLogin=<server>[:<port>],<user>,<password>[,sg]

Login to the the given server automatically. <server>, <user> and <password> are required. <server> can be a hostname or IP address. <port> is optional and defaults to 8601. The last optional argument ("sg") indicates whether to connect to the server group. If not present, only the specified server will be connected to, rather than the group.

--fullscreen

Forces the video display area to be displayed in fullscreen.

--maximize

Forces the main window to be maximized.

--screen=<screen_number>

Forces the main window to be displayed on the screen corresponding to <screen_number>.

--useDesktopOpenGL

Force to use Desktop OpenGL driver, instead of auto-detecting.

--useSoftwareOpenGL

Force to use OpenGL software rendering, instead of auto-detecting.

Examples

--autoLogin=10.1.2.3, joe, a, sg

Logs in to server 10.1.2.3 with username "joe" and password "a". Connects to all servers in the group.

--autoLogin=10.1.2.3:8602,joe,a --maximize --screen=1

Logs in to server 10.1.2.3 on port 8602 with username "joe" and password "a". Does not connect to all servers in the group, only server 10.1.2.3. Opens the client on screen 1 and maximizes the window.

Adding Shortcut Options on Windows®

The launch options documented above can be used on Microsoft Windows[®]. One way is simply to run Wave-View from a Command Prompt, but this isn't very convenient. The most common way is to create and edit a shortcut to WaveView with the appropriate options set.

Depending on the options chosen when installing WaveView, there might already be a shortcut on the Desktop. If not, there are several ways to create a new shortcut. One way is to use Windows Explorer to navigate to the installation directory. By default this is C:\Program Files\WaveView\bin. The executable file is called waveview.exe although the ".exe" extension may be hidden.

Right-click the executable and choose "Send to > Desktop (create shortcut)".

Now the shortcut on the desktop can be edited by right-clicking and choosing "Properties".

Security		Details	Prev	ious Versions	
General	Shortcut		0	Compatibility	
HV wa	aveView				
Target type:	Application	on			
Target location:	bin				
Target	"C:\Program Files\WaveView\bin\waveview.exe"				
	n.				
Start in:	"C:\Program Files\WaveView"				
Shortcut key:	None Normal window				
Run:					
Comment					
Open File Lo	ocation	Change Ic	on	Advanced	

The desired launch options can be added by adding them at the end of the *Target* field. Ensure that they go outside the quotation marks.